

HW 1, P6 by Sagemath

In [1]:

```
set_random_seed(0)
```

(a)

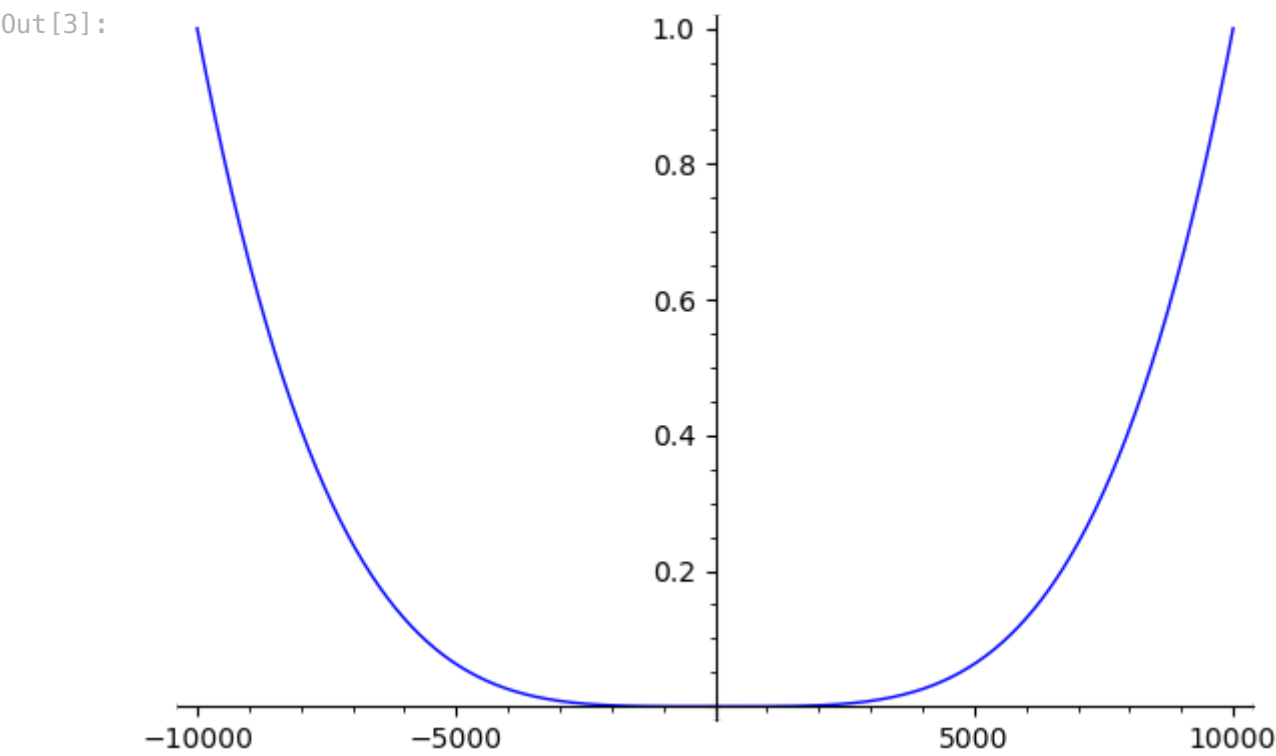
(i)

In [2]:

```
x=var('x')
f=(1-x**2)**2
```

In [3]:

```
plot(f, x,-10000,10000)
```



(ii)

