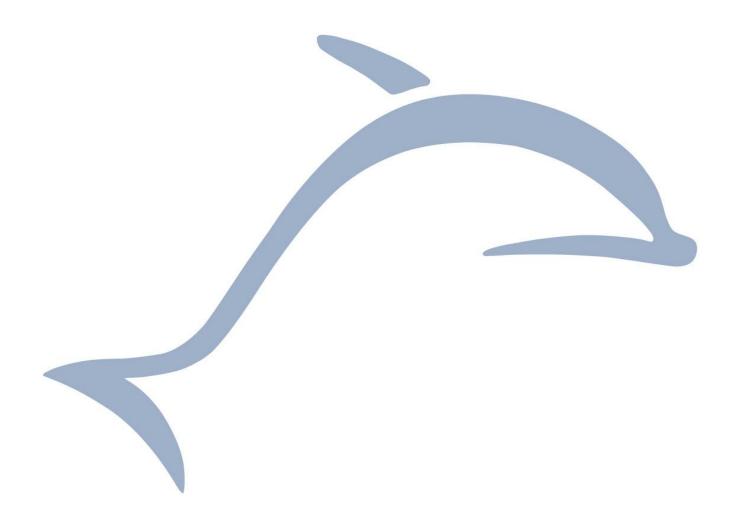


V1.22 / Mar 4, 2013





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1 EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

REVISION HISTORY

The following major modifications and improvements have been made to the first version of this document:

No.	Major Changes	Date	Who					
1.0	First Version							
1.1	Corrections, added uses cases							
1.2	Added small correction in CMD_SA_LEARNDEVICE command.							
1.2	Reworked improved protocol							
1.3	Removed SMACK comments – rework needed							
1.4	Document Reviewed, performance measurements moved to							
	EO3000I_API							
1.5	Added PacketType = 3							
1.6	Added types and defined commands							
1.7	New terms and definitions; extended description	2010-08-31	ap, op, jh					
1.8	Modifications	2010-09-07	ap, op					
1.9	Extracted from system spec document, removed internal info	2010-09-15	ASt					
1.10	1 st review	2010-09-28	ор					
1.11	2 nd review (notes ap, mf)	2010-10-11	ор					
1.12	Minor modifications	2010-10-27	nm, op					
1.13	Minor modifications	2010-11-03	nm, op					
1.14	New event: CO_READY	2010-12-10	ор					
1.15	New optional data in CO_RD_IDBASE	2011-02-28	wh,ap					
1.16	Corrected wrong CRC8D in CO_WR_RESET example Changed the REMOTE_MAN_COMMAND	2011-06-14	jh					
1.17	Examples added for CO_WR_FILTER_ADD	2011-08-02	mho, wh					
1.18	Fixed CO_RD_FILTER description	2012-03-16	jh					
1.19	Common commands for secure devices added;	2012-12-15	ар					
	minor modifications							
1.20	Added CO_WR_MODE, type RADIO_ADVANCED to support advanced protocol	2013-01-06	jh					
1.21	Minor editorial changes	2013-02-12	ар					
1.22	Added type RADIO_MESSAGE, CO_RD_SECURE_DEVICE,	2013-02-12	ар					
1.22	CO_RD_NUM_SECURE_DEVICES. Updated types table	2013-03-04	ар					

Published by EnOcean GmbH, Kolpingring 18a, 82041 Oberhaching, Germany www.enocean.com, info@enocean.com, phone ++49 (89) 6734 6890

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SPECIFICATION

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)



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The modules must not be used in any relation with equipment that supports, directly or indirectly, human health or life or with applications that can result in danger for people, animals or real value.

Components of the modules are considered and should be disposed of as hazardous waste. Local government regulations are to be observed.

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1.1 Terms & Abbreviations

μCMicrocontroller (external)APIApplication Programming InterfaceAPPApplicationBISTBuilt-in self-testCRC8Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) or polynomial code checksum; CRC-8 = 9 bits polynomial lengthsCRC8DCRC8 for Group 'Data' (incl. Optional Data)CRC8HCRC8 for Group 'Header'DataPayload of ESP3 packetEEPEnOcean Equipment ProfileERPEnOcean Radio ProtocolESP3EnOcean Serial Protocol V3FieldIdentifier of Data subset / elementGroupPart of ESP3 packet (header, data, optional data)HostESP3 communication deviceLSBLeast significant bitMailboxMessage filing of the Postmaster for each Smart Ack Sensor/ClientMSBMost significant bitOffsetByte position pointer of packetPacketESP3 data unitPacket TypeType of ESP3 Packet (Command, Event, Radio,)PMPostmasterPostmasterIncludes multiple mailboxes for each Smart Ack Sensor/ClientR-ORGUnique identification of radio telegram typesR-ORG_ENAddressed version of 'R-ORG' (EN = encapsulation)RS-232Telecommunication standard for serial binary single-ended data and	Term / Abbr.	Description		
API Application Programming Interface APP Application BIST Built-in self-test CRC8 Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) or polynomial code checksum; CRC-8 = 9 bits polynomial lengths CRC8D CRC8 for Group 'Data' (incl. Optional Data) CRC8H CRC8 for Group 'Header' Data Payload of ESP3 packet EEP EnOcean Equipment Profile ERP EnOcean Radio Protocol ESP3 EnOcean Serial Protocol V3 Field Identifier of Data subset / element Group Part of ESP3 packet (header, data, optional data) Host ESP3 communication device LSB Least significant bit Mailbox Message filing of the Postmaster for each Smart Ack Sensor/Client MSB Most significant bit Offset Byte position pointer of packet Packet ESP3 data unit Packet Type Type of ESP3 Packet (Command, Event, Radio,) PM Postmaster Postmaster Includes multiple mailboxes for each Smart Ack Sensor/Client R-ORG Unique identification of radio telegram types R-ORG_EN Addressed version of 'R-ORG' (EN = encapsulation) RS-232 Telecommunication standard for serial binary single-ended data and	•	•		
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R-ORG_EN Addressed version of 'R-ORG' (EN = encapsulation) RS-232 Telecommunication standard for serial binary single-ended data and	Postmaster	Includes multiple mailboxes for each Smart Ack Sensor/Client		
RS-232 Telecommunication standard for serial binary single-ended data and	R-ORG	Unique identification of radio telegram types		
	R-ORG_EN	Addressed version of 'R-ORG' (EN = encapsulation)		
control signals; ESP3 use only the minimal "3-wire" RS-232 connection	RS-232	Telecommunication standard for serial binary single-ended data and		
		control signals; ESP3 use only the minimal "3-wire" RS-232 connection		
consisting only of transmit data, receive data, and ground. The full				
facilities of RS-232 are not required.		·		
RSSI Received signal strength indication (dBm)		, ,		
Smart Ack EnOcean standard for energy-optimized bidirectional transmission	Smart Ack			
Subtelegram Smallest unit of data in radio transmission, using orthogonal structure	Subtelegram			
Sync Byte Identifier for ESP3 packet start	Sync Byte	Identifier for ESP3 packet start		
UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter	UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter		



1.2 Introduction

This document specifies the EnOcean Serial Protocol 3.0 (ESP3).

The ESP3 defines the serial communication between a host and EnOcean modules (based on Dolphin Platform). Hosts are external microcontrollers or PC's incl. software tools.

The physical interface between a host and a EnOcean RF module (UART) is a 3-wire connection (Rx, Tx, GND / software handshake / full-duplex), modelled on RS-232 serial interface.

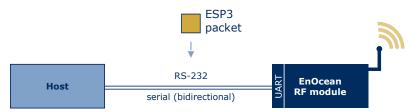


Figure 1

ESP3 enhances ESP2, adding future-proof structures and extending the data content. The new functional properties are:

- Transmission of the received radio signal strength, and number of the received subtelegrams
- Future requirements can be realized flexibly with the packet group "Optional Data", without violating the compatibility
- Improved data security and consistency by CRC8 Data verification
- Higher reliable ESP3 packet detection at serial byte stream
- Approximately seven-time higher baud rate

The ESP2/3 differences in summary:

	ESP 2.0	ESP 3.0
Subtelegram count		•
Receive signal strength (RSSI)		•
Upward compatible with 'Optional Data'		•
Data verification	Checksum	CRC8
UART Synchronization (packet detection)	2 bytes	6 bytes
Max. number of ESP packet types	8	256
Types of data	Radio, Command	Any type of data
Max. size of transferred data	28 bytes	65535 bytes
Communication speed	9600 baud	57600 baud

Table 1



ESP3 Packet

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

Data structure

1.3 Packet structure

ESP3 is a Point-to-Point protocol with a packet data structure.

This principle encapsulates actual user data (payload), Command, Event or Response messages.

Sync (1 byte) Sync Byte Byte ... Data Length Group Field Byte ... Header Optional Length Field Byte ... Packet Type CRC8 Header (1 byte) CRC8 Header Field Byte ... Field Byte ... ESP3 Data **Packet** Field Byte ... Field Byte ... Field Byte ... Field Byte ... **Optional Data** Group Field Byte ... Field Byte ... CRC8 Data (1 byte) CRC8 Data

Figure 2

Every ESP3 packet consists of Header, Data and Optional Data.

The packet (frame) is divided into: Sync.-Byte (start), CRC8 for Header and CRC8 for Data (incl. Optional Data).

