

# UNIDENTIFIED FLYING MOUSE

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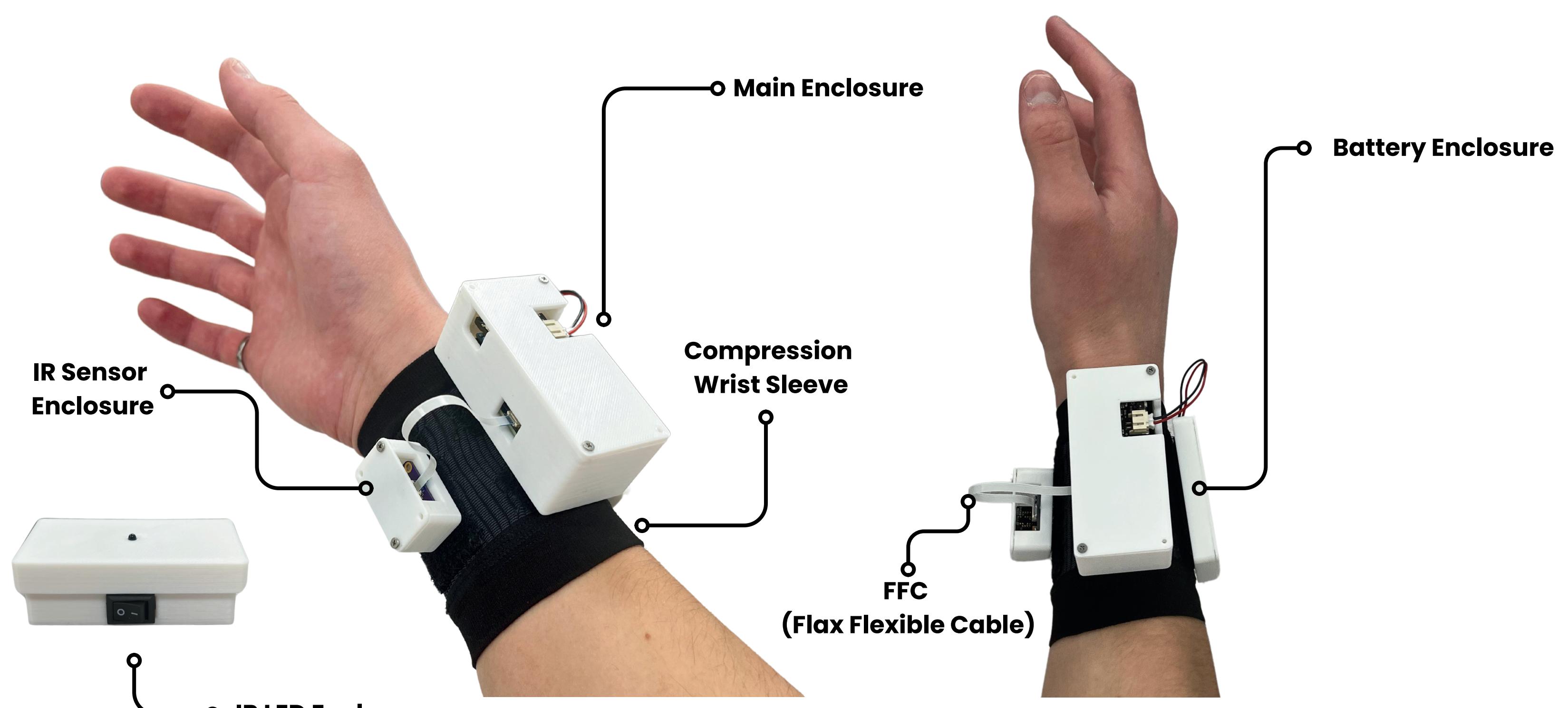
## Motivation

Traditional computer mice are designed to give inputs to the computer from the user's hands. This makes it **difficult** for those with **limited hand dexterity**, those who have undergone **hand amputation** or those who were **born without a hand** to use the computer.

