

Particle spectrograph

Wave operator and propagator

Quadratic (free) action

$$S = \iiint (\beta h_{\alpha\beta} h^{\alpha\beta} - \gamma h^\alpha_\alpha h^\beta_\beta + h^{\alpha\beta} \mathcal{T}_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{2} \alpha (\partial_\beta h^\chi_\chi \partial^\beta h^\alpha_\alpha + 2 \partial_\alpha h^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\chi h^\chi_\beta - 2 \partial^\beta h^\alpha_\alpha \partial_\chi h^\chi_\beta - \partial_\chi h_{\alpha\beta} \partial^\chi h^{\alpha\beta})) [t, x, y, z] dz dy dx dt$$

$\mathcal{T}_{0+}^{\#1} \dagger$

| | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| $\mathcal{T}_{0+}^{\#1}$ | $\frac{1}{\frac{\beta(\beta-4\gamma)}{\beta-\gamma} + \alpha k^2}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{3}\gamma}{\beta(\beta-4\gamma) + \alpha(\beta-\gamma)k^2}$ |
| $\mathcal{T}_{0+}^{\#2} \dagger$ | $\frac{\sqrt{3}\gamma}{\beta(\beta-4\gamma) + \alpha(\beta-\gamma)k^2}$ | $\frac{1}{\beta + \gamma(-1 - \frac{3\gamma}{\beta-3\gamma + \alpha k^2})}$ |

$\mathcal{T}_{1-}^{\#1} \dagger^\alpha$

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| $\mathcal{T}_{1-}^{\#1}$ | $\frac{1}{\beta}$ |
|--------------------------|-------------------|

$h_{0+}^{\#1} \dagger$

| | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| $h_{0+}^{\#1}$ | $\beta - 3\gamma + \alpha k^2$ | $-\sqrt{3}\gamma$ |
| $h_{0+}^{\#2} \dagger$ | $-\sqrt{3}\gamma$ | $\beta - \gamma$ |

$h_{1-}^{\#1} \dagger^\alpha$

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| $h_{1-}^{\#1}$ | β |
|----------------|---------|

$\mathcal{T}_{2+}^{\#1} \dagger^{\alpha\beta}$

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| $\mathcal{T}_{2+}^{\#1}$ | $\frac{1}{\beta - \frac{\alpha k^2}{2}}$ |
|--------------------------|--|

$h_{2+}^{\#1} \dagger^{\alpha\beta}$

| | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| $h_{2+}^{\#1}$ | $\beta - \frac{\alpha k^2}{2}$ |
|----------------|--------------------------------|

(No source constraints)

Massive and massless spectra

Massive particle

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Pole residue: | $\frac{\beta^2 - 2\beta\gamma + 4\gamma^2}{\alpha(\beta-\gamma)^2} > 0$ |
| Polarisations: | 1 |
| Square mass: | $-\frac{\beta(\beta-4\gamma)}{\alpha(\beta-\gamma)} > 0$ |
| Spin: | 0 |
| Parity: | Even |

(No massless particles)

Massive particle

| | |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| Pole residue: | $-\frac{2\beta}{\alpha} > 0$ |
| Polarisations: | 5 |
| Square mass: | $\frac{2\beta}{\alpha} > 0$ |
| Spin: | 2 |
| Parity: | Even |

Unitarity conditions

(Unitarity is demonstrably impossible)