

Partialwellenzerlegung (Drehimpulserhaltung) $\psi(r) = \phi_{\text{ein}} + \phi_{\text{gestr}}$

$$\boxed{\psi(r) = e^{ikr \cos \theta} + f(\theta) \frac{e^{ikr}}{r}} = \sum_l i^l (2l+1) j_l(kr) P_l(\cos \theta) + f(\theta) \frac{e^{ikr}}{r}$$

$$\underbrace{j_l(x) \stackrel{r \rightarrow \infty}{\approx} \frac{1}{x} \sin \left(x - l \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}_{\text{Bessel-Funktion}} \quad \underbrace{n_l(x) \stackrel{r \rightarrow \infty}{\approx} -\frac{1}{x} \cos \left(x - l \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}_{\text{Neumann-Funktion}}$$

$$\psi(r) \stackrel{m=0}{=} \sum_l a_l R_{kl}(r) \cdot Y_{l0}(\theta) = \sum_l a_l R_{lk}(r) \cdot P_l(\cos \theta)$$

$$\left[\frac{d^2}{dr^2} + k^2 \right] (r R_{kl}) = 0 \rightarrow R_{kl} = A_l j_l + B_l n_l = \frac{C_l}{kr} \sin \left(kr - l \frac{\pi}{2} + \delta_l \right)$$

$$\boxed{f(\theta) = \sum_l f_l(\theta) = \sum_l \frac{1}{k} (2l+1) e^{i\delta_l} \sin \delta_l P_l(\cos \theta)}$$

$$\sigma = \int \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} d\Omega = \int |f(\theta)| d\Omega = \sum_l \sigma_l = \sum_{l=0} \frac{4\pi}{k^2} (2l+1) \sin^2 \delta_l$$