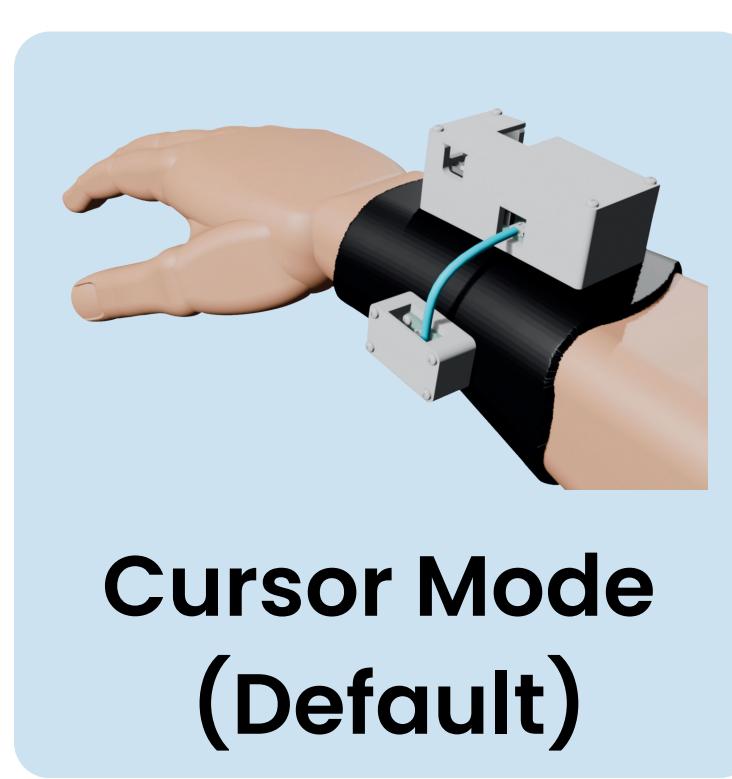
## Objective

Design an **input device** which can be used as a computer mouse **without** requiring the **mouse hand**, with the goal of increasing computer accessibility for those who do not have the full use of their hands.

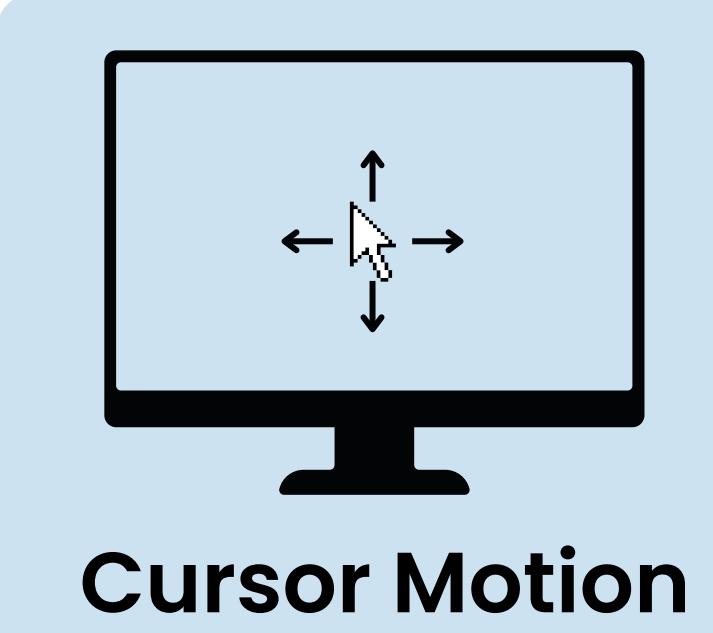
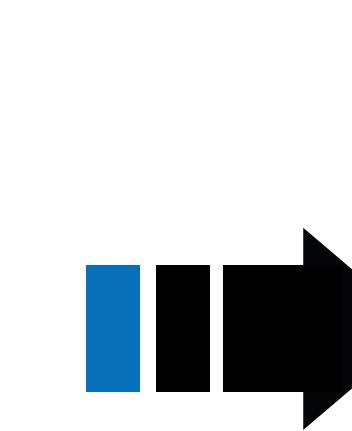
## Our Solution



