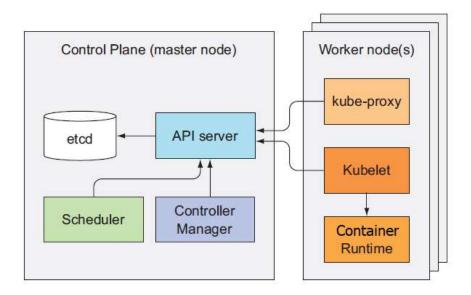
# 9 week

# Authentication and User Management & Authorization & Admission Control

# **Kubernetes internals – Control Plane**

- master node = Control Plane



### 

※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-11/34

# [별첨] ComponentStatus – 오류 해결

- master node에서 설정 파일 수정 필요

> sudo nano /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-controller-manager.yaml

> sudo nano /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-scheduler.yaml

```
...
#---port=0 2개 따일 모두 '---port=0' 해당 라인 주석 처리
...
```

> sudo systemctl restart kubelet.service

- master node에서 해봐도 좋고, 원격으로 접근해서 해도 좋고 ...

### > kubectl get componentstatuses

Warning: v1 ComponentStatus is deprecated in v1.19+

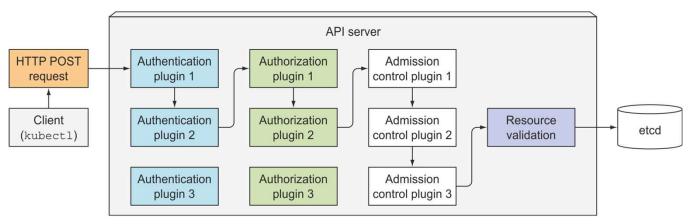
NAME STATUS MESSAGE ERROR

controller-manager Healthy ok scheduler Healthy ok

etcd-0 Healthy {"health":"true"}

## **Kubernetes internals – API Server**

- Authentication plugin : 클라이언트 인증
- . 클라이언트의 사용자 이름, 사용자 ID, 속해 있는 그룹 정보 추출
- Authorization plugin : 클라이언트 인가
- . 요청한 작업이 요청한 리소스를 대상으로 수행할 수 있는지 판별
- Admission control plugin : 요청된 리소스 확인 및 수정
- . 리소스 생성/수정/삭제 요청인 경우에만 수행 (리소스 정의에서 누락된 필드 초기화/재정의 等)
- . ex) Always PullImages, Service Account, Namespace Lifecycle  $\dots$



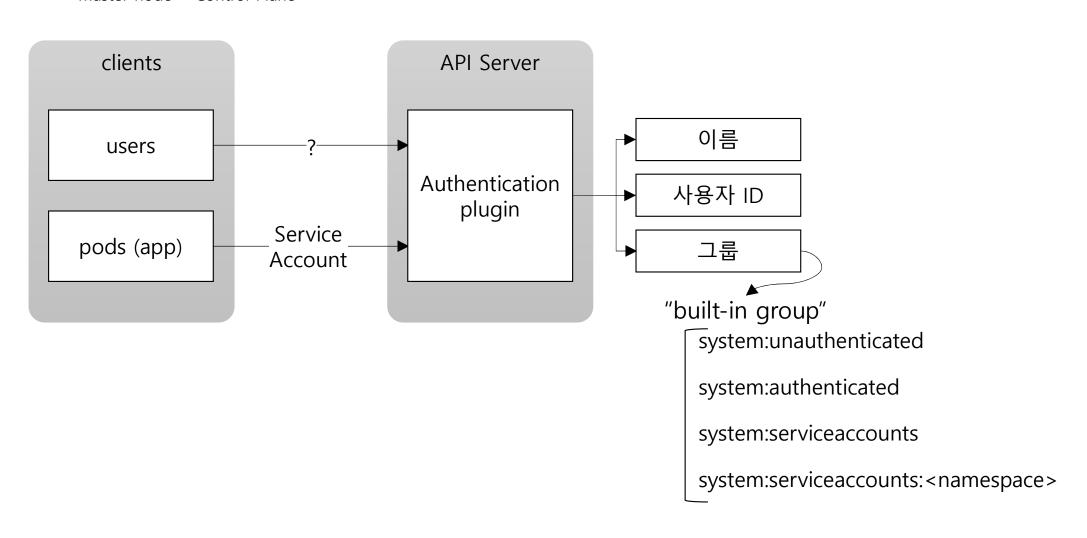
※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-11/93

### **Authorization concepts** The second input to the authorization module is a vector containing the request path, Client resource, verb, and namespace The client's request is authenticated (and other secondary attributes) - path - resource - verb Authentication namespace - username If the authentication was successful, -ID the credentials are taken as one input of - group **Authz** modules the authorization module. Authorization If the user or application is permitted to execute a certain action on a certain resource. the request is passed on further to the next component in the chain, the admission controller. Admission controllers

※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-12/114

# **Authentication – Users & Groups**

- master node = Control Plane



### **Create ServiceAccount**

- Why? Secret!

