

Authentication API Integration

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Abstract— Integrating f8th and Duo API functions via RESTful API with PHP language and some test cases. Eventually, we will explain how to integrate Duo Auth API with a customized login page.

Keywords — RESTful API, API Integration, Customized Login Page

I. INTRODUCTION

This industry project is about integrating f8th API and Duo API using RESTful API in PHP. We divided into two groups. One is working on the f8th API, and another group is working on Duo API. Besides this, we had a weekly group meeting in the morning on Wednesday. The primary purpose of the weekly meeting is to know the updated progress of the project.

II. POTENTIAL ISSUES

Initially, we struggled with providing Duo API Key, Duo Web SDK of its restriction and PHP dependencies issue. When we tried to use the provided Duo API key, the result indicated that the credentials were lack of authentication, authorization and a data header, which was vague in the documentation [1]. However, we also got issues with Duo Web SDK API functionality in Figures 1 and 2. Consequently, we did some research and email Stephen, the Duo Web SDK only can work on the Duo Web SDK platform [2].

Fig. 1. Duo Web SDK Login Console

```
(.env) Ray@MacBook-Pro:duo_client_python[5]python examples/report_users_and_phones.py
Admin API integration key ("API..."): 011R1LWLFH50V90VE1ND
Integration secret key: 4G8d2jKHdtJ7VX14038Ny6QYdsd47a3aAt8K87
API hostname ("api-...-duosecurity.com"): api-3527e851.duosecurity.com
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/Users/ray/Desktop/INCS870Project-Duo/duo_client_python/examples/report_users_and_phones.py", line 28, in <module>
    users = admin_api.get_users()
  File "/Users/ray/Desktop/INCS870Project-Duo/duo_client_python/.env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/duo_client-4.5.0-py3.9.egg/duo_client/admin.py", line 688, in get_users
    return list(self.get_users_iterator())
  File "/Users/ray/Desktop/INCS870Project-Duo/duo_client_python/.env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/duo_client-4.5.0-py3.9.egg/duo_client/client.py", line 409, in json_paging_api_call
    (objects, metadata) = self.parse_json_response_and_metadata(response, data)
  File "/Users/ray/Desktop/INCS870Project-Duo/duo_client_python/.env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/duo_client-4.5.0-py3.9.egg/duo_client/client.py", line 485, in parse_json_response_and_metadata
    raise_error('Received %s %s' % (
  File "/Users/ray/Desktop/INCS870Project-Duo/duo_client_python/.env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/duo_client-4.5.0-py3.9.egg/duo_client/client.py", line 471, in raise_error
    raise error
RuntimeError: Received 401 Invalid integration key in request credentials
(.env) Ray@MacBook-Pro:duo_client_python[5]
```

Fig. 2. Duo Web SDK Authentication Issue,

Therefore, since the Duo Web SDK had not worked, we worked on Duo Auth API, which has not been rebuilt from DUO. So, we struggled with integrating Duo Auth API [3] and troubleshooting PHP of its dependencies [4] [5].

III. PROPOSED SOLUTIONS

The proposed remedies for the potential issues are creating our own integration key and doing some test cases to ensure the integration key is doable.

```
localhost/login/api_test.php
3) { ["response"]=> array(2) { ["response"]=> array(4) { ["auth_delayed"]=> bool(false)
["status_msg"]=> string(26) "Success. Logging you in..." } ["star"]=> string(2) "OK"
0) }
```

Fig. 3. Duo Auth API Test Case Result



This is a demo

Name:

Password:

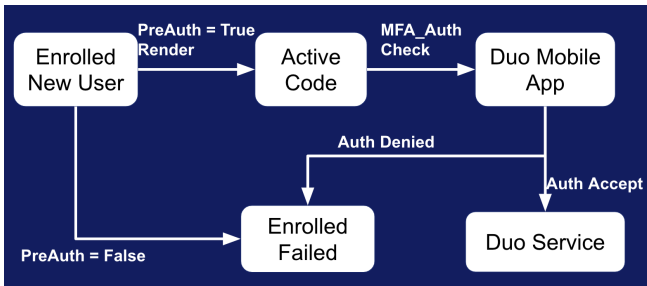


Fig. 4. Duo Auth API Data Flow

As for the test case, we used the Duo Auth API resources [6], which shows the data flow from the application side works fluently in Figure 3.