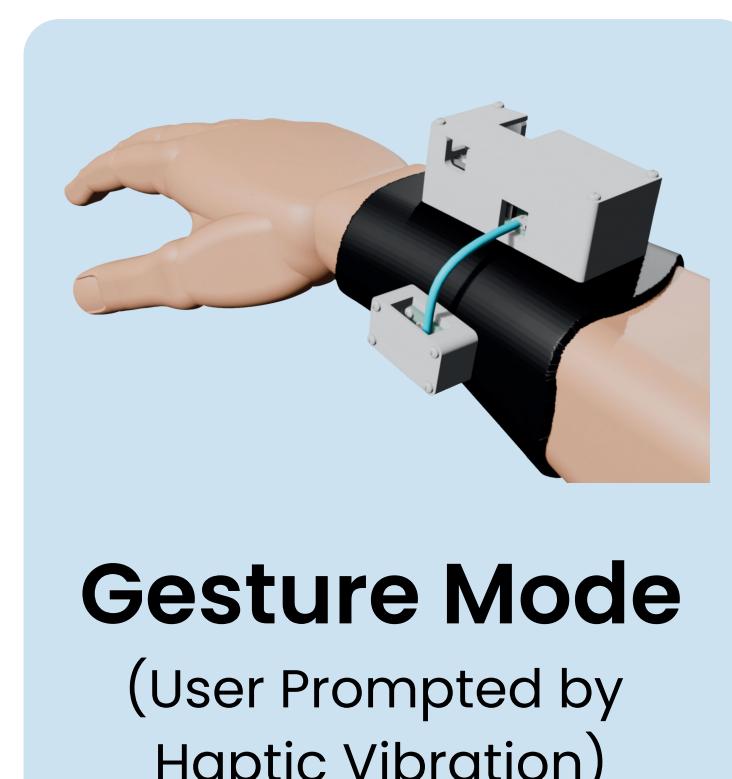
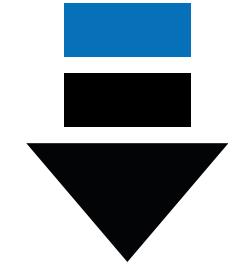
## How Do You Use it?



Move Arm Around



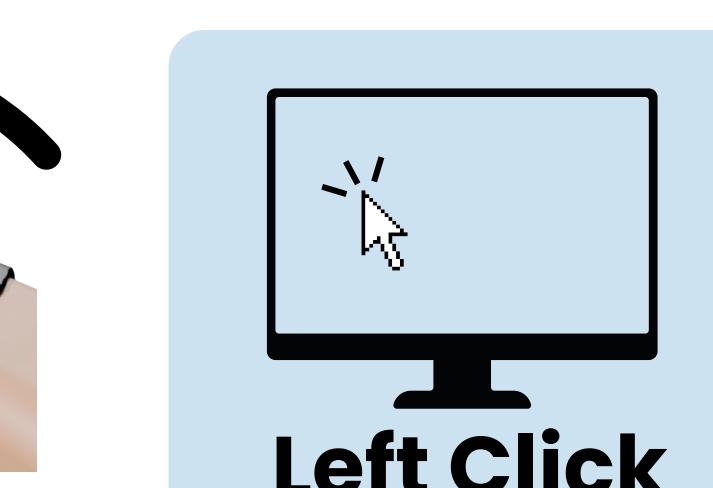
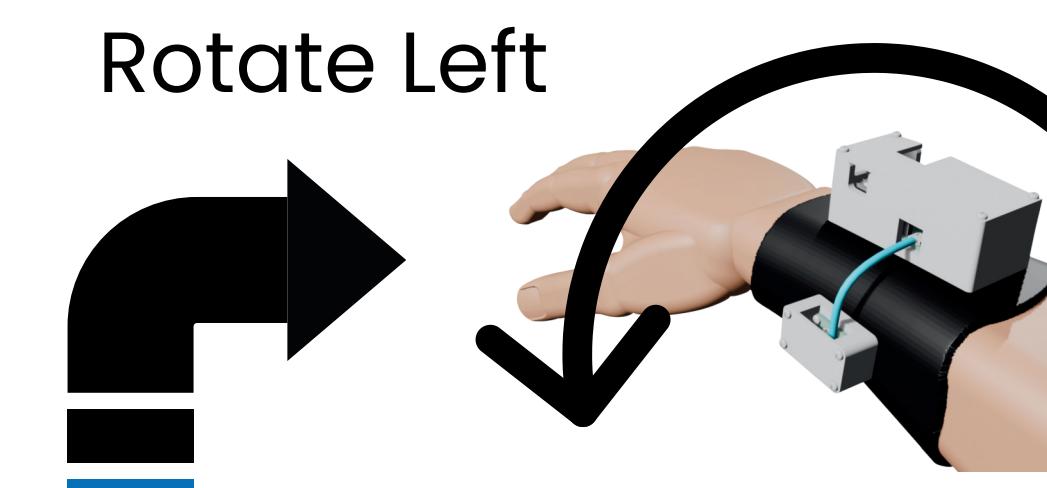
Hold Still (0.5s)



