# All About MEMS Pressure Sensors for Medical Devices

Medical Electronics Symposium, Portland OR

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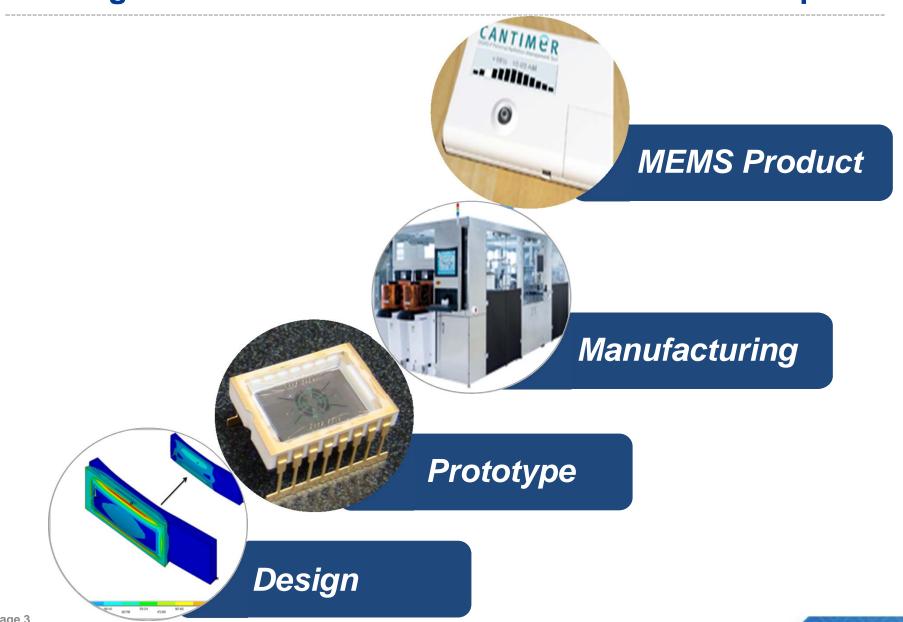




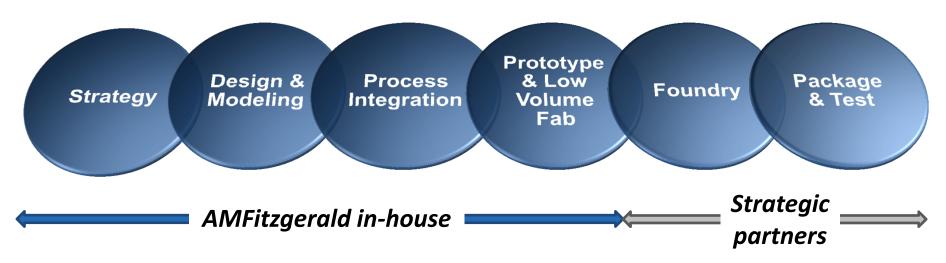
#### **Outline**

- About us
- MEMS pressure sensors in medical devices
- Basic principles
- How MEMS sensors are made and packaged
- Typical challenges with integrating MEMS

