
Programming MPI with C++

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MPI and C++: the Basics

- Let's state that clear: most C++ programs use the plain C interface of MPI, and that is perfectly fine!
- In addition to that, C++ programs may use the C++ bindings
- Simple example: MPI_Init function:
 - C: `int MPI_Init(int* argc, char*** argv)`
 - C++: `void MPI::Init(int& argc, char**& argv)`
`void MPI::Init()`
- Similar: MPI_Finalize function
 - C: `int MPI_Finalize()`
 - C++: `void MPI::Finalize()`
- What is different?
 - The functions are defined within the namespace MPI
 - Arguments are declared with *references* instead of *pointers*

MPI and C++: the Basics

- You might have already noticed: the design of MPI was based on the notion of objects
- Most MPI functions are methods of MPI C++ classes
- MPI class names are derived from the language neutral MPI types by dropping the `MPI_` prefix and scoping the type within the `MPI` namespace: `MPI_DATATYPE` becomes `MPI::Datatype`
- The following is an excerpt of the C++ classes of MPI-1:

```
namespace MPI {  
    class Comm {...};  
    class Intracomm : public Comm {...};  
    class Graphcomm : public Intracomm {...};  
    class Datatype {...};  
};  
  
class Errhandler {...};  
class Exception {...};  
class Op {...};  
class Status {...};
```

MPI and C++: the Basics

- An implementation is advised to provide the C++ binding in the `mpi.h` file as well
- Most constants are of type `const int`:
 - `MPI::ANY_SOURCE`, `MPI::ANY_TAG`, ...
 - `MPI::MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME`, ...
- The elementary datatypes are `const` types, `const MPI::Datatype`:
 - `MPI::CHAR`, `MPI::INT`, `MPI::DOUBLE`, ...
 - `MPI::INTEGER`, `MPI::REAL`, ...
- The predefined communicators are of type `MPI::Intracomm`:
 - `MPI::COMM_WORLD`
 - `MPI::COMM_SELF`

MPI and C++: the Basics + Communication

- Collective operators are of type `const MPI::Op`:
 - `MPI::MAX`, `MPI::SUM`, ...
- Those functions are typically `virtual const`:
 - `MPI_Send`: `void Comm::Send(const void* buf, int count, const Datatype& datatype, int dest, int tag) const`
- The same holds for the collective communication functions:
 - `MPI_Barrier`: `void Intracomm::Barrier() const`
- If a function has just one argument that is intended to be an output and is not a status object, that argument is dropped and the function returns that value:
 - `int MPI::Comm::Get_rank()`

MPI and C++: Inquiry

- The following functions are not bound to any objects (excerpt):
 - `void Get_processor_name(char* name, int& resultlen)`
 - `double Wtime(), double Wtick()`
- As `MPI_Status` is now a class, it provides member functions:
 - `int Status::Get_source() const`
 - `void Status::Set_source(int source)`
 - Same for *tag* and *error*
- Detailed information: read and follow the links at:
<http://www.mpi-forum.org/docs/mpi-20-html/node21.htm#Node21>

MPI and C++: Error handling

- C++ functions do not return error codes
 - If the default error handler is set to `MPI::ERRORS_THROW_EXCEPTIONS`, then the C++ exception mechanism will be used
 - An error handler can be set for the classes `MPI::Comm`, `MPI::File` and `MPI::Win` using the member function `Set_errhandler()`
 - Better don't mix this with C code
- The class `MPI::Exception` is basically a wrapper around an `int`, it also provides a way to return an error description string:

```
Exception::Exception(int error_code);  
int Exception::Get_error_code() const;  
int Exception::Get_error_class() const;  
const char* Exception::Get_error_string() const;
```

MPI and C++: example code

```
01 #include "mpi.h"
02 #include <iostream>
03
04 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
05 {
06     MPI::Init(argc, argv);
07     MPI::COMM_WORLD.Set_errhandler(MPI::ERRORS_THROW_EXCEPTIONS);
08
09     try {
10         int rank = MPI::COMM_WORLD.Get_rank();
11         std::cout << "I am " << rank << std::endl;
12     }
13     catch (MPI::Exception e) {
14         std::cout << "MPI ERROR: " << e.Get_error_code() \
15                     << " - " << e.Get_error_string() \
16                     << std::endl;
17     }
18     MPI::Finalize();
19     return 0;
20 }
```


Do you have any questions?