

An aerial photograph showing a vast landscape covered in white, fluffy clouds. The horizon is visible in the distance. In the top right corner, the wing and tail section of a large commercial airplane are visible, flying over the clouds. The sky is a deep blue with some lighter patches where the sun is shining through the clouds.

Airline Passenger Satisfaction

Presented By:
Wafa Albattah
Leena Alshwaihi
Taghreed Albaiz



Outline:

Introduction

Goal of Project

Workflow plan

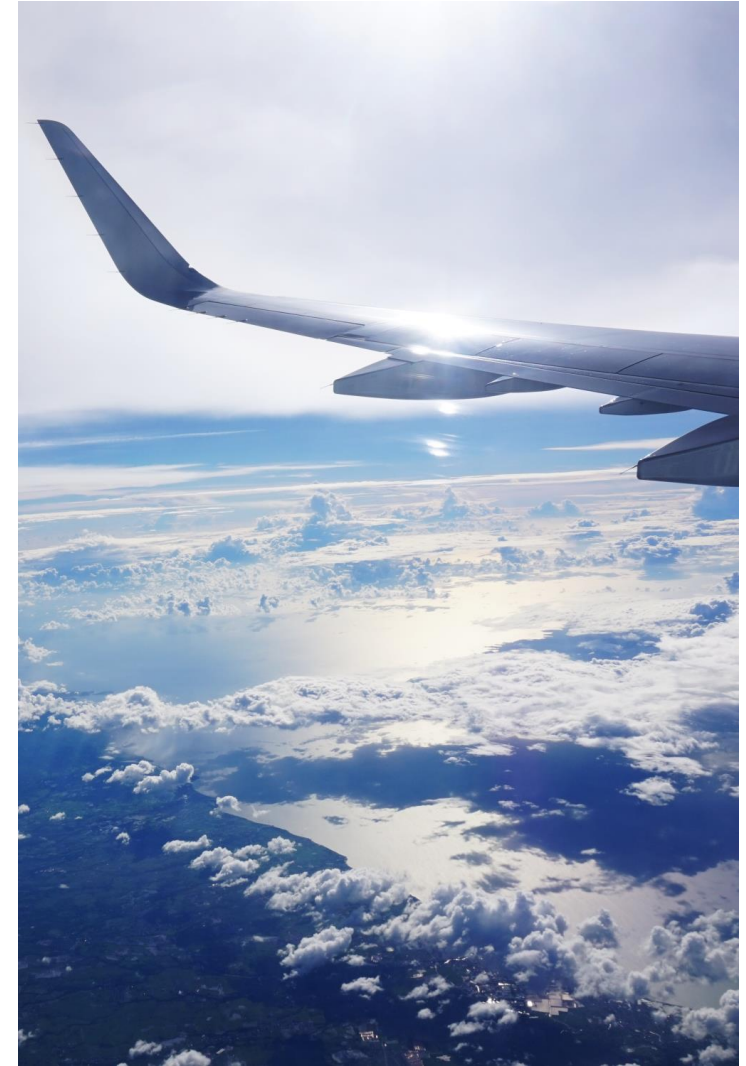
Data description

Modeling

Conclusion

Introductions

- This dataset contains an airline passenger satisfaction survey. It was created by observing the passengers from past flights of an airline company. It consists of factors that are supposed to affect the passengers' satisfaction during the journey. Most of them are personal information (eg. gender, age), flight information (eg. gate location, arrival delay) and ratings appointed by the passengers for flights services (eg. food, wi-fi).