In [4]:

```
A=matrix(2,2,[1,0.6,0.6,1])
var('x1','x2')
```

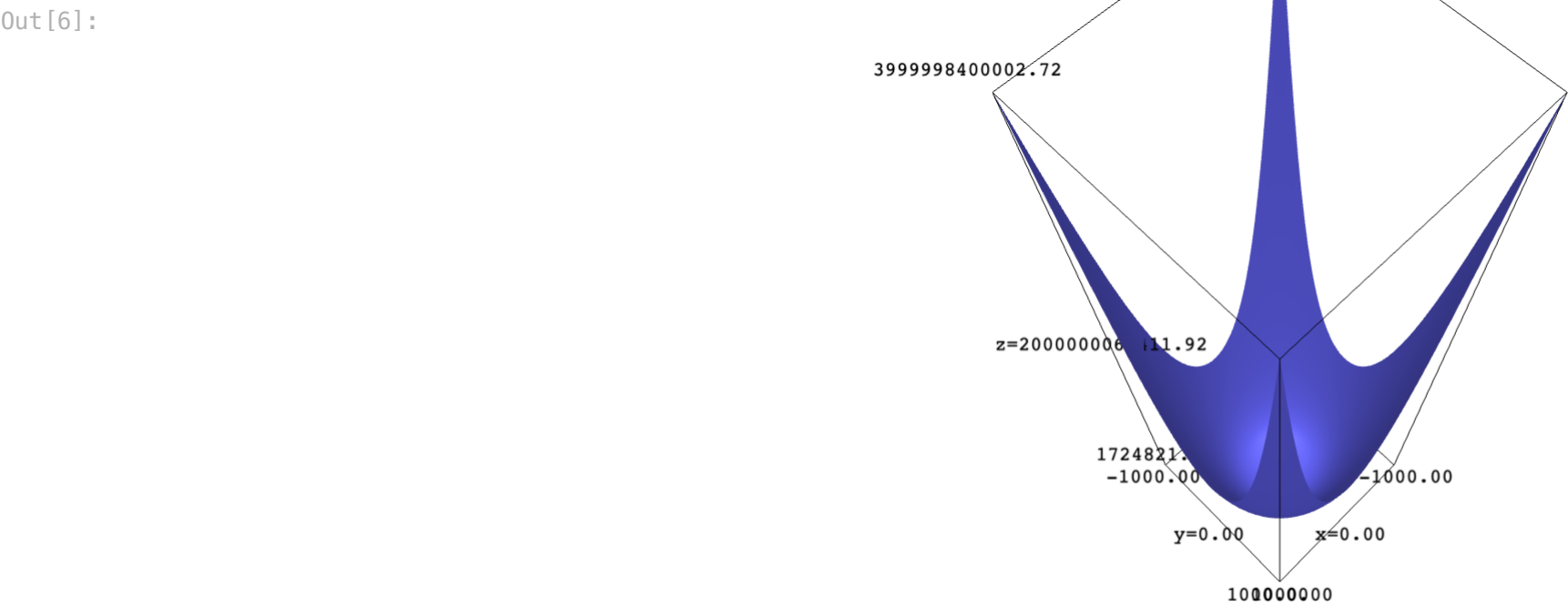
Out[4]: (x1, x2)

In [5]:

```
f1=lambda x1,x2: ((A-vector([x1,x2]).column()*vector([x1,x2]).row()).norm('frob'))**2
```

In [6]:

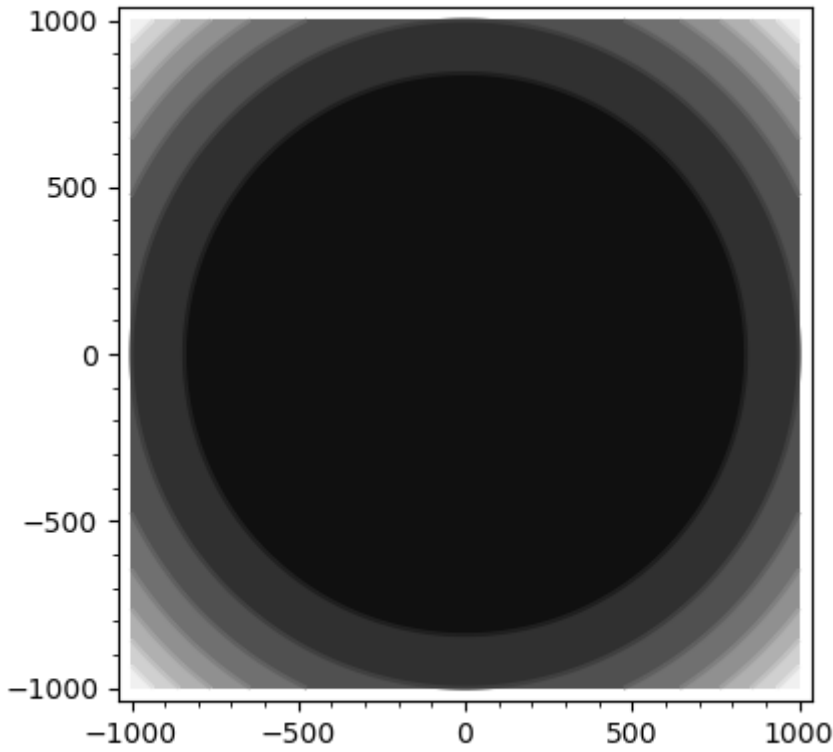
```
plot3d(f1, (x1,-1000,1000), (x2,-1000,1000), aspect_ratio=[1,1,1])
```



In [7]:

```
contour_plot(f1, (-1000,1000), (-1000,1000))
```

Out[7]:



(iii)

Pick a point $\hat{\theta} = 0_{200 \times 1} = [0, 0, \dots, 0]^T$

Pick two vectors $u = [1, 0, 0 \dots 0]^T$ and $v = [0, 1, 0 \dots 0]^T$

```
In [8]: u=vector([0]*200)
        u[0]=1
        v=vector([0]*200)
        v[1]=1
```

```
In [9]: u.column()*v.row()
```

Out[9]: 200 x 200 dense matrix over Integer Ring (use the '.str()' method to see the entries)

```
In [10]: B=Matrix(RR, 200, lambda i,j: normalvariate(0, 1))
         A=B*B.transpose()
```

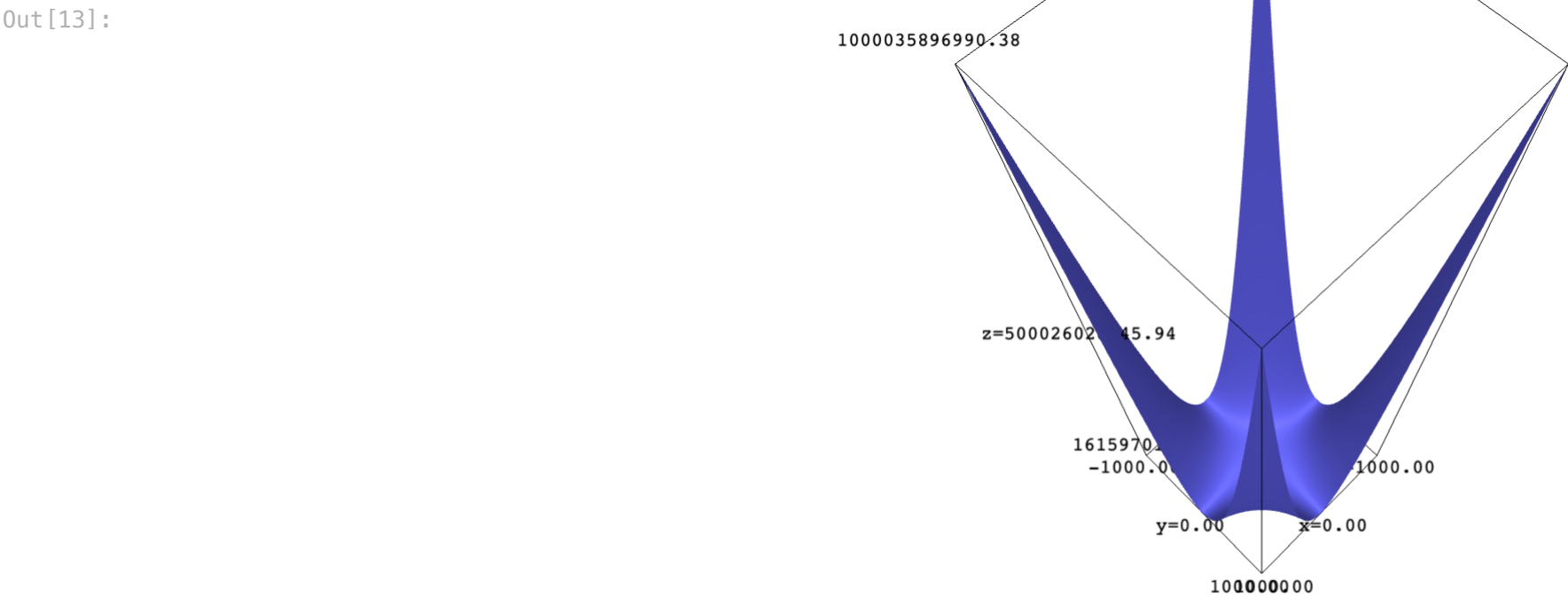
$$(x_1u)(x_2v)^T = [t_{ij}]_{i,j}, \quad t_{ij} = x_1x_2 \text{ if } i = 1, j = 2, \text{ otherwise } t_{ij} = 0$$