### > kubectl create serviceaccount foo

serviceaccount/foo created

### > kubectl describe serviceaccounts foo

Name: foo

Namespace: default Labels: <none>

Annotations: <none>
Image pull secrets: <none>

이 SA를 사용하는 Pod의 기본값으로 설정된

Mountable secrets: foo-token-f6ld5
Tokens: foo-token-f6ld5

Events: <none>

### > kubectl get serviceaccounts

NAME SECRETS AGE default 1 45d foo 1 32m

### > kubectl describe secrets foo-token-f6ld5

Name: foo-token-f6ld5

Namespace: default Labels: <none>

Annotations: kubernetes.io/service-account.name: foo

kubernetes.io/service-account.uid: 5d0a4ef2-2423-4a9a-96ed-

ba2c203cf0b8

Type: kubernetes.io/service-account-token

Data

ca.crt: 1066 bytes
namespace: 7 bytes

token:

eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6Img4LVYtQ20wRVhY0VNXak5tMENpUnRueHlGU05CLUJVczZhY...

# **ServiceAccount – ImagePullSecrets 1/2**

- private image를 사용하려면 별도 secret 설정 필요

### 09-pull-fail-pod.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata:

name: private-nginx

labels:

app: simple

private image 기정

### spec:

containers: - name: simple

image: whatwant/simple-nginx:v0.1

imagePullPolicy: Always

### > kubectl create -f 09-pull-fail-pod.yaml

pod/private-nginx created

### > kubectl get pods

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE private-nginx 0/1 ErrImagePull 0 39s

권한이 없기에 Pod 생성 실대

### > kubectl delete pods private-nginx

pod "private-nginx" deleted



# ServiceAccount – ImagePullSecrets 2/2

- DockerHub 인증을 위한 Secret 생성 후 ServiceAccount에서 지정

> kubectl create secret docker-registry docker-credential --docker-username=whatwant --docker-password='xxx' --docker-email='whatwant@gmail.com'

### 09-serviceaccount.yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: ServiceAccount

metadata:

name: my-service-account

imagePullSecrets:

- name: dockerhub-credential

### > kubectl create -f 09-serviceaccount.yaml

serviceaccount/my-service-account created

### > kubectl get serviceaccounts

NAME SECRETS AGE default 1 45d my-service-account 1 12s

### 09-pull-success-pod.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata:

name: private-nginx

labels:

app: simple

### spec:

### serviceAccountName: my-service-account

containers:
- name: simple

image: whatwant/simple-nginx:v0.1

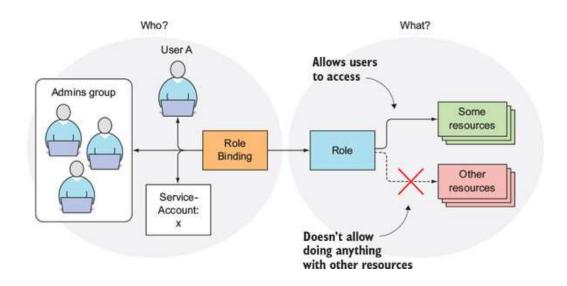
imagePullPolicy: Always

### > kubectl get pods

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE private-nginx 1/1 Running 0 18s

# RBAC (Role-Based Access Control, 역할 기반 접근 제어)

- Role / ClusterRole : 리소스에 수행할 수 있는 동사 지정
- RoleBinding / ClusterRoleBinding : 특정 사용자, 그룹, ServiceAccount 바인딩



※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-12/114

# **RBAC enable/disable**

- 보안을 위해 최근 kubernetes에서는 RBAC이 활성화 되어 있다
- 공부를 위해 앞에서 이를 비활성화 시켰었다.

### > kubectl create clusterrolebinding permissive-binding --clusterrole=cluster-admin --group=system:serviceaccounts

clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/permissive-binding created

역할 기반 액세스 제어(RBAC) 비활성학

- 이제는 RBAC 공부를 위해 다시 활성화 하자

### > kubectl delete clusterrolebindings permissive-binding

clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "permissive-binding" deleted

# 기본 정보 확인

- RBAC을 테스트 하기위해 기본 정보 확인을 해보자

```
> kubectl config view
                                                                  > kubectl get secrets
apiVersion: v1
                                                                  NAME
                                                                                       TYPE
                                                                                                                             DATA AGE
clusters:
                                                                  default-token-4b9h2 kubernetes.io/service-account-token 3
                                                                                                                                    45d
                                                                                                                                            decode 해서 사용해야 함
- cluster:
                                                                  > kubectl get secrets default-token-4b9h2 -o jsonpath='{$.data.token}' | base64 --decode
    certificate-authority-data: DATA+OMITTED
   server: https://192.168.100.111:6443
                                                                  eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6Img4LVYtQ20wRVhY0VNXak5tMENpUnRueHlGU05CLUJVczZhYXJwX3pRZmMifQ.eyJ ...
  name: cluster.local
                                                                  > TOKEN=eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6Img4LVYtQ20wRVhY0VNXak5tMENpUnRueHlGU05CLUJVczZhYXJwX3p ...
contexts:
- context:
    cluster: cluster.local
                                                                  > curl -D - --insecure --header "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN" $APISERVER/api/v1
    user: kubernetes-admin
                                                                  HTTP/2 200
  name: kubernetes-admin@cluster.local
                                                                  cache-control: no-cache, private
current-context: kubernetes-admin@cluster.local
                                                                  content-type: application/json
kind: Config
                                                                  x-kubernetes-pf-flowschema-uid: b390439f-a87f-4657-aa9c-593d3200192d
preferences: {}
                                                                  x-kubernetes-pf-prioritylevel-uid: 9777a9d3-3be9-4453-803c-2eeb5c194865
users:
                                                                  date: Fri, 18 Jun 2021 22:34:20 GMT
- name: kubernetes-admin
  user:
    client-certificate-data: REDACTED
                                                                    "kind": "APIResourceList",
                                                                    "groupVersion": "v1",
    client-key-data: REDACTED
> APISERVER=https://192.168.100.111:6443
```

마지막 %는 제외

# RBAC 확인

```
> curl -D - --insecure --header "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN" $APISERVER/api/v1/pods
HTTP/2 403
                                                                              pods 목록은 학인하는 것은 실때
cache-control: no-cache, private
content-type: application/json
                                                                                        kubectl get pods 사용은 가능한데, api 통신만 안된다
x-content-type-options: nosniff
x-kubernetes-pf-flowschema-uid: b390439f-a87f-4657-aa9c-593d3200192d
x-kubernetes-pf-prioritylevel-uid: 9777a9d3-3be9-4453-803c-2eeb5c194865
content-length: 323
date: Fri, 18 Jun 2021 22:43:14 GMT
  "kind": "Status",
  "apiVersion": "v1",
  "metadata": {
 },
  "status": "Failure",
  "message": "pods is forbidden: User \"system:serviceaccount:default\" cannot list resource \"pods\" in API group \"\" at the cluster scope",
  "reason": "Forbidden",
  "details": {
    "kind": "pods"
 },
  "code": 403
}%
```

# Kube-dns Role – 1/2

- system:kube-dns 권한으로 해보자

> Kubectl de	escribe clusterrole	es system:kube-d	ns		
Name:	system:kube-dns				
Labels:	kubernetes.io/bootstrapping=rbac-defaults				
Annotations:	: rbac.authorization.kubernetes.io/autoupdate: true				
PolicyRule:					
Resources	Non-Resource URLs	Resource Names	Verbs		
endpoints	[]	[]	[list watch]		
services	[]	[]	[list watch]		
> kubectl ge	et secretsnamesp	pace kube-system			
NAME			TYPE	DATA	AGE
attachdetach-controller-token-ww7w5		kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d	
bootstrap-signer-token-b229f		kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d	
calico-kube-controllers-token-76g72			kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d
calico-node-token-wv5hd			kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d
certificate-controller-token-dx6zg			kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d
clusterrole-aggregation-controller-token-kt4l6			kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d
<mark>coredns-token-vrvps</mark>			kubernetes.io/service-account-token	3	45d
coreans-toker					

# Kube-dns Role - 2/2

- system:kube-dns 권한으로 해보자

> TOKEN=eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6Img4LVYtQ20wRVhYOVNXak5tMENpUnRueHlGU05CLUJVczZhYXJwX3p ...

```
> curl -D - --insecure --header "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN" $APISERVER/api/v1/pods
HTTP/2 200
cache-control: no-cache, private
content-type: application/json
x-kubernetes-pf-flowschema-uid: 9429da0e-417a-4055-bd63-aa667a08a4ec
x-kubernetes-pf-prioritylevel-uid: 168d2ac4-af9e-4fb5-adfc-41354a0feab8
date: Fri, 18 Jun 2021 23:11:53 GMT
  "kind": "PodList",
  "apiVersion": "v1",
  "metadata": {
    "resourceVersion": "1405319"
},
  "items": [
      "metadata": {
        "name": "node-web-78f578d65c-dk6dp",
        "generateName": "node-web-78f578d65c-",
```