

PGEO6050 [FALL2015]**ASSIGNMENT 03 – [30 Points]**

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1 Working with Python *for* statement [10 points]

Please develop a PYTHON program that uses a **for** loop to generate and print a table of numbers. Your program should print four columns: (i) number, (ii) number squared, (iii) square root of the number, and (iv) exponential of the number. Make sure your program prints first a header information for the columns and that the columns are tab separated. Also, your program should print at least 5 (five) different numbers.

Table 1: Example of output produced by the requested program in problem 1.

integer	square	square root	exponential
13	169	3.60555127546	442413.391038
7	49	2.64575131106	1096.63315713
9	81	3.0	8103.08391526
1	1	1.0	2.718281828
15	225	3.87298334621	3269017.36419

Notes:

- (1) Please use $e = 2.718281828$ for your exponential operation.
- (2) Make sure to use meaningful variable names.
- (3) Make sure to include comments in your program to describe each part of it.
- (4) Please submit your python program (file01.py) to D2L.

2 Working with Python workflow control statements [10 points]

You are given a set of three-dimensional coordinates representing a LiDAR point cloud. Please write a program to determine the mean (μ) of each of the three coordinates and print them to the screen. Also, your program should three-dimensionally subset the point cloud to be:

$$\mu_{x,y,z} - \delta \leq subset_{x,y,z} \leq \mu_{x,y,z} + \delta \quad (1)$$

Notes:

- (1) Use the code listed in the Listing 01 to generate your point cloud.
- (2) Make sure to use meaningful variable names and to include comments in your program to describe each part of it.
- (3) Your program should produce the similar outcome to the one listed in Table 2.

```

1 # listing01.py
2 import random as rd
3
4 pts_x = []
5 pts_y = []
6 pts_z = []
7 pts_n = 1000
8 delta = 200
9 for i in range(pts_n):
10     x = 1000.00 * rd.random()
11     y = 1000.00 * rd.random()
12     z = 1000.00 * rd.random()
13     pts_x.append(float(x))
14     pts_y.append(float(y))
15     pts_z.append(float(z))

```

Table 2: Example of output produced by the requested program in problem 2.

mean X	:	513.419940523
mean Y	:	492.769133501
mean Z	:	493.577481462
maximum X	:	713.419940523
maximum Y	:	692.769133501
maximum Z	:	693.577481462
minimum X	:	313.419940523
minimum Y	:	292.769133501
minimum Z	:	293.577481462
subset has	:	71 points
last sub pts x	:	364.188109194
last sub pts y	:	687.219688271
last sub pts z	:	613.363699676

3 Working with Python *while* statement [10 points]

A number of mathematical quantities can be represented using a series of approximations, in which a series of summation of an finite number of terms is used. This is called *iterative approximations*. In this problem, please develop a program to estimate the base logarithm number e . The number e can be estimated by:

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \frac{1}{n!} \quad (2)$$

where, $n! = n * (n - 1)$ if $n > 1$ and $n! = 1$ if $n \leq 0$. You can consider (2) as $1 + 1/1! + 1/2! \dots 1/n!$.

Your program should stop when the difference between your estimated e value and the e value given in problem 1 is smaller than 0.0000001. Also, please report the n value that you obtained when your program stoped.

Notes

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