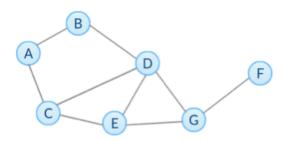


1 point

1.

Based on the network below, what is the degree centrality of node D?

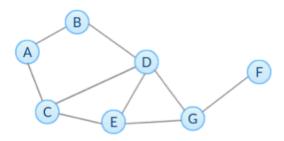


- 0.42
- 0.57
- 0.50
- 0.67

1 point

2.

Based on the network below, what is the closeness centrality of node G?



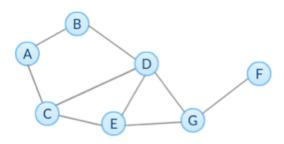
- 0.875
- 0.6



1 point

3.

Based on the network below, what is the normalized betweenness centrality (excluding endpoints) of node G?

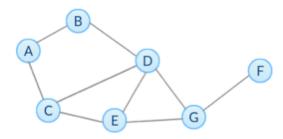


- 0.67
- 0.47
- 0.24
- 0.33

1 point

4.

Based on the network below, what is the betweenness centrality without normalization of edge (G,F)?



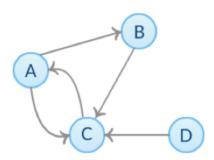
- () 4
- () 6
- 7

Module 3 Quiz
1 Quiz, 10 questions point
5.
Select all True statements.
In directed networks, in-degree and out-degree centrality of a node are always the same.
The closeness centrality of a node describes how far the node is from others.
We can use subsets of node-pairs to approximate betweenness centrality:
The assumption of degree centrality is that important nodes have more connections.
The node with highest betwenness centrality in a network also has the highest closeness centrality.
1 point
6. Select all True statements about Page Rank (PR) and HITS in directed networks.
The authority and hub score of each node is obtained by computing multiple iterations of HITS algorithm and both scores of most networks are convergent.
Nodes that have outgoing edges to good hubs are good authorities, and nodes that have incoming edges from good authorities are good hubs.
Adding out-links of a node will always decrease its PR.
Adding in-links of a node will never decrease its PR.
Nodes with high in-degree centrality have higher PRs than nodes with low in-degree centrality.
1 point
7.
Given the network below, which value of alpha (damping parameter) listed below in the NetworkX function pagerank maximizes the PageRank of node D?
$B \longleftrightarrow A \longleftrightarrow C \longleftrightarrow D$
O.95
0.5
0.9
0.8



8.

Based on the network below, what is the basic PR of node C at step k = 1?

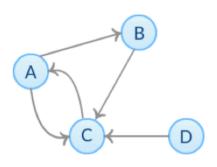


- 0.625
- 0.5
- 0.25
- 0.375
- 0.125

1 point

9.

Based on the network below, what are the corresponding normalized authority and hub scores of node C correspondingly after two iterations of HITS algorithm?

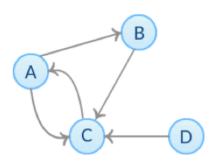


- 0.4, 0.4
- 0.57, 0.09
- 0.33, 0.33
- 0.8, 0.2



10.

Based on the network below, which of the following is NOT True? Check all that apply.



	At each step, the sum of all nodes' basic PR is always 1.
	Node D's authority and hub score after k iterations (k>=1) are always 0.
	Node D's basic PR at step k (k>=1) is always 0.
	At step k (k>=1), node A's basic PR is always the same as node C's basic PR at step k-1.
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