Besides this, we check the integration key, and the data flow works well, but the integration of Duo Auth functionalities still needs to work on because Duo has not been documented. The one possible remedy is to check the /auth/check API endpoint, HTTP basic authentication and data header with some further API testing.

IV. METHODOLOGY OF THE PROJECT

We utilized RESTful API to integrate each functionality of Duo Auth API [7] [8], and we also followed up on the PHP documentation to achieve the integration [9]. At the same time, some other cases still need to be solved via Postman API testing.

V. HOW TO IMPLEMENT DUO AUTH API

In Fig. 4, this is the Duo Auth API data flow. The program will check whether the user's username is an existing account. Once we enroll the new user, the system will pop up a QRcode for scanning purposes, then the program will call Duo /auth API function for authentication.

```

// Function to enroll new user
function enrollUser($C, $uname) {
    $json_resp = $C->jsonApiCall("POST", "/auth/v2/enroll", array("username"=>$uname));
    $activation_barcode = $json_resp["response"]["response"]["activation_barcode"];
    header("Location: $activation_barcode");
    exit();
}
  
```

After registering the new user, the program call /preauth API to check the username in terms of the below code screenshot.

```

// Main function for DUO authentication
function duoAuthentication($C) {
    if (isset($_POST['uname']) && isset($_POST['password'])) {
        function validate($data) {
            $data = trim($data);
            $data = stripslashes($data);
            $data = htmlspecialchars($data);
            return $data;
        }

        $uname = validate($_POST['uname']);
        $pass = validate($_POST['password']);

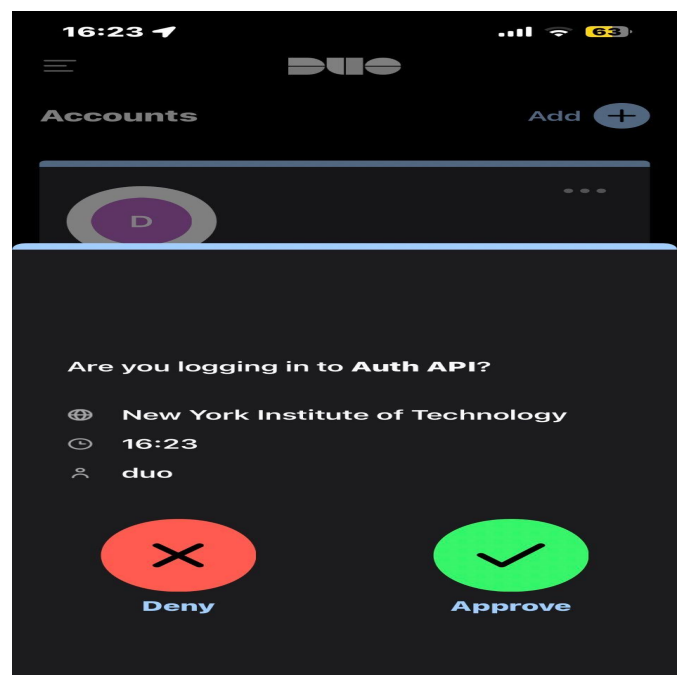
        if (empty($uname)) {
            header("Location: index.php?error=UsernameIsRequired");
            exit();
        } else if (empty($pass)) {
            header("Location: index.php?error=PasswordIsRequired");
            exit();
        } else {
            $preauth_result = $C->jsonApiCall("POST", "/auth/v2/preauth", array("username"=>$uname));
            $result = $preauth_result["response"]["response"]["result"];

            if (strcmp($result, "enroll", 6) == 0) {
                //Enrollment
                enrollUser($C, $uname);
            } else if (strcmp($result, "allow", 5) == 0) {
                //Allowed
                echo "Device is trusted.";
            } else {
                // Authentication
                authUser($C, $uname);
            }
        }
    } else {
        header("Location: index.php");
        exit();
    }
}
  
```

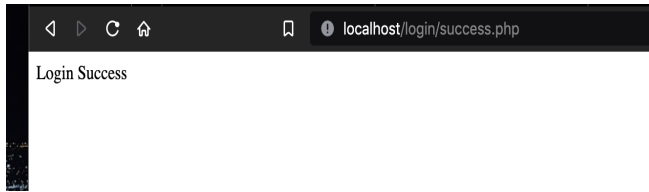
The login page looks like this in the below screenshot, and DUO mobile App pushes notification to device for verification.

