

Wed 27 Apr

- Exam 4 Friday. Covers §4.7-5.4
- Final! is in two weeks – same location as the midterm

1 Week 14: 25-29 Apr

- Wednesday 27 April

Exam #4 Review

- Other Remarks on the Exam

§5.4 Exam #4 Review

- §4.7 L'Hôpital's Rule
 - Know how to use L'Hôpital's Rule, including knowing under what conditions the Rule works.
 - Be able to apply L'Hôpital's Rule to a variety of limits that are in indeterminate forms (e.g., $0/0$, ∞/∞ , $0 \cdot \infty$, $\infty - \infty$, 1^∞ , 0^0 , ∞^0).
 - Be able to use L'Hôpital's Rule to determine the growth rates of two given functions.
 - Be aware of the pitfalls in using L'Hôpital's Rule.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- **PRACTICE THESE.** Some of the book problems have non-obvious algebra tricks that simplify an otherwise crazy problem.

Exercise (s)

Use analytical methods to evaluate the following limits:

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2 \ln \left(\cos \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$(2) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\pi - 2x) \tan x$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 e^{\frac{1}{x}} - x^2 - x)$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{1}{\ln x}}$$

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

Exercise

Show, using limits, that x^x grows faster than b^x as $x \rightarrow \infty$, for any $b > 1$.

- §4.9 Antiderivatives

- Know the definition of an antiderivative and be able to find one or all antiderivatives of a function.
- Be able to evaluate indefinite integrals, including using known properties of indefinite integrals (i.e., Power Rule, Constant Multiple Rule, Sum Rule).
- Know how to find indefinite integrals of the six trig functions, of e^{ax} , of $\ln x$, and of the three inverse trig functions listed in the notes.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- Be able to solve initial value problems to find specific antiderivatives.
- Be able to use antiderivatives to work with motion problems.

Exercise

A payload is dropped at an elevation of 400 m from a hot-air balloon that is descending at a rate of 10 m/s. Its acceleration due to gravity is -9.8 m/s^2 .

- Find the velocity function for the payload.
- Find the position function for the payload.
- Find the time when the payload strikes the ground.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- §5.1 Approximating Areas under Curves
 - Be able to use rectangles to approximate area under the curve for a given function.
 - Be able to write and compute a Riemann sum using a table (#35-38 in text).
 - Be able to identify whether a given Riemann sum written in sigma notation is a left, right, or midpoint sum.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- §5.2 Definite Integrals
 - Be able to compute left, right, or midpoint Riemann sums for curves that have negative components, and understand the concept of net area. Know the difference between (total) area and net area.
 - Be able to evaluate a definite integral using geometry or a given graph.
 - Know the properties of definite integrals and be able to use them to evaluate a definite integral.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

Question

If f is continuous on $[a, b]$ and $\int_1^b |f(x)| dx = 0$, what can you conclude about f ?

Exercise

Use geometry to evaluate $\int_1^{10} g(x) dx$, where

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 4x & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -8x + 16 & 2 < x \leq 3 \\ -8 & x > 3 \end{cases}.$$

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- §5.3 Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
 - Understand the concept of an area function, and be able to evaluate an area function as x changes.
 - Know the two parts of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and its significance (i.e., the inverse relationship between differentiation and integration).
 - Use the FTC to evaluate definite integrals or simplify given expressions.

Exercise

Given $g(x) = \int_0^x (t^2 + 1) dt$, compute $g'(x)$ using

- FTOC I.
- FTOC II.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

- §5.4 Working with Integrals
 - Be able to integrate even and odd functions knowing the “shortcuts” provided by these functions’ characteristics.
 - Be able to find the average value of a function.
 - Know the Mean Value Theorem for Integrals and be able to use it to find points associated with the average value of a function.

§5.4 Exam #4 Review (cont.)

Exercise

Find the point(s) at which the given function equals its average value on the given interval.

(1) $f(x) = e^x$ on $[0, 2]$

(2) $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{4} \sin x$ on $[0, \pi]$

(3) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ on $[1, 4]$

Other Remarks on the Exam

Tips for studying efficiently and effectively:

- Given today's lists of materials you should know for the exam, if you see a topic you don't know then go back to the slides covering that topic first.
- Review slides for days you missed.
- Redo the quizzes until you can get a perfect score without looking at the key.
- Book problems. Do those problems with the same attention and care you put into Exam #3.
- Read the textbook.