Every group consists of Fields, each with 1 or x bytes.

The ESP3 Header consists of the Fields:

- Data Length (number of bytes of the group Data)
- Optional Length (number of bytes of the group Optional Data)
- Packet Type (RADIO, RESPONSE, EVENT, COMMAND ...)

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.4 Upward compatibility

The ESP3 protocol is defined as a specific structure of Sync.-Byte, Header & CRC8, which should not be changed in future versions.

For each type of packet the content and the length of DATA is different.

Today's applications have to be compliant with later versions of the ESP3 protocol ensuring an upwards compatibility.

New software applications or devices might require the definition of new types of packet.

Existing packet types may be modified only via the field OPTIONAL_DATA. The field DATA is not to be changed.

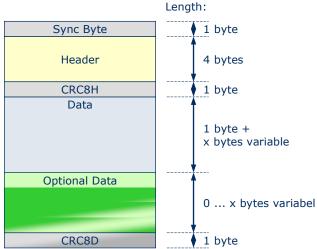


Figure 3

Existing devices will react as follows:

- Unknown packet types are confirmed with the RESPONSE message 'not supported' and will not be processed further.
- New fields in the Optional Data section of an <u>existing packet type</u> will be ignored; a RESPONSE message will not be sent.
- It is allowed to skip bytes (not transfer them) from optional fields when they are located at the end of the optional field.

Thus, backwards compatibility is secured.



1.5 UART framing

The UART of the EnOcean module has the framing: 8 data bits, no parity bit, one start bit (logical 0), one stop bit (logical 1). The line idle (≜ neutral) is logical 1 (standard).

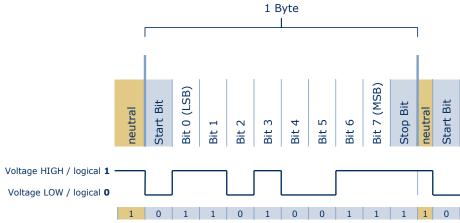


Figure 4

1.6 UART synchronization (packet detection)

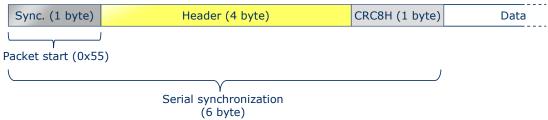


Figure 5

With ESP3 the reliability of the synchronization has been improved significantly:

As soon as a Sync.-Byte (value 0x55) is identified, the subsequent 4 byte-Header is compared with the corresponding CRC8H value.

If the result is a match the Sync.-Byte is correct. Consequently, the ESP3 packet is detected properly and the subsequent data will be passed.

If the Header does not match the CRC8H, the value 0x55 does not correspond to a Sync.-Byte. The next 0x55 within the data stream is picked and the verification is repeated.

The chapter 2.4 shows an example for a feasible implementation.



1.6.1 Packet description

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	Serial synchronization byte; always set to 0x55
Header	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	Specifies how many bytes in DATA must be interpreted
	3	1	Optional Length	0xnn	Specifies how many bytes in OPTIONAL_DATA must be interpreted
	4	1	Packet Type	0xnn	Specifies the packet type of DATA, respectively OPTIONAL_DATA
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	CRC8 Header byte; calculated checksum for bytes: DATA_LENGTH, OPTIONAL_LENGTH and TYPE
Data	6	х		 	Contains the actual data payload with topics: - RawData (e.g. 1:1 radio telegram) - Function codes + optional parameters - Return codes + optional parameters - Event codes x = variable length of DATA / byte
Optional Data	6+x	У			number Contains additional data that extends the field DATA; y = variable length of OPTIONAL_DATA
- T-1/1- 2	6+x+y	1	CRC8D	0xnn	CRC8 <u>D</u> ata byte; calculated checksum for whole byte groups: DATA and OPTIONAL_DATA

Table 2

1.6.2 Packet types

Depending on the field [Packet Type] a different kind of packet is transmitted.

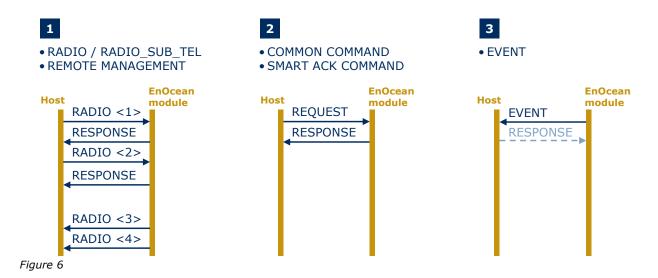
Type No.	Value hex	Name	Description	
0	0x00		Reserved	
1	0x01	RADIO	Radio telegram	
2	0x02	RESPONSE	Response to any packet	
3	0x03	RADIO_SUB_TEL	Radio subtelegram	
4	0x04	EVENT	Event message	
5	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND	Common command	
6	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND	Smart Ack command	
7	7 0x07 REMOTE_MAN_COMMAND		Remote management command	
8	0x08		Reserved for EnOcean	
9	0x09	RADIO_MESSAGE	Radio message	
10	0x0A	RADIO_ADVANCED	Advanced protocol radio telegram	
11 127	1 127 0x08 7F		Reserved for EnOcean	
128255			Manufacturer specific commands and	
			messages	

Table 3



1.6.3 Direction of packet types

The function and the properties of a packet type determine the direction of the ESP3 data traffic, and whether a RESPONSE message is required or not.



Case 1: ESP3 packets of the type RADIO, RADIO_SUB_TEL or REMOTE_MAN pass bidirectionally across the serial interface. After sending a packet (host -> module) it is mandatory to wait for the RESPONSE message, only then the telegram is passed correctly via the radio interface.

After receiving (module -> host) a packet no RESPONSE is required (see RADIO no. <3> and <4>).

Case 2: Only a host sends a ESP3 COMMAND (COMMON, SMART ACK) to an EnOcean module. Each REQUEST is answered with a RESPONSE message (OK, error, etc.). The reverse direction module-to-host is not possible.

Case 3: Only an EnOcean module sends an EVENT to a host. The type of the EVENT defines whether a RESPONSE message is required or not.

1.6.4 ESP3 Timeout

A timeout in an ESP3 packet is defined as soon as the time between two characters exceeds 100ms.

If the answer time between REQUEST/EVENT and RESPONSE exceeds 500ms a timeout is identified as well.



1.7 Packet Type 1: RADIO

1.7.1 Packet structure

The radio telegram (raw data) is embedded into the ESP3 packet. The actual user data (variable length) is a subset of the radio telegram.

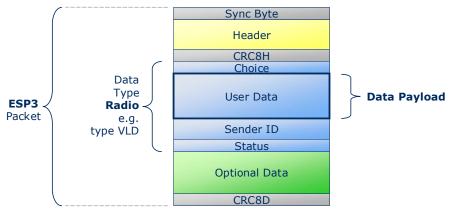


Figure 7

The following structure is applicable to all types of radio telegrams:

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
- 1	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	Variable length of radio telegram
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x07	7 fields fixed
	4	1	Packet Type	0x01	Radio = 1
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	Х			Radio telegram without checksum/CRC
					x = variable length / size
	6+x	1	SubTelNum	0xnn	Number of subtelegram;
					Send: 3 / receive: 1 y
	7+x	4	Destination ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Broadcast radio: FF FF FF FF
					ADT radio: Destination ID (= address)
Optional	11+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: FF
Data					Receive case: best RSSI value of all
Data					received subtelegrams (value decimal
					without minus)
	12+x	1	SecurityLevel	0x0n	0 = telegram unencrypted
					n = type of encryption
					(not supported any more)
-	13+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	CRC8 <u>D</u> ata byte; calculated checksum for
					whole byte groups: DATA and
					OPTIONAL_DATA

Table 4

SPECIFICATION



EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

When receiving a telegram, no RESPONSE has to be sent. When sending a telegram, a RESPOND has to be expected. In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.7.2 Radio variants (examples)

Out of the numerous variants of the RADIO packet, described in other documents, only a few examples are described here. These examples describe the structure of DATA on the ESP3 interface. On the radio link specifically the ADT telegram has a different structure (e.g. R-ORG_EN).

