# Data Structures and Algorithms: Homework #3

Due on April 28, 2015 at 16:20

Instructors Hsuan-Tien Lin, Roger Jang

 $\mathbf{Tim}\ \mathbf{Liou}\ (b03902028)$ 

## 3.1 Asymptotic Complexity

(1) Do Exercise R-4.28 of the textbook.

Consider  $a_k \ge 0$  for  $k \ge 0$ 

$$p(n) = a_0 + a_1 n + a_2 n^2 + a_3 n^3 + \dots + a_m n^m$$

For  $n \ge (a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_m) \ge 1$ , we have

$$p(n) \le (a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_m) \times n^m$$

$$\Rightarrow \log p(n) \le \log(a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_m) + m \log n$$

$$\le \log n + m \log n$$

$$= (m+1) \log n$$

Take c = m + 1 > 0,  $n_0 = (a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_m) \ge 1$ 

$$\log p(n) \le c \log n \quad for \ n \ge n_0$$

That is,  $\log p(n)$  is  $O(\log n)$ .

(2) Do Exercise R-4.34 of the textbook.

We have f(n) > 1 and  $\lceil f(n) \rceil \le f(n) + 1$  by definition. For  $n \ge 1$ ,

$$\lceil f(n) \rceil \le f(n) + 1$$

$$\le f(n) + f(n)$$

$$= 2f(n)$$

Take c = 2 > 0,  $n_0 = 1 \ge 1$ 

$$\lceil f(n) \rceil \le cf(n) \text{ for } n \ge n_0$$

That is,  $\lceil f(n) \rceil$  is O(f(n)).

(3) Prove that  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$ .

By definition of limits at infinity,

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{f(n)}{g(n)}=A$$

means that for every  $\epsilon > 0$  there is a corresponding N such that

$$\left| \frac{f(n)}{a(n)} - A \right| < \epsilon \quad for \ n > N$$

That is,

$$A - \epsilon < \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} < A + \epsilon \quad for \ n > N$$

Note that g(n) is a strictly positive function. We have

$$(A - \epsilon)g(n) < f(n) < (A + \epsilon)g(n)$$
 for  $n > N$ 

Take 
$$\epsilon \in (0, A), c_1 = (A - \epsilon) > 0, c_2 = (A + \epsilon) > 0, n_0 > N$$

$$c_1g(n) \le f(n) \le c_2g(n)$$
 for  $n > n_0$ 

This shows that  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$ .

(4) Do Exercise R-4.8 of the textbook.

If A is better than B for  $n \ge n_0$ ,  $n_0$  satisfies the following statement.

$$2n_0^3 - 40n_0^2 > 0$$

We can easily find that  $n_0 > 20$ . We choose  $n_0 = 21$ . It is a possible value for  $n_0$  satisfying the statement that A is better than B for  $n \ge n_0$ .

(5) Do Exercise C-4.16(b) of the textbook.

This is the pseudo code of the Horner's method.

- 1: **function** HORNER'S-METHOD(x, CoefficientsOfPolynomial, DegreeOfPolynomial)
- 2:  $Sum \leftarrow 0$
- 3: **for all** CoefficientsOfPolynomial **do**
- 4:  $Sum \leftarrow Sum \times x + CoefficientsOfPolynomial$
- 5: end for
- 6: **return** Sum
- 7: end function

Algorithm 1: Horner's method for computing polynomial

We can find there is only one for loop in this pseudo code, that is, the number of arithmetic operations is O(n).

(6) Consider some f(n) and g(n) such that  $\lg f(n) = O(\lg g(n))$  and  $g(n) \ge 2$  for  $n \ge 1$ . Construct a counter-example to disprove that f(n) = O(g(n)).

Consider  $f(n) = 4^n$ ,  $g(n) = 2^n$ , for  $n \ge 1$ , we can find

$$\lg f(n) = n2 \lg 2$$

$$\leq n4 \lg 2$$

$$= 4 \lg 2^n$$

$$= 4 \lg g(n)$$

Take c = 4 > 0,  $n_0 = 1 \ge 1$ 

$$\lg f(n) \le c \lg g(n)$$
 for  $n \ge n_0$ 

That is,  $\lg f(n)$  is  $O(\lg g(n))$ . Note that  $g(n) \geq 2$  for  $n \geq 1$ .

If 
$$f(n) = O(g(n)), \exists n_0 > 0, c > 0 \ni$$

$$4^n \le c2^n$$
 for  $n \ge n_0$ 

Take  $log_2$  on both sides,

$$2n \le \log_2 c + n$$
 for  $n \ge n_0$   
 $\Rightarrow \log_2 c \ge n$ 

That is, take  $n' = max(n_0, \lceil \log_2 c + 1 \rceil)$ 

$$n' \ge n_0 \Rightarrow 4^n \le c2^n$$
  
$$n' > \log_2 c \Rightarrow 4^n > c2^n$$

This is a contradiction. Therefore, we disprove that f(n) = O(g(n)).

### 3.2 Stack, Queue, Deque

#### (1) Do Exercise C-5.2 of the textbook.

Pop out the elements in the stack one by one and check if it is equal to element x. After that, enqueue the elements into the queue one by one. Use a varible to store the number of the elements we poped from the stack. Once we find the certain element or the stack is empty, we push the elements into stack from queue, and then enqueue the same number of element into queue from stack. Finally push all these elements from queue into stack again. This will maintain elements' original order.

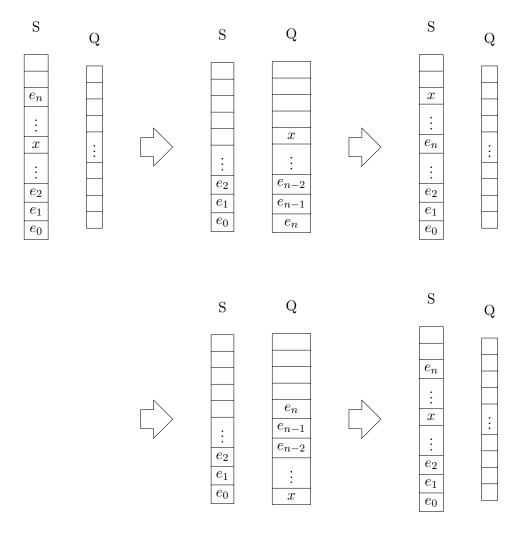


Figure 1: How this algorithm works

(2) Do Exercise C-5.9 of the textbook.

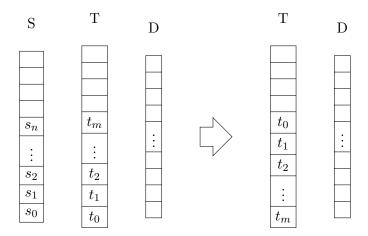


Figure 2: Pop all elements from T and Push\_front them to D. Then Pop\_back them back to T.

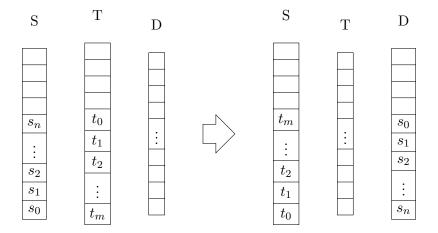


Figure 3: Pop all elements from S and Push\_front them to D. Then Pop all elements from T to S.

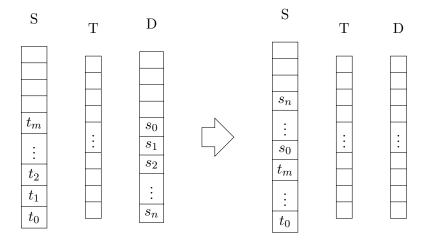


Figure 4: Pop\_front all elements from D to S

(3) Use any pseudocode to write down an algorithm that uses two stacks (with push, pop and isempty operations but no others) to simulate one deque (for push/pop front and push/pop back operations). What is the total running time after N operations?

Imagine we divide a deque into two stacks named  $S_f$  and  $S_b$ . PushFront, PopFront are processed in  $S_f$  while PushBack, PopBack are processed in  $S_b$ . However, we need to transport elements from a stack to the other one if we want to Pop elements from an empty stack. Note that both stacks are empty means the deque is empty.

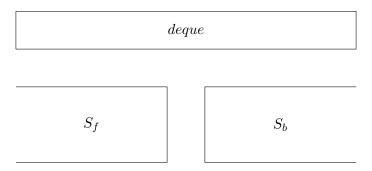


Figure 5: Use two stacks to simulate a deque

```
1: function POPFRONT
2: if S_f and S_b aren't both empty then
3: if S_f is empty then
4: pop all elements from S_b to S_f
5: end if
6: pop from S_f
7: end if
8: end function
```

Algorithm 2: PopFront of deque using two stacks

```
1: function POPBACK
2: if S_f and S_b aren't both empty then
3: if S_b is empty then
4: pop all elements from S_f to S_b
5: end if
6: pop from S_b
7: end if
8: end function
```

Algorithm 3: PopBack of deque using two stacks

- 1: **function** PushFront(e)
- 2:  $push \ e \ into \ S_f$
- 3: end function

Algorithm 4: PushFront

- 1: **function** PushBack(e)
- 2:  $push \ e \ into \ S_b$
- 3: end function

Algorithm 5: PushBack

Suppose Pop/Push both take t (Time Unit). There are some cases result in different running time.

Case 1: all the operations are either PushBack or PushFront

Since these two operations are just a **Push** operation for a stack, the time complexity is constant. After N operation, the total running time is simply Nt.

- Case 2: operations contain PopBack or PopFront, but never make any stack empty
  Like Case 1, all the operations are just Push or Pop for a stack. Therefore, the total running
  time is also Nt.
- Case 