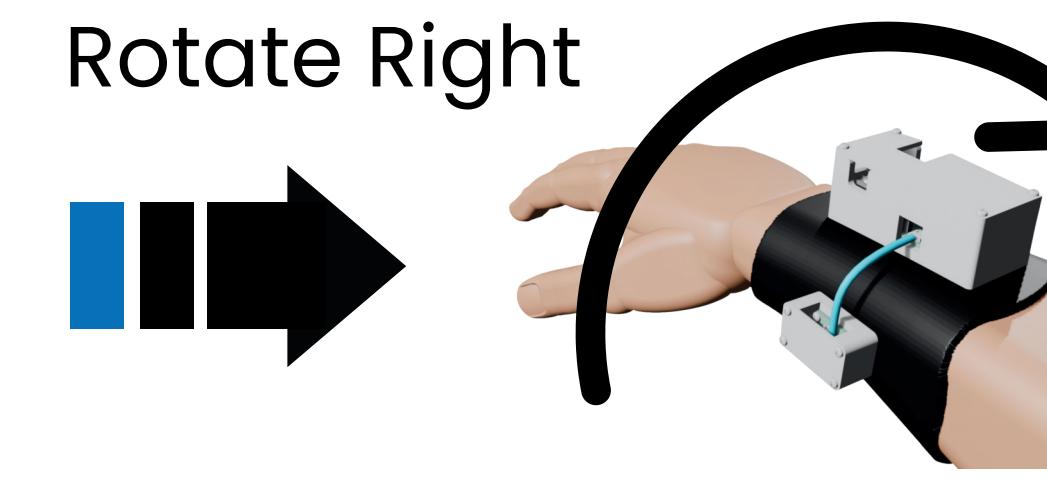
Gesture Mode (User Prompted by Haptic Vibration)

(If No Gesture, Return to Cursor Mode)

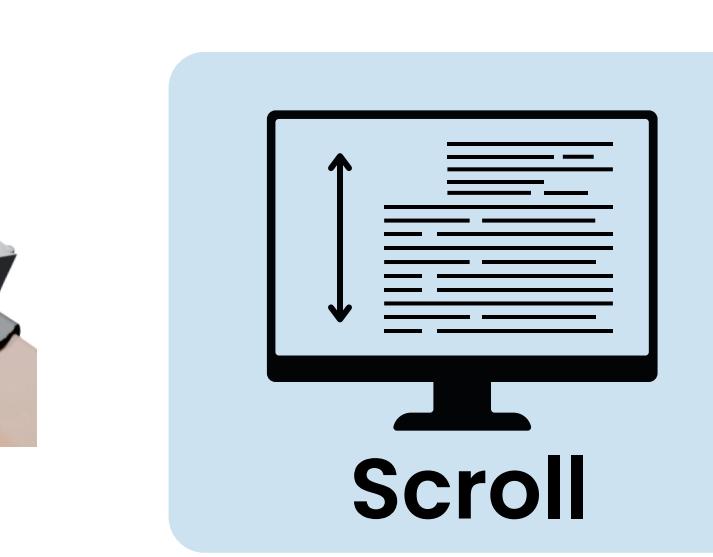
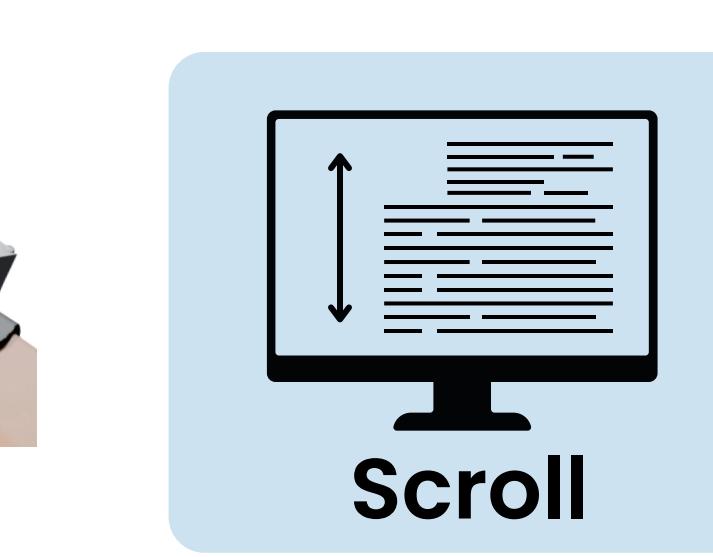
Rotate Left