RADIO (VLD)

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
	6	1	R-ORG	0xD2	Radio type VLD = D2
	7	Х	User Data	0xnn	1 14 byte data payload
Data				0xnn	
Data	7+x	4	Sender ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Unique device sender ID
	11+x	1	Status	0xnn	Telegram control bits – used in case of
					repeating, switch telegram encapsulation,
					checksum type identification

Table 5

RADIO (ADT) Addressing Destination Telegram

IVADIO	(701)	Addi	lessing Destination	i relegialli	
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
	6	1	R-ORG	0xD2	Radio type, e.g. $VLD = D2$, $4BS = 0xA5$
Data	7	Х		0xnn 0xnn	1 9 byte data payload
	7+x	4	Sender ID	0xnnnnnnn	Unique device sender ID
	11+x	1	Status	0xnn	Telegram control bits – used in case of repeating, switch telegram encapsulation, checksum type identification
	6+x	1	SubTelNum	0xnn	Number of subtelegram; Send: 3 / receive: 1 y
	7+x	4	Destination ID	0xnnnnnnnn	ADT radio: Destination ID (= address)
	11+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: FF
Optional Data					Receive case: best RSSI value of all received subtelegrams (value decimal without minus)
	12+x	1	SecurityLevel	0x0n	0 = telegram unencrypted
					n = type of encryption
					(not supported any more)

Table 6

RADIO (4BS) / EEP profile 07-02-14

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
	6	1	R-ORG	0xA5	Radio type 4BS
	7	1	Data Byte 3	0x00	Unused in this EEP profile
	8	1	Data Byte 2	0x00	Unused in this EEP profile
	9	1	Data Byte 1	0xnn	Temperature value 255 0
Data	10	1	Data Byte 0	0b0000 n 000	$DB_0.BIT 3 = Learn Bit$
Data					Normal mode = $1 / Teach In = 0$
	11	4	Sender ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Unique device sender ID
	15	1	Status	0xnn	Telegram control bits – used in case of
					repeating, switch telegram encapsulation,
					checksum type identification

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SPECIFICATION



EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

Table 7



Packet Type 2: RESPONSE

1.7.3 Packet structure

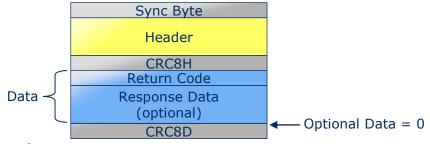


Figure 8

The properties of the preceding command and the re-delivered return-code determine whether optional response data are included, or only the return code itself.

1.7.4 List of Return Codes

Code	Name	Description
00	RET_OK	OK command is understood and triggered
01	RET_ERROR	There is an error occurred
02	RET_NOT_SUPPORTED	The functionality is not supported by that implementation
03	RET_WRONG_PARAM	There was a wrong parameter in the command
04	RET_OPERATION_DENIED	Example: memory access denied (code-protected)
> 128	3	Return codes greater than 0x80 are used for commands with
		special return information, not commonly useable.

Table 8

1.7.5 Example: RET_OK (without response data)

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	Data = 1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	Optional Data = 0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Return Code	0x00	RET_OK
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 9

Specific variants of the response messages are described in the chapter of the command.

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.8 Packet Type 3: RADIO_SUB_TEL

This ESP3 packet type is functionality internal to EnOcean; it is applied for e.g. diagnosis or statistics. The packet design corresponds to the type RADIO. The content of the OPTIONAL_DATA is altered slightly.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	Variable length of radio subtelegram
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0xnn	9 + x + 3*s bytes x = variable length radio subtelegram s = number of subtelegram
	4	1	Packet Type	0x03	RADIO_SUB_TEL = 3
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	х			Radio telegram without checksum/CRC x = variable length / size
	6+x	1	SubTelNum	0xnn	actual sequence number of subtelegrams (1 y); Repeated telegrams will be added
	7+x	4	Destination ID	0xnnnnnnn	Broadcast radio: FF FF FF FF ADT radio: Destination ID (= address)
	11+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: FF Receive case: best RSSI value of all received subtelegrams (value decimal without minus)
Optional	12+x	1	SecurityLevel	0x0n	0 = telegram unencrypted n = type of encryption (not supported any more)
Data	13+x	2	TimeStamp	0xnnnn	Timestamp of 1 st subtelegram is the system timer tick [ms] (2 byte lower address)
	15+x	1	Tick SubTel		Relative time [ms] of each subtelegram in relation to the TimeStamp
	15+x +1*s	1	dBm SubTel		RSSI value of each subtelegram
	15+x +2*s	1	Status SubTel	0xnn	Telegram control bits of each subtelegram – used in case of repeating, switch telegram encapsulation, checksum type identification
-	15+x +3*s	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 10

Every received subtelegram has the group \mathbf{s} with fields in the order: Tick SubTel, dBm SubTel, Status SubTel (s = also number of subtelegram / multiplier to calculate the offset).

When receiving a telegram, no RESPONSE has to be sent. When sending a telegram, a RESPOND has to be expected. In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

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EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter 1.7.5

1.9 Packet Type 4: EVENT

1.9.1 Structure

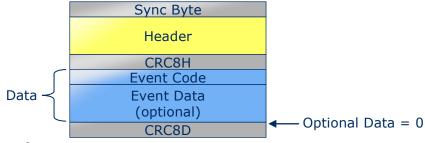


Figure 9

An EVENT is primarily a confirmation for processes and procedures, incl. specific data content. Events are currently used only by Smart Ack.

In the current version of ESP3 the type EVENT carries no optional data.

1.9.2 List of EVENT Codes

Code	Name	Description
01	SA_RECLAIM_NOT_SUCCESSFUL	Informs the backbone of a Smart Ack Client to not
		successful reclaim.
02	SA_CONFIRM_LEARN	Used for SMACK to confirm/discard learn in/out
03	SA_LEARN_ACK	Inform backbone about result of learn request
04	CO_READY	Inform backbone about the readiness for operation
05	CO_EVENT_SECUREDEVICES	Informs about a secure device

Table 11



Code 01: SA_RECLAIM_NOT_SUCCESSFUL 1.9.3

Function: Informs the backbone of a Smart Ack Client to not successful reclaim.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x04	EVENT = 4
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Event Code	0x01	SA_RECLAIM_NOT_SUCCESSFUL = 1
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 12

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return codes:

00: RET_OK

01: RET_ERROR 02: RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03: RET_WRONG_PARAM

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Return Code	0xnn	00, 01, 02, 03
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 13



1.9.4 Code 02: SA_CONFIRM_LEARN

Function: Request to backbone controller how to handle the received learn request.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0011	17 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x04	EVENT = 4
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Event Code	0x02	SA_CONFIRM_LEARN = 2
	7	1	Priority of the	0xnn	Already post master 0b xxxx 1xxx
			postmaster		Place for mailbox 0b xxxx x1xx
			candidate		Good RSSI 0b xxxx xx1x
					Local 0b xxxx xxx1
	8	1	2^2 2^0:	0b00000nnn	nnn = Most significant 3 bits of the
			Manufacturer ID		Manufacturer ID
5 .			2^7 2^3: Res.		00000 = reserved
Data	9	1	Manufacturer ID	0xnn	Least significant bits of the Manufact. ID
	10	3	EEP	0xnnnnnn	Code of used EEP profile
	13	1	RSSI	0xnn	Signal strength; Send case: FF
					Receive case: actual RSSI
	14	4	Postmaster	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID of the Post master candidate
			Candidate ID		
	18	4	Smart Ack ClientID	0xnnnnnnnn	This sensor would be Learn IN
	22	1	Hop Count	0xnn	Numbers of repeater hop
-	23	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 14

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

UU: KEI	_UK				
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0004	4 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	2	Response time	0xnnnn	Response time for Smart Ack Client in ms in which the controller can prepare the data and send it to the postmaster. Only actual if learn return code is Learn IN
Data	9	1	Confirm code	0xnn	0x00 Learn IN 0x11 Discard Learn IN, EEP not accepted 0x12 Discard Learn IN, PM has no place for further mailbox 0x13 Discard Learn IN, Controller has no place for new sensor 0x14 Discard Learn IN, RSSI was not good enough 0x20 Learn OUT 0xFF Function not supported
-	10	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 15



For **RESPONSE** with return codes: 01 RET_ERROR, 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED, 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM is the structure described by the chapter: 1.7.5

1.9.5 Code 03: SA_LEARN_ACK

Function: Informs Smart Ack client about the result of a previous sent learn request.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0004	4 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x04	EVENT = 4
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Event Code	0x03	SA_LEARN_ACK = 3
	7	2	Response time	0xnnnn	Response time for Smart Ack Client in ms in which the controller can prepare the data and send it to the postmaster. Only actual if learn return code is Learn IN
Data	9	1	Confirm code	0xnn	0x00 Learn IN 0x11 Discard Learn IN, EEP not accepted 0x12 Discard Learn IN, PM has no place for further MB 0x13 Discard Learn IN, Controller has no place for new sensor 0x14 Discard Learn IN, RSSI was not good enough 0x20 Learn OUT
-	10	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 16

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET WRONG PARAM

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter 1.7.5



1.9.6 Code 04: CO_READY

Function: Informs backbone about the readiness for operation.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x04	EVENT = 4
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Event Code	0x04	CO_READY = 4
Data	7	1	Reset Cause	0xnn	 00 = Voltage supply drop or indicates that VDD > VON 01 = Reset caused by usage of the reset pin (is set also after downloading the program with the programmer) 02 = Watchdog timer counter reached the timer period 03 = Flywheel timer counter reached the timer period 04 = Parity error 05 = HW Parity error in the Internal or External Memory 06 = A memory request from the CPU core does not correspond to any valid memory location. This error may be caused by a S/W malfunction. 07 = Wake-up pin 0 activated 08 = Wake-up pin 1 activated 09 = Unknown reset source - reset reason couldn't be detected
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 17

This EVENT does not require any RESPONSE message.

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.9.7 Code 05: CO_EVENT_SECUREDEVICES

Function: Informs backbone about events regarding a secure device

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	6 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x04	EVENT = 4
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Event Code	0x05	CO_EVENT_SECUREDEVICES = 5
	7	1	Event Cause	0xnn	00 = Teach in failed, because no more space available
					01 = reserved
Data					02 = Resynchronization attempt with
					wrong private key
					03 = Configured count of telegrams with
					wrong CMAC received
					04255 =reserved
	8	4	Device ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Device ID
-	12	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 18

This EVENT does not require any RESPONSE message.



