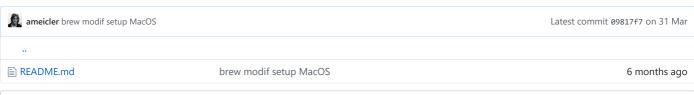


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# **MAC OS Installation**

#### Instructions

Today, we will install everything you need for the program. Follow carefully the steps below.

### Homebrew 😡

Homebrew is the package manager for MacOS. As they say:

Homebrew installs the stuff you need that Apple didn't

Open your terminal ( # + Space and then type terminal), and install Homebrew by running in the terminal (one line after another):

```
/usr/bin/ruby -e "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/master/install)" brew update brew install wget zsh vim git
```

You might be asked for your Mac password at first step, so type it (it's normal if nothing appears when you type) and press Enter

This can take a bit of time. It will install several useful packages: zsh, git, vim and wget.

# Oh-my-zsh 📗

With Homebrew, you installed a new improved shell zsh (that will replace the per default bash).

We install oh-my-zsh in order to improve it even more (it comes with lot of features, such as intuitive color, code alias, autocompletion, etc.).

To install oh-my-zsh, run the following command:

```
sh\ -c\ "\$(curl\ -fsSL\ https://raw.githubusercontent.com/robbyrussell/oh-my-zsh/master/tools/install.sh)"
```

Now quit the terminal (  $\Re$  +  $\varrho$  on MacOS) and relaunch it.

Resources: oh-my-zsh Cheatsheet

# iTerm 2

Terminal per default in MacOS is terrible. We will use a widely popular replacement with lot of cool features: iTerm 2

Go to iTerm2.com, download, extract and install it. You might need to give extra authorization to iTerm by allowing access in "Settings > Security"

### Github @g

Go to the GitHub homepage with your favorite browser (we recommend Firefox).

You will now need to generate SSH keys (in order to safely link your computer to your GitHub account).

Open a terminal and run this command (you need to replace the email with the one you used to create your GitHub account). It should ask you to enter a passphrase.

```
mkdir -p ~/.ssh && ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -f ~/.ssh/id_rsa -C "your_email@example.com"
```

Enter a password (and remember it ), it will protect your private key. It's normal that nothing appears on the screen while you type. Finish by pressing Enter and you're done.

You can now verify that all went well. This command should display your private key: a long string starting by "ssh-rsa" and finishing with your email address.

Hint In your ~/.ssh directory you should have 2 files:

- id\_rsa: This is your private key. It MUST BE KEPT STRICTLY PRIVATE. Never share it to anyone or any services!
- id\_rsa.pub: This is your **public key**. It is paired with the 1st one, and this is the one you copy paste when authorizing your computer. For example now we are going to upload it into Github.

Now let's add pair our computer to our Github account by copy pasting our public key. Run:

```
pbcopy < ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>
```

You just copied your public key into your clipboard. Now go to https://github.com/settings/ssh/new and add your SSH key:

- Click on Add SSH key
  - o Title: Your Computer Name
- Confirm by clicking on the Add key green button

Check that the connection with github is now effective. Run:

```
ssh -T git@github.com
```

You should be aksed if you want to trust the host github.com. Write yes, and press Enter. You should then see:

```
Hi {YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME}! You've successfully authenticated, but GitHub does not provide shell access
```

You're done with GitHub pairing! Let's continue.

# Python (with Anaconda)

Python is the main software language you will learn in this program. In order to run Python code, you need to install a Python distribution (you can have several).

Anaconda is a software that makes it easy to install and manage Python distribution(s) and also useful Python libraries for Data Science (ex: Scikit-Learn, Pandas, Matplotlib, etc.).

Install Anaconda by running these commands these:

```
wget https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-5.3.0-MacOSX-x86_64.sh -0 \sim/anaconda.sh mkdir \sim/bin bash \sim/anaconda.sh -b -p $HOME/bin/anaconda
```

```
rm ~/anaconda.sh
echo "export PATH="$HOME/bin/anaconda/bin:$PATH"" >> ~/.zshrc
```

Now restart your iTerm terminal, and launch a Python console:

python

Does it work properly? The first line should mention Anaconda, Inc. .

You can now exit the Python console (enter exit() or press CTRL + D)

Resources: useful Conda cheatsheet summing up most useful commands for Conda

#### Atom 🕸

In this program, you will learn a lot about coding.

So you need a proper code text editor to write clear and concise code.

You have many options in terms of text editors (or IDE), we choose Atom because it's free, open source, very popular and you can tune with various plugins/packages.

This will allow you to become more productive and efficient (ex: automated code completion, highlighting syntax errors, connection with git, etc.).

Download Atom and, extract and install it. You can now open it.

If you want to open a complete directory in Atom from the command line you can run:

```
atom /path/to/your/directory
```

For better convenience, install the plugin Platformio-IDE-Terminal for adding live terminal in Atom. In your terminal, run:

```
apm install platformio-ide-terminal
```

#### Vivadata Repository 😞

Now that you have installed every tools you need, you can clone the repository (download it to your computer).

To do so, in the terminal go to an appropriate folder where you want to store it and run:

```
git clone git@github.com:vivadata/vivadata-student.git
```

Add the following remotes:

```
git remote add upstream git@github.com:vivadata/vivadata-student.git git remote add origin git@github.com:YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME/vivadata-student.git
```

Then move to this newly created directory:

```
cd vivadata-student
```

# Finish line

Congratulations! You're all set! If you didn't succeed installing the various required softwares, don't hesitate to ask teachers for help.

Good luck!