Rotate Right



Tilt Up or Down



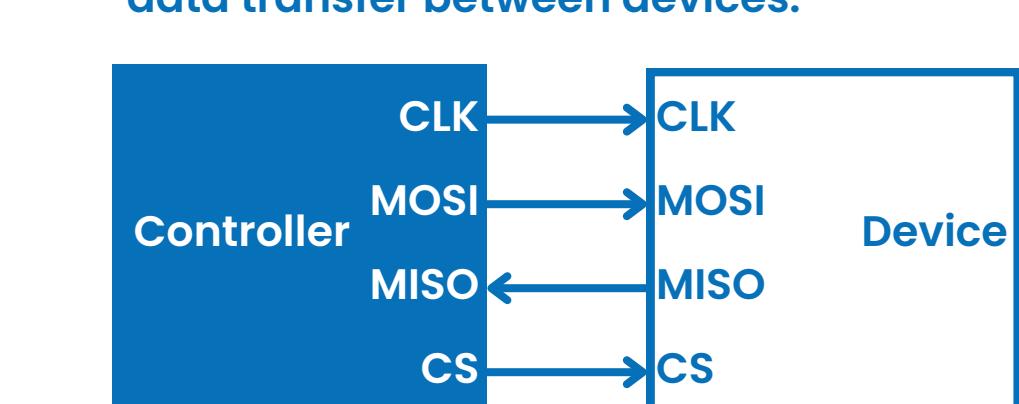
## How Does It Work?

- The PixArt **IR Sensor** Tracks an 850nm **IR LED** at 200fps and sends its **x-y coordinates** to the ESP-32 Microcontroller.
- Each coordinate is **compared** to the **previous** one and the **difference** is used to determine the **direction** and **magnitude** to of mouse movement to apply.
- If the mouse remains **still** for 0.5s, the user is prompted via **haptic vibration** to perform a gesture to click or scroll.
- An **IMU** measures **acceleration** and **angular velocity** to capture each gesture.
- The **mouse cursor** or **gesture** commands are sent to the PC by the ESP-32 over **bluetooth**.