1.10 Packet Type 5: COMMON_COMMAND

1.10.1 Structure

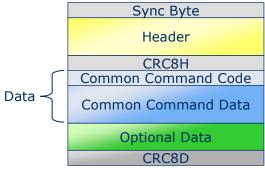


Figure 10

1.10.2 List of COMMON_COMMAND Codes

Code	Function Name	Description
01	CO_WR_SLEEP	Order to enter in energy saving mode
02	CO_WR_RESET	Order to reset the device
03	CO_RD_VERSION	Read the device (SW) version / (HW) version, chip ID etc.
04	CO_RD_SYS_LOG	Read system log from device databank
05	CO_WR_SYS_LOG	Reset System log from device databank
06	CO_WR_BIST	Perform Flash BIST operation
07	CO_WR_IDBASE	Write ID range base number
08	CO_RD_IDBASE	Read ID range base number
09	CO_WR_REPEATER	Write Repeater Level off,1,2
10	CO_RD_REPEATER	Read Repeater Level off,1,2
11	CO_WR_FILTER_ADD	Add filter to filter list
12	CO_WR_FILTER_DEL	Delete filter from filter list
13	CO_WR_FILTER_DEL_ALL	Delete all filter
14	CO_WR_FILTER_ENABLE	Enable/Disable supplied filters
15	CO_RD_FILTER	Read supplied filters
16	CO WR WAIT MATURITY	Waiting till end of maturity time before received radio
		telegrams will transmitted
17	CO_WR_SUBTEL	Enable/Disable transmitting additional subtelegram info
18	CO_WR_MEM	Write x bytes of the Flash, XRAM, RAM0
19	CO_RD_MEM	Read x bytes of the Flash, XRAM, RAM0
20	CO_RD_MEM_ADDRESS	Feedback about the used address and length of the config
		area and the Smart Ack Table
21	CO_RD_SECURITY	Read own security information (level, key)
22	CO_WR_SECURITY	Write own security information (level, key)
23	CO_WR_LEARNMODE	Enable/disable learn mode
24	CO_RD_LEARNMODE	Read learn mode
25	CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_ ADD	Add a secure device
26	CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_ DEL	Delete a secure device
27	CO_RD_SECUREDEVICES	Read all secure devices (SLF, ID, channel)

Table 19

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.3 Code 01: CO_WR_SLEEP

Function: Order to enter the energy saving mode.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0005	5 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x01	CO_WR_SLEEP = 1
Data	7	4	Deep sleep period	0x00nnnnn	Period in 10 ms units 00000000 = default max. value = max. data range 00 FF FF FF (~ 46h); After waking up, the module generate an internal hardware reset
-	11	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 20

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

00 RET OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5

1.10.4 Code 02: CO_WR_RESET

Function: Order to reset the device.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x02	CO_WR_RESET = 2
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 21

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

00 RET_OK

01 RET_ERROR

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.5 Code 03: CO_RD_VERSION

Function: Read the device SW version / HW version, chip-ID, etc.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x03	CO_RD_VERSION = 3
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 22

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0021	33 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	4	APP version	0xnnnnnnn	Application
					Byte 1: Main version
					Byte 2: Beta version
					Byte 3: Alpha version
					Byte 4: Build
	11	4	API version	0xnnnnnnn	Application Programming Interface
Data					Byte 1: Main version
					Byte 2: Beta version
					Byte 3: Alpha version
					Byte 4: Build
	15	4	Chip ID	0xnnnnnnn	Unique ID
	19	4	Chip Version	0xnnnnnnn	Reserved for internal use
	23	16	App. description	char. ASCII	8 bit ASCII / 16 characters;
					Null-terminated string
-	39	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 23

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.6 Code 04: CO_RD_SYS_LOG

Function: Read System Log from device databank.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x04	CO_RD_SYS_LOG = 4
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 24

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

UU. KEI	_OK				
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	1+x bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0xnn	y bytes
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	Х	API Log entry 000	0xnn	Log entry 000 - xxx in DATA:
			API Log entry 001	0xnn	Log counter of API
Data			API Log entry 002	0xnn	
Data					
	7+x	У	APP Log entry 000	0xnn	Log entry 000 - xxx in OPTIONAL_DATA:
			APP Log entry 001	0xnn	Log counter of APP
Optional			APP Log entry 002	0xnn	
Data					
Data					
	_				
-	7+x+y	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 25

After a reset, the counters starts with FF and decrement with each new EVENT down to 00 and will stopped. With a reset command the counter starts again with FF.

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

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EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.7 Code 05: CO_WR_SYS_LOG

Function: Reset System Log from device databank.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x05	CO_WR_SYS_LOG = 5
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 26

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5

1.10.8 Code 06: CO_WR_BIST

Function: Perform Flash BIST operation (Built-in-self-test).

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x06	CO_WR_BIST = 6
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 27

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

	701 KE1_0K								
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description				
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55					
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes				
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte				
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2				
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn					
Data	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$				
	7	1	BIST result	0xnn	BIST OK = 0, BIST failed = other value				
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn					

Table 28

For **RESPONSE** with return code:



1.10.9 Code 07: CO_WR_IDBASE

Function: Write ID range base number.



IMPORTANT: This function can only be called 10 times to change the base ID. There is no possibility to reset this constraint. Also power off/on will not allow more than 10 changes!

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0005	5 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x07	CO_WR_IDBASE = 7
Data	7	4	Base ID	0xFFnnnnnn	Range between 0xFF800000 and 0xFFFFFF80
-	11	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 29

RESPONSE:

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Return Code	0xnn	RET_OK = 0x00 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED = 0x02 FLASH_HW_ERROR = 0x82 The write/erase/verify process failed, the flash page seems to be corrupted BASEID_OUT_OF_RANGE = 0x90 BASEID_MAX_REACHED = 0x91 (BaseID was changed 10 times, no more changes are allowed)
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 30



1.10.10 Code 08: CO_RD_IDBASE

Function: Read ID range base number.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x08	CO_RD_IDBASE = 8
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 31

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
	0		Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1		Data Length	0x0005	5 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x01	1 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	4	Base ID	0xFFnnnnnn	Range between 0xFF800000 and 0xFFFFFF80
Optional Data	8		Remaining write cycles for Base ID	0xnn	Remaining write cycles for Base ID
-	9	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 32

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.11 Code 09: CO_WR_REPEATER

Function: Write Repeater Level OFF, 1, 2.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0003	3 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x09	CO_WR_REPEATER = 09
	7	1	REP_ENABLE	0xnn	OFF = 0, $ON = 1$
	8	1	REP_LEVEL	0xnn	When Repeater OFF must be 0, when ON
					then 1 for Level-1 , 2 for Level-2
-	9	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 33

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5



1.10.12 Code 10: CO_RD_REPEATER

Function: Read Repeater Level OFF, 1, 2.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
Header	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0A	CO_RD_REPEATER = 10
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 34

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0003	3 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	1	REP_ENABLE	0xnn	OFF = 0, $ON = 1$
	8	1	REP_LEVEL	0xnn	Repeater OFF = 0,
					1 for Level-1,
					2 for Level-2
-	9	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 35

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.13 Code 11: CO_WR_FILTER_ADD

Function: Add filter to filter list.

The FILTER module is used to filter received telegrams according ID, R-ORG or received dBm value.

When the filter is active telegrams which matches to the data specified with the filter are dropped and the application does not receive them.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
Header	1	2	Data Length	0x0007	7 bytes
	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0B	CO_WR_FILTER_ADD = 11
Data	7	1	Filter type	0xnn	Device ID = 0 , R-ORG = 1 , dBm = 2
	8	4	Filter value	0xnnnnnnn	Value of filter function 'compare': - device ID - R-ORG - dBm value RSSI of radio telegram (unsigned, but interpreted as negative dBm value)
	12	1	Filter kind	0xnn	Filter kind blocks = $0x00$ Filter kind apply = $0x80$
-	13	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 36

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR (memory space full)
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter: 1.7.5



Some examples for filters:

```
//BLOCKS specified ID
Filter_type = 0x0 (ID)
Filter_value = 0x12345678
Filter_kind = 0x00 (block)
//BLOCKS all other IDs besides specified ID
Filter_type = 0x0 (ID)
Filter_value = 0x12345678
Filter kind = 0x80 (apply)
//BLOCKS telegrams with specified R-ORG
Filter_type = 0x1 (R-ORG)
Filter_value = 0xA5 (4BS)
Filter\_kind = 0x00 (block)
//BLOCKS all other telegrams besides telegrams with specified R-ORG
Filter type = 0x1 (R-ORG)
Filter_value = 0xA5 (4BS)
Filter\_kind = 0x80 (apply)
//BLOCKS signals weaker than -70dBm
Filter_type = 0x2 (dBm)
Filter_value = 0x00000046 (dec 70)
Filter\_kind = 0x00 (block)
//BLOCKS signals stronger than -70dBm
Filter_type = 0x2 (dBm)
Filter_value = 0x00000046 (dec 70)
Filter\_kind = 0x80 (apply)
```

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.14 Code 12: CO_WR_FILTER_DEL

