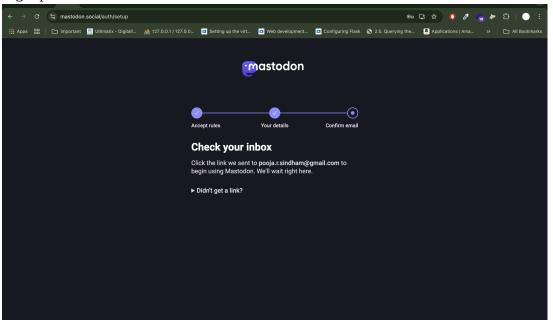
Homework #2 – Twitter Service

Aarsh Sheth || Pooja Sindham || Shivani Jariwala || Aishwariya Indi

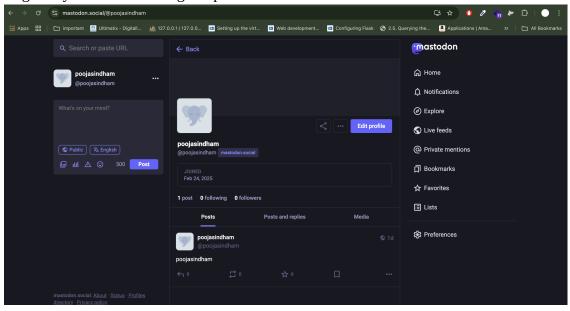
GitHub Link

Get Access token for Mostodon Social

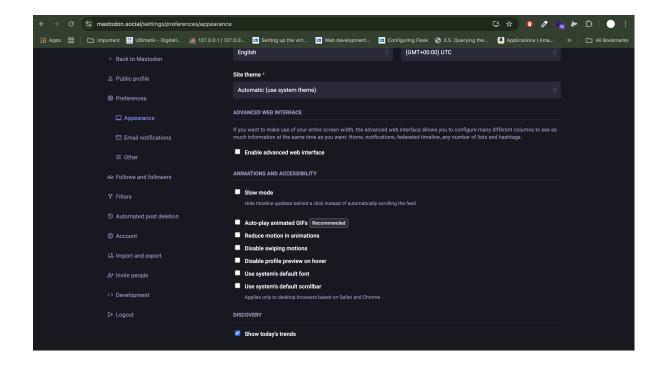
1. Signup for mastodon social.



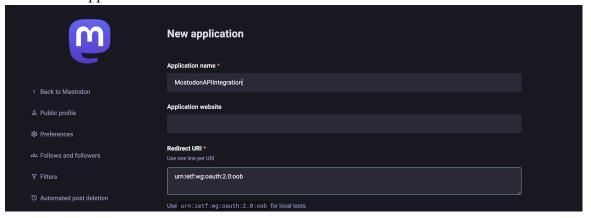
2. Login to your account and go to preferences.



3. Navigate to Preferences > Development.

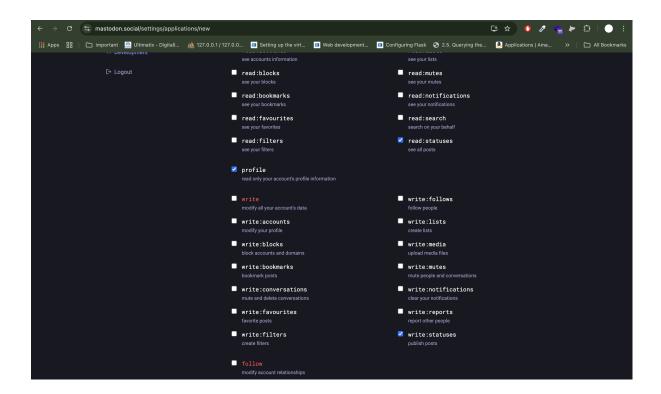


4. Create new application.

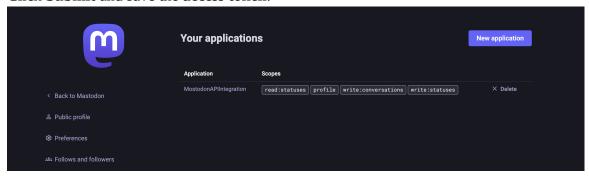


Select the following options

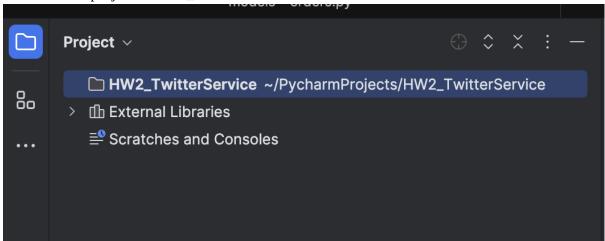
- read:statuses (Retrieve posts)
- write:statuses (Create and delete posts)



5. Click **Submit** and save the **access token**.



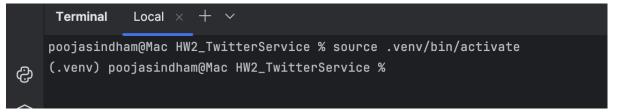
1. Create a new project - HM2_TwitterService



2. Create virtual environment.

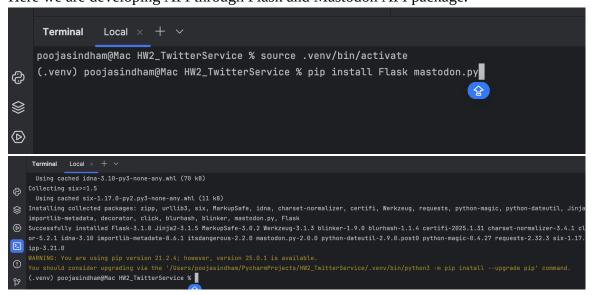
```
poojasindham@Mac HW2_TwitterService % python3 -m venv .venv poojasindham@Mac HW2_TwitterService % ■
```

3. Activate the virtual environment.



4. Install packages.

Here we are developing API through Flask and Mastodon API package.



5. Create .env file to store Access Token.



6. Set up flask server code to create, retrieve and delete post. Create app.py

A. Import the required modules

```
papp.py × ≡ .env

from flask import Flask, render_template, request, jsonify
from mastodon import Mastodon, MastodonAPIError, MastodonNetworkError, MastodonUnauthorizedError
import os
from dotenv import load_dotenv
load_dotenv()
```

Flask: Web framework for handling HTTP requests.

render_template: Renders HTML templates.

request: Gets data from the frontend.

jsonify: Converts Python dictionaries to JSON format.

mastodon: Mastodon API wrapper for Python.

Mastodon APIError, Mastodon Network Error, Mastodon Unauthorized Error:

Handles different API errors.

B. Initialize Flask and Mastodon

```
app.py × ≡ .env

app = Flask(__name__)

# Initialize Mastodon API

mastodon = Mastodon(
    access_token=os.getenv('ACCESS_TOKEN'),

api_base_url="https://mastodon.social"

13 )
```

app = Flask(__name__): Creates a Flask app instance.
Mastodon(...): Connects to the Mastodon API using an access token.

C. Function for handling errors

```
app.py × = .env

14
15  #Function for error handling
16  def handle_error(error_message, status_code=500): 11 usages
17  return jsonify({"error": error_message}), status_code
```

This function will return JSON responses for errors with a message and HTTP status code.

D. Home Page

```
app.py × = .env

18
19     @app.route("/")
20     def home():
21         return render_template("index.html")
22
```

This will render index.html.

E. CreatePost

```
@app.route( rule: "/post", methods=["POST"])

def create_post():

try:

content = request.json.get("content", "")

if not content.strip():

return handle_error( error_message: "Post content cannot be empty", status_code: 400)

post = mastodon.status_post(content)

return jsonify({"message": "Post created", "id": post["id"]})

except MastodonAPIError as e:

return handle_error(f"Mastodon API error: {str(e)}")

except MastodonNetworkError:

return handle_error( error_message: "Network error. Please check your connection.", status_code: 503)

except MastodonUnauthorizedError:

return handle_error( error_message: "Invalid API credentials. Please check your access token.", status_code: 401)

except Exception as e:

return handle_error(f"Unexpected error: {str(e)}")
```

F. Get Post

```
deapp.py x <> index.html  styles.css  script.js  e.env

deapp.route( rule: "/get/<post_id>", methods=["GET"])
def get_post(post_id):
    try:
        post = mastodon.status(post_id)
        return jsonify({"content": post["content"], "created_at": post["created_at"]})
except MastodonAPIError as e:
    return handle_error(f"Failed to retrieve post: {str(e)}")
except Exception as e:
    return handle_error(f"Unexpected error: {str(e)}")
```

G. Delete Post

```
app.py × <> index.html  styles.css  script.js  e.env

49
50    @app.route( rule: "/delete/<post_id>", methods=["DELETE"])
51    def delete_post(post_id):
52         try:
53         mastodon.status_delete(post_id)
54         return jsonify({"message": "Post deleted successfully"})
55         except MastodonAPIError as e:
56         return handle_error(f"Failed to delete post: {str(e)}")
57         except Exception as e:
58         return handle_error(f"Unexpected error: {str(e)}")
59
```

H. Get User Details

```
🗬 app.py 🗵
             <> index.html
                              styles.css
                                              script.js
                                                             ≡ .env
       @app.route( rule: "/user", methods=["GET"])
       def get_user_details():
           try:
               account = mastodon.account_verify_credentials()
               return jsonify({
                   "username": account["username"],
                   "followers": account["followers_count"],
                   "following": account["following_count"],
                   "statuses": account["statuses_count"]
           except MastodonAPIError as e:
               return handle_error(f"Failed to fetch user details: {str(e)}")
           except Exception as e:
               return handle_error(f"Unexpected error: {str(e)}")
```

7. Simple UI to interact with Flask API

A. index.html in templates directory

```
💠 арр.ру
                                                         <> index.html
                                                                           styles.css
                                                                                           script.js

∨ 
□ HW2_TwitterService

  > 🗀 .venv
                                                    <meta charset="UTF-8">

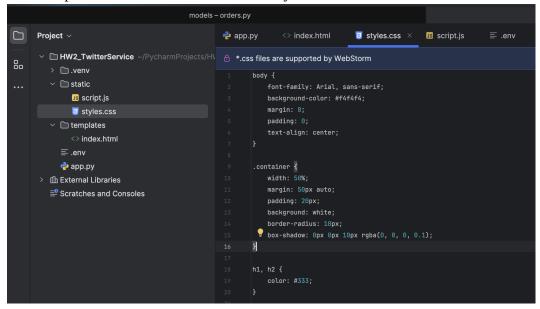
∨ □ static

                                                      <title>Mastodon API Integration</title>
       script.js
       styles.css

√ □ templates

        > index.html
                                                           <h1>Mastodon API Integration</h1>
    🗬 арр.ру
> Ifh External Libraries
  Scratches and Consoles
                                                           <textarea id="postContent" placeholder="Write something..."></textarea>
                                                       <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='script.js') }}"></script>
```

B. Add Simple CSS for look and feel of UI. styles.css files under static folder.



C. JavaScript to handle API request and error handling

Display Message

Create Post

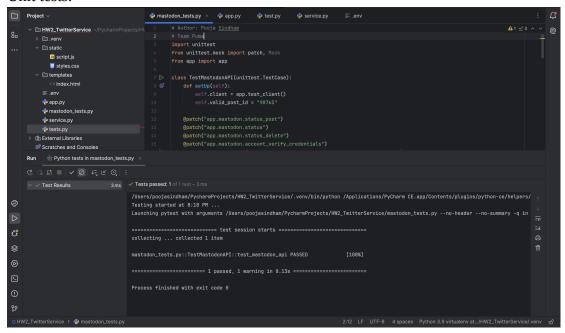
```
🦆 app.py
             <> index.html
                               styles.css
                                               script.js ×
                                                              \equiv .env
★.js files are supported by WebStorm
       async function createPost() {
           const content = document.getElementById("postContent").value;
           const response = await fetch("/post", {
               method: "POST",
               headers: { "Content-Type": "application/json" },
               body: JSON.stringify({ content })
           const data = await response.json();
           if (response.ok) {
               showMessage("Post Created! ID: " + data.id);
           } else {
               showMessage("Error: " + data.error, true);
```

