

## EE524 EX6 Procedures

### Image Rotation Kernel

1. Create KDF session
2. Define Rotate kernel in the \*.cl file
3. Use a Sampler object defined at kernel file scope, in \_\_constant memory
  - a. Non-normalized coordinates
  - b. Linear interpolation filter
  - c. Clamp
4. Build Session and ensure kernel compiles successfully
5. Use Code Builder Analysis Input to assign Kernel Arguments
  - a. create Images of type image2d\_t for Input and Output
  - b. use the **ee524\_ex6\_inputimg1.png** as input source
    - i. Source Format: RGB-BGRA
    - ii. Channel Data Type: CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT8
    - iii. Channel Order: CL\_RGBA
    - iv. Depth = 1
    - v. Array Size = 1
    - vi. Row Pitch = 0
    - vii. Slice Pitch = 0
  - c. determine image width & height from File/Properties/Details
  - d. experiment with various values of rotation angle ***theta*** (degrees)
6. Set Workgroup Size Definitions using X = #rows, Y = #columns
  - a. Local size = 8,8,0
  - b. Iterations = 1
7. Run the kernel
8. In CodeBuilder Run Results / Kernel Variables
  - a. click image\_out
    - i. you should see your rotated image
  - b. in lower right corner click the tiny "Compare Menu" icon
    - i. a small window titled "Choose images to compare to:" should appear
    - ii. select image\_rotate::image\_in
      1. this should show a two-pane display with input and output images
    - iii. Note you can move cursor over image to view pixel R,G,B,A values in both images
9. Next try auto-tuning Local size using 20 iterations
  - a. find fastest configuration and update Local size to use this value
10. Change Sampler to use CLK\_ADDRESS\_CLAMP\_TO\_EDGE
  - a. Run and view output result image
11. Change Sampler to use CLK\_FILTER\_NEAREST
  - a. Run and view output result image. Compare to previous output with LINEAR

## Gaussian Blur 2D Convolution Kernel

1. Create KDF session
2. Define GaussBlur kernel in the \*.cl file
  - a. Note that this time the Sampler is a kernel function parameter
3. Build Session and ensure kernel compiles successfully
4. Use Code Builder Analysis Input to assign Kernel Arguments
  - a. create Images of type image2d\_t for Input and Output
    - i. use the **ee524\_ex6\_inputimg1.png** as input source
      1. Source Format: RGB-BGRA
      2. Channel Data Type: CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT8
      3. Channel Order: CL\_RGBA
      4. Depth = 1
      5. Array Size = 1
      6. Row Pitch = 0
      7. Slice Pitch = 0
    - ii. determine image width & height from File/Properties/Details
  - b. create a Sampler variable type and assign to the sampler Arg
    - i. CL\_ADDRESS\_CLAMP\_TO\_EDGE
    - ii. CL\_FILTER\_LINEAR
    - iii. Do not check "Normalized Coordinates"
  - c. Set Workgroup Size Definitions using X = #rows, Y = #columns
  - d. Local size = 8,8,0
  - e. Iterations = 1
5. Run the kernel
6. In CodeBuilder Run Results / Kernel Variables
  - a. view the image\_out result and compare to image\_in
    - i. use CTRL+ to zoom (or toolbar controls)
7. Use MATLAB **GaussBlurFilterCoeffs.m** to create a new set of filter coefficients
  - a. Set linspace(-1.0, 1.0, 7)
  - b. Ap = 1;
  - c. sigma2 = 0.75
  - d. copy the output comma-separated string from MATLAB console
8. paste into GaussBlur kernel file
  - a. use as initialization values for a new `__constant float gaussBlurFilter[ ]` array variable.
  - b. update the filterWidth variable
  - c. comment out the 5x5 gaussBlurFilter `/* ... */`
9. Build Session and ensure compiles correctly
10. Run kernel and compare output to input
  - a. compare to previous 5x5 blurred result output