$$\|A - (x_1u)(x_2v)^T\|_F^2 = \|A\|_F^2 - a_{12}^2 + (a_{12} - x_1x_2)^2 = \|A\|_F^2 + (x_1x_2)^2 - 2a_{12}x_1x_2$$

```
In [11]: a=A[1,2]
         Af=A.norm('frob')**2
```

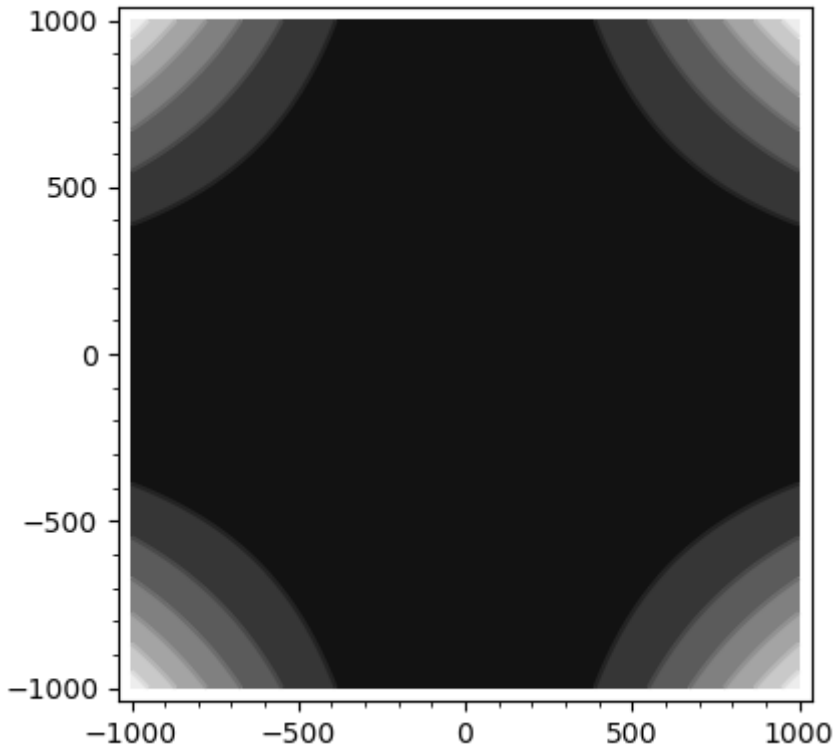
```
In [12]: f2=lambda x1,x2: Af+(x1*x2)**2-2*a*x1*x2
```

```
In [13]: plot3d(f2, (x1,-1000,1000), (x2,-1000,1000), aspect_ratio=[1,1,1])
```



```
In [14]: contour_plot(f2, (-1000,1000), (-1000,1000))
```