Function: Delete filter from filter list.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	6 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	$COMMON_COMMAND = 5$
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0C	CO_WR_FILTER_DEL = 12
	7	1	Filter type	0xnn	Device ID = 0 , R-ORG = 1 , dBm = 2
Data	8	4	Filter value	0xnnnnnnn	Value of filter function 'compare': - device ID - R-ORG
					- RSSI of radio telegram in dBm
-	12	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 37

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET WRONG PARAM

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter: 1.7.5

1.10.15 Code 13: CO_WR_FILTER_DEL_ALL

Function: Delete all filters from filter list.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0D	CO_WR_FILTER_DEL = 13
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 38

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.16 Code 14: CO_WR_FILTER_ENABLE

Function: Enable/Disable all supplied filters.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0003	3 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0E	CO_WR_FILTER_ENABLE = 14
	7	1	Filter ON/OFF	0x0n	All filter disable = 0 (OFF)
Data					All filter enable = 1 (ON)
	8	1	Filter Operator	0x0n	OR composition of filters = 0
					AND composition of filters = 1
-	9	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 39

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.17 Code 15: CO_RD_FILTER

Function: Read supplied filters.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x0F	CO_RD_FILTER = 15
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 40

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

00. IL	_0.					
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description	
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55		
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	1 + 5*f bytes (f = number of filters)	
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte	
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2	
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn		
Data	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$	
	7+5*f	1	Filter type	0xnn	Device ID = 0 , R-ORG = 1 , dBm = 2)
	8+5*f	4	Filter value	0xnnnnnnn	Value of filter function 'compare': - device ID - R-ORG - RSSI of radio telegram in dBm	
-	12+5*f	1	CRC8D	0xnn		

Table 41

Every supplied filter has the group \mathbf{f} with fields in the order: filter type, filter value.

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.18 Code 16: CO_WR_WAIT_MATURITY

Function: Waiting till end of maturity time before received radio telegrams will transmit.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x10	CO_WR_WAIT_MATURITY = 16
Data	7	1	Wait End Maturity		0: Radio telegrams are send immediately1: Radio telegrams are send after the maturity time is elapsed
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 42

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** gives the return codes:

- 00 RET OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5

1.10.19 Code 17: CO_WR_SUBTEL

Function: Enable/Disable transmitting additional subtelegram info.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x11	CO_WR_SUBTEL = 17
Data	7	1	Enable	0xnn	Enable = 1
					Disable = 0
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 43

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.20 Code 18: CO_WR_MEM

Function: Write x bytes of the Flash, RAMO, DATA, IDATA, XDATA.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	6 + x bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x12	CO_WR_MEM = 18
	7	1	Memory type	0xnn	Flash 0x00
					RAM 0 0x01
					data RAM 0x02
Data					idata RAM 0x03
Data					xdata RAM 0x04
	8	4	Memory address	0xnnnnnnnn	Start address to write
	12	Х	Memory data	0xnn	Data content to write
				0xnn	
-	12+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 44

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM (address outside range of values)
- 04 RET_OPERATION_DENIED (memory access denied / code-protected)

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1.10.21 Code 19: CO_RD_MEM

Function: Read x bytes of the Flash, RAMO, DATA, IDATA, XDATA.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnn08	8 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x13	CO_RD_MEM = 19
	7	1	Memory type	0xnn	Flash 0x00
					RAM 0 0x01
Doto					data RAM 0x02
Data					idata RAM 0x03
					xdata RAM 0x04
	8	4	Memory address	0xnnnnnnnn	Start address to read
	12	2	Data lenght	0xnnnn	Length to be read
-	14	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 45

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	1 + x bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	Х	Memory data	0xnn	Of read memory contents
Data					
				0xnn	
-	7+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 46

For **RESPONSE** with return codes:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM (address outside range of values)

04 RET_OPERATION_DENIED (memory access denied / code-protected)

is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.22 Code 20: CO_RD_MEM_ADDRESS

Function: Feedback about the used address and length of the config area and the Smart Ack table.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x14	CO_RD_MEM_ADDRESS = 20
Data	7	1	Memory area	0xnn	Config area = 0
Data					Smart Ack Table = 1
					System error log = 2
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 47

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

OO. KLI			I	hara a	
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x000A	10 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	1	Memory type	0xnn	Flash 0x00
					RAM 0 0x01
					data RAM 0x02
Data					idata RAM 0x03
Data					xdata RAM 0x04
	8	4	Memory address	0xnnnnnnn	Start address of config area / Smart Ack
					table / system error log
	12	4	Memory length	0xnnnnnnn	Data length of config area / Smart Ack
					table / system error log
-	16	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 48

For **RESPONSE** with return codes:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

04 RET_OPERATION_DENIED (memory access denied / code-protected)

is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.23 Code 21: CO_RD_SECURITY

Function: Read security information (level, keys). This function does not support the actual security concept and should not be used any more.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x15	CO_RD_SECURITY = 21
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 49

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x000A	10 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	1	SEC LEVEL	0x0n	Type no. of encryption
Data	8	4	KEY	0xnnnnnnnn	Security key
	12	4	Rolling Code	0x00000000	Reserved
-	16	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 50

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.24 Code 22: CO_WR_SECURITY

Function: Write security information (level, keys). This function does not support the actual security concept and should not be used any more.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x000A	10 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x16	CO_WR_SECURITY = 22
Data	7	1	SEC LEVEL	0x0n	Type no. of encryption
Data	8	4	KEY	0xnnnnnnn	Security key
	12	4	Rolling Code	0x00000000	Reserved
-	16	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 51

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.25 Code 23: CO_WR_LEARNMODE

Function: Enables or disables learn mode of Controller.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	6 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x17	CO_WR_LEARNMODE = 23
	7	1	Enable	0x0n	Start Learn mode = 1
Data					End Learn mode = 0
Data	8	4	Timeout	0xnnnnnnnn	Time-Out for the learn mode in ms.
					When time is 0 then default period of
					60'000 ms is used
Optional	12	1	Channel	0xnn	00xFD = Channel No. absolute
Data					0xFE = Previous channel relative
Data					0xFF = Next channel relative
-	-	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 52

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM



1.10.26 Code 24: CO_RD_LEARNMODE

Function: Reads the learnmode state of Controller.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x18	CO_RD_LEARNMODE = 24
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 53

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description		
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55			
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes		
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte		
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2		
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn			
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$		
Data	7	1	Enable	0x0n	Learn mode not active = 0		
					Learn mode active = 1		
Optional	8	1	Channel	0xnn	00xFD = Channel No. absolute		
Data					0xFE = not used		
Dala					0xFF = not used		
-	-	1	CRC8D	0xnn			

Table 54

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

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EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.27 Code 25: CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_ADD

Function: Add secure device to controller. It is possible to add only one or more rocker with this function.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0019	25 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x19	CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_ADD = 25
	7	1	SLF	0xnn	Security Level Format
	8	4	ID	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID
	12	16	Private key	0xnnnnnnn	16 bytes private key of the device
Data				0xnnnnnnnn	
Data				0xnnnnnnnn	
				0xnnnnnnnn	
	28	3	Rolling code	0xnnnnnn	If a 16 bit rolling code is defined in SLF,
					the MSB is undefined
	31	1	CRC8D	0xnn	
-					

Table 55

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR (memory space full)
 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM (added device known, but private key wrong)



1.10.28 Code 26: CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_DEL

Function: Delete secure device from controller. It is only possible to delete ALL rockers of a secure device.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0005	5 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x1A	CO_WR_SECUREDEVICE_DEL = 26
Data	7	4	ID		Device ID. If it is the broadcast ID (0xFFFFFFFF), then delete all secure devices from controller
-	1	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 56

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR (device not in list)
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.29 Code 27: CO_RD_SECUREDEVICE

Function: Read secure device

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x1B	CO_RD_SECUREDEVICE = 27
Data	7	1	Index	0x010xFF	Index of secure device to read, starting
					with 1255
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 57

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	6 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	1	SLF	0xnn	Security Level Format
	8	4	ID	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID
-	12	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 58

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

01 RET ERROR (device not in list)

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5



1.10.30 Code 28: CO_WR_MODE

Function: Sets the gateway transceiver mode.

There are two modes available:

- Compatible mode gateway uses Packet Type 1 to transmit and receive radio telegrams - for ASK products
- Advanced mode gateway uses Packet Type 10 to transmit and receive radio telegrams – for FSK products with advanced protocol

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x1C	CO_RD_SECUREDEVICES = 28
Data	6	1	Mode	0xnn	0x00 - Compatible mode (default)
					0x01 - Advanced mode
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 59

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 01 RET_ERROR (device not in list)
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

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EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.10.31 Code 29: CO_RD_NUMSECUREDEVICES

Function: Read number of teached in secure devices

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x05	COMMON_COMMAND = 5
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	COMMAND Code	0x1D	CO_RD_NUMSECUREDEVICES = 29
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 60

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
Data	7	1	Number	0xnn	Number of secure devices teached in
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 61

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5



1.11 Packet Type 6: SMART_ACK_COMMAND

1.11.1 Structure

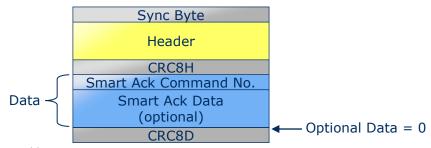


Figure 11

In the current version of ESP3 the packet type SMART_ACK_COMMAND carries no Optional Data.