LOGIN

Username: Password:



The program shows Login Success after the user approves authentication. Otherwise, the program directs to the Login page to log in again.



```
// Function to authenticate existing user
function authUser($C, $uname) {
    $auth_resp = $C->jsonApiCall("POST", "/auth/v2/auth", array("username"=>$uname, "device"=>"auto", "factor"=>"push", "async"=>1));
    $txid = $auth_resp["response"]["response"]["txid"];

    while (true) {
        $auth_status_resp = $C->jsonApiCall("GET", "/auth/v2/auth_status", array("txid"=>$txid));
        $result = $auth_status_resp["response"]["response"]["result"];
        if (strpos($result, "allow", 5) == 0) {
            header("Location: success.php");
            exit();
        } else if (strpos($result, "deny", 4) == 0) {
            header("Location: index.php");
            exit();
        } else {
            echo "Waiting...";
        }
    }
}
```

VI. API TESTING

The Scope of API Testing

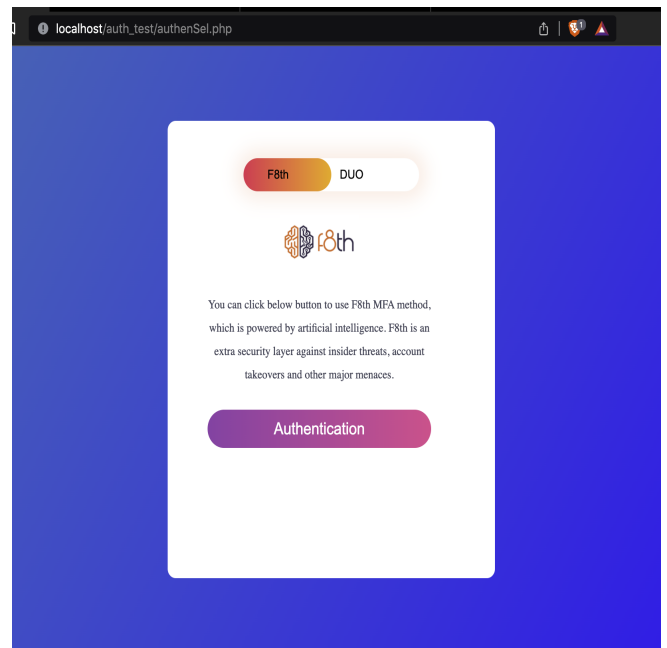
The test we are going to do is only focus on frontend testing instead of backend testing because we do not have any access to the Duo backend service, so it is impossible to parse the Duo Data flow.

The test cases are as below, which are essential to the HTTP Request and Response.

- HTTP Response Status Checking
- HTTP Response Header Checking
- Response Time Checking
- Cookie Testing

The Testing Methodology

Using Postman for testing F8th SDK and Duo Auth API of HTTP requests, utilizing a GUI, the script uses Chai Assertion Library BDD syntax to perform the test cases.



The Objective

Status Code Testing:

Sending the HTTP Get Request to the customized Duo login page, and seeing the response status is included with the status set.

Duo Auth Part:

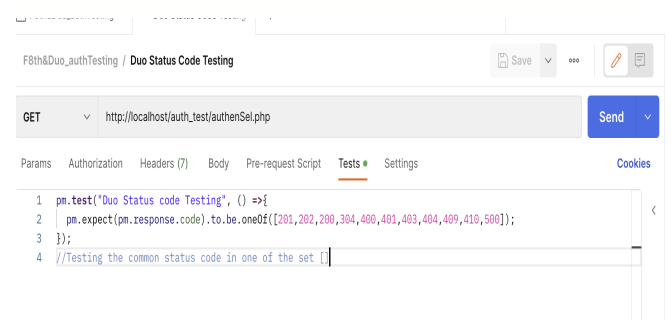
The script is:

```
pm.test("Duo Status code Testing", () =>{

    pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.be.oneOf([201,202,200,304,400,401,403,404,409,410,500]);

});

//Testing the common status code in one of the set []
```



F8th SDK Part:

```
pm.test("F8th Status code Testing", () =>{

    pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.be.oneOf([201,202,200,304,400,401,403,404,409,410,500]);

});

//Testing the common status code in one of the set []
```



The complete picture of the status code can be found in the below cheatsheet.