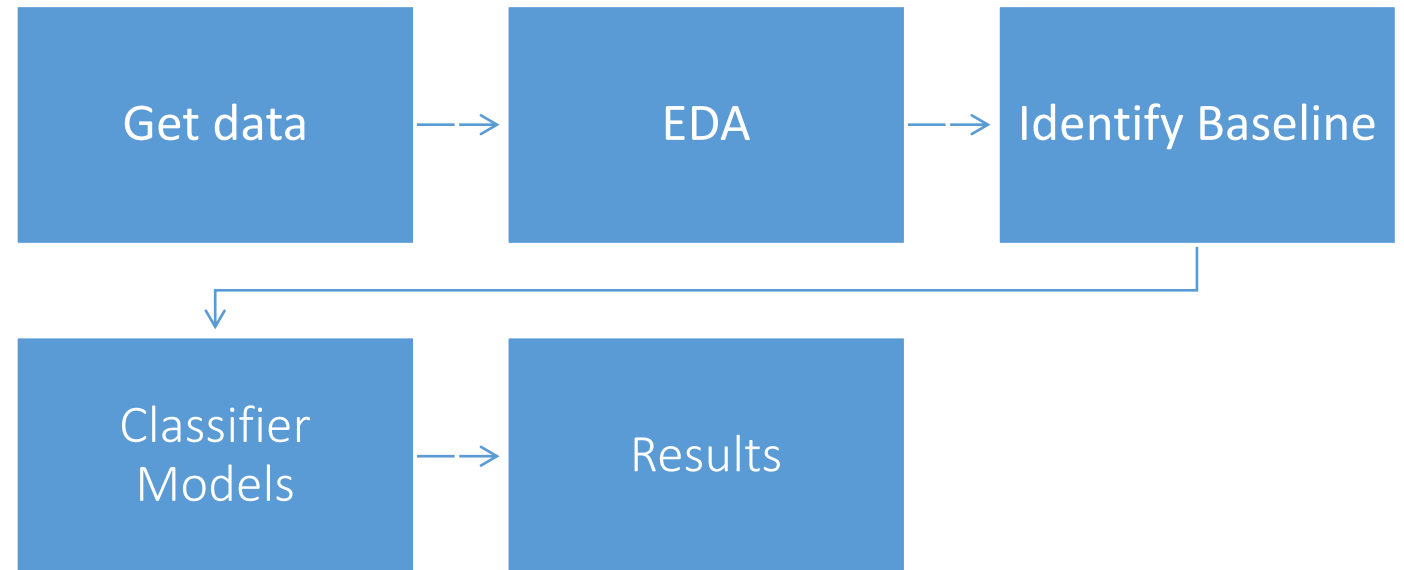


The goal of project is:

- is to use the labeled training data to train our models and accurately predict, given a test dataset, which passengers were left satisfied