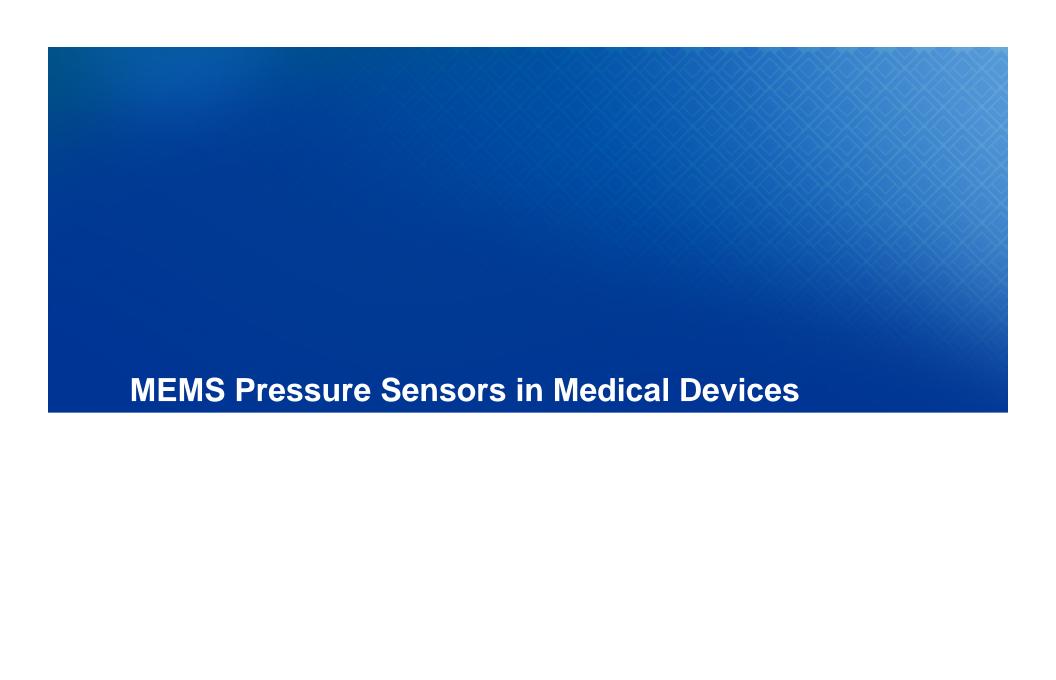
# **AMFitzgerald: Your Partner in MEMS Product Development**



### Complete services from concept to production

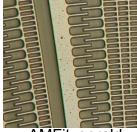


- Multi-disciplinary, expert engineering team
- Custom MEMS development from start to finish
- Design and process integration for volume production
- In-house prototype fabrication, easy transition to production

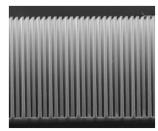


# Micro Electro Mechanical Systems

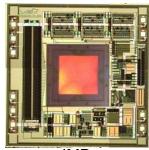
- Micro
  - Feature sizes range 0.5 um to 1 mm
- <u>Electrical sensing/actuation</u>
  - Capacitive
  - Piezoelectric
  - Piezoresistive
- Mechanical devices with a third dimension
- Systems
  - Multiple functions on one piece of silicon



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IMD

#### **Birth of MEMS**

- Evolved from semiconductor processes
- 1970's: using silicon processing to make mechanical devices, not transistors
  - Accelerometers
  - Pressure sensors
  - Inkjet nozzles
- 1982: Petersen's "Silicon as a Mechanical Material"



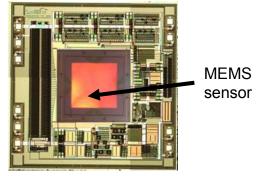
Popular Science, June 1984

## Why MEMS are exciting for medical applications

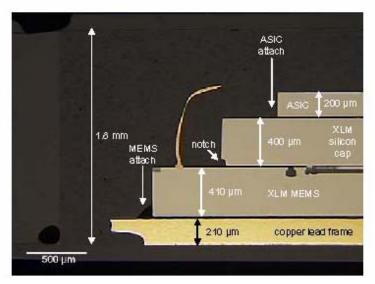
- Ease of electronics integration enables sophisticated capabilities in small form factor:
  - Signal processing and analysis
  - Wireless capability
    - Battery-less operation (power/read)
    - Telemetry for medical sensor network (with cell phone)

Stacked MEMS and ASIC chips, wirebonded

#### **Integrated Pressure Sensor**



Source: IMD



Source: Chipworks/Kionix



#### **MEMS Pressure Sensors**

- Used in non-invasive medical equipment since 1980's
  - Respiratory equipment
  - Blood pressure cuffs
- Invasive uses increasing
  - Guidewire, catheter tip sensors
- Many manufacturers:
  - GE Sensors
  - Measurement Specialties
  - Silicon Microstructures
  - ISSYS
  - Tronics



