信息处理技术 作业6

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题目:聚合聚类

1. 题目分析:

完成由底向上的非传统聚合聚类,允许不完全嵌套

2. 思路分析

聚类依据动态维护的相似度矩阵,使用嵌套列表用物理上的一维实现逻辑上的二维。

为减少不必要的时间空间浪费,嵌套列表时采用变长方式,保证两个类的相似度仅被存储一次。

相当于在一个行向量中存储了一系列不等长的列向量,列向量中的分量记录了此类与此前各类之间的相似度

示意图如下

١	C 1	C2	C 3	C 4
C1		?	?	?
C2			?	?
C3				?
C4				

源代码

Matrix.py

```
class matrix:
    m = [] # proximity matrix
    PointsDic = {} # cluster result
    def __init__(self,points):
        self.centerpoints = points
        for i in range(0,len(points)):
            self.PointsDic[i] = points[i]
            self.m.append([])
                               # append empty list to m thus initiate an empty proximity matrix
        for i in range(0,len(points)):
            for j in range(0,i):
                self.m[i].append(abs(points[i]-points[j]))
    def nextcluster(self):
        min = float('Inf')
        minx = -1
        miny = -1
        # find the min in the proximity matrix and note these two clusters
```

```
for i in range(0,len(self.m)):
    for j in range(0,len(self.m[i])):
        if self.m[i][j]<min:</pre>
            min = self.m[i][j]
            minx = j
            miny = i
# update the cluster result
self.PointsDic[minx] = (self.PointsDic[minx], self.PointsDic[miny])
# update the centerpoints
self.centerpoints[minx] = (self.centerpoints[minx]+self.centerpoints[miny])/2
# update the proximity matrix
del self.m[miny]
del self.centerpoints[miny]
for i in range(minx+1,len(self.m)):
    self.m[i][minx] = abs(self.centerpoints[minx]-self.centerpoints[i])
for i in range(miny,len(self.m)):
    del self.m[i][miny]
    self.PointsDic[i] = self.PointsDic[i+1]
```

Main.py

```
import Matrix
str = input("Please input points, split by blank\n")
str = str.strip() # eat the white before or after the valid input
strpoints = str.split(" ") # divide the input and store it in a string list
points = []
for point in strpoints:
    try:
        points.append(float(point)) # transfer the string point to float
    except:
        print("Input error")
iMatrix = Matrix.matrix(points)
# call the cluster function until there is only one cluster
while(len(iMatrix.m) > 1):
    iMatrix.nextcluster()
# show the cluster result
print(iMatrix.PointsDic[0])
```

测试样例

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.16299.431]
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D:\>D:\Main.py
Please input points, split by blank
1 2 5 7 8 13 16
(((1.0, 2.0), (5.0, (7.0, 8.0))), (13.0, 16.0))
```