Out[14]:



(b)

$$(n, d, m) = (100, 30, 5)$$

In [15]:

```
n=100
d=30
m=5
```

In [16]:

```
def sigma(x):
    if x<0:
        return exp(x)-1
    else:
        return x
```

In [17]:

```
Train=Matrix(n,d+1, lambda i,j: normalvariate(0, 1))
```

In [18]:

```
x_train=Train[:, :-1]
y_train=Train[:, -1]
```

Projection onto a 2-dimensional space: $v = x_1[1, 0, 0, \dots, 0]_{m \times 1}^T$, $W = x_2[[1, 1, \dots, 1]_{1 \times 30}, 0_{1 \times 30}, 0_{1 \times 30}, 0_{1 \times 30}, 0_{1 \times 30}]_{m \times d}^T$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \left(y_i - v^T \sigma(Wx_i)\right)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(y_i - x_1 \sigma(x_2 sum(x_i))\right)^2$$

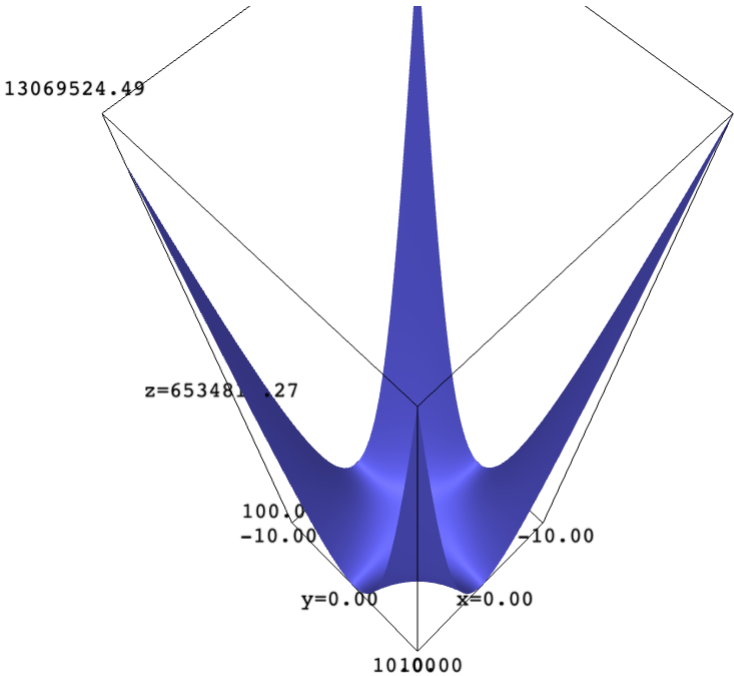
In [19]:

```
def f3(x1,x2):
    fv=0
    for i in range(n):
        fv+=(y_train[i][0]-x1*sigma(x2*sum(x_train[i])))**2
    return fv
```

