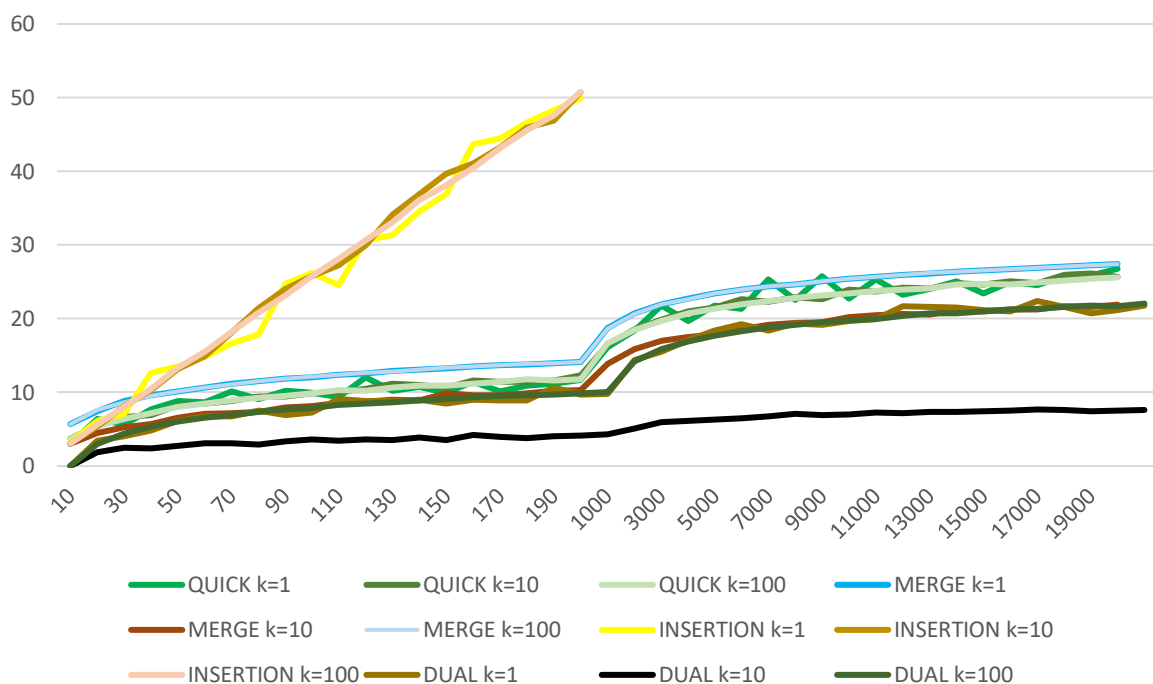


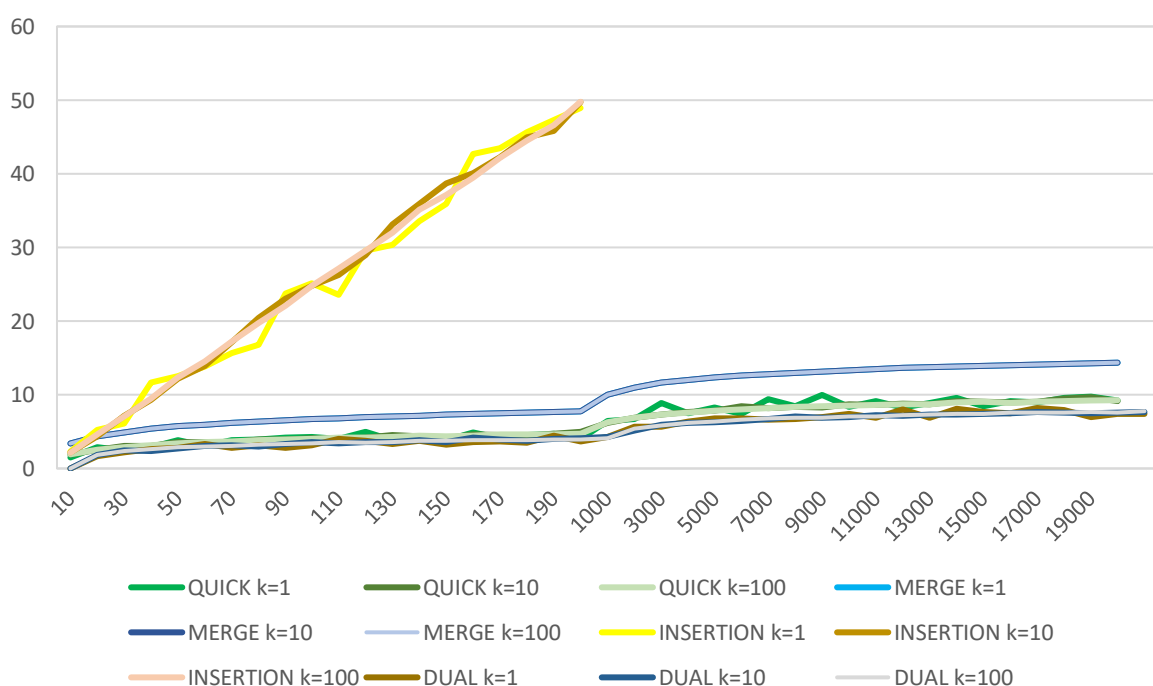
Figure 10: Number of nodes in the index as a function of the number of nodes in the graph. The graph shows that the number of nodes in the index increases significantly as the number of nodes in the graph increases, particularly for larger values of k . The QUICK and MERGE algorithms generally result in higher index sizes compared to the INSERTION algorithm, especially for $k=1$ and $k=10$. The DUAL QUICK algorithm shows the lowest index sizes across all values of k .

[illegible]

c/n dla różnych algorytmów dla różnych k wzgl n



s/n dla różnych algorytmów dla różnych k wzgl n



Porównania dla DualQuickSort

