Managing Kubernetes

2021-05-01 written by whatwant

Agenda

Chapter1. Kubernetes Overview

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Chapter2. Kubernetes Core

2주차: Environment & POD

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11주차: Disaster Recovery

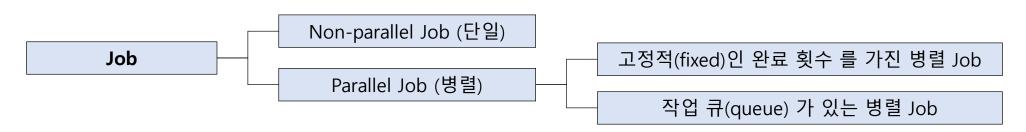
※ 참고: https://home.modulabs.co.kr/product/managing-kubernetes/

4 week Services & Volumes

Supplementary Lessons

Job - 1/2

- 고정적(fixed)인 완료 횟수 를 가진 병렬 Job
- . .spec.completions 에 0이 아닌 양수 값을 지정
- . Job은 전체 작업을 나타내며 1에서 .spec.completions 까지의 범위의 각 값에 대해 한 개씩 성공한 Pod가 있으면 완료
- 작업 큐(queue) 가 있는 병렬 Job
- . .spec.completions 를 지정하지 않고, .spec.parallelism 에 양수 값 설정
- . Job의 모든 Pod가 성공적으로 종료되면, 새로운 Pod는 생성되지 않음
- . 하나 이상의 Pod가 성공적으로 종료되고, 모든 Pod가 종료되면 Job은 성공적으로 완료



※ 참고: https://kubernetes.io/ko/docs/concepts/workloads/controllers/job/

Job - 2/2

- <mark>completions</mark> : 몇 번의 Completed가 나올 때까지

- parallelism : 한 번에 몇 개씩

- backoffLimit : 최대 실행 횟수

job-parallel.yaml

apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: Job
metadata:
name: throw-dice-job
spec:
completions: 3
parallelism: 3
backoffLimit: 25
template:
spec:
containers:
- name: math-add
image: kodekloud/throw-dice
restartPolicy: Never

> kubectl create -f job-parallel.yaml

job.batch/throw-dice-job created

> kubectl get jobs

NAME COMPLETIONS DURATION AGE throw-dice-job 3/3 52s 57s

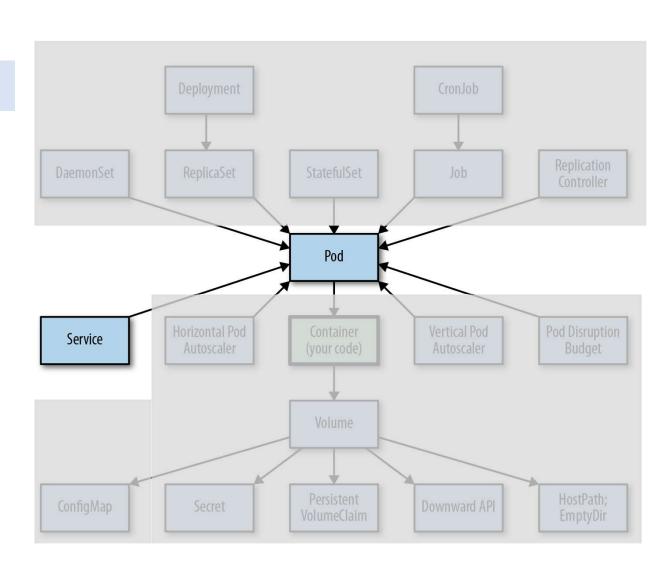
> kubectl get pods

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
throw-dice-job-5mclr	0/1	Error	0	60s
throw-dice-job-9pfp8	0/1	Error	0	60s
throw-dice-job-p56gc	0/1	Error	0	60s
throw-dice-job-ll8c6	0/1	Error	0	56s
throw-dice-job-7bjsk	0/1	Error	0	46s
throw-dice-job-9rq5g	0/1	Error	0	46s
throw-dice-job-m7qtf	0/1	Error	0	46s
throw-dice-job-mg29n	0/1	Completed	0	26s
throw-dice-job-nb8xv	0/1	Error	0	26s
throw-dice-job-q5cgg	0/1	Error	0	26s
throw-dice-job-hl7lz	0/1	Error	0	22s
throw-dice-job-85nl5	0/1	Completed	0	12s
throw-dice-job-zppnx	0/1	Completed	0	12s

Today

Today ...