In [20]:

```
plot3d(f3, (x1,-10,10), (x2,-10,10), aspect_ratio=[1,1,1])
```

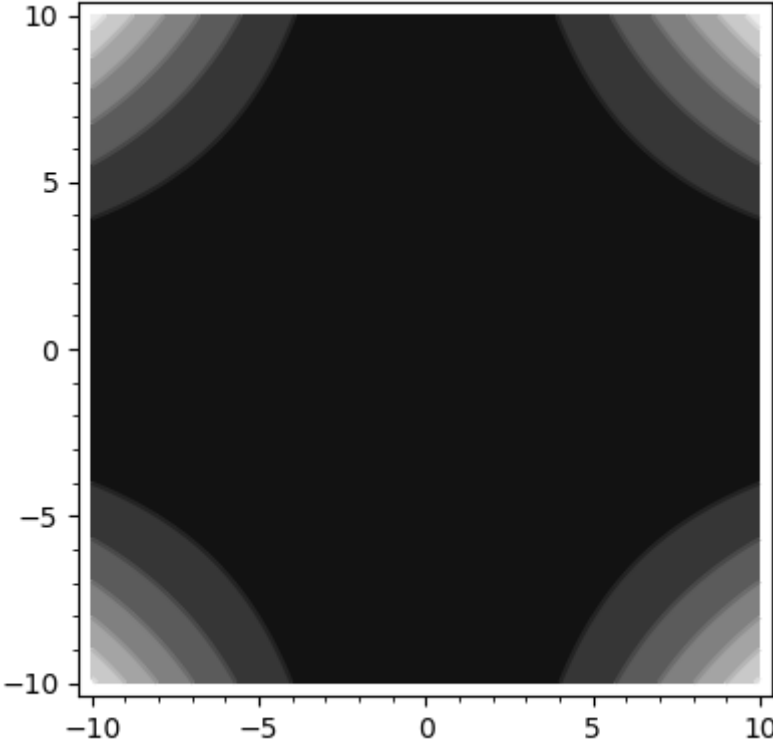
Out[20]:



In [21]:

```
contour_plot(f3, (-10,10), (-10,10))
```

Out[21]:



$(n,d,m) = (100,10,5)$

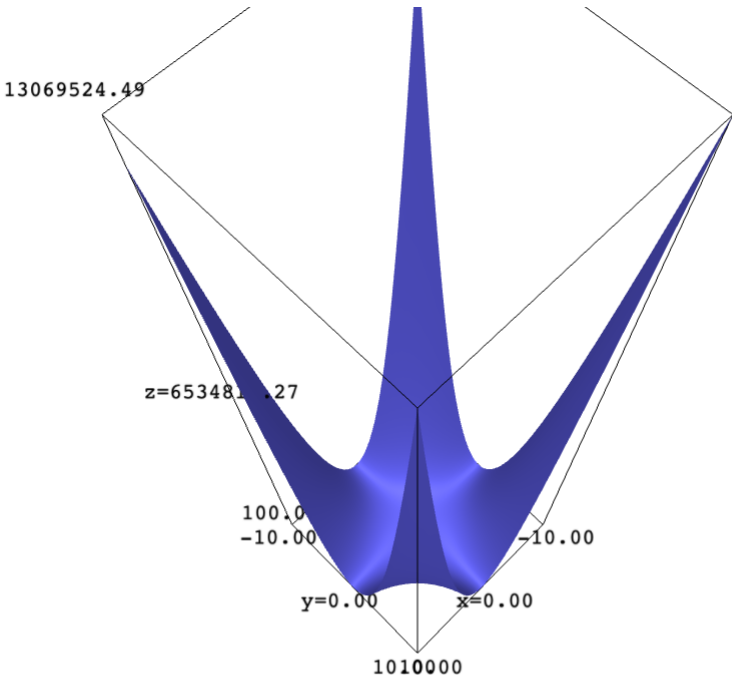
In [22]:

```
n=100  
d=10  
m=5
```

In [23]:

```
plot3d(f3, (x1,-10,10), (x2,-10,10), aspect_ratio=[1,1,1])
```

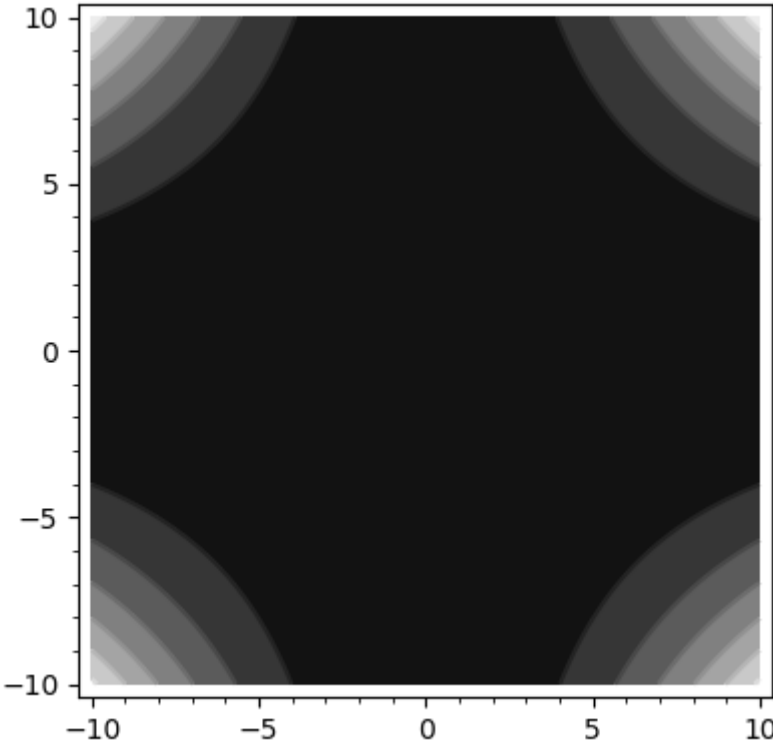
Out[23]:



In [24]:

```
contour_plot(f3, (-10,10), (-10,10))
```

Out[24]:



$(n,d,m) = (100,3,5)$

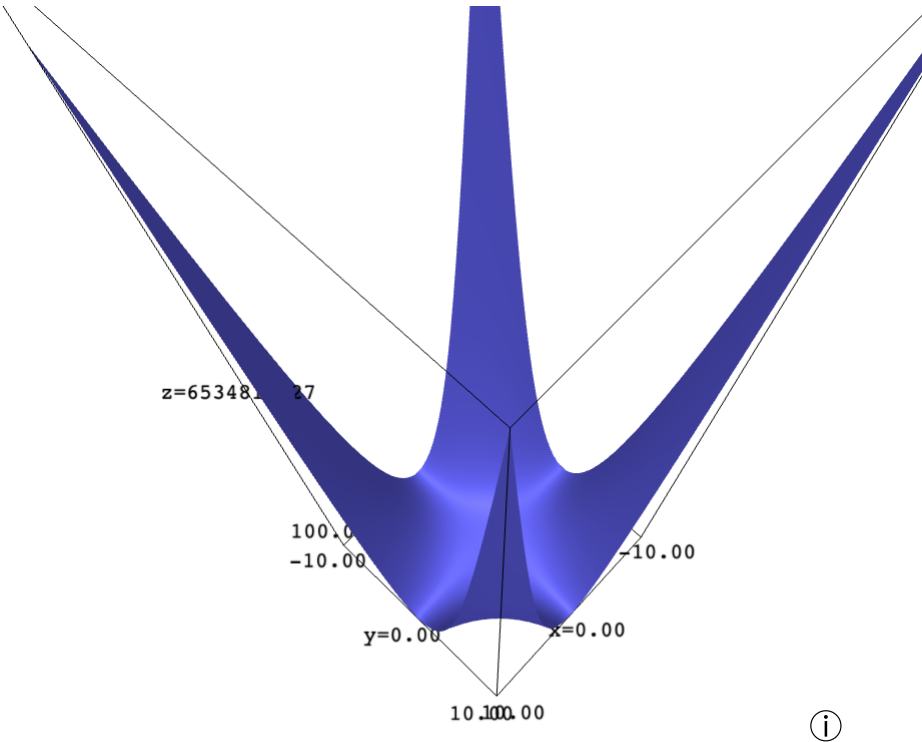
In [25]:

```
n=100
d=3
m=5
```

In [26]:

```
plot3d(f3, (x1,-10,10), (x2,-10,10), aspect_ratio=[1,1,1])
```

Out[26]:



In [27]:

```
contour_plot(f3, (-10,10), (-10,10))
```

Out[27]:

