You have 25 minutes to complete this quiz. Eyes on your own paper and good luck!

1. **Definitions/Concepts.** (2 pts) Fill in the following inequalities using the symbols TRAP(n) or MID(n).

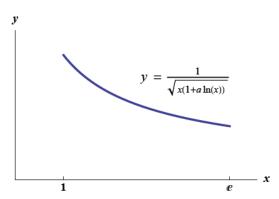
If the graph of f is concave down on [a, b], then

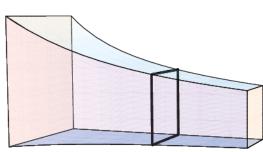
$$\leq \int_a^b f(x)dx \leq$$

If the graph of f is concave up on [a, b], then

$$\leq \int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \leq$$

2. Questions/Problems. (8 pts) Let S be the solid whose base is the region bounded by the graph of the curve $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(1+a\ln x)}}$ (for some positive constant a > 0), the x-axis, the lines x = 1 and x = e. The cross-sections of S perpendicular to the x-axis are squares. Find the exact volume of S.





3. Computations/Algebra.

(a)
$$\int_0^6 \pi (3 - y/2)^2 dy$$

- i. (1 pt) Which shape is being integrated? Choose one:
 - A. triangle
 - B. part of a circle
 - C. hemisphere
 - D. cone
- ii. (2 pts) If you chose triangle, write down the base and height, indicating which is which. If you chose part of a circle or hemisphere, write down the radius. If you chose cone, write down the radius and the height, indicating which is which.
- iii. (2 pts) Draw a picture to justify your answers to parts i. and ii.

(b)
$$\int_{-9}^{9} \sqrt{81 - x^2} dx$$

- i. (1 pt) Which shape is being integrated? Choose one:
 - A. triangle
 - B. part of a circle
 - C. hemisphere
 - D. cone
- ii. (2 pts) If you chose triangle, write down the base and height, indicating which is which. If you chose part of a circle or hemisphere, write down the radius. If you chose cone, write down the radius and the height, indicating which is which.
- iii. (2 pts) Draw a picture to justify your answers to parts i. and ii.

ChAlLeNgE pRoBlEm: Rotate the bell curve $y = e^{-x^2/2}$ around the y-axis, forming a hill-shaped solid of revolution. Using horizontal slices, find the exact volume of this hill.