

$$\vec{A}(x, y, z) = \vec{A}(x + L, y, z) \rightarrow \vec{k} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)^T = \frac{2\pi}{L}\vec{n}$$

$$\vec{A}(\vec{r}, t) = \sum_{m=1,2} \sum_{\vec{k}} \sqrt{\frac{2\pi\hbar c^2}{\omega_{\vec{k}} V}} \hat{\epsilon}_m \left[\vec{\mathcal{A}}_m(\vec{k}) e^{i(\vec{k}\vec{r} - \omega t)} + \vec{\mathcal{A}}_m^*(k) e^{-i(\vec{k}\vec{r} - \omega t)} \right]$$

$$E_{\text{klassisch}} = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int d^3r \left(\vec{E}^2 + \vec{B}^2 \right) = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int d^3r \left(\left(\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{A}}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \left(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$E_{\text{klassisch}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1,2} \sum_{\vec{k}} \hbar \omega_{\vec{k}} \left[\vec{\mathcal{A}}_m(\vec{k}) \vec{\mathcal{A}}_m^*(\vec{k}) + \vec{\mathcal{A}}_m^*(k) \vec{\mathcal{A}}_m(\vec{k}) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1,2} \sum_{\vec{k}} \hbar \omega_{\vec{k}} \left[a_m^\dagger(\vec{k}) a_m(\vec{k}) + a_m(\vec{k}) a_m^\dagger(\vec{k}) \right]$$

Mit den Relationen

$$a_m^\dagger |0\rangle = |1_{\vec{k},m}\rangle \quad a_m^\dagger a_{m'}^\dagger |0\rangle = |1_{\vec{k},m}, 1_{\vec{k}',m'}\rangle \quad a_m^\dagger a_m^\dagger |0\rangle = \sqrt{2} |2_{\vec{k},m}\rangle$$

quantisiertes Strahlungsfeld:
$$H = \sum_{m=1,2} \sum_{\vec{k}} \hbar \omega_{\vec{k}} a_m^\dagger(\vec{k}) a_m(\vec{k})$$