1xx: HTTP Informational Codes	4xx: HTTP Client Error Code	5xx: HTTP Server Error Codes
100 Continue	400 Bad Request	500 Internal Server Error
101 Switching Protocols	401 Unauthorized	501 Not Implemented
102 Processing WebDAV	402 Payment Required ^{res}	502 Bad Gateway
103 Checkpoint draft POST PUT	403 Forbidden	503 Service Unavailable
122 Request-URI too long IE?	404 Not Found	504 Gateway Timeout
	405 Method Not Allowed	505 HTTP Version Not Supported
2xx: HTTP Successful Codes	406 Not Acceptable	506 Variant Also Negotiates ²²⁹⁵
200 OK	407 Proxy Authentication Required	507 Insufficient Storage WebDAV 491b
201 Created	408 Request Timeout	508 Loop Detected WebDAV 584z
202 Accepted	409 Conflict	509 Bandwidth Limit Exceeded ^{nostd}
203 Non-Authoritative Information 1.1	410 Gone	510 Not Extended 2774
204 No Content	411 Length Required	511 Network Authentication Required ^{draft}
205 Reset Content	412 Precondition Failed	598 Network read timeout error ^{nostd}
206 Partial Content	413 Request Entity Too Large	599 Network connect timeout error ^{nostd}
207 Multi-Status WebDAV 491b	414 Request-URI Too Long	
208 Already Reported WebDAV 584z	415 Unsupported Media Type	HTTP Code Comments
226 IM Used 3229 GET	416 Requested Range Not Satisfiable	WebDAV WebDAV extension
	417 Expectation Failed	1.1 HTTP/1.1
3xx: HTTP Redirection Codes	418 I'm a teapot ²³²⁴	GET, POST, PUT, POST For these methods only
300 Multiple Choices	422 Unprocessable Entity WebDAV 491b	
301 Moved Permanently	423 Locked WebDAV 491b	IE IE extension
302 Found	424 Failed Dependency WebDAV 491b	MS MS extension
303 See Other 1.1	425 Unordered Collection 364b	nginx nginx extension
304 Not Modified	426 Upgrade Required 2817	2518, 2817, 2295, 2774, 3229, 491b, 584z RFC number
305 Use Proxy 1.1	428 Precondition Required ^{draft}	draft Proposed draft
306 Switch Proxy unused	429 Too Many Requests ^{draft}	nostd No standard extension
307 Temporary Redirect 1.1	431 Request Header Fields Too Large ^{draft}	res Reserved for future use
308 Permanent Redirect 753b	404 No Response ^{nginx}	unused No more in use, deprecated
307 and 308 are similar to 302 and 301, but the new request method after redirect must be the same, as on initial request.	449 Retry With MS	
	450 Blocked By Windows Parental Controls MS	
	451 Unavailable For Legal Reasons ^{draft}	
	499 Client Closed Request ^{nginx}	
		Wikimedia was used to produce all HTTP codes except:
		https://http.wikipedia.org/wiki/http_status_codes

Header Testing:

Checking what types of response header the customized login page utilizes. And, add case-insensitive regular expression `i` flag at the end of the matched string.

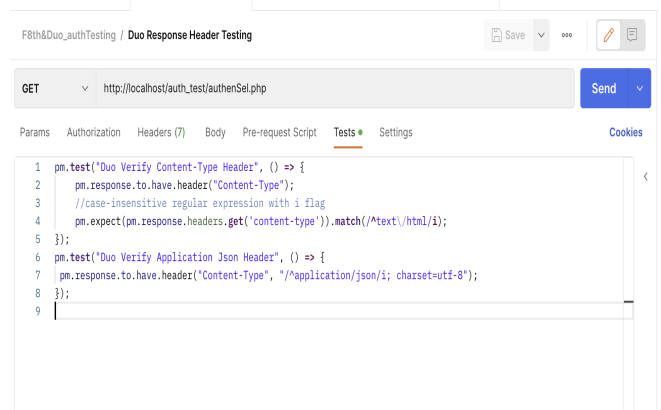
The script is:

Duo Auth Part

```
pm.test("Duo Verify Content-Type Header", () => {
  pm.response.to.have.header("Content-Type");
  //case-insensitive regular expression with i flag
```

```
pm.expect(pm.response.headers.get('content-type')).match(
  (/^text\/html/i);
});
```

```
pm.test("Duo Verify Application Json Header", () => {
  pm.response.to.have.header("Content-Type",
    "/^application/json/i; charset=utf-8");
});
```