Get Post

Delete Post

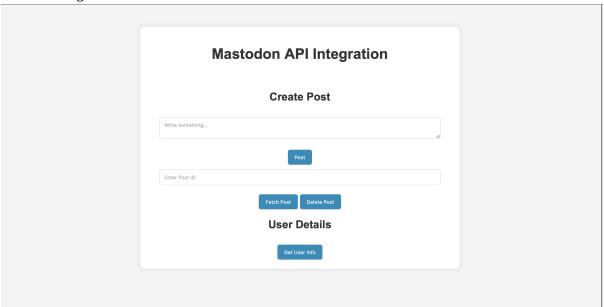
Get User Details

D. Unit tests.

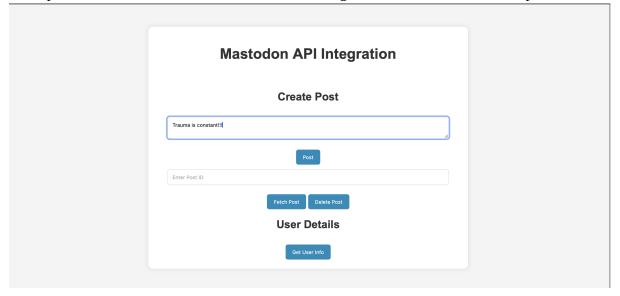


UI (Frontend)

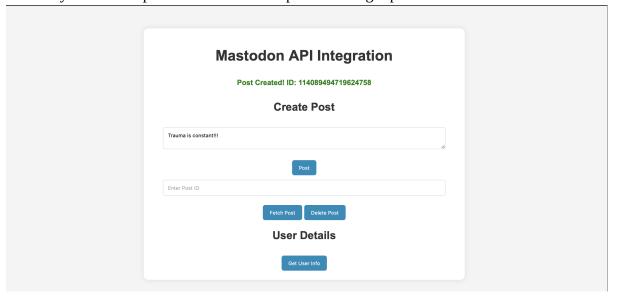
1. Home Page



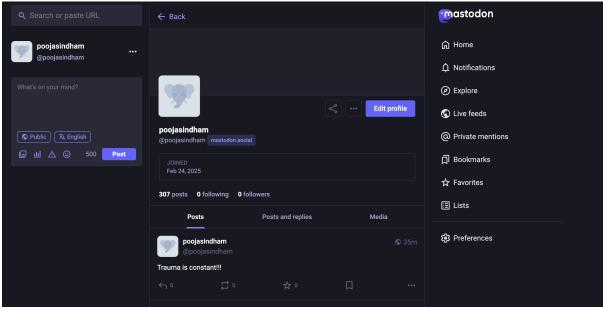
2. To post a text on mastodon social write something in the textbox and click on post.



3. Once you click on post. You will see the post ID that got posted.

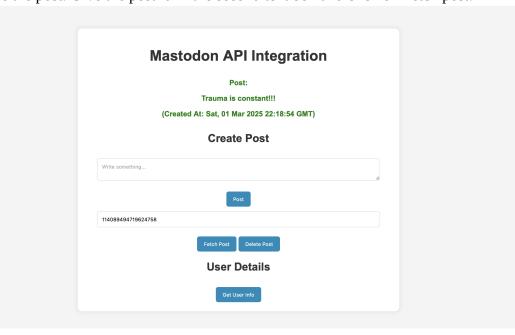


You can see it posted on mastodon social.

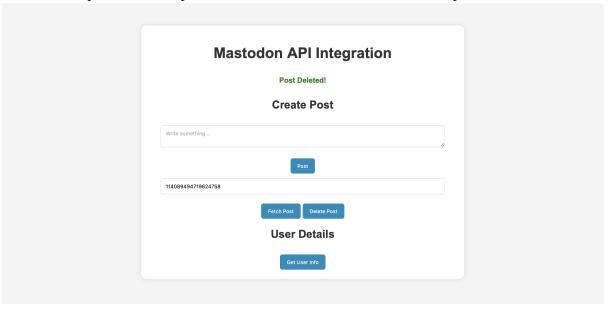


4. Now you can use this post id to retrieve or delete the post.

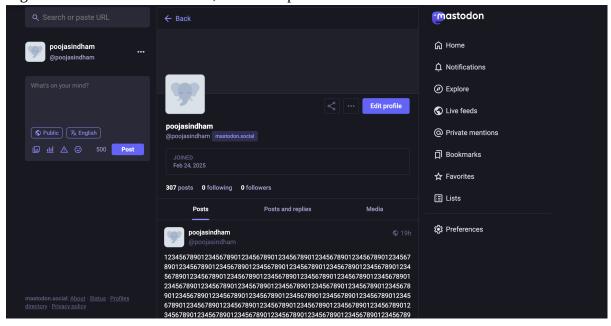
5. Retrieve the post. Give the post id in the second text box and click on Fetch post.



6. Delete the post. Give the post id in second text box and click delete post.



It got reflected in mastodon API, where the post will be deleted.



7. Get User Info will fetch the user details like followers, following and number of posts.

