

## Rules / Theorem.

① For constant  $c$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n c = cn$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n (a_k + b_k) = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k + \sum_{k=1}^n b_k$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n c a_k = c \sum_{k=1}^n a_k \quad (\text{for constant } c)$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n k^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$