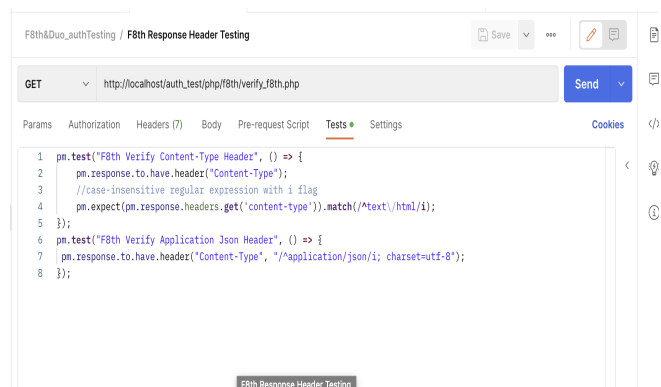
 $\});$ 

F8th SDK Part:

```
pm.test("F8th Verify Content-Type Header", () => {
  pm.response.to.have.header("Content-Type");
  //case-insensitive regular expression with i flag
```

```
pm.expect(pm.response.headers.get('content-type')).match(
  /^text\/html/i);
});

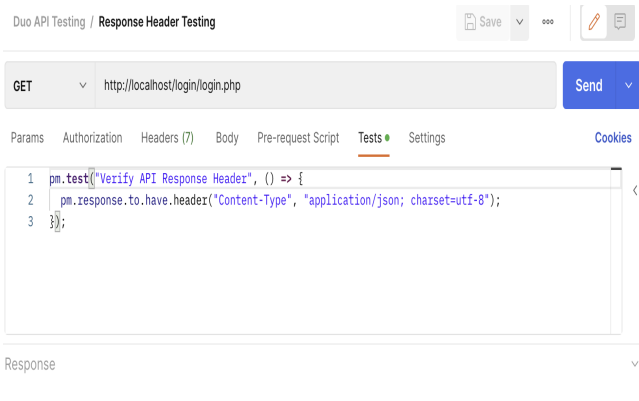
pm.test("F8th Verify Application Json Header", () => {
  pm.response.to.have.header("Content-Type",
    "/^application/json/i; charset=utf-8");
});
```



Checking what types of response header the customized login page utilizes.

The script is:

```
pm.test("Verify API Response Header", () => {
    pm.response.to.have.header("Content-Type",
        /^application/json/i; charset=utf-8");
});
```

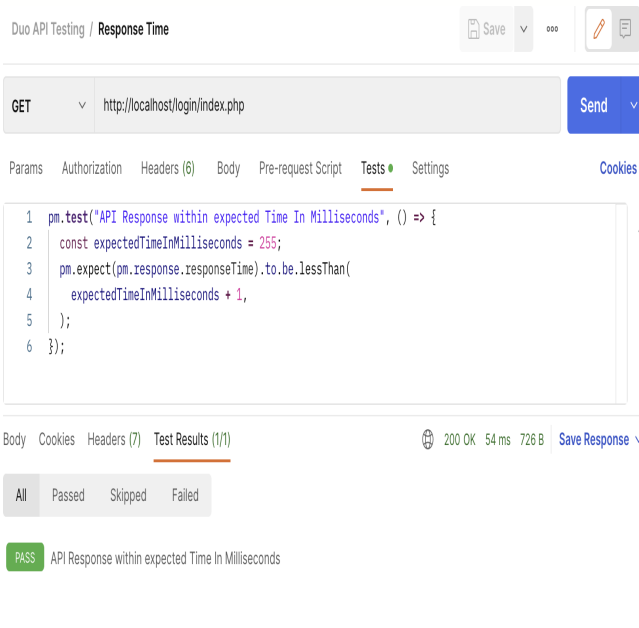


Response Time Testing:

The test is to check the HTTP response time that is in the expected time.

