

2018-2022 MLB Umpire Performance Analysis

Data Acquisition:

In this project, we are looking at the pitch call-strike accuracy for the MLB umpires during 2018-2022 season. We download the entire 5-year pitch information from pybaseball API and cut down to only called balls and called strikes. Then we apply two functions to check if umpires made the correct call during the game. First function checks if the ball landed in the home plate, and the second function runs 1000 simulations to test if umpire can make the call correctly 95% of the time. (data processing.py)

Strikes vs Balls:

Our data consists of over 1.6 million total pitches, 1.5 million of which are called correctly. This gives us a 5-year Bad Call Ratio of 7.6%.

```
len(df['pitch_type'])
```

```
1624283
```

```
display(df["call"].value_counts())
```

```
correct      1500923
incorrect     123360
Name: call, dtype: int64
```

```
print('5 year BCR: ',df['call'].mean())
```

```
5 year BCR:  0.07594735646435996
```

We then break down the data into balls and strikes. Roughly two thirds of the total pitches are balls and rest strikes. We see that strikes have a BCR of 13.6% and balls have a BCR of 4.6%.

```
df['description'].value_counts()
```

ball	1087477	strike bad call ratio	ball bad call ratio
called_strike	536806		
Name: description, dtype: int64		0.13563372987634267	0.04648466128479039

This means that of if an umpire calls a pitch a strike, 13.56% of the time that this pitch is indeed a ball, which implies that umpire favors pitchers more than batters.

Pitch Types:

During the 5 years, there are total of 16 different pitch types and their corresponding pitch numbers and bad call ratios are as follows.

```
pt.groupby("pitch_type").mean()
```

		call	
		pitch_type	
		CH	0.057672
		CS	0.042345
		CU	0.067717
		EP	0.110070
		FA	0.077330
		FC	0.080290
		FF	0.082587
		FO	0.066667
		FS	0.050976
		KC	0.066317
		KN	0.095764
		SC	0.227273
		SI	0.087315
		SL	0.066903
		ST	0.064982
		SV	0.067629

df['pitch_type'].value_counts()	
FF	587488
SI	284039
SL	263410
CH	158516
CU	140128
FC	101956
KC	40095
FS	20794
ST	20067
SV	4850
FA	1513
KN	543
EP	427
CS	307
FO	45
SC	22

After removing 5 outliers with the less than 1000 occurrence, we see that umpires have the highest bad call ratio at FF (0.082587) and SI (0.087315), while having the lowest bad call ratio at CH (0.057672) and FS (0.050976). The average bad call ratio for the 11 pitch types is 7%, and four-seam fastballs (FF) are 18% more likely than average to be called incorrectly and sinkers (SI) are 24.8% more likely to be called incorrectly.

Pitch Zones:

The home plate is divided into 9 equal parts, with zone 11, 12, 13, 14 outside the Homeplate on the four corners. Each pitch lands in one of the 13 zones and their corresponding occurrences and Bad Call Ratios are as follows.

```
zonebcr.groupby("zone").mean()
```

		call	
		zone	
		1.0	0.203636
		2.0	0.097626
		3.0	0.208971
		4.0	0.029866
		5.0	0.000655
		6.0	0.036987
		7.0	0.114895
		8.0	0.077530
		9.0	0.152035
		11.0	0.055528
		12.0	0.075381
		13.0	0.078378
		14.0	0.058418
14.0	391404		
13.0	265341		
11.0	260498		
12.0	194770		
9.0	75555		
8.0	66955		
7.0	62657		
6.0	62589		
4.0	58596		
5.0	54990		
1.0	47305		
3.0	42896		
2.0	40727		

The thirteen strikes zones have a average Bad Call Ratio of 9.2%. Zones 1 and 3 are 2.22 times and 2.28 times more likely than average to be called incorrectly respectively. Zones 7 and 9 are 26% and 66% more likely than average to be called incorrectly. It appears that umpires are better at calling pitches that lands at the bottom of the home plate than the ones that lands at the top.

Sinkers and Fast Balls:

As previously stated, Sinkers and Fast Balls have the highest Bad Call Ratios amongst all the pitch types. Their respective Ball and Strike Bad Call Ratios are as follows.

```
sibcr.groupby("type").mean()    ffbcr.groupby("type").mean()
```

call		call	
type		type	
B	0.057369	B	0.053259
S	0.137180	S	0.138195

If a pitcher throws a Sinker, 5.7% of the chances that the called ball will be a strike, and 13.7% of the chances that the called strikes should be a ball. If a pitcher throws a Fast Ball, 5.3% of the chances that the called ball will be a strike, and 13.8% of the chances that the called strikes should be a ball.