1.11.2 List of SMART ACK Codes

Code	Function Name	Description
01	SA_WR_LEARNMODE	Set/Reset Smart Ack learn mode
02	SA_RD_LEARNMODE	Get Smart Ack learn mode state
03	SA_WR_LEARNCONFIRM	Used for Smart Ack to add or delete a mailbox of a client
04	SA_WR_CLIENTLEARNRQ	Send Smart Ack Learn request (Client)
05	SA_WR_RESET	Send reset command to a Smart Ack client
06	SA_RD_LEARNEDCLIENTS	Get Smart Ack learned sensors / mailboxes
07	SA_WR_RECLAIMS	Set number of reclaim attempts
08	SA_WR_POSTMASTER	Activate/Deactivate Post master functionality

Table 62

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.3 Code 01: SA_WR_LEARNMODE

Function: Enables or disables learn mode of Smart Ack Controller.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0007	7 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x01	SA_WR_LEARNMODE = 1
	7	1	Enable	0x0n	Start Learnmode = 1
					End Learnmode = 0
	8	1	Extended	0x0n	Simple Learnmode = 0
Data					Advance Learnmode = 1
					Advance Learnmode select Rep. = 2
	9	4	Timeout	0xnnnnnnnn	Time-Out for the learn mode in ms.
					When time is 0 then default period of
					60'000 ms is used
-	13	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 63

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM



1.11.4 Code 02: SA_RD_LEARNMODE

Function: Reads the learnmode state of Smart Ack Controller.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x02	SA_RD_LEARNMODE = 2
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 64

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET_OK

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
	0		Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1		Data Length	0x0003	3 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	1	Enable	0x0n	Learnmode not active = 0
Data					Learnmode active = 1
Data	8	1	Extended	0x0n	Simple Learnmode $= 0$
					Advance Learnmode = 1
					Advance Learnmode select Rep. = 2
-	9	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 65

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.5 Code 03: SA_WR_LEARNCONFIRM

Function: Send smart ack learn answer to modify mailbox at postmaster.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x000C	12 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x03	SA_WR_LEARNCONFIRM = 3
	7	2	Response time	0xnnnn	Response time for sensor in ms in which
					the controller can prepare the data and
					send it to the postmaster. Only actual, if
					learn return code is Learn IN.
Data	9	1	Confirm code	0xnn	Learn IN: 0x00
					Learn OUT: 0x20
	10	4	Postmaster	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID of the used Post master
			Candidate ID		
	14	4	Smart Ack	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID of the learned IN/OUT Smart
			Client ID		Ack Client
-	18	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 66

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives only the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.6 Code 04: SA_WR_CLIENTLEARNRQ

Function: Sends Smart Ack Learn Request telegram to Smart Ack Controller. This function will only be used in a Smart Ack Client.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0006	6 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x04	SA_WR_ CLIENTLEARNRQ = 4
	7	1	2^2 2^0:	0b11111nnn	nnn = Most significant 3 bits of the
			Manufacturer ID		Manufacturer ID
			2^7 2^3:		11111 = reserved / default values
Data			Reserved		
	8	1	Manufacturer ID	0xnn	Least significant bits of the Manufacturer
					ID
	9	3	EEP	0xnnnnnn	EEP of the Smart Ack client, who wants
					to Teach IN.
-	12	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 67

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.7 Code 05: SA_WR_RESET

Function: Send reset command to a Smart Ack Client.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0005	5 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x05	SA_WR_ RESET = 5
Data	7	4	Smart Ack	0xnnnnnnnn	Device ID of the Smart Ack Client
			Client ID		
-	11	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 68

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.8 Code 06: SA_RD_LEARNEDCLIENTS

Read mailbox information at the Post Master device, about all learned Smart Ack clients.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0001	1 byte
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x06	SA_RD_ LEARNEDCLIENTS = 6
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 69

Following described **RESPONSE** applies to return code:

00: RET OK

OO. KLI					
Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	1 + 9*c bytes (c = number of clients)
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x02	RESPONSE = 2
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	Return Code	0x00	$RET_OK = 0$
	7	4	Smart Ack Client ID	0xnnnnnnn	Device ID of the Smart Ack Client
Data	7	4	Postmaster ID	0xnnnnnnn	Postmaster ID dedicated Smart Ack Client
0.00.	+4*c				
	7	1	Mailbox index	0xnn	Internal counter of Post master
	+8*c				(0x00 0x0E)
-	7	1	CRC8D	0xnn	
	+9*c				

Table 70

Every learned Smart Ack Client has the group ${\bf c}$ with fields in the order: Controller ID, Smart Ack Client ID, Mailbox index (c = also number of clients / multiplier to calculate the offset).

For **RESPONSE** with return code:

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

is the standard structure described by the chapter 1.7.5

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EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

1.11.9 Code 07: SA_WR_RECLAIMS

Function: Set the amount of reclaim tries in Smart Ack Client.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x07	SA_WR_RECLAIMS = 7
Data	7	1	Reclaim count	0xnn	Presetting for the number of required
					reclaim tries
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 71

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET WRONG PARAM

Since no additional data are included which require description the standard RESPONSE structure is detailed in chapter 1.7.5

1.11.10 Code 08: SA_WR_POSTMASTER

Function: Enables/Disables postmaster function of device.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0x0002	2 bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	0 byte
	4	1	Packet Type	0x06	SMART_ACK_COMMAND = 6
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	1	SMART_ACK Code	0x08	SA_WR_POSTMASTER = 8
	7	1	Mailbox count	0xnn	Amount of mailboxes available,
Data					0 = disable post master functionality;
Data					Maximum 28 mailboxes can be created.
					This upper limit is for each firmware
					restricted and may be smaller.
-	8	1	CRC8D	0xnn	

Table 72

In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

- 00 RET_OK
- 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED
- 03 RET_WRONG_PARAM



1.12 Packet Type 7: REMOTE_MAN_COMMAND

1.12.1 Structure

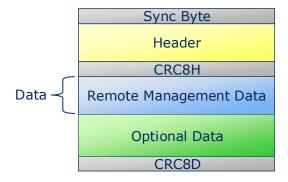


Figure 12

This section describes the remote management command structure. This structure is applied for the send as well as the receive case.

1.12.2 Description

Function: Remote Management send or receive message.

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	4 + x bytes
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x00	10 bytes
	4	1	Packet Type	0x07	REMOTE_MAN_COMMAND = 7
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
	6	2	Function No.	0x0nnn	Range: 0x0000 0x0FFF
Data	8	2	Manufacturer ID	0x0nnn	Range: 0x0000 0x07FF
	10	Х	Message data		0 511 bytes
	10+x	4	Destination ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Destination ID
					Broadcast ID: FF FF FF FF
	14+x	4	Source ID	0xnnnnnnnn	Receive case: Source ID of the sender
					Send case: 0x00000000
	18+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: 0xFF
Optional					Receive case: Best RSSI value of all
Data					received sub telegrams (value decimal
Data					without minus)
	19+x	1	Send With Delay	0x0n	1: if the first message has to be sent with
					random delay. When answering to
					broadcast message this has to be 1,
					otherwise 0.
					Default: 0
-	20+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	CRC8 Data byte; calculated checksum for
					whole byte groups: DATA and
Table 72					OPTIONAL_DATA

Table 73

The receive case has no RESPONSE.

SPECIFICATION



EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

The send case has the following **RESPONSE** with the return codes:

00 RET_OK 02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM



1.13 Packet Type 9: RADIO_MESSAGE

1.13.1.1 Packet structure

The radio message (payload data without any radio telegram contents) is embedded into the ESP3 packet.

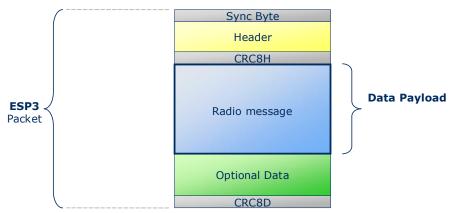


Figure 13

The following structure is applicable to all types of radio messages:

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55	
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	Variable length of message
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x0A	Optional Data = 9 bytes
	4	1	Packet Type	0x09	RADIO_MESSAGE = 9
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn	
Data	6	1	Message RORG	0xnn	RORG
Data	7	Х	Message Data		Message Data Content
	7+x	4	Destination ID	0xnnnnnnn	Destination ID
					Broadcast ID: FF FF FF FF
	11+x	4	Source ID	0xnnnnnnn	Receive case: Source ID of the sender
Optional					Send case: 0x00000000
Data	15+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: 0xFF
					Receive case: Best RSSI value of all
					received sub telegrams (value decimal
					without minus)
-	13+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	CRC8 <u>D</u> ata byte; calculated checksum for
					whole byte groups: DATA and
T // 74					OPTIONAL_DATA

Table 74

When receiving a message, no RESPONSE has to be sent. When sending a message, a RESPOND has to be expected. In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

SPECIFICATION



EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter 1.7.5



1.14 Packet Type 10: RADIO_ADVANCED

1.14.1 Packet structure

The advanced radio protocol telegram (raw data without LEN and CRC) is embedded into the ESP3 packet.