WORK FLOW PLAN



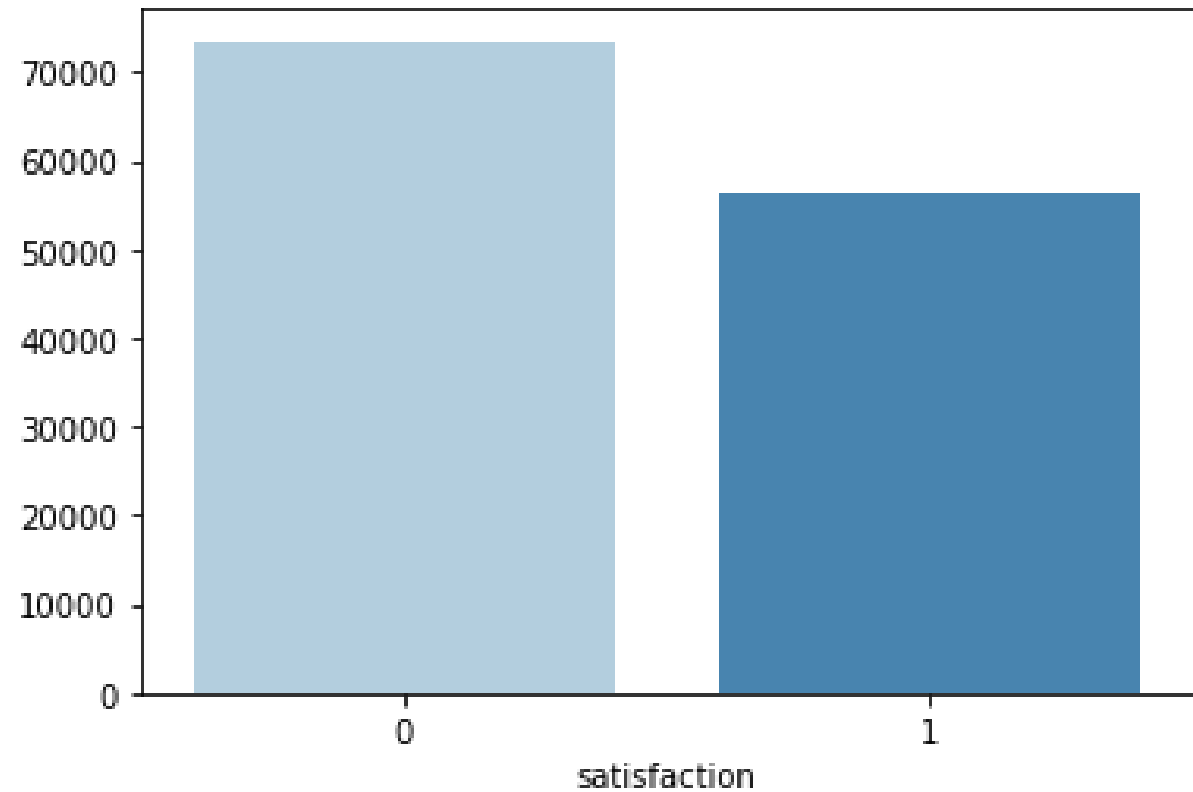
Data Description

- From Kaggle
- 129880 rows × 24 columns

Feature	Description
Gender	Gender of the passengers (Female, Male)
Customer Type	The customer type (Loyal customer, disloyal customer)
Age	The actual age of the passengers
Type of Travel	(Personal Travel, Business Travel)