The script is:

```
pm.test("API Response within expected Time In Milliseconds", () => {
  const expectedTimeInMilliseconds = 255;
  pm.expect(pm.response.responseTime).to.be.lessThan(
    expectedTimeInMilliseconds + 1,
  );
});
```

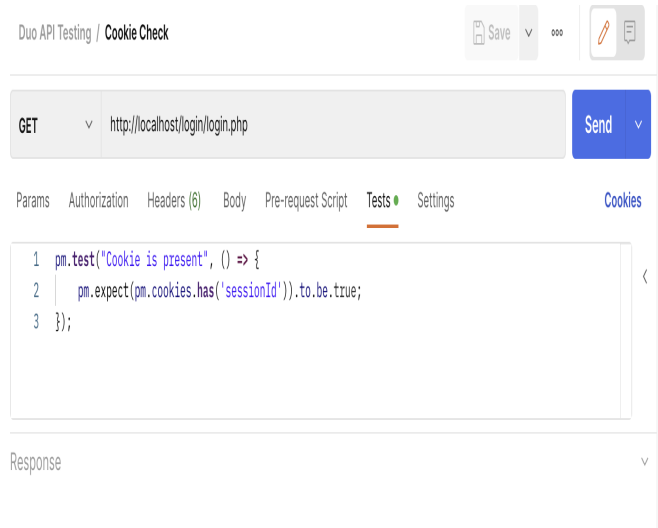


Cookie Testing:

Check the cookie exists if we send the HTTP request to the login page.

The script is:

```
pm.test("Cookie is present", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.cookies.has('sessionId')).to.be.true;
});
```



Response Data Testing:

Duo Auth Part:

```
pm.test("Duo API Response within expected Time In Milliseconds", () => {
  const expectedTimeInMilliseconds = 255;
  pm.expect(pm.response.responseTime).to.be.lessThan(
    expectedTimeInMilliseconds + 1,
  );
});

pm.test("Duo Cookie Check", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.cookies.has('sessionId')).to.be.true;
});
```

```
pm.test("Duo Parsing Response Data", () => {
  const responseText = pm.response.text();
  console.log(responseText);
});

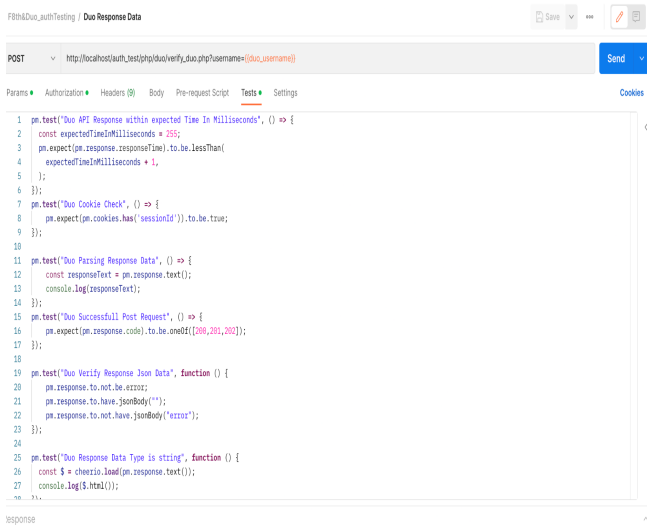
pm.test("Duo Successfull Post Request", () => {

  pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.be.oneOf([200,201,202]);
});
```

```
pm.test("Duo Verify Response Json Data", function () {
  pm.response.to.not.be.error;
  pm.response.to.have.jsonBody("");
  pm.response.to.not.have.jsonBody("error");
});
```

```
pm.test("Duo Response Data Type is string", function () {
  const $ = cheerio.load(pm.response.text());
```

```
console.log($.html());
});
```



F8th SDK Part:

```
pm.test("F8th API Response within expected Time In Milliseconds", () => {
  const expectedTimeInMilliseconds = 255;
  pm.expect(pm.response.responseTime).to.be.lessThan(
    expectedTimeInMilliseconds + 1,
  );
});

pm.test("F8th Response Time", () => {
  pm.response.responseTime;
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Cookies Check", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.cookies.has("PHPSESSID")).to.be.true;
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Parsing Response Data", () => {
  const responseText = pm.response.text();
  console.log(responseText);
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Successfull Post Request", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.be.oneOf([200,201,202]);
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Valid Response Data Body", function () {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.be.ok;
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Test Response Data Structure", () => {
  const textData = pm.response.text();
```