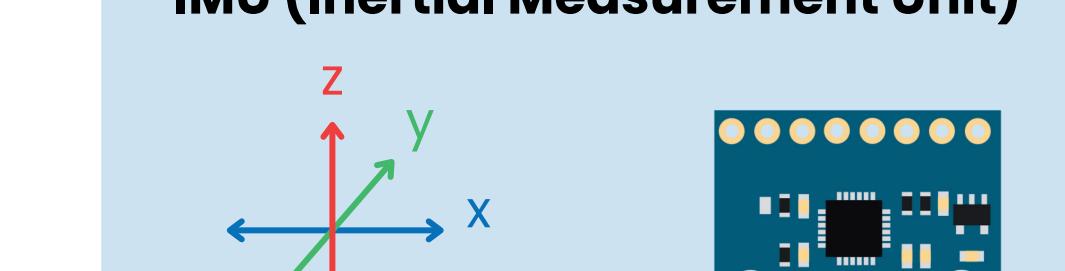
## System Overview

### What is SPI?

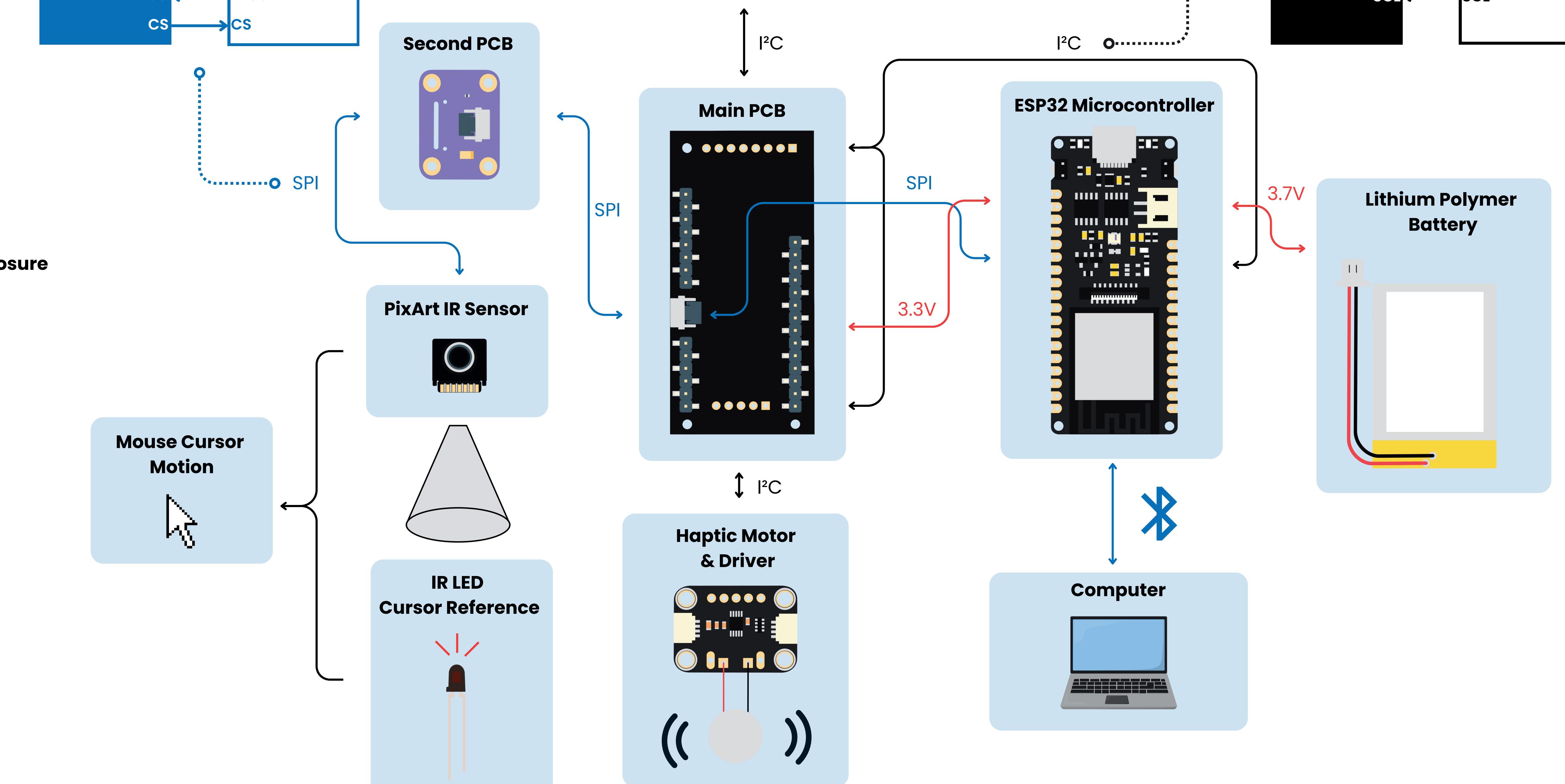
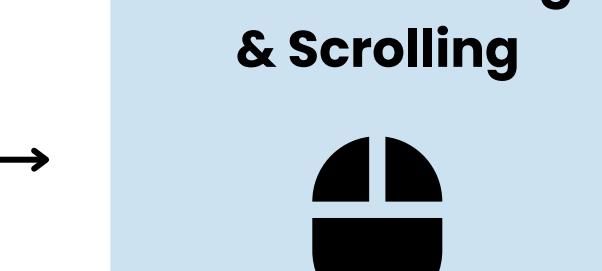
Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is a four-wire communication protocol for data transfer between devices.



### IMU (Inertial Measurement Unit)



### Mouse Clicking & Scrolling



## Software Design Choices

- Codebase entirely contained to the ESP-32 meaning no extra software is needed from the user: Just **pair** with the device using **bluetooth** and the mouse is **ready to use**.
- Mouse movement calculation is very simple, allowing for low computation time and a very **responsive** mouse cursor.
- Cursor movement is separated from other functions with a wait time, limiting mis-inputs.

## References & Acknowledgements

- B. Trzynadlowski, "PixArt PAJ7025R2 6dof Tracking Demo with Arduino and Windows," GitHub. Accessed: Jan. 03, 2025. [Online]. Available: <https://github.com/trzytab=repositories&q=PixArt&type=&language=&sort=>
- University of Pittsburgh the McGowan Institute For Regenerative Medicine, "Prosthetic Hook Mouse for people with upper-limb amputations," <https://mirm-pitt.net/prosthetic-hook-mouse-for-people-with-upper-limb-amputations/> (accessed Oct. 20, 2024).
- L. M. Keita, B. Alcantara, and M. G. Salazar, "Wireless Mouse for people with upper limb amputation," <http://www.dlsu.edu.ph/wpcontent/uploads/pdf/conferences/ditech/proceedings/volume-3/paper-3.pdf> (accessed Oct. 20, 2024).

\* Special thanks to the **Thode Makerspace** for providing resources such as 3D printers and soldering equipment.

 + Video