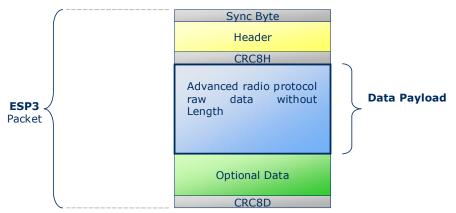


Figure 14

The following structure is applicable to all types of radio telegrams:

Group	Offset	Size	Field	Value hex	Description						
-	0	1	Sync. Byte	0x55							
	1	2	Data Length	0xnnnn	Variable length of radio telegram						
Header	3	1	Optional Length	0x02	2 fields fixed						
	4	1	Packet Type	0x0A	RADIO_ADVANCED = 10						
-	5	1	CRC8H	0xnn							
Data	6	х	Raw data		Advanced radio protocol telegram without the first Length byte. For sending the advanced protocol CRC8 byte can be set to any value. x = Data Length						
	6+x	1	SubTelNum	0xnn	Number of sub telegram; Send: 3 / receive: 1 y						
Optional Data	7+x	1	dBm	0xnn	Send case: FF Receive case: best RSSI value of all received sub telegrams (value decimal without minus)						
-	8+x	1	CRC8D	0xnn	CRC8 <u>D</u> ata byte; calculated checksum for whole byte groups: DATA and OPTIONAL_DATA						

Table 75

SPECIFICATION



EnOcean Serial Protocol 3 (ESP3)

When receiving a telegram, no RESPONSE has to be sent. When sending a telegram, a RESPOND has to be expected. In this case, the following **RESPONSE** message gives the return codes:

00 RET_OK

02 RET_NOT_SUPPORTED

03 RET_WRONG_PARAM

Since no additional data are included, that have to be described, the standard RESPONSE structure is described in chapter 1.7.5



2 Appendix

2.1 ESP3 Data flow sequences

The following examples illustrate the ESP3 traffic. In particular the flow of the Smart Ack commands is more complex.

2.1.1 Client data request

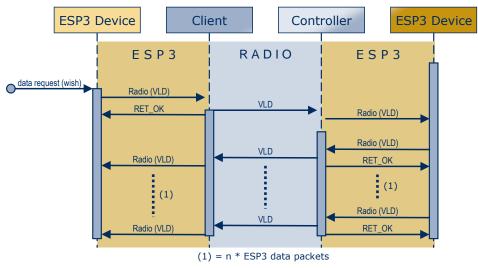


Figure 15

2.1.2 Teach IN via VLL

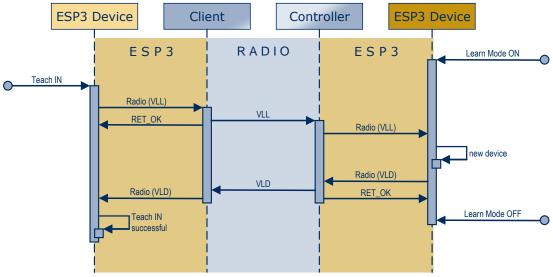


Figure 16



2.1.3 Teach IN via Smart Ack

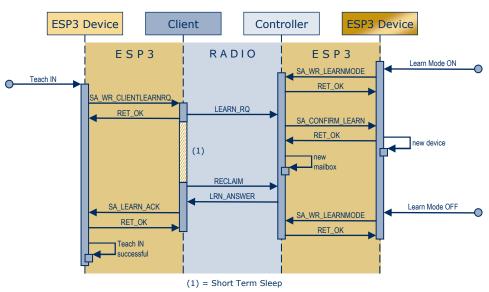


Figure 17

2.1.4 Teach IN via Smart Ack incl. repeater

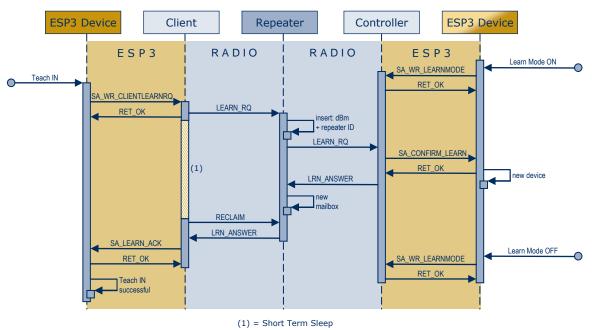


Figure 18



2.2 ESP3 telegram examples

2.2.1 Packet: Radio VLD

Sy		Hea	der		CR C8							ı	Data	3									-	otior Data				CR C8	
55	00	0F	07	01	2В	D2	DD	DD	DD	00	80	35	C4	00	03	FF	FF	FF	FF	4 D	00	36							

2.2.2 Packet: CO_WR_SLEEP

Sy		Hea	der	,	CR C8			Data	a		CR C8
55	00	05	00	05	DB	01	00	00	00	0 A	54

Periode = 10 (0x0A)

2.2.3 Packet: CO_WR_RESET

Sy		Hea	ider		CR C8	Data	CR C8
55	00	01	00	05	70	02	0E

2.2.4 Packet: CO_RD_IDBASE

Sy		Hea	der		CR C8	Data	CR C8
55	00	01	00	05	70	08	38

Response RET_OK:

Sy		Hea	der	1	CR C8		ı	Data	1		CR C8
55	00	0.5	0.0	02	CE	00	FF	80	0.0	0.0	DA

2.2.5 Packet: REMOTE_MAN_COMMAND

Example dummy command:

Function = 0x1212Manufacture = 0x07FF

DestinationID = 0xFFFFFFFF

SendWithDelay = 0

Sy	-	Hea	der		CR C8													Dat	а									CR C8
55	00	19	0.0	07	8D	12	12	07	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	0.0	00	01	02	03	04	05		lata 09	0B	0 C	0 D	0E	0F	

Example QueryID:

		-		_		_													
S	У		Hea	der		CR						Da	ıta						CR
						C8													C8
5	5	00	0 C	00	07	EF	00	04	07	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	00	00	00	65



2.3 CRC8 calculation

The polynomial $G(x) = x^8 + x^2 + x^1 + x^0$ is used to generate the CRC8 table, needed for the CRC8 calculation. Following C code illustrates how the CRC8 value is calculated:

Implementation:

```
uint8 u8CRC8Table[256] = {
     0x00, 0x07, 0x0e, 0x09, 0x1c, 0x1b, 0x12, 0x15, 0x38, 0x3f, 0x36, 0x31, 0x24, 0x23, 0x2a, 0x2d,
     0x70, 0x77, 0x7e, 0x79, 0x6c, 0x6b, 0x62, 0x65,
     0x48, 0x4f, 0x46, 0x41, 0x54, 0x53, 0x5a, 0x5d,
     0xe0, 0xe7, 0xee, 0xe9, 0xfc, 0xfb, 0xf2, 0xf5,
    0xd8, 0xdf, 0xd6, 0xd1, 0xc4, 0xc3, 0xca, 0xcd, 0x90, 0x97, 0x9e, 0x99, 0x8c, 0x8b, 0x82, 0x85, 0xa8, 0xaf, 0xa6, 0xa1, 0xb4, 0xb3, 0xba, 0xbd,
     0xc7, 0xc0, 0xc9, 0xce, 0xdb, 0xdc, 0xd5, 0xd2,
     0xff, 0xf8, 0xf1, 0xf6, 0xe3, 0xe4, 0xed, 0xea,
     0xb7, 0xb0, 0xb9, 0xbe, 0xab, 0xac, 0xa5, 0xa2,
    0x8f, 0x88, 0x81, 0x86, 0x93, 0x94, 0x9d, 0x9a, 0x27, 0x20, 0x29, 0x2e, 0x3b, 0x3c, 0x35, 0x32,
     0x1f, 0x18, 0x11, 0x16, 0x03, 0x04, 0x0d, 0x0a,
     0x57, 0x50, 0x59, 0x5e, 0x4b, 0x4c, 0x45, 0x42,
     0x6f, 0x68, 0x61, 0x66, 0x73, 0x74, 0x7d, 0x7a,
    0x89, 0x8e, 0x87, 0x80, 0x95, 0x92, 0x9b, 0x9c, 0xb1, 0xb6, 0xbf, 0xb8, 0xad, 0xaa, 0xa3, 0xa4,
     0xf9, 0xfe, 0xf7, 0xf0, 0xe5, 0xe2, 0xeb, 0xec,
     0xc1, 0xc6, 0xcf, 0xc8, 0xdd, 0xda, 0xd3, 0xd4,
     0x69, 0x6e, 0x67, 0x60, 0x75, 0x72, 0x7b, 0x7c,
    0x51, 0x56, 0x5f, 0x58, 0x4d, 0x4a, 0x43, 0x44, 0x19, 0x1e, 0x17, 0x10, 0x05, 0x02, 0x0b, 0x0c, 0x21, 0x26, 0x2f, 0x28, 0x3d, 0x3a, 0x3a, 0x34,
     0x4e, 0x49, 0x40, 0x47, 0x52, 0x55, 0x5c, 0x5b,
     0x76, 0x71, 0x78, 0x7f, 0x6A, 0x6d, 0x64, 0x63,
     0x3e, 0x39, 0x30, 0x37, 0x22, 0x25, 0x2c, 0x2b,
    0x06, 0x01, 0x08, 0x0f, 0x1a, 0x1d, 0x14, 0x13, 0xae, 0xa9, 0xa0, 0xa7, 0xb2, 0xb5, 0xbc, 0xbb, 0x96, 0x91, 0x98, 0x9f, 0x8a, 0x8D, 0x84, 0x83,
     0xde, 0xd9, 0xd0, 0xd7, 0xc2, 0xc5, 0xcc, 0xcb,
     0xe6, 0xe1, 0xe8, 0xef, 0xfa, 0xfd, 0xf4, 0xf3
     };
```

