Java → Basic syntax and simple programs → Arrays → <u>Iterating over arrays</u>

<u>Iterating over arrays</u> → Sum array elements greater than a value

3228 users solved this problem. Latest completion was 1 day ago.

Write a program that reads an array of ints and an integer number n. The program must sum all the array elements greater than n.

Input data format

The first line contains the size of an array.

The second line contains elements of the array separated by spaces.

The third line contains the number **n**.

Output data format

Only a single number representing the sum.

Report a typo

Sample Input 1:

```
5
5  8  11  2  10
8
```

Sample Output 1:

21

Sample Input 2:

```
4
-5 -4 -6 -11
-10
```

Sample Output 2:

-15

Code Editor IDE

```
Java
1 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Main {
       public static void main(String[] arStrings) {
5
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
            int sum = 0;
            int n;
8
            int length = scanner.nextInt();
            int[] numbers = new int[length];
10
11
            for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
                numbers[i] = scanner.nextInt();
12
13
14
            n = scanner.nextInt();
15
16
            for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
                if (numbers[i] > n) {
17
                    sum += numbers[i];
18
19
20
21
22
            System.out.println(sum);
23
            scanner.close();
24
25 }
26
```

https://hyperskill.org/learn/step/2134

✓ Correct.

That's an awesome solution! What do you think about showing it off? <u>Post it to Solutions</u> so other learners can enjoy it too.

322 users liked this problem. 7 didn't like it. What about you?











Continue

Solve again

Solutions (191)

Time limit: 8 seconds Memory limit: 256 MB

Comments (13)

<u>Hints (2)</u>

<u>Useful links (0)</u>

Solutions (191)

Show discussion

https://hyperskill.org/learn/step/2134