

Recursion → N-th power

 Medium

 11 minutes



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It is possible to find a **n-th** power much quicker than by making **n** multiplications!

To do this you need to use the following recurrence relations:

$a^n = (a^2)^{n/2}$ for even n,

$a^n = a * a^{n-1}$ for odd n.

Implement the algorithm of quick exponentiating using a recursion method.

 Report a typo

Sample Input 1:

2.0
1

Sample Output 1:

2.0

Sample Input 2:

1.5
10

Sample Output 2:

57.665

↵ Write a program

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```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class Main {
4
5     public static double pow(double a, long n) {
6         // write your code here
7         if (n == 1) {
8             return a;
9         } else if (n == 0) {
10            return 1;
11        } else {
12            if (n % 2 == 0) {
13                return pow(a * a, n / 2);
14            } else {
15                return a * pow(a, n - 1);
16            }
17        }
18    }
19
20    /* Do not change code below */
21    public static void main(String[] args) {
22        final Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
23        final double a = Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine());
24        final int n = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine());
25        System.out.println(pow(a, n));
26        scanner.close();
27    }
28 }
29
```

Java

✓ Correct.

That's an awesome solution! What do you think about showing it off? [Post it to Solutions](#) so other learners can enjoy it too.

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