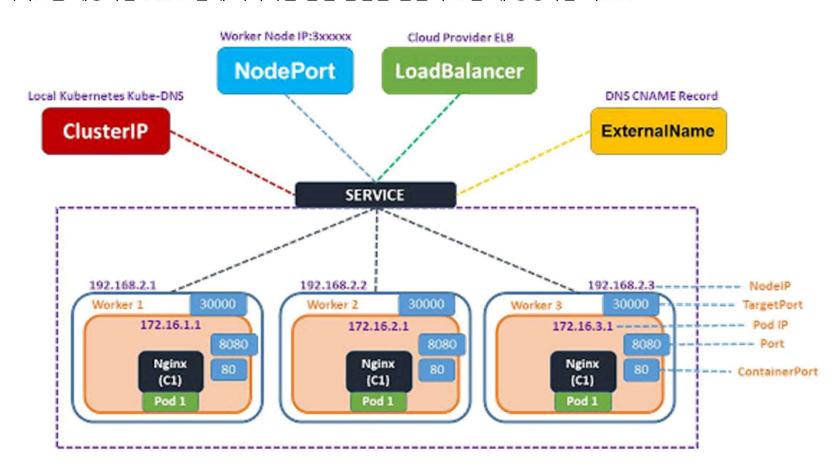
Service



Service

Service is

- 동일한 서비스를 제공하는 Pod 그룹에 지속적인 난일 접점을 만들려고 할 때 생성하는 리소스



※ 참고: https://www.learnitguide.net/2020/05/kubernetes-services-explained-examples.html

Pod Network 실습 - 1/3

① 실습에 사용할 Container Image 설명



② 실습에 사용할 ReplicaSet YAML -

③ 실행

> kubectl create -f rs-node-web.yaml

replicaset.apps/rs-node-web created

> kubectl get replicasets

NAME DESIRED CURRENT READY AGE 3 rs-node-web 3 9s

> kubectl get pods -o wide

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS GATES
rs-node-web-dk4hd	1/1	Running	0	15m	10.244.2.21	worker2	<none></none>	<none></none>
rs-node-web-gjs8m	1/1	Running	0	15m	10.244.1.87	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>
rs-node-web-j2q8s	1/1	Running	0	17m	10.244.1.82	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>

rs-node-web.yaml

apiVersion: apps/v1 kind: ReplicaSet

metadata:

name: rs-node-web

spec:

replicas: 3

selector:

matchExpressions:

- key: app operator: In values:

- node-web

template:

metadata:

labels:

app: node-web

spec:

containers:

- name: node-web

image: whatwant/node-web:1.0

ports:

- containerPort: 8080

Pod Network 실습 - 2/3

> kubectl get nodes -o wide

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION	INTERNAL-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	OS-IMAGE	KERNEL-VERSION	CONTAINER-RUNTIME
master-stg	Ready	control-plane,master	121d	v1.20.1	192.168.100.119	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1
worker1	Ready	<none></none>	121d	v1.20.1	192.168.100.112	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1
worker2	Ready	<none></none>	4d1h	v1.20.1	192.168.100.111	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1

> kubectl get pods -o wide

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS GATES
rs-node-web-dk4hd	1/1	Running	0	17m	10.244.2.21	worker2	<none></none>	<none></none>
rs-node-web-gjs8m	1/1	Running	0	17m	10.244.1.87	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>
rs-node-web-j2q8s	1/1	Running	0	18m	10.244.1.82	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-dk4hd -- curl -s http://10.244.2.21:8080

