## Fri 22 Apr

- Exam 3: Issue with increasing/decreasing, number lines, etc. Point for signature.
- today: Last day to drop with a "W".
- Exam 4 next Friday. Covers §4.7-5.4



#### $\S 5.4$ Working with Integrals

- Integrating Even and Odd Functions
- Average Value of a Function
- Mean Value Theorem for Integrals
- Book Problems

# §5.4 Working with Integrals

Now that we have methods to use in integrating functions, we can examine applications of integration. These applications include:

- Integration of even and odd functions;
- Finding the average value of a functions;
- Developing the Mean Value Theorem for Integrals.

## Integrating Even and Odd Functions

Recall the definition of an even function,

$$f(-x) = f(x),$$

and of an odd function,

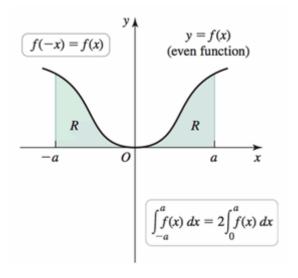
$$f(-x) = -f(x).$$

These properties simplify integrals when the interval in question is centered at the origin.

Even functions are symmetric about the y-axis. So

$$\int_{-a}^{0} f(x) \ dx = \int_{0}^{a} f(x) \ dx$$

i.e., the area under the curve to the left of the y-axis is equal to the area under the curve to the right.

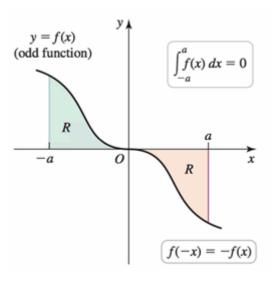


the base for these sinces was done by Dr. Onannon Dingman, later encoded into Exten by Dr. Drad Eddes and modified formatied by Dr. Asiney N. Wheeler

On the other hand, odd functions have  $180^{\circ}$  rotation symmetry about the origin. So

$$\int_{-a}^{0} f(x) \ dx = -\int_{0}^{a} f(x) \ dx$$

i.e., the area under the curve to the left of the origin is the negative of the area under the curve to the right of the origin.



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#### Exercise

Evaluate the following integrals using the properties of even and odd functions:

- (1)  $\int_{-4}^{4} (3x^2 x) \ dx$
- (2)  $\int_{-1}^{1} (1 |x|) dx$
- $(3) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin x \ dx$

## Average Value of a Function

Finding the average value of a function is similar to finding the average of a set of numbers. We can estimate the average of f(x) between points a and b by partitioning the interval [a,b] into n equally sized sections and choosing y-values  $f(\overline{x}_k)$  for each  $[x_{k-1},x_k]$ . The average is approximately

$$\frac{f(\overline{x}_1) + f(\overline{x}_2) + \dots + f(\overline{x}_n)}{n} = \frac{f(\overline{x}_1) + f(\overline{x}_2) + \dots + f(\overline{x}_n)}{\left(\frac{b-a}{\Delta x}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \left( f(\overline{x}_1) + f(\overline{x}_2) + \dots + f(\overline{x}_n) \right) \Delta x$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \sum_{k=1}^n f(\overline{x}_k) \Delta x$$

## Average Value of a Function

The estimate gets more accurate, the more y-values we take. Thus the average value of an integrable function f on the interval [a,b] is

$$\overline{f} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{b - a} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(\overline{x}_k) \Delta x \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{b - a} \left( \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(\overline{x}_k) \Delta x \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{b - a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx.$$

### Example

The elevation of a path is given by  $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 10$ , where x measures horizontal distances. Draw a graph of the elevation function and find its average value for  $0 \le x \le 4$ .

#### Exercise

Find the average value of the function f(x) = x(1-x) on the interval [0,1].

## Mean Value Theorem for Integrals

The average value of a function leads to the Mean Value Theorem for Integrals. Similar to the Mean Value Theorem from  $\S 4.6$ , the MVT for integrals says we can find a point c between a and b so that f(c) is the average value of the function.

#### Theorem (Mean Value Theorem for Integrals)

If f is continuous on [a,b], then there is at least one point c in [a,b] such that

$$f(c) = \overline{f} = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \ dx.$$

In other words, the horizontal line  $y=\overline{f}=f(c)$  intersects the graph of f for some point c in [a,b].



#### Exercise

Find or approximate the point(s) at which  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$  equals its average value on [0, 2].

#### 5.4 Book Problems

7-27 (odds), 31-39 (odds)