

Successful management of haemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis in an adolescent with newly diagnosed HIV/AIDS and histoplasmosis

Key Takeaways:

1. Haemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) can be successfully treated without the use of corticosteroids and chemotherapy.
2. The importance of a comprehensive approach in diagnosing and treating HLH, especially in the presence of multiple infections such as HIV, streptococcal bacteremia, and histoplasmosis.
3. The use of anakinra showed effectiveness in treating HLH in an adolescent with multiple infections.
4. An individualized approach to treating patients with HLH can lead to favorable outcomes.
5. This case highlights the need for careful assessment and management of concomitant infections in patients with HLH.