

**CIS 255 - Java Programming**  
**Homework #9 (Notes)**  
**Strings**

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

1. Given the declared and initialized string value below, determine the value for the variable result after each of the following statements is executed or specify error if a Java exception would be thrown:

**String s = "Piper Meridian airplanes are GREAT!"**

- a.) `String result = s.substring(6, 14);`
- b.) `String result = s.charAt(4);`
- c.) `String result =  
String.valueOf(s.charAt(0)) + s.charAt(s.length() - 29);`
- d.) `String result = s.substring(29, s.length()).toLowerCase();`
- e.) `String result =  
(s.substring(0, 5) + " " + s.charAt(1)).toUpperCase();`
- f.) `boolean result =  
s.equals("piper meridian airplanes are great!");`
- g.) `boolean result =  
s.equalsIgnoreCase("PiPeR MeRiDiAn AiRpLaNeS aRe GrEaT!");`
- h.) `boolean result =  
!s.equals("Piper Meridian airplanes are GREAT!");`

2. Write a Java class `ExampleHmWk9Q2`, which accepts an input argument when the application is executed from the command-line. Add the method `middle(s)` which accepts a string as a parameter and returns the middle character of a String if odd number of letters or characters of a String if even number of characters by using the standard `charAt()`, `substring()`, and/or `String.valueOf()` String methods. (Hint: Use the `%` operator)

3. Write an interactive Java class `ExampleHmWk9Q3`, which accepts an input argument when the application is executed from the command-line. Accept input from the user and compare the value entered to the command-line argument value. If the string entered does not contain the string from the command-line argument, display the message "KEYWORD NOT FOUND!" to the user, otherwise display "FOUND THE KEYWORD!" and exit the program.