Class	(Business, Eco, Eco Plus)
Cleanliness	Satisfaction level of Cleanliness
Gate location	Satisfaction level of Gate location
Food and drink	Satisfaction level of Food and drink
Seat comfort	Satisfaction level of Seat comfort
Satisfaction	Airline satisfaction level(Satisfaction, neutral or dissatisfaction)

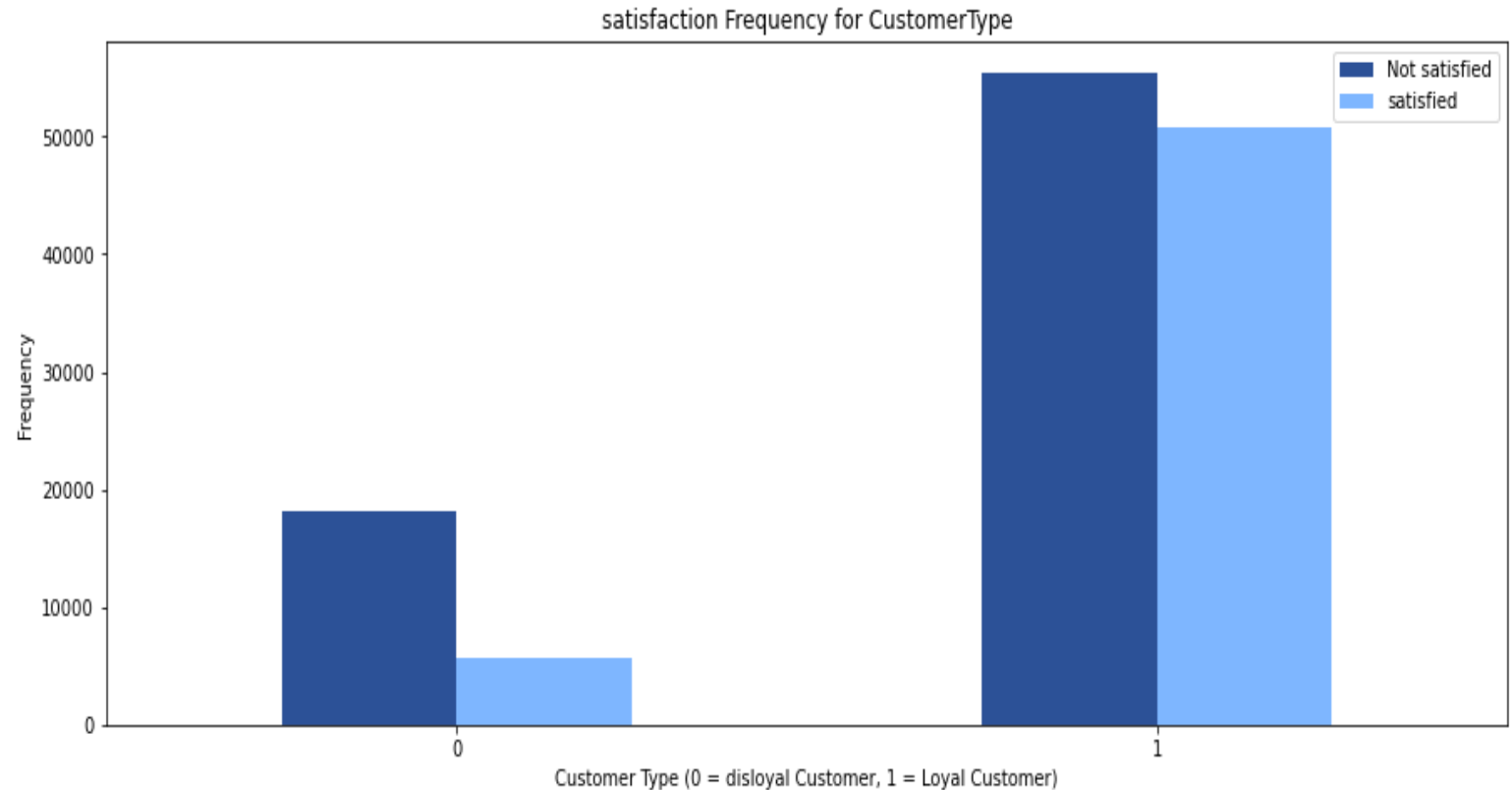
EDA:

The bar chart shows class imbalance



EDA:

The relationship between the customer type shows whether is satisfied with the services or not



Baseline Model :

- This is the confusion matrix of the baseline model, which was created Using Dummy Classifier. The accuracy of the baseline model is: **0.56**

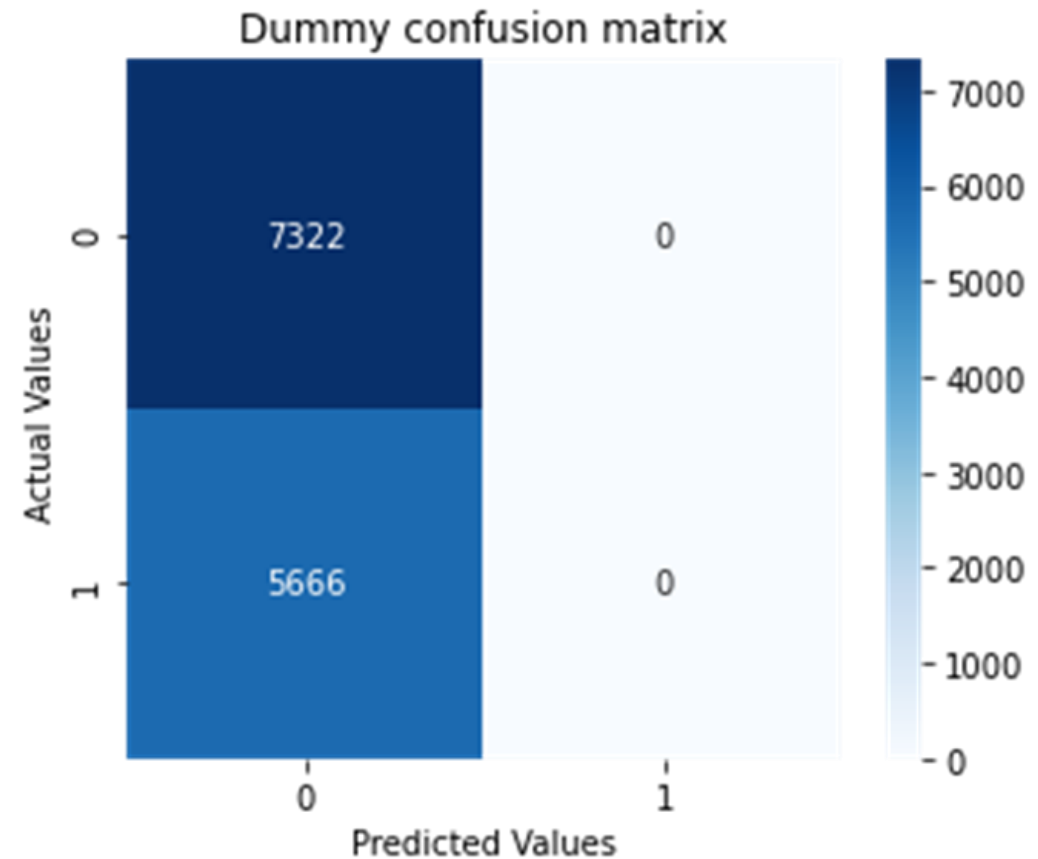


Table showing
all confusion
matrix values of
the models:

Model	Accuracy	Recall	Precision	F1 - Score
KNN	0.93	0.89	0.96	0.92
Logistic Regression	0.87	0.84	0.87	0.85
Gaussian Naive Bayes	0.86	0.82	0.86	0.84
Random Forests	0.963	0.94	0.98	0.96
AdaBoost	0.95	0.94	0.96	0.95
XGBoost	0.9659	0.95	0.97	0.96
Bagging	0.9655	0.94	0.98	0.96
Voting	0.9654	0.94	0.98	0.96
Stacking	0.964	0.94	0.98	0.96

ROC Curves :