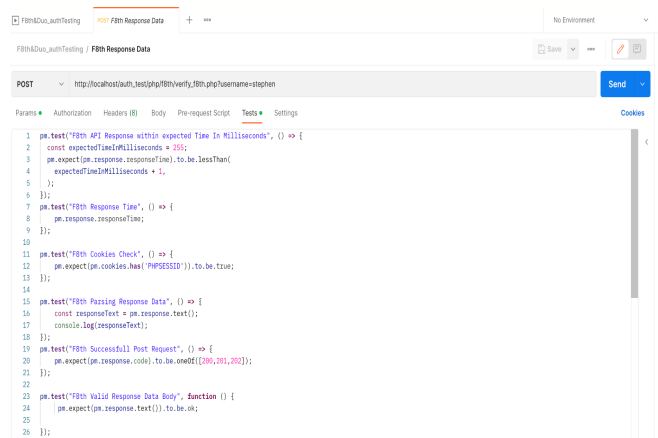
```
pm.expect(textData).to.be.an("string");
pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("stephen");
// check if there is any url is sent
pm.expect(textData.website).to.be.undefined;
});

pm.test("F8th Response Data is not empty ", function () {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.not.equal(null)
});
```

```
pm.test("F8th Response Data Type is string", function () {
  const $ = cheerio.load(pm.response.text());
  console.log($.html());
});

pm.test("F8th Response Data Contains Session ID and
cdnURL", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("Session ID");
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("cdnUrl");
});

pm.test("F8thResponse Data Contains Auth ID and Username ", ()
=> {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("auth");
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("username");
});
```



```
pm.test("F8th Response Data is not empty ", function () {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.not.equal(null)
});

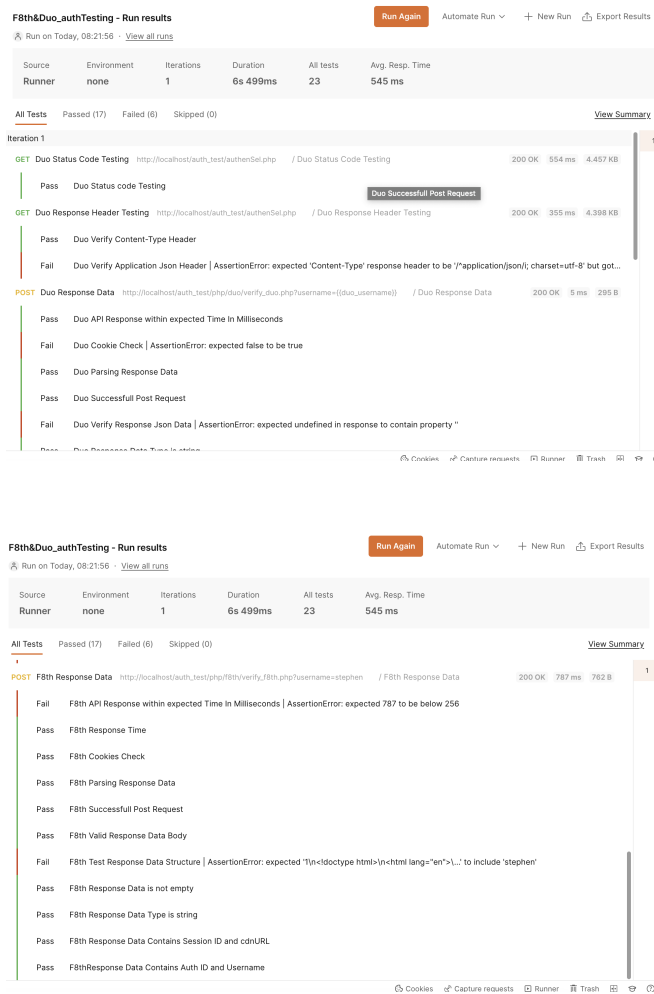
pm.test("F8th Response Data Type is string", function () {
  const $ = cheerio.load(pm.response.text());
  console.log($.html());
});

pm.test("F8th Response Data Contains Session ID and cdnURL", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("Session ID");
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("cdnUrl");
});

pm.test("F8thResponse Data Contains Auth ID and Username ", () => {
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("auth");
  pm.expect(pm.response.text()).to.include("username");
});
```

The complete picture of Testing results:

If each test case is put together, run the collection with the Postman plugin. Some test cases failed because of the Response header and cookie existence.



VII. CONCLUSION

To summarize this industry project, it is almost finished, we acknowledge how the RESTful API works and its basic knowledge. The Auth API has various functions to check the users’ credentials before trafficking the data to the server for authorization. The API integration is a way to connect multiple applications, allowing data cross-domain.

Most importantly, we have obtained essential knowledge of the Duo authentication data flow with RESTful API using PHP and some critical mindset to solve PHP of its dependencies issues.

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