計算機程式語言

物件導向程式設計

Stack/Queue Template Class
Case Study

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Platform

Dev-C++

Click here to download.

Note: Please use this version otherwise you can't compile your programs/projects in Win10.



OnlineGDB (https://www.onlinegdb.com/)



Real-Time Collaborative Online IDE

(https://ide.usaco.guide/)



- Other resources:
- MIT OpenCourseWare Introduction to C++ [link].
- Learning C++ Programming [Programiz].
- GeeksforGeeks [link]

My GitHub page: click the link here to visit.



Platform/IDE

https://www.codeblocks.org/



Code::Blocks

Code::Blocks

The free C/C++ and Fortran IDE.

Code::Blocks is a free C/C++ and Fortran IDE built to meet the most demanding needs of its users. It is designed to be very extensible and fully configurable.

Built around a plugin framework, Code::Blocks can be extended with plugins. Any kind of functionality can be added by installing/coding a plugin. For instance, event compiling and debugging functionality is provided by plugins!

If you're new here, you can read the **user manual** or visit the **Wiki** for documentation. And don't forget to visit and join our **forums** to find help or general discussion about Code:Blocks.

We hope you enjoy using Code::Blocks!

The Code::Blocks Team

Latest news

Migration successful

We are very happy to announce that the process of migrating to the new infrastructure has completed successfully!

Read more

Stack

Stack Implementation (First-In-Last-Out)

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/implementing-stack-using-class-templates-in-cpp/

```
template <class T, int SIZE> class Stack {
public:
    Stack();
    void push(T k);
    T pop();
    T topElement();
    bool isFull();
    bool isEmpty();
private:
    int top;
    T st[SIZE];
};
```

https://onlinegdb.com/TSHMlcLE9

Constructor & push ()

```
template <class T, int SIZE> Stack<T, SIZE>::Stack() { top = -1; }
```

```
template <class T, int SIZE> void Stack<T, SIZE>::push(T k) {
   if (isFull()) {
      cout << "Stack is full\n";
   } else {
      cout << "Inserted element " << k << endl;
      top = top + 1;
      st[top] = k;
   }
}</pre>
```

IsEmpty() & IsFull()

```
template <class T, int SIZE> bool Stack<T,SIZE>::isEmpty() {
   if (top == -1)
      return 1;
   else
      return 0;
}
```

```
template <class T, int SIZE> bool Stack<T, SIZE>::isFull() {
   if (top == (SIZE - 1))
      return 1;
   else
      // As top can not exceeds th size
      return 0;
}
```

topElement()

```
template <class T, int SIZE> T Stack<T, SIZE>::topElement() {
   T top_element = st[top];
   return top_element;
}
```

The driver main()

```
int main() {
    int size = 10:
    cout << "Enter the size of the stack: ";</pre>
    Stack<int, size> integer stack;
    Stack<string, size> string stack;
                                                  Inserted element PANDEMIC
                                                  Inserted element FLU
    integer stack.push(5);
                                                  125 is popped from the integer stack.
    integer stack.push(25);
                                                  FLU is popped from the string stack
    integer stack.push(125);
                                                  Top element is 25
                                                  Top element is PANDEMIC
    string stack.push("COVID-19");
    string stack.push("PANDEMIC");
    string stack.push("FLU");
    cout << integer stack.pop() << " is popped from the integer stack." << endl;</pre>
    cout << string stack.pop() << " is popped from the string stack " << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Top element is " << integer stack.topElement() << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Top element is " << string stack.topElement() << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Queue

Queue Implementation (First-In-First-Out)

https://slaystudy.com/c-program-to-implement-queue-using-templates/

```
template <class T>
class node {
public:
    T v;
    node<T> *next;
    node(T x) { // constructor
        v = x;
        next = nullptr;
    }
};
```

```
template <class T>
class queue {
   node<T> *start;
   node<T> *end;
public:
   queue();
   bool empty();
   void push(T v); // enqueue
   T front(); // peek
   void pop(); // dequeue
};
```

Constructor & empty()

```
template <class T> queue<T>::queue() {
    start = nullptr;
    end = nullptr;
}
```

```
template <class T> bool queue<T>::empty() {
   return start == nullptr;
}
```

push()

```
template <class T> void queue<T>::push(T v) {
   node<T> *temp = new node<T>(v);
   if (empty()) {
      start = end = temp;
   } else {
      end->next = temp;
      end = temp;
   }
}
```

front() & pop()

```
template <class T> T queue<T>::front() {
   if (empty())
      return nullptr;
   else
   return start->v;
}
```

```
template <class T>
void queue<T>::pop() {
    if (empty()) {
             cout << "Queue is Empty" << endl;</pre>
    } else if (start == end) {
         delete start;
         start = nullptr;
         end = nullptr;
    } else {
         node<T> *temp = start;
         start = start->next;
         delete temp;
```

The driver main()

```
int main() {
    queue<string> q;
    q.push("TKU");
    q.push("CSIE");
    cout << "Queue Front: " << q.front() << endl;</pre>
    q.push("Definitely");
    q.push("I");
    q.push("am");
                                                   Queue Front: TKU
    q.push("the");
                                                   TKU CSIE Definitely I am the best
    q.push("best");
    while (!q.empty()) {
         cout << q.front() << ' ';</pre>
         q.pop();
    return 0;
```