AUC of **Dummy**
model: **0.5**

AUC of **KNN**
model: **0.97**

AUC of **LogReg**
model: **0.9945**

AUC of **Random
forest** model:
0.924

AUC of
AdaBoost
model: **0.993**

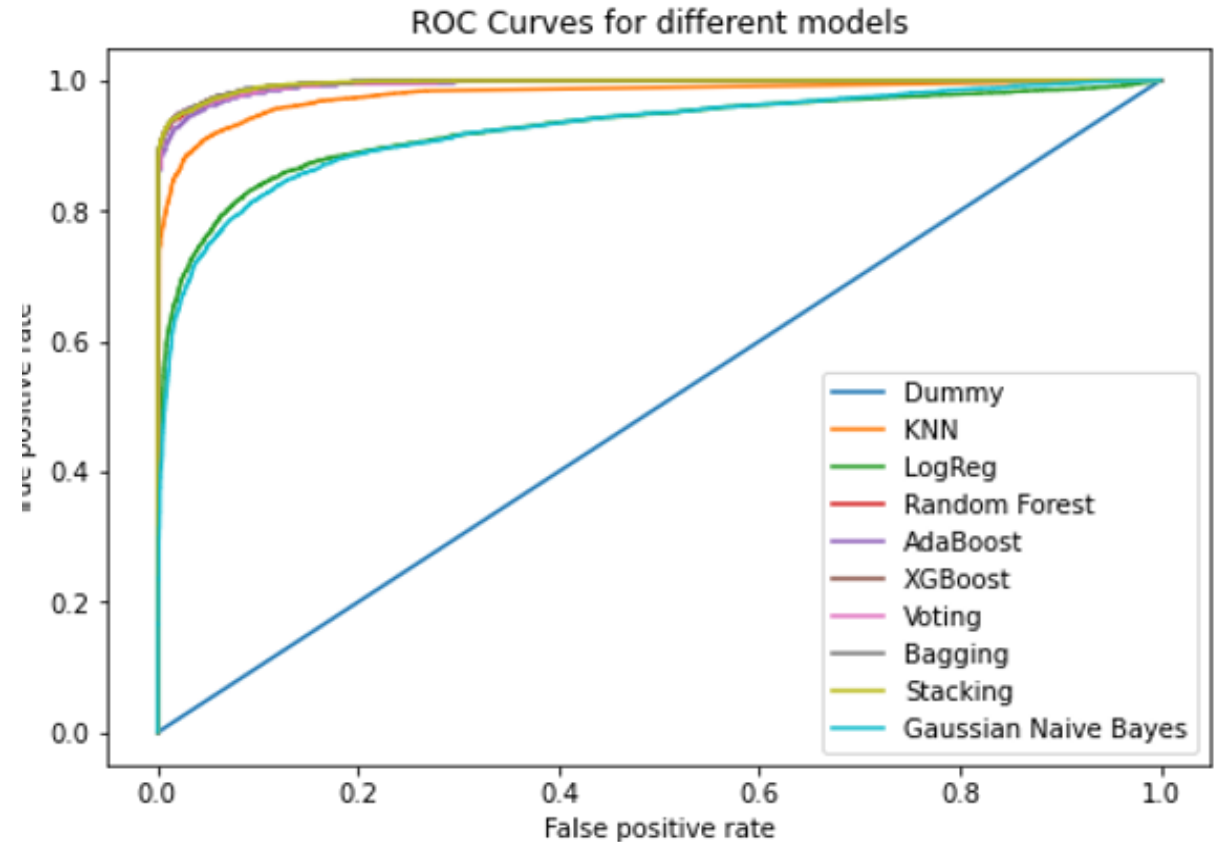
AUC of
XGBoost
model: **0.99547**

AUC of **Voting**
model: **0.9944**

AUC of **Bagging**
model: **0.9945**

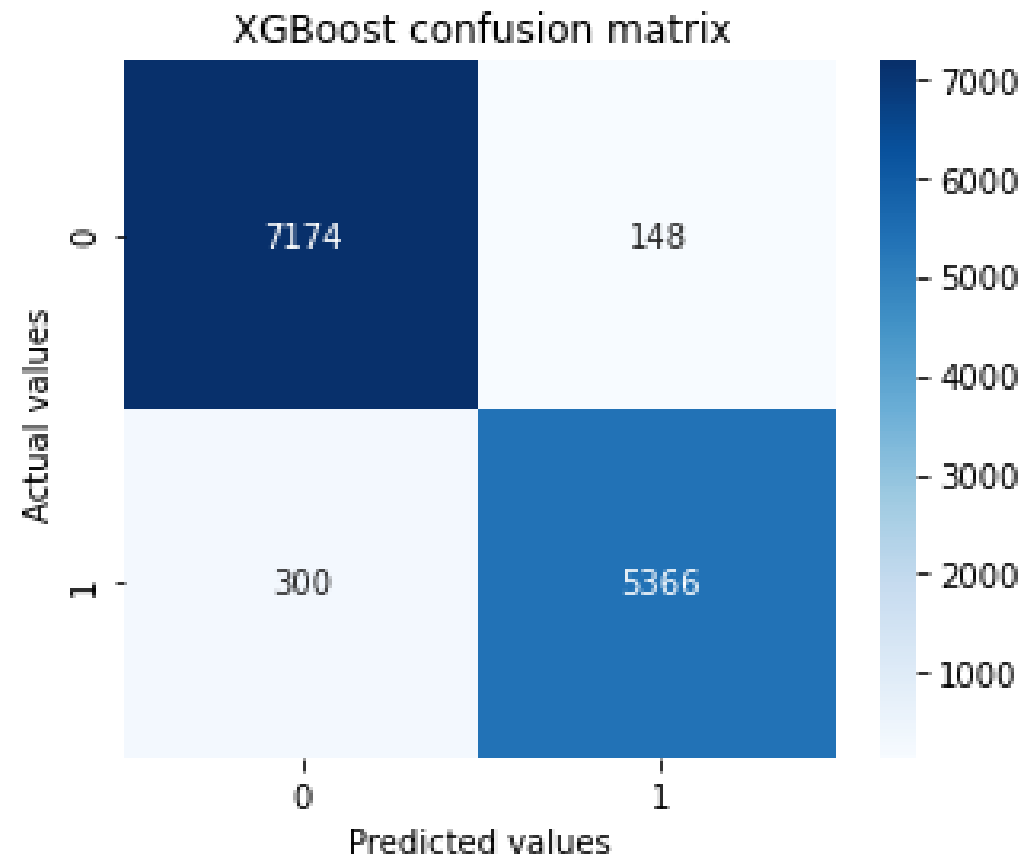
AUC of **Stacking**
model: **0.9954**

AUC of
Gaussian Naive
model: **0.922**



Best Model for our Project : (XGboost)

- XGboost Accuracy = 0.96
- XGboost F1 Score = 0.96





Thank you!