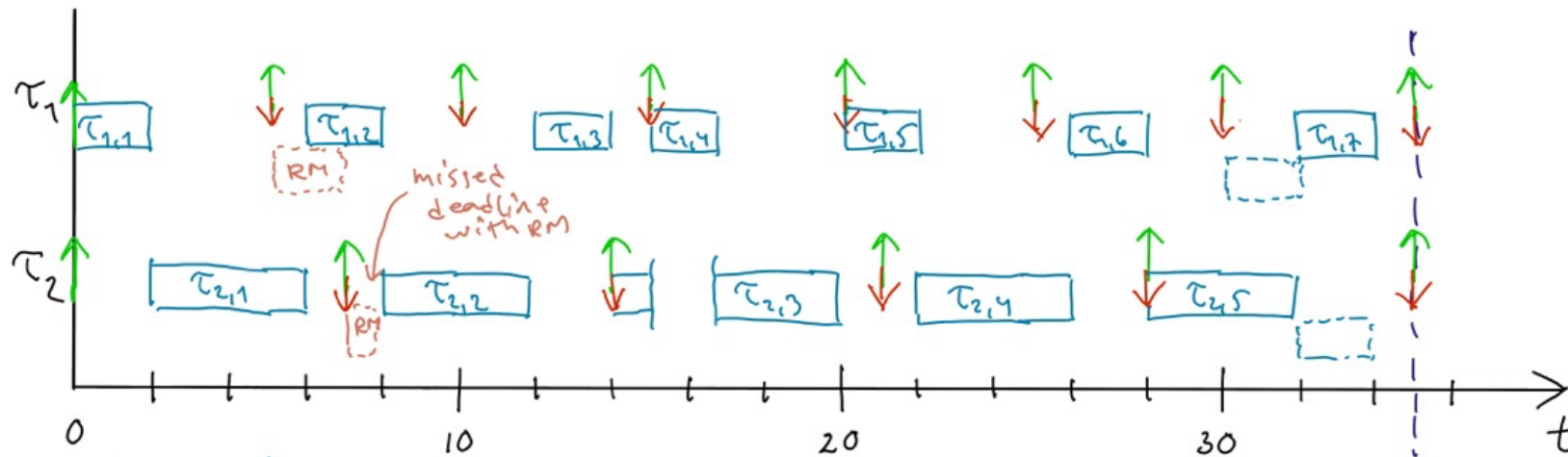


Exercise #5 – blackboard scribble

- a) Simulate the execution of tasks using EDF scheduling with the hyperperiod $LCM\{5, 7\} = 35$

Task	C_i	D_i	T_i
τ_1	2	5	5
τ_2	4	7	7



$(\tau_{1,1}, 0, 2)$ $(\tau_{2,1}, 2, 6)$ $(\tau_{1,2}, 6, 8)$ $(\tau_{2,2}, 8, 12)$ $(\tau_{1,3}, 12, 14)$ $(\tau_{2,3}, 14, 18)$ $(\tau_{1,4}, 18, 20)$
 $(\tau_{2,4}, 20, 24)$ $(\tau_{1,5}, 24, 26)$ $(\tau_{2,5}, 26, 30)$ $(\tau_{1,6}, 30, 32)$ $(\tau_{2,6}, 32, 36)$ $(\tau_{1,7}, 36, 38)$

- b) Since EDF scheduling is known to be optimal for the given assumption this is the best possible schedule. [How would RM behave?]

Exercise #5 – blackboard scribble

a) The utilization of the task set is

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{C_i}{T_i} = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{14} + \frac{4}{18} \approx 0,44$$

The utilization bound U_{RM} for $n=3$ tasks is

$$U_{RM} = n \left(2^{1/n} - 1 \right) = 3 \cdot \left(2^{1/3} - 1 \right) \approx 0,78 \quad U < U_{RM}$$

Task	C_i	D_i	T_i
τ_1	1	7	7
τ_2	1	14	14
τ_3	4	18	18

$\underbrace{D_i = T_i}$

The test succeeds \Rightarrow The task set is schedulable!

Exercise #5 – blackboard scribble

b) The utilization of the task set is

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^4 \frac{C_i}{T_i} = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{14} + \frac{4}{18} + \frac{x}{100} \approx 0,44 + 0,01x$$

The utilization bound U_{RM} for 4 tasks is

$$U_{RM}(4) = 4(2^{1/4} - 1) \approx 0,76$$

The test succeeds if

$$U \leq U_{RM}(4) \Rightarrow 0,44 + 0,01x \leq 0,76 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 0,01x \leq 0,76 - 0,44 \Rightarrow x \leq 100 \cdot 0,32 = 32$$

Task	C_i	D_i	T_i
τ_1	1	7	7
τ_2	1	14	14
τ_3	4	18	18
τ_4	x	100	100

Note: this result assumes Lin & Layland's sufficient test.

other analysis methods could give higher values of x .
(e.g. response-time analysis)