

Linux-C语言实现文件夹拷贝与性能测试

学院: 软件学院

学号: 2212195

姓名: 乔昊

实验目标

要求

编写C/C++程序,展示在用户模式下所有进程信息

效果

类似 ps -ef 命令,展示 UID PID PPID TTY C CMD TIME STIME信息

```
qh2212195@Rika:~$ ps -ef
UID
                PPID C STIME TTY
                                            TIME CMD
            PID
root
                    0 0 15:10 ?
                                        00:00:01 /sbin/init splash
                     0 0 15:10 ?
root
                                        00:00:00 [kthreadd]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [pool_workqueue_release]
root
                     2 0 15:10 ?
root
              4
                                         00:00:00 [kworker/R-rcu_gp]
root
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [kworker/R-sync_wq]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [kworker/R-slub_flushwq]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [kworker/R-netns]
root
root
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                        00:00:02 [kworker/0:1-events]
root
             10
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                        00:00:00 [kworker/0:0H-kblockd]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
             11
root
                                        00:00:00 [kworker/u512:0-ipv6_addrconf]
                                        00:00:00 [kworker/R-mm_percpu_wq]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
root
             13
                    2 0 15:10 ?
root
                                        00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_kthread]
             14
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                        00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_rude_kthread]
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_trace_kthread]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [ksoftirqd/0]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                         00:00:00 [rcu_preempt]
root
                                    00:00:00 [rcu_exp_par_gp_kthread_worker/1]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
```

实验准备

安装GCC开发工具

执行 sudo apt-get install build-essential 命令, 安装C/C++开发工具

```
qh2212195@Rika:~$ sudo apt-get install build-essential
[sudo] qh2212195 的密码:
正在读取软件包列表... 完成
正在分析软件包的依赖关系树... 完成
正在读取状态信息... 完成
build-essential 已经是最新版 (12.10ubuntu1)。
升级了 0 个软件包,新安装了 0 个软件包,要卸载 0 个软件包,有 21 个软件包未被升级。
```

准备C/C++开发环境

本次实验采用vim编辑C语言文件

查看系统状态

执行 cd /proc/8750 命令, 进入一个进程所在文件

```
qh2212195@Rika:~$ cd /proc/8750
qh2212195@Rika:/proc/8750$ |
```

执行 more status 命令, 查看当前进程状态信息

```
qh2212195@Rika:/proc/8750$ more status
Name: kworker/1:0-cgroup_destroy
State: I (idle)
Tgid: 8750
Ngid: 0
Pid: 8750
PPid: 2
TracerPid:
Uid: 0
Gid:
FDSize: 64
Groups:
NStgid: 8750
NSpid: 8750
NSpgid: 0
NSsid: 0
Threads:
SigQ: 1/13611
SigPnd: 000000000000000000
```

执行 cat cmdline 命令, 查看内核的命令行参数

```
qh2212195@Rika:/proc/8750$ cat cmdline
qh2212195@Rika:/proc/8750$
```

执行 cat stat 命令,显示 inode 内容

```
qh2212195@Rika:/proc/8750$ cat stat
8750 (kworker/1:0-cgroup_destroy) I 2 0 0 0 -1 69238880 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 420814 0 0 18446744073709551615 0 0 0 0 0 0 21474
83647 0 0 0 0 17 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

实验过程

执行 ps -ef 命令, 展示当前用户模式下的所有进程

```
qh2212195@Rika:~$ ps -ef
UID
           PID
                 PPID C STIME TTY
                                          TIME CMD
root
                   0 0 15:10 ?
                                       00:00:01 /sbin/init splash
root
                    0 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kthreadd]
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [pool_workqueue_release]
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/R-rcu_gp]
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/R-sync_wq]
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/R-slub_flushwq]
root
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/R-netns]
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:02 [kworker/0:1-events]
                    2 0 15:10 ?
            10
                                       00:00:00 [kworker/0:0H-kblockd]
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/u512:0-ipv6_addrconf]
root
            11
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [kworker/R-mm_percpu_wq]
root
            13
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_kthread]
root
            14
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_rude_kthread]
root
root
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [rcu_tasks_trace_kthread]
root
            16
                    2 0 15:10 ?
                                      00:00:00 [ksoftirqd/0]
                     2 0 15:10 ?
                                       00:00:00 [rcu_preempt]
                   root
```

编写C语言文件,展示进程的 UID PID PPID TTY C CMD TIME STIME 信息

```
qh2212195@Rika:~$ gcc listdir.c -o listdir
qh2212195@Rika:~$ ./listdir
          PID PPID C STIME TTY
UID
                                     TIME CMD
root
                 0 0 04:28 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
                  0 0 16:13 ?
root
                 2 0 16:13 ?
root
                                    00:00:00 /sbin/init
                 2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
root
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
           10
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
           11
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
           12
                 2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
                 2 0 16:13 ?
root
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
           14
                 2 0 16:13 ?
                                    00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
root
           15
               2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
                2 0 16:12 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
               2 0 16:12 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
           18
                2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
           19
                  2 0 16:13 ?
                                     00:00:00 /sbin/init
root
```

代码展示

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <pwd.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/sysinfo.h>
#include <ctype.h>
// 辅助函数,用于安全地打开文件并处理错误
FILE* safe_fopen(const char* path, const char* mode) {
    FILE* file = fopen(path, mode);
   if (!file) {
       fprintf(stderr, "Error opening file: %s\n", path);
   }
    return file;
}
// 辅助函数,用于安全地关闭文件
void safe_fclose(FILE* file) {
   if (file) {
       fclose(file);
   }
}
// 解析进程信息并打印
void print_process_info(const char* pid) {
    char status_path[256], stat_path[256], cmdline_path[256], uid_str[32], tty[32], time_str[32],
   int ppid, cpu_usage;
    unsigned long stime, utime, cutime, cstime;
    struct passwd* pw = NULL;
    struct tm* start_time;
   time_t boot_time, proc_start_time;
    struct sysinfo info;
    snprintf(status_path, sizeof(status_path), "/proc/%s/status", pid);
```

```
snprintf(stat_path, sizeof(stat_path), "/proc/%s/stat", pid);
snprintf(cmdline path, sizeof(cmdline path), "/proc/%s/cmdline", pid);
// 读取 UID
FILE* status file = safe fopen(status path, "r");
if (status_file) {
    char line[256];
    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), status_file)) {
        if (strncmp(line, "Uid:", 4) == 0) {
            sscanf(line, "Uid:\t%s", uid_str);
            break;
        }
    }
    safe_fclose(status_file);
} else {
    return;
}
// 读取 PPID, STIME, UTIME, CUTIME, CSTIME
FILE* stat_file = safe_fopen(stat_path, "r");
if (stat_file) {
    fscanf(stat file, "%*d %*s %*c %d %*d %*d %*d %*d %*u %*u %*u %*u %*u %lu %lu %lu %lu %td %*d
    safe_fclose(stat_file);
} else {
    return;
}
// 计算进程开始时间
boot_time = time(NULL) - sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK) * (utime + stime + cutime + cstime);
proc_start_time = boot_time + stime / sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK);
start_time = localtime(&proc_start_time);
strftime(time_str, sizeof(time_str), "%H:%M", start_time);
// 读取命令行
FILE* cmdline_file = safe_fopen(cmdline_path, "r");
if (cmdline_file) {
    if (fgets(cmd, sizeof(cmd), cmdline_file)) {
        if (cmd[0] == '\0') {
            snprintf(cmd, sizeof(cmd), "[%s]", pid);
```

```
}
        }
        safe_fclose(cmdline_file);
    } else {
        return;
    }
    // 获取 TTY
    char tty_path[256];
    snprintf(tty_path, sizeof(tty_path), "/proc/%s/fd/0", pid);
    ssize_t len = readlink(tty_path, tty, sizeof(tty) - 1);
    if (len!= -1) {
       tty[len] = '\0';
    } else {
        strcpy(tty, "?");
    }
    sysinfo(&info);
    unsigned long total_time = utime + stime + cutime + cstime;
    double seconds = info.uptime - (total_time / sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK));
    cpu_usage = (int)(100.0 * ((total_time / sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)) / seconds));
    // 使用 uid 中的用户 ID 获取 passwd 结构体
    uid_t user_id;
    if (sscanf(uid_str, "%u", &user_id)!= 1 || user_id <= 0) {
        user_id = -1;
    }
    pw = getpwuid(user_id);
    printf("%-8s %5s %5d %2d %5s %-8s %s %s\n", pw? pw->pw_name : "Unknown", pid, ppid, cpu_usage,
}
int main() {
    DIR* proc_dir;
    struct dirent* entry;
    proc_dir = opendir("/proc");
    if (!proc_dir) {
        perror("opendir");
```

```
return 1;
}

printf("%-8s %5s %5s %2s %5s %-8s %s %s\n", "UID", "PID", "PPID", "C", "STIME", "TTY", "TIME",
while ((entry = readdir(proc_dir))!= NULL) {
    if (entry->d_type == DT_DIR && isdigit(entry->d_name[0])) {
        print_process_info(entry->d_name);
    }
}

closedir(proc_dir);
return 0;
}
```

实验结论

本次实验成功通过编写C语言文件,实现了展示用户模式下进程的 UID PID PPID TTY C CMD TIME STIME 信息,结构上与 ps -ef 相同,但是由于时间差异,进程信息相似而不同。

实验总结

在本次操作系统实验课上,我按照课件中的安装指引,更新了C/C++开发工具,查看了系统进程的信息,并成功编写C语言代码实现了展示用户模式下进程的 UID PID PPID TTY C CMD TIME STIME 信息,结构与 ps -ef 命令相同,内容相似

本次实验让我学会了 ps -ef more cat 等命令,加深了我对linux命令的认识,更重要的是,我学会了如何查看linux系统中用户模式下进程信息,并且可以使用C语言编写代码查看用户进程信息,一方面提高了我的C语言代码能力,让我学会已有技术解决新的问题,另一方面,加深了我对linux系统进程的认识。

总的来说,这次的实验虽然过程曲折,在编译内核文件时遇到诸多未曾见过的问题,但最终 在查阅资料和向同学寻求帮助之后,成功解决了遇到的问题。