Bonus Homework 1

Implementation:

To replicate the RSA schema discussed in class, the storage of binary strings a vectors plays a crucial role, similar to prior homework assignments. Many tools and portions of code were developed as early as program 2. To begin, a class was created for binary manipulations; this includes (but is not limited to) binary arithmetic, modular exponentiation and binary/decimal conversions. Using this class, the algorithm is laid out as by the book.

Initially the user is prompted to input a binary string which the program will encode, then an integer value, n, which denotes the number of bits the primes p and q are in length. The binary string is then translated from a string to integer vector by a simple function stringToVec. p and q are generated by a function based on Homework 3, which generates a prime number, given a number of bits. Curious as to what may happen if p and q are equal, the decision was made to ensure $p \neq q$ in case this were to be detrimental to encryption. N was then computed via another previously developed function, BinMultiply. Last in the simple computations was the encryption key, e, which was generated as a prime number, which was also relatively prime to (p-1)(q-1). Since the developed number was already prime, the only factor which could make it **not** relatively prime to (p-1)(q-1) would be if (p-1)(q-1) was divisible by e.

Most of the work in composing this program came from the function which finds d, the private key which is the inverse of e with respect to (p-1)(q-1). The coefficients a and b had to be determined in the equation:

$$a \cdot (p-1)(q-1) + b \cdot e \equiv 1$$

if b was positive, d = b, and if b was negative, d = b + (p-1)(q-1). This entails the following general idea:

 $e \cdot d \equiv 1 \mod (p-1)(q-1)$ so that $(x^e)^d \equiv x \mod N$. The method of finding a and b were similar to the demonstrated method in class (on paper), but utilizing a vector of binary division results, containing both quotients and remainders per step. (The binary division function BinDiv is an improved method of the division function seen in Homework 3).

Lastly, the binary message was encoded utilizing the modexp function, as:

encoded message = $x^e \mod N$, where x is the binary message. The encoded message is output to the screen, then the decoding process begins. To decode, the encoded vector is passed into modexp along with the decryption key and N. decoded message = $(encoded)^d \mod N$. The result is then output to the screen, to no surprise the result matches the input binary message!

CPU Time:

Bits	Time (seconds)
6	5
32	111
64	1653
128	N/A
256	N/A

**256-bit encryption was attempted and allotted a copious amount of time to compute. After approximately 10 hours on raw computation the program seemed to have made little progress and was terminated by choice. No results were obtained for the 256-bit encryption case, this is most likely subject to coding mistakes or inefficiencies supplied by myself.

Estimated Time:

(General estimates, subject to correction)

Computing:

 $p, q, e: O(n^3)$ (determined in Homework 3)

N (multiplication): $O(n^2)$

(p-1)(q-1) (subtraction and multiplication): $O(n) + O(n^2)$

d (finding a and b): log(n)

Encode, decode (modexp): $O(n^3)$ (stated in the book)

By the growth between the three time values found, I would believe the running time relation could be similar to the following: $n^2 + n + \log(n)$ at least... if not greater.

*This page does not have to be returned with graded report. Probably a waste of paper.

Testing Results:

(as output by the program)

The data below is shown in decimal, as it is output to the screen in decimal, but the data being manipulated throughout the entire program is in binary. The conversion to decimal is just easier to read when testing.

32-bit

Input the binary message to encode: 1001101011 Input number of bits for primes: 32 Binary p: 1001101011111110101101111101010011 Binary q: 10010000001110000111011011111 In Decimal: 2600300371 2419619567 Decimal N: 6291737657748959357 k: 63 p - 1: 2600300370 q - 1: 2419619566 (p-1)(q-1): 6291737652729039420 e: 19 a is: 6 b is: -1986864521914433501 PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 6291737657748959357, 19 d is: 4304873130814605919 decoded message: 1001101011 Press any key to continue . . . Input the binary message to encode: 11001101011 Input number of bits for primes: 32 Binary p: 10101100010001010110010011000011 Binary q: 11001100111100110011110000010011 In Decimal: 2890228931 3438492691 Decimal N: 9938031054560243321 k: 64 p - 1: 2890228930 q - 1: 3438492690 (p-1)(q-1): 9938031048231521700 e: 17 a is: 1 b is: -584590061660677747 PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 9938031054560243321, 17 d is: 9353440986570843953 decoded message: 11001101011 Press any key to continue . . . Input the binary message to encode: 1001101011 Input number of bits for primes: 64 In Decimal: 13024653229919940139 13929611926846564007 Decimal N: 181428364974533420813527014527271976973 k: 128 p - 1: 13024653229919940138 q - 1: 13929611926846564006 (p-1)(q-1): 181428364974533420786572749370505472828 e: 29 a is: -9

b is: 56305354647268992657901887735674112257

PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 181428364974533420813527014527271976973, 29

d is: 56305354647268992657901887735674112257

decoded message: 1001101011 Press any key to continue . . .

Input the binary message to encode: 11001101011

Input number of bits for primes: 64

In Decimal: 13306490411700802969 10148021571670771739 Decimal N: 135034551741170037040876217854212493091

k: 127

p - 1: 13306490411700802968 q - 1: 10148021571670771738

(p-1)(q-1): 135034551741170037017421705870840918384

e: 17 a is: -7

b is: 55602462481658250536585408299758025217

PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 135034551741170037040876217854212493091, 17

d is: 55602462481658250536585408299758025217

encoded message: 110010000010000100010001000000001101011101110111011001100010001000

decoded message: 11001101011 Press any key to continue . . .

128-bit

Input the binary message to encode: 1001101011

Input number of bits for primes: 128

In Decimal: 249981337224241206041088895930212696511 246262642031294860831513 313155810214743

Decimal N: 615610645633577170038531391603729324914263820104689792869643699280439 96861673

k: 256

p - 1: 249981337224241206041088895930212696510

q - 1: 246262642031294860831513313155810214742

(p-1)(q-1): 61561064563357717003853139160372932490930138031213443220091767718957973950420

e: 31

a is: 4

b is: -7943363169465511871464921181983604192378082326608186221947324866962319219

PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 6156106456335771700385313916037293249142638201046897928696 4369928043996861673, 31

d is: 53617701393892205132388217978389328298552055704605256998144442851995654731 011

1001100110011001100001110011111

decoded message: 1001101011

Press any key to continue . . .

Input the binary message to encode: 11001101011

Input number of bits for primes: 128

Binary p: 11010110010010010110000111010000011110111001101110110110110110011

In Decimal: 284835812680089283602087729665355175963 300783779542848938046392 728944434588069

Decimal N: 856739922870761912102063916181852004007157425526990724707427438951929 15385447

k: 256

p - 1: 284835812680089283602087729665355175962

q - 1: 300783779542848938046392728944434588068

 $(p-1)(q-1):\ 856739922870761912102063916181852004001301229604761342490942634365$ 83125621416

e: 23

a is: -4

b is: 14899824745578468036557633324901773982631325732256718999842480597666630542

PUBLIC KEYS: (N, e) = 8567399228707619121020639161818520040071574255269907247074 2743895192915385447, 23

d is: 14899824745578468036557633324901773982631325732256718999842480597666630542

10010001000100110100011

decoded message: 11001101011

Press any key to continue . . .