You've hit rs-node-web-dk4hd

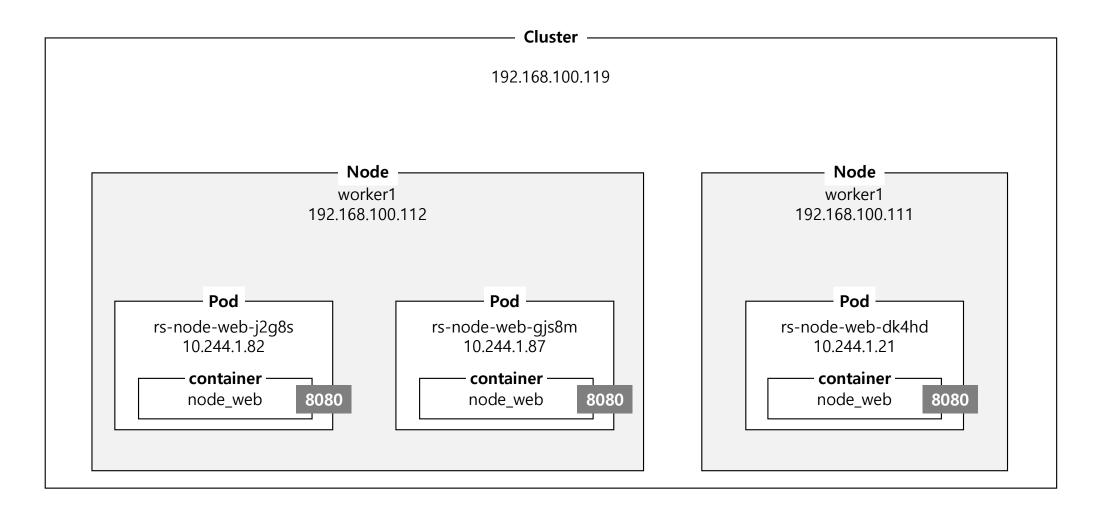
> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-dk4hd -- curl -s http://10.244.1.87:8080

You've hit rs-node-web-gjs8m

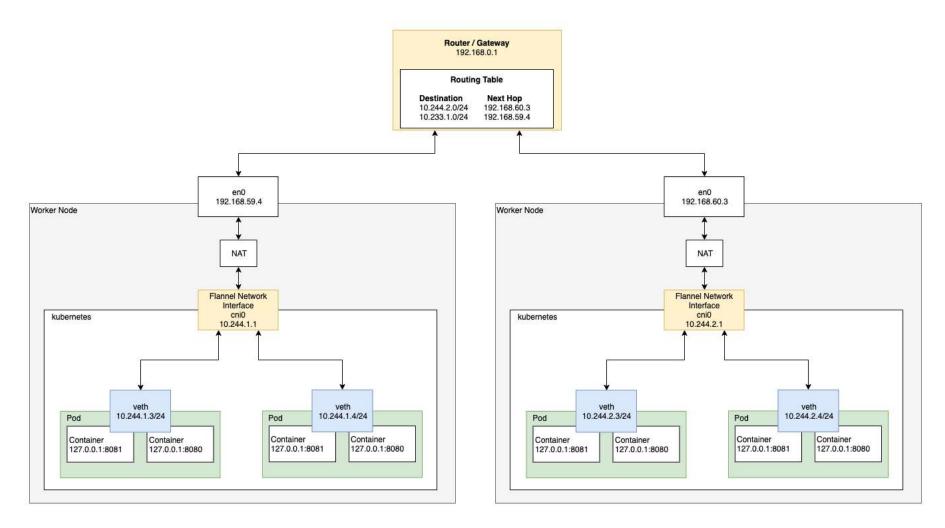
> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-dk4hd -- curl -s http://10.244.1.82:8080

You've hit rs-node-web-j2q8s

Pod Network 실습 - 3/3



Pod Network



※ 참고: https://medium.com/finda-tech/kubernetes-네트워크-정리-fccd4fd0ae6

Create Service

svc-none-node-web.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: svc-node

spec: ports:

- port: 80

targetPort: 8080

selector:

app: node-web

kubectl create -f svc-none-node-web.yaml

service/svc-node created

> kubectl get services -o wide

NAME TYPE PORT(S) CLUSTER-IP SELECTOR EXTERNAL-IP AGE 443/TCP kubernetes ClusterIP 10.96.0.1 123d <none> <none> ClusterIP 10.104.191.116 80/TCP app=node-web svc-node <none>

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-dk4hd

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-j2q8s

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-dk4hd

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-gjs8m

sessionAffinity

※ affinity: 친밀감, 관련성

- 특정 클라이언트의 연결이 매번 동일한 Pod로 전달: service.spec.sessionAffinity = "ClientIP"

- 기본값은 "None"

svc-clientip-node-web.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: svc-node

spec:

ports:

- port: 80

targetPort: 8080

selector:

app: node-web

sessionAffinity: ClientIP

> kubectl apply -f svc-client-node-web.yaml

Warning: resource services/svc-node is missing the kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration annotation which is required by kubectl apply. kubectl apply should only be used on resources created declaratively by either kubectl create --save-config or kubectl apply. The missing annotation will be patched automatically.

service/svc-node configured

> kubectl describe service svc-node

Name: svc-node
Namespace: default
Labels: <none>
Annotations: <none>

Selector: app=node-web
Type: ClusterIP
IP Families: <none>

TargetPort: 8080/TCP

Endpoints: 10.244.1.88:8080,10.244.1.89:8080,10.244.2.22:8080

Session Affinity: ClientIP Events: <none>

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-j2q8s

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-j2q8s

> curl http://10.104.191.116

You've hit rs-node-web-j2q8s

ports name

```
rs-node-web.yaml
 apiVersion: apps/v1
 kind: ReplicaSet
 metadata:
  name: rs-node-web
 spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchExpressions:
     - key: app
       operator: In
       values:
        - node-web
  template:
    metadata:
     labels:
       app: node-web
    spec:
     containers:
     - name: node-web
       image: whatwant/node-web:1.0
       ports:
       - containerPort: 8080
```

```
rs-node-web-ports-name.yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
 metadata:
  name: rs-node-web
 spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
   matchExpressions:
     - key: app
      operator: In
       values:
        - node-web
  template:
   metadata:
     labels:
      app: node-web
   spec:
     containers:
     - name: node-web
      image: whatwant/node-web:1.0
       ports:
```

- name: node-http

containerPort: 8080

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata: name: svc-node spec: ports: - port: 80 targetPort: node-http selector: app: node-web

- Pod에서 정의된 ports에 name을 붙이면
- Service에서 그 이름을 사용할 수 있다.

sessionAffinity: ClientIP

- Service spec을 변경하지 않고도 ports 변경 가능

Service check

- Pod가 시작되면 K8s는 해당 시점에 존재하는 Service를 가리키는 환경변수를 설정

NAME	get serv		CLUSTER-IP	_,,,_,,	NAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes			10.96.0.1	<none:< td=""><td>-</td><td>443/TCP</td><td></td></none:<>	-	443/TCP	
svc-node	Cluste	rIP 1	10.104.191.	116 (none	>	80/TCP	67m
> kubectl c	not nod	3					
/ Kubectt g NAME	jet pou:	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE		
rs-node-web-	-dk4hd			1	45h		
rs-node-web-		-		1	45h		
rs-node-web-		1/1	Running	1	45h		
> kubectl €							
PATH=/usr/lo	-			/usr/sbin:/	usr/bin:	:/sbin:/bir	n
HOSTNAME=rs- TERM=xterm	-noae-we	b-ak4na					
I ERM=X Ler III							
VIIDEDNETEC E	ODT-ton	.//10 0	06 0 1 1 1 1 2				
_	•			h 1·443			
KUBERNETES_F	PORT_443	_TCP=tc	p://10.96.0	0.1:443			
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F	PORT_443 PORT_443	_TCP=tc _TCP_PR	p://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp	0.1:443			
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443	_TCP=tc _TCP_PR _TCP_PC	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp ORT=443				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443	_TCP=tc _TCP_PR _TCP_PC _TCP_AD	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_S	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 SERVICE_	TCP=tc TCP_PR TCP_PC TCP_AD HOST=10	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 SERVICE_ SERVICE_	TCP=tc TCP_PR TCP_PC TCP_AD HOST=10 PORT=44	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0 0.96.0.1				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 SERVICE_ SERVICE_	TCP=tc TCP_PR TCP_PC TCP_AC HOST=10 PORT=44	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0 0.96.0.1				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S NODE_VERSION YARN_VERSION	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 SERVICE_ SERVICE_ SERVICE_ N=15.14.	TCP=tc TCP_PR TCP_PC TCP_AD HOST=10 PORT=44 PORT_HT	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0 0.96.0.1				
KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_F KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S KUBERNETES_S NODE_VERSION	PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 PORT_443 SERVICE_ SERVICE_ SERVICE_ N=15.14.	TCP=tc TCP_PR TCP_PC TCP_AD HOST=10 PORT=44 PORT_HT	cp://10.96.0 ROTO=tcp DRT=443 DDR=10.96.0 0.96.0.1				

> kubectl get pods NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE rs-node-web-ghqnq 1/1 Running 0 39s rs-node-web-gjs8m 1/1 Running 1 45h rs-node-web-j2q8s 1/1 Running 1 45h > kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- env PATH=/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/bin HOSTNAME=rs-node-web-ghqnq TERM=xterm SVC NODE SERVICE HOST=10.104.191.116 SVC NODE PORT 80 TCP=tcp://10.104.191.116:80 KUBERNETES_PORT_443_TCP_PORT=443 SVC NODE PORT=tcp://10.104.191.116:80 SVC NODE PORT 80 TCP PROTO=tcp KUBERNETES_SERVICE_PORT_HTTPS=443 KUBERNETES PORT=tcp://10.96.0.1:443 SVC NODE PORT 80 TCP PORT=80 SVC NODE PORT 80 TCP ADDR=10.104.191.116 KUBERNETES SERVICE HOST=10.96.0.1 KUBERNETES_PORT_443_TCP_ADDR=10.96.0.1 KUBERNETES PORT 443 TCP PROT0=tcp SVC_NODE_SERVICE_PORT=80 KUBERNETES SERVICE PORT=443 KUBERNETES_PORT_443_TCP=tcp://10.96.0.1:443 NODE VERSION=15.14.0 YARN VERSION=1.22.5 HOME=/root

DNS - 1/2

- kube-system namespace 內 kube-dns Pod 존재
- . DNS Server 실행하며 cluster에서 실행중인 다른 모든 Pod는 자동으로 이를 사용하도록 구성

> kubectl get podsnamespace k	ube-syst	em -o wid	е					
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS GATES
coredns-74ff55c5b-dz8kq	1/1	Running	10	123d	10.244.0.23	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
coredns-74ff55c5b-h66ct	1/1	Running	10	123d	10.244.0.22	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
etcd-master-stg	1/1	Running	29	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-apiserver-master-stg	1/1	Running	26	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-controller-manager-master-stg	1/1	Running	15	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-flannel-ds-99psb	1/1	Running	14	123d	192.168.100.112	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-flannel-ds-sdcpc	1/1	Running	4	5d23h	192.168.100.111	worker2	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-flannel-ds-sdss8	1/1	Running	13	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-proxy-5lvx5	1/1	Running	3	5d23h	192.168.100.111	worker2	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-proxy-nkb8c	1/1	Running	10	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-proxy-xvlvs	1/1	Running	10	123d	192.168.100.112	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-scheduler-master-stg	1/1	Running	15	123d	192.168.100.119	master-stg	<none></none>	<none></none>

DNS - 2/2

- Kubernetes는 각 container의 /etc/resolv.conf 파일을 수정
- FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) : service name . namespace name . svc.cluster.local

> kubectl get namespaces

NAME STATUS AGE
default Active 123d
kube-node-lease Active 123d
kube-public Active 123d
kube-system Active 123d

> kubectl get services

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none></none>	443/TCP	123d
svc-node	ClusterIP	10.104.191.116	<none></none>	80/TCP	153m

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- cat /etc/resolv.conf

nameserver 10.96.0.10

search default.svc.cluster.local svc.cluster.local cluster.local skbroadband options ndots:5 $\,$

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- curl -s http://svc-node

You've hit rs-node-web-ghang

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- curl -s http://svc-node.default

You've hit rs-node-web-ghqnq

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- curl -s http://svc-node.default.svc

You've hit rs-node-web-ghqnq

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- curl -s http://svc-node.default.svc.cluster

^Ccommand terminated with exit code 130

추가 확인 필요

> kubectl exec -it rs-node-web-ghqnq -- curl -s http://svc-node.default.svc.cluster.local

^Ccommand terminated with exit code 130

Endpoints - 1/2

- Service로 노출되는 Pod의 IP 주소와 Port 목록
- client → kube-proxy → Endpoints 중 하나의 IP/Port 선택 → 들어온 연결을 대상 Pod의 수신 대기 서버로 전달

> kubectl describe service svc-node

Name: svc-node
Namespace: default
Labels: <none>
Annotations: <none>

Selector: app=node-web
Type: ClusterIP

Type: Cluster

IP Families: <none>

IP: 10.104.191.116
IPs: 10.104.191.116
Port: <unset> 80/TCP

TargetPort: 8080/TCP

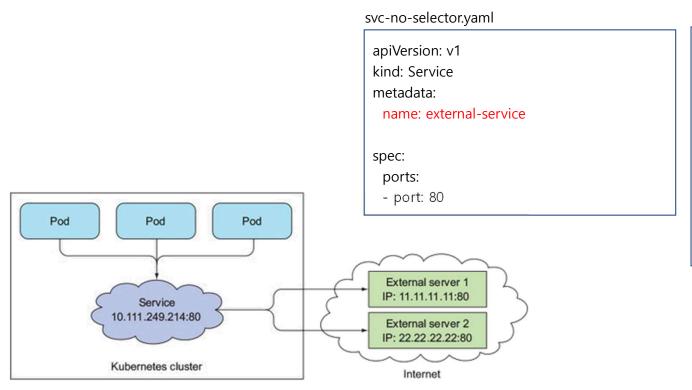
Endpoints: 10.244.1.88:8080,10.244.1.89:8080,10.244.2.23:8080

Session Affinity: ClientIP
Events: <none>

> kubectl get pods -o wide												
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE					
READINESS GATES												
rs-node-web-ghqnq	1/1	Running	0	99m	10.244.2.23	worker2	<none></none>	<none></none>				
rs-node-web-gjs8m	1/1	Running	1	47h	10.244.1.88	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>				
rs-node-web-j2q8s	1/1	Running	1	47h	10.244.1.89	worker1	<none></none>	<none></none>				

Endpoints - 2/2

- Endpoints 명시하지 않으면? = Selectors를 지정하지 않기
- . Endpoints 직접 생성 필요 (Service와 Endpoints 이름이 같아야 한다)



svc-no-selector.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Endpoints metadata:

name: external-service

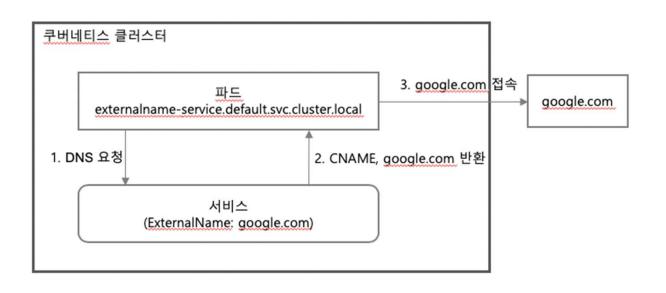
subsets:

- addresses:
 - ip: 11.11.11.11
 - ip: 22.22.22.22
- ports: - port: 80

ExternalName

- 외부 서비스의 별칭으로 사용되는 서비스
- . Pod는 서비스의 FQDN을 사용하는 대신 external-service.default.svc.cluster.local 로 외부 서비스에 연결
- . Service를 사용하는 Pod에서 실제 서비스 이름과 위치가 숨겨짐
- . 나중에 Service spec 수정하여 다른 Service를 가리킬 수 있음

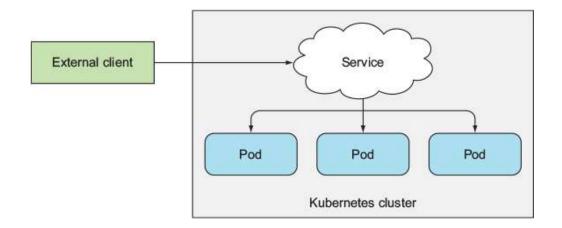




※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-5/144

Exposing a service to external clients

- NodePort
- LoadBalancer
- Ingress



NodePort

- 모든 Node에 특정 Port를 할당하고 Service를 구성하는 Pod로 들어오는 연결을 전달
- . 모든 Node에서 동일한 Port 번호 사용

svc-nodeport.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: svc-nodeport

spec:

type: NodePort

ports:

- port: 80

targetPort: 8080 nodePort: 30123

selector:

app: node-web

> kubectl create -f svc-nodeport.yaml

service/svc-nodeport created

> kubectl get services -o wide

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE	SELECTOR
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none></none>	443/TCP	124d	<none></none>
	No de Beach	10 110 15 244		00 20122 /TCD	C -	

svc-nodeport NodePort 10.110.15.244 <none> 80:30123/TCP 6s app=node-web

> kubectl get nodes -o wide

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION	INTERNAL-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	OS-IMAGE	KERNEL-VERSION	CONTAINER-RUNTIME
master-stg	Ready	control-plane,master	124d	v1.20.1	192.168.100.119	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1
worker1	Ready	<none></none>	124d	v1.20.1	192.168.100.112	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1
worker2	Ready	<none></none>	6d3h	v1.20.1	192.168.100.111	<none></none>	Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS	5.4.0-72-generic	docker://20.10.1

> curl http://192.168.100.119:30123

You've hit rs-node-web-6fz7s

> curl http://192.168.100.112:30123

You've hit rs-node-web-v6khr

> curl http://192.168.100.111:30123

You've hit rs-node-web-v6khr

LoadBalancer

- Service type을 LoadBalancer로 선언 하면 Provider에 의해서 LoadBalancer가 생성
- . 생성된 LoadBalancer는 외부 공개 IP를 가지게 되며 해당 IP로 접근 가능

svc-loadbalancer.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: svc-loadbalancer

spec:

type: LoadBalancer

ports:

- port: 80

targetPort: 8080

selector:

app: node-web

> kubectl create -f svc-loadbalancer.yaml

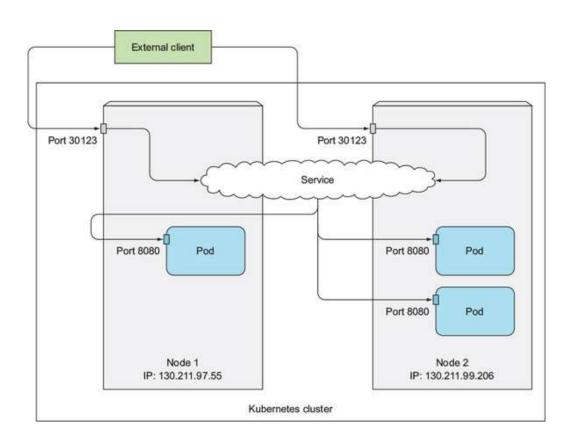
service/svc-loadbalancer created

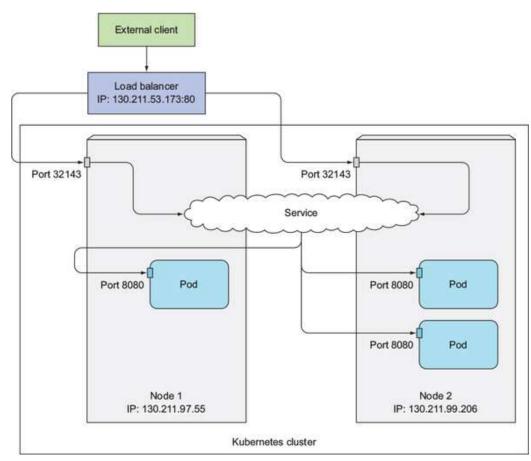
> kubectl get services -o wide -w

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE	SELECTOR
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none></none>	443/TCP	124d	<none></none>
svc-loadbalancer	LoadBalancer	10.110.162.50	<pending></pending>	80:32701/TCP	8m53s	app=node-web
svc-nodeport	NodePort	10.110.15.244	<none></none>	80:30123/TCP	24m	app=node-web

추가 확인 필요

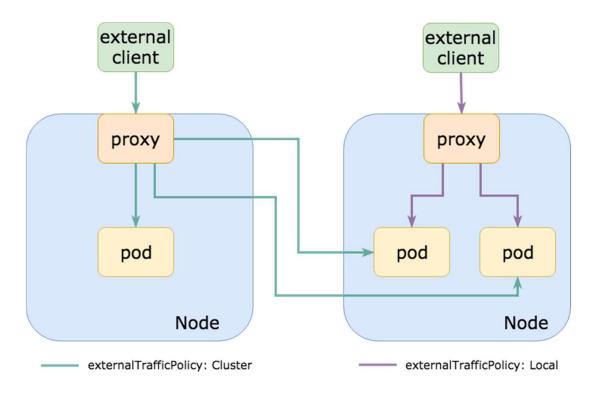
NodePort vs LoadBalancer





externalTrafficPolicy - 1/2

- 불필요한 네트워크 hop 발생
- 클라이언트 IP가 보존되지 않음



Proxy: iptables proxy rules for Service ExternalIPs or NodePort

※ 참고: https://coffeewhale.com/kubernetes/mistake/2020/11/29/mistake-10/

externalTrafficPolicy - 2/2

- 오직 로컬 Endpoint로만 proxy 요청, 다른 node로 트래픽 전달하지 않음

. 원본 소스 IP 주소를 보존

svc-externaltrafficpolicy.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: svc-loadbalancer

spec:

type: LoadBalancer

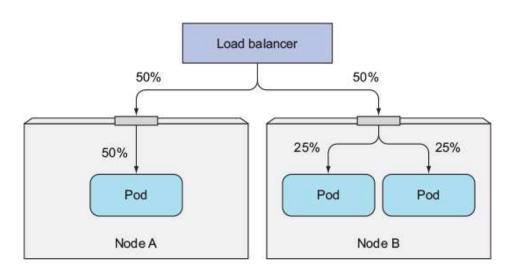
ports: - port: 80

targetPort: 8080

selector:

app: node-web

externalTrafficPolicy: Local

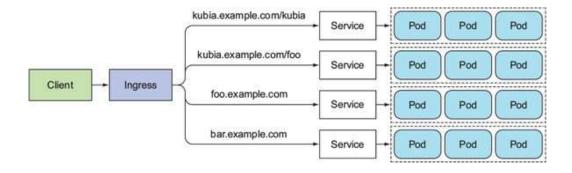


※ "externalTrafficPolicy: Local" 설정에 따른 문제점 : 균등히 배부되지 않을 수 있음

※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-5/230

Ingress - 1/3

- 클라이언트가 요청한 호스트와 경로에 따라 요청을 전달할 서비스가 결정
- . HTTP(S)기반의 L7 LoadBalancing 기능을 제공하는 컴포넌트
- Ingress 구현체
- . 구글 클라우드 : https://github.com/kubernetes/ingress-gce
- . 오픈소스 : https://github.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx
- . 상용: F5 BIG IP Controller (http://clouddocs.f5.com/products/connectors/k8s-bigip-ctlr)
- 각 구현체마다 설정 방법 차이 존재



※ 참고: https://livebook.manning.com/book/kubernetes-in-action/chapter-5/243

Ingress - 2/3

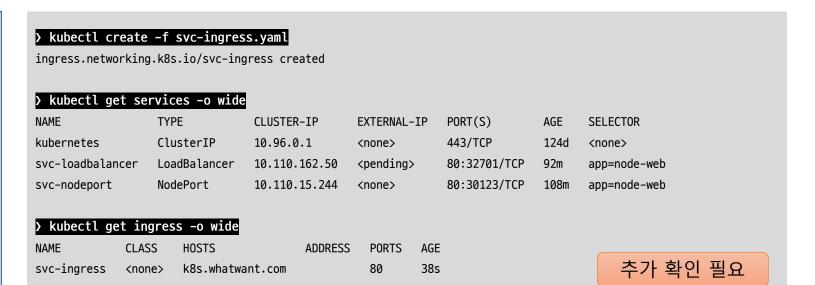
- 오픈소스 Ingress 구현체 설치

. https://docs.nginx.com/nginx-ingress-controller/installation/installation-with-manifests/

Ingress - 3/3

svc-externaltrafficpolicy.yaml

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
 name: svc-ingress
spec:
 rules:
 - host: k8s.whatwant.com
  http:
    paths:
    - pathType: Prefix
     path: /
     backend:
       service:
         name: svc-nodeport
         port:
          number: 80
```



TLS - 1/

- ///

readinessProbe - 1/

- ///

Headless Service - 1/

- ///

https://kahoot.it/