Musical Characteristics as defined by Spotify.

Danceability	Danceability describes how suitable a track is for dancing based on a combination of musical elements including tempo, rhythm stability, beat strength, and overall regularity.
Acousticness	Music that solely or primarily uses instruments that produce sound through acoustic means, as opposed to electric or electronic means.
Loudness	Loudness is the quality of a sound that is the primary psychological correlate of physical strength (amplitude).
Liveness	Detects the presence of an audience in the recording.
Energy	Represents a perceptual measure of intensity and activity. Perceptual features contributing to this attribute include dynamic range, perceived loudness, timbre, onset rate, and general entropy.
Valence	The musical positiveness conveyed by a track. Tracks with high valence sound more positive (e.g. happy, cheerful, euphoric), while tracks with low valence sound more negative (e.g. sad, depressed, angry).
Tempo	Tempo is the speed or pace of a given piece and derives directly from the average beat duration.