#define proccrc8(u8CRC, u8Data) (u8CRC8Table[u8CRC ^ u8Data])

Example:

```
u8CRC = 0;
for (i = 0 ; i < u16DataSize ; i++)
    u8CRC = proccrc8(u8CRC, u8Data[i]);
printf("CRC8 = %02X\n", u8CRC);
```



2.4 UART Synchronization (example c-code)

2.4.1 ESP3 Packet Structure

```
//! Packet structure (ESP3)
  typedef struct
{
    // Amount of raw data bytes to be received. The most significant byte is sent/received first
        uint16    u16DataLength;
    // Amount of optional data bytes to be received
        uint8    u8OptionLength;
    // Packe type code
        uint8    u8Type;
    // Data buffer: raw data + optional bytes
        uint8    *u8DataBuffer;
} PACKET_SERIAL_TYPE;
```

2.4.2 Get ESP3 Packet

```
//! \file uart getPacket.c
#include "E03000I_API.h"
#include "proc.h"
#include "uart.h"
#include "time.h"
ESP3 packet structure through the serial port.
Protocol bytes are generated and sent by the application
Sync = 0x55
CRC8H
CRC8D
                                                                    u16DataLen + u8OptionLen
                                                                                | 0x55 | u16DataLen | u8OptionLen | u8Type | CRC8H
DATAS structure:
                 u16DataLen
                                                 u8OptionLen
                                            | Optional
                  Data
RETURN_TYPE uart_getPacket(PACKET_SERIAL_TYPE *pPacket, uint16 u16BufferLength)
    //! uart_getPacket state machine states.
    typedef enum
         //! Waiting for the synchronisation byte 0x55
         GET_SYNC_STATE=0,
//! Copying the 4 after sync byte: raw data length (2 bytes), optional data length (1), type (1).
         GET HEADER STATE,
             Checking the header CRC8 checksum. Resynchronisation test is also done here
         CHECK_CRC8H_STATE,
          //! Copying the data and optional data bytes to the paquet buffer
         GET_DATA_STATE,
         //! Checking the info CRC8 checksum. CHECK_CRC8D_STATE,
    } STATES GET PACKET;
    //! UART received byte code
```



```
uint8 u8RxByte;
 //! Checksum calculation
static uint8 u8CRC = 0;
//! Nr. of bytes received
static uint16 u16Count = 0;
//! State machine counter
static STATES_GET_PACKET u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
//! Timeout measurement
static uint8 u8TickCount = 0;
// Byte buffer pointing at the paquet address
uint8 *u8Raw = (uint8*)pPacket;
 // Temporal variable
          i;
// Check for timeout between two bytes
if (((uint8)ug32SystemTimer) - u8TickCount > SER_INTERBYTE_TIME_OUT)
      // Reset state machine to init state
     u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
}
// State machine goes on when a new byte is received
while (uart_getByte(&u8RxByte) == OK)
      // Tick count of last received byte
     u8TickCount = (uint8)ug32SystemTimer;
      // State machine to load incoming packet bytes
      switch (u8State)
           // Waiting for packet sync byte 0x55
           case GET_SYNC_STATE:
                if (u8RxByte == SER_SYNCH_CODE)
                     u8State = GET_HEADER_STATE;
                     u16Count = 0;
                     u8CRC = 0;
                }
                break;
           // Read the header bytes
           case GET_HEADER_STATE:
                // Copy received data to buffer
                u8Raw[u16Count++] = u8RxByte;
                u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, u8RxByte);
                // All header bytes received?
                if (u16Count == SER_HEADER_NR_BYTES)
                     u8State = CHECK_CRC8H_STATE;
                }
                break;
           // Check header checksum & try to resynchonise if error happened
           case CHECK_CRC8H_STATE:
                // Header CRC correct?
                if (u8CRC != u8RxByte)
                      // No. Check if there is a sync byte (0x55) in the header
                     int a = -1;
for (i = 0 ; i < SER_HEADER_NR_BYTES ; i++)
   if (u8Raw[i] == SER_SYNCH_CODE)</pre>
                                // indicates the next position to the sync byte found
                                a=i+1;
                                break:
                           };
                      if ((a == -1) && (u8RxByte != SER SYNCH CODE))
                           // Header and CRC8H does not contain the sync code
```





```
u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
           else if((a == -1) && (u8RxByte == SER SYNCH CODE))
                 // Header does not have sync code but CRC8H does. 
// The sync code could be the beginning of a packet
                 u8State = GET HEADER STATE;
                 u16Count = 0;
                          = 0:
                 118CRC
                 break:
           // Header has a sync byte. It could be a new telegram. 
 // Shift all bytes from the 0x55 code in the buffer. 
 // Recalculate CRC8 for those bytes
           u8CRC = 0;
            for (i = 0; i < (SER HEADER NR BYTES - a); i++)
                 u8Raw[i] = u8Raw[a+i];
                 u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, u8Raw[i]);
           u16Count = SER_HEADER_NR_BYTES - a;
           // ul6Count = i; // Seems also valid and more intuitive than ul6Count -= a;
           // Copy the just received byte to buffer
u8Raw[u16Count++] = u8RxByte;
u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, u8RxByte);
           if (u16Count < SER_HEADER_NR_BYTES)</pre>
           {
                 u8State = GET_HEADER_STATE;
                 break:
           }
           break;
      }
     // CRC8H correct. Length fields values valid?
if((pPacket->u16DataLength + pPacket->u8OptionLength) == 0)
           //No. Sync byte received?
if((u8RxByte == SER_SYNCH_CODE))
                 //ves
                 u8State = GET_HEADER_STATE;
                 u16Count = 0;
                 u8CRC = 0;
                 break;
           // Packet with correct CRC8H but wrong length fields.
u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
           return OUT_OF_RANGE;
      // Correct header CRC8. Go to the reception of data.
      u8State = GET DATA STATE;
      u16Count = 0;
      u8CRC
               = 0;
     break:
// Copy the information bytes
case GET_DATA_STATE:
      // Copy byte in the packet buffer only if the received bytes have enough room
     if(u16Count < u16BufferLength)</pre>
     {
           pPacket->u8DataBuffer[u16Count] = u8RxByte;
           u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, u8RxByte);
     }
      // When all expected bytes received, go to calculate data checksum
      if( ++u16Count == (pPacket->u16DataLength + pPacket->u8OptionLength) )
           u8State = CHECK_CRC8D_STATE;
```

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Appendix

```
}
                 break;
             // Check the data CRC8
             case CHECK_CRC8D_STATE:
                  \ensuremath{//} In all cases the state returns to the first state: waiting for next sync byte
                 u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
                  // Received packet bigger than space to allocate bytes?
                  if (u16Count > u16BufferLength) return OUT_OF_RANGE;
                 // False CRC8.
                  // If the received byte equals sync code, then it could be sync byte for next paquet.
                 if((u8RxByte == SER_SYNCH_CODE))
                      u8State = GET HEADER STATE;
                      u16Count = 0;
                      u8CRC = 0;
                 return NOT_VALID_CHKSUM;
             default:
                // Yes. Go to the reception of info.
u8State = GET_SYNC_STATE;
                 break;
    return (u8State == GET_SYNC_STATE) ? NO_RX_TEL : NEW_RX_BYTE;
}
```





2.4.3 Send ESP3 Packet

```
//! \file uart sendPacket.c
#include "EO3000I_API.h"
#include "proc.h"
#include "uart.h"
ESP3 packet structure through the serial port.
Protocol bytes are generated and sent by the application
Sync = 0x55
CRC8H
CRC8D
                                               1
                                                           1 u16DataLen + u8OptionLen
| 0x55 | u16DataLen | u8OptionLen | u8Type | CRC8H | DATA
                                                                              DATAS | CRC8D |
                                                                  DATAS structure:
                   u16DataLen
                                                  u8OptionLen
+-----+
| Data | Optional |
                                            Optional
RETURN_TYPE uart_sendPacket(PACKET_SERIAL_TYPE *pPacket)
    uint16 i;
    uint8 u8CRC;
     // When both length fields are 0, then this telegram is not allowed.
    if((pPacket->u16DataLength || pPacket->u8OptionLength) == 0)
         return OUT OF RANGE;
     // Sync
    while(uart_sendByte(0x55) != OK);
    while(uart_sendBuffer((uint8*)pPacket, 4) != OK);
     // Header CRC
    u8CRC = 0;
u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, ((uint8*)pPacket)[0]);
    u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, ((uint8*)pPacket)[1]);
u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, ((uint8*)pPacket)[2]);
u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, ((uint8*)pPacket)[3]);
    while(uart_sendByte(u8CRC) != OK);
    // Data
    u8CRC = 0;
    for (i = 0 ; i < (pPacket->u16DataLength + pPacket->u8OptionLength) ; i++)
    {
         u8CRC = proc_crc8(u8CRC, pPacket->u8DataBuffer[i]);
         while(uart_sendByte(pPacket->u8DataBuffer[i]) != OK);
    }
     // Data CRC
    while (uart_sendByte(u8CRC)!=OK);
    return OK;
```