Source: ISSYS

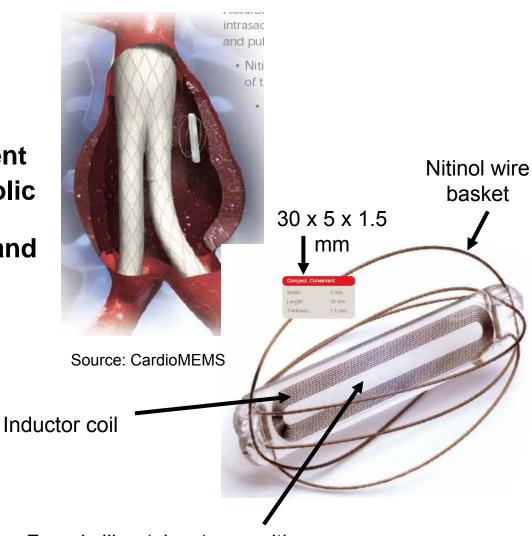
Ultra-miniature medical pressure



#### St. Jude Medical: CardioMEMS Pressure Sensor

### FDA-approved

- Aorta stent graft monitoring
- Pulmonary artery pressure measurement
- Mean pressure, systolic pressure, diastolic pressure, heart rate and cardiac output
- Capacitive pressure sensor with wireless readout, catheter deployed
- Readout at doctor's office

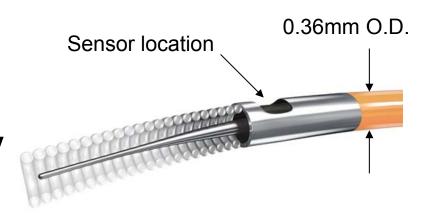


Fused silica (glass) capacitive pressure sensor

#### St. Jude Medical: Guidewires

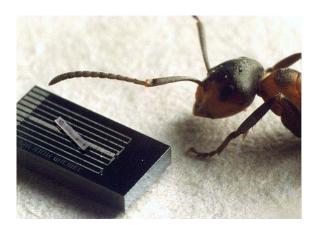
#### PressureWire Aeris

- Fractional flow reserve measurements (pressure drop across coronary artery stenosis)
- Also temperature, flow
- Stent or balloon treatment



St.Jude Medical PressureWire with AgileTip

 Piezoresistive pressure sensor

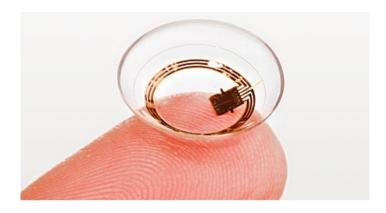


Source: KTH, Sweden



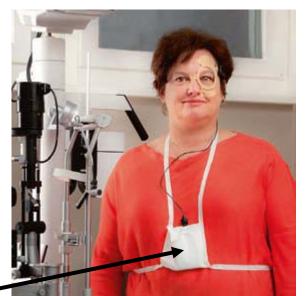
## **Sensimed Triggerfish IOP monitor**

- Continuous intraocular pressure (IOP) measurement for glaucoma diagnosis
  - Size: 2.2mm x 2.5mm x 50microns
- Disposable lens
- Strain gage with wireless telemetry
- Under evaluation in Europe



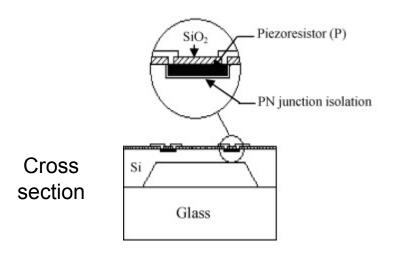
Recorder syncs with doctor's computer via Bluetooth



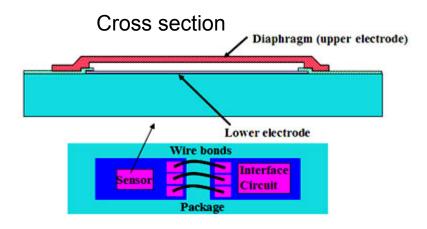


## **Basic principles: MEMS pressure sensors**

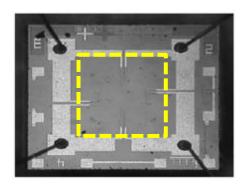
#### Piezoresistive

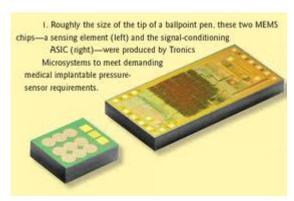


## Capacitive



Plan view

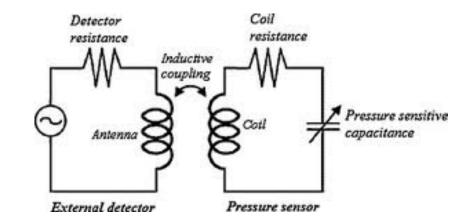




Source: Tronics

## **Common embodiment: passive LC resonant sensors**

- Battery-free
- Power limited by inductor coil size
- Large, external reader with power source



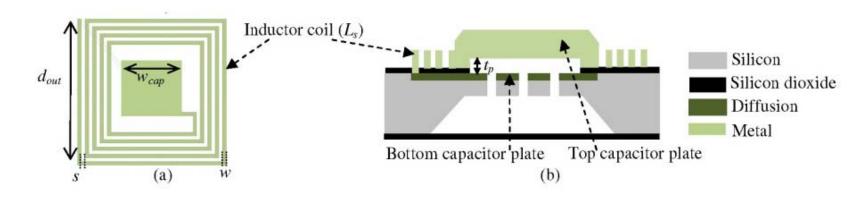


Fig 2. MEMS pressure sensor (a) top view (b) cross section

From: Yvanoff and Venkataraman, "Implantable LC Sensors for Biotelemetry"

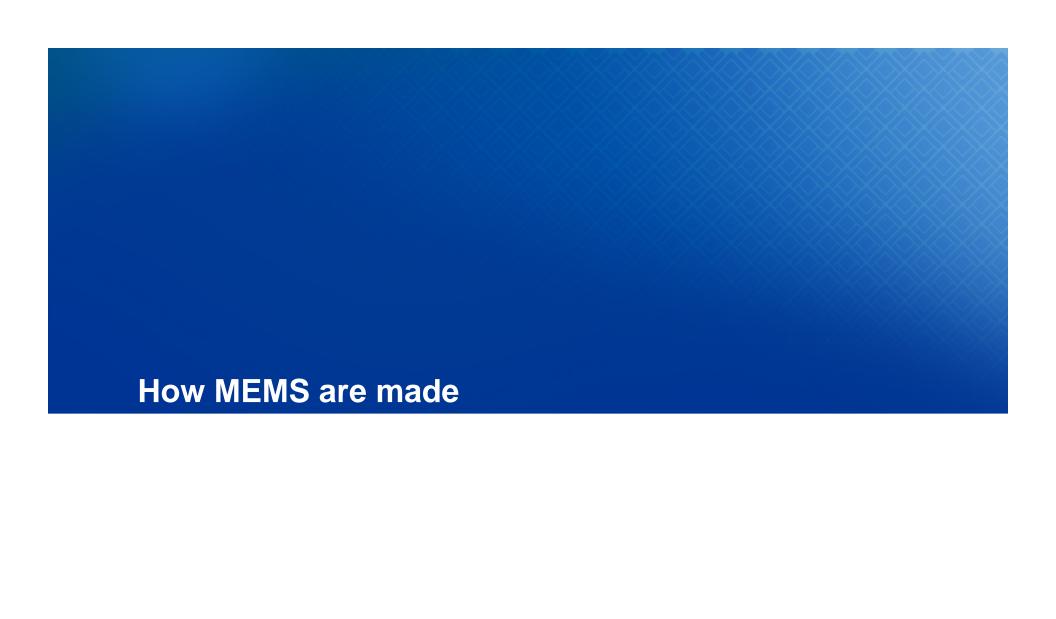
# **MEMS** pressure sensors: typical specs

	Piezoresistive	Capacitive	
Value	Resistor change, mΩ	Capacitor change, pF	
Readout	Wheatstone bridge	ASIC, digital	
Туре	Absolute or gage	Absolute or gage	
Pressure range (mmHg)	30 – 300	30 – 300	
Edge length (mm)	0.5 - 2.0	0.5 - 2.0	
Thickness (mm)	0.15 - 0.65	0.15 - 0.65	
Wireless readout	Not typical	Yes	

# **MEMS** pressure sensors available today

Vendor	Acuity	GE	Murata
Model	AC3030	P161	SCB10H
Туре	Piezoresistive	Piezoresistive	Capacitive
Pressure Range (mmHg)	0 to 375	-50 to 300	0 to 900
Die Size (mm)	1.6 x 1.6 x 0.4	1.2 x 0.7 x 0.17	1.4 x 1.4 x 0.85

Many more available...



# Silicon – the purest material refined by humans

#### **Start**



Silicon dioxide

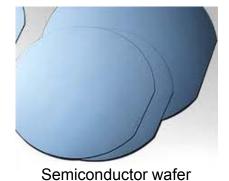


"Pulling" crystals



Ingot

#### **Finish**

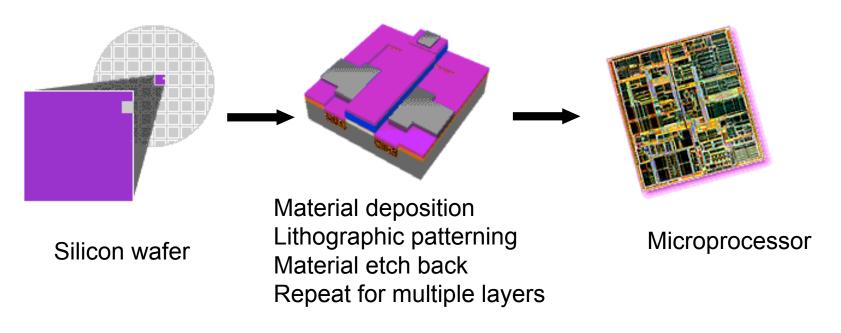




Solar cell wafer

### Silicon process technology

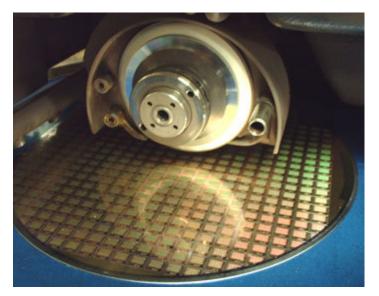
Developed to make transistors and integrated circuits



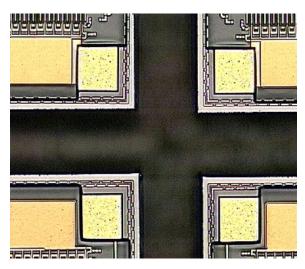
Images from: http://www.intel.com/education/chips/index.htm

# Wafer dicing

# Similar to cutting tile



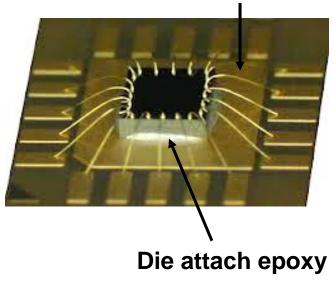
A pressure sensor wafer may have 50,000+ die!

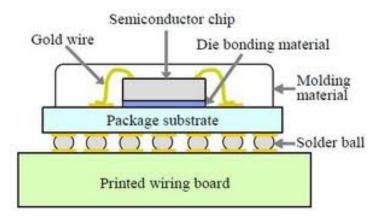


Dicing leaves sharp corners and edges

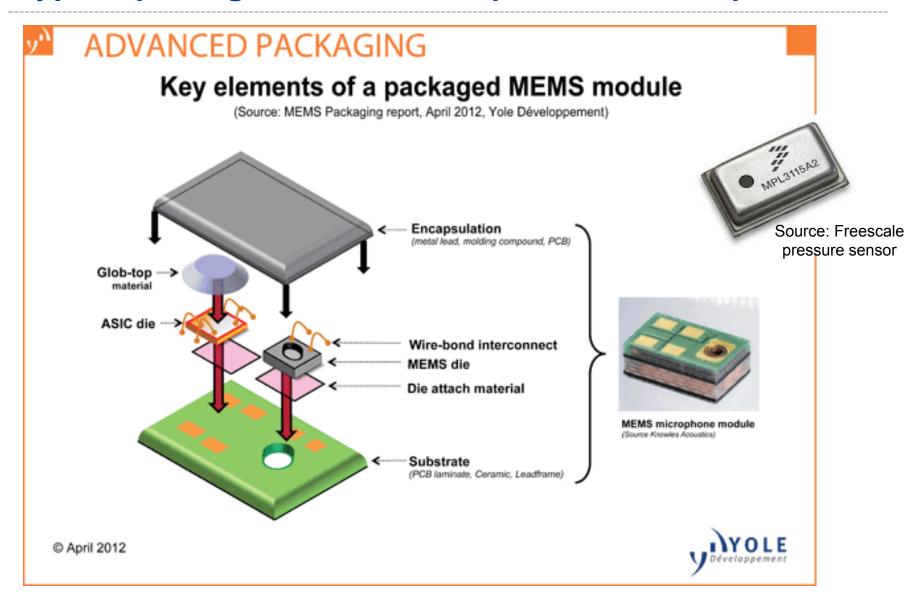
# Die attach and wire-bonding

## 25 micron (1 mil) gold wire

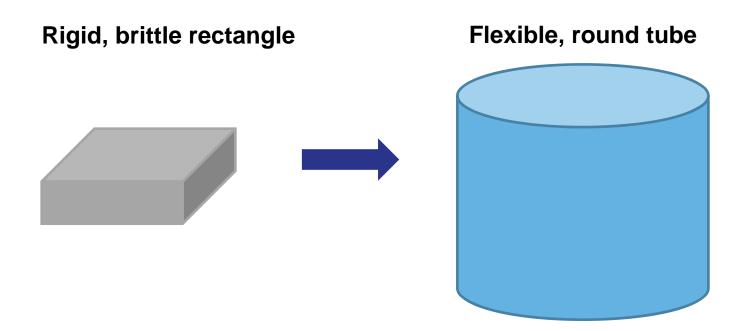




# Typical package architecture – pressure, microphones



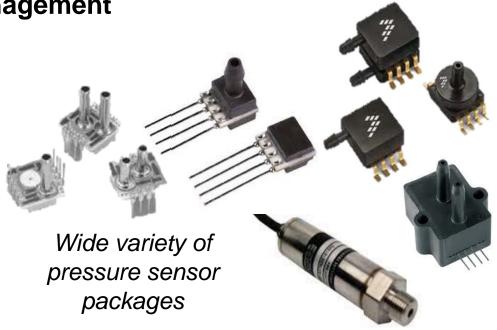
## Challenge of packaging MEMS sensors for medical



 MEMS/IC packaging techniques and materials were originally developed to place chips on rigid printed circuit boards

## **Packaging challenges**

- Packaging is ~70% of unit cost of a MEMS sensor
- Where MEMS companies spend the most time and effort during development
- Invasive or implant use of MEMS further complicates packaging/assembly
  - Mechanical stress management
  - Hermeticity
  - Fracture protection
  - Electrical interconnect





## **Environmental challenges**

#### Medical environment

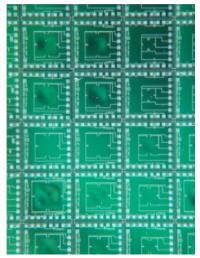
- Moisture
- Radiation
- Magnetic fields
- Sterilization
- Biocompatibility
  - Sharp edges on chip are thrombogenic
  - Silicon's biocompatibility not yet established
  - Chips will need some level of encapsulation
    - Silicones, parylenes

### Buy vs. Make

- Many MEMS pressure sensors available off the shelf
  - Low prices (\$0.10 \$2.00 per sensor)
  - Reliability data available
  - Many IDMs restrict use in invasive medical applications
  - Generally sized/spec'd for consumer electronics apps
- Customization attractive, but:
  - Low volume MEMS have high unit costs (> \$5 per sensor)
  - Environmental and reliability qualification testing is expensive
  - Custom development is long (> 3 years) and expensive (> \$1M
    - simple sensor, > \$5M complex sensor with ASIC)

# AMFitzgerald's RocketMEMS®: Semi-custom sensors





Variety of RocketMEMS Pressure Sensors

- Customizable pressure sensors for OEMs and system integrators
  - Based on AMFitzgerald reference designs
  - Low cost, fast turn time (~6 months)
- Customer provides desired sensor specification
- 2. AMFitzgerald tailors sensor design to meet customer's spec
- 3. ISO-certified foundry manufactures wafers
- 4. AMFitzgerald tests and delivers sensors to customer

#### **Summary**

- MEMS pressure sensors present a huge opportunity for medical devices, particularly for invasive and implantable uses
  - Sophisticated sensor functions
  - Electronics system integration
  - Clinically-relevant data
- Integration challenges are primarily in packaging and assembly
  - Solutions will be specific to usage and form factor
- We can help you find the right solution for your product

#### **Contact**

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