9.30.2011 Integers on a Number Line

Do Now:

1.
$$3(8-2) + 12$$

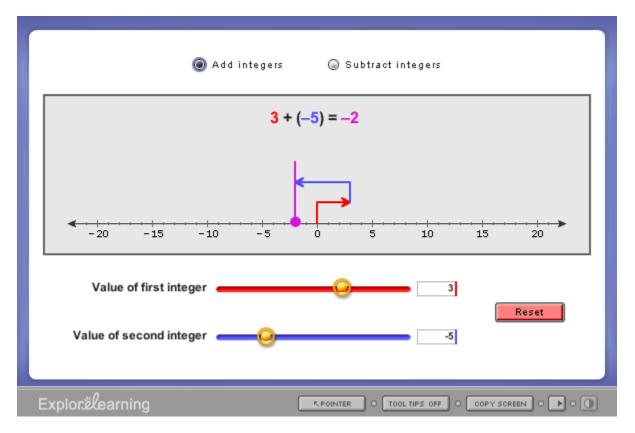
 $3(6) + 12$
 $18 + 12 = 30$
2. $\frac{17-12}{5} + (4-2)$
 $\frac{5}{5} + (2)$
 $1 + 2 = 3$
3. $14 + (-11) = 3$

4. $9 - (-8) = \frac{17}{1}$

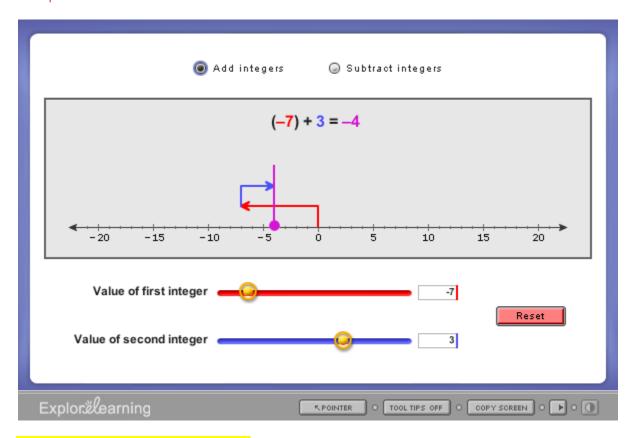
Adding Integers on a Number Line

- Always start at zero.
- First number tells direction from zero and number of units to move.
- Second number tells direction from the first number and number of units to move.

Example: 3+(-5)



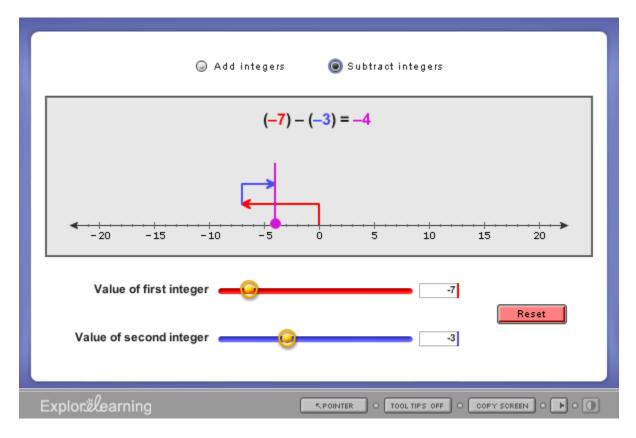
Example: -7+3



Subtracting Integers on a Number Line

- Always start at zero.
- First number tells direction from zero and number of units to move.
- Second number tells direction from the first number and number of units to move.

Example: 7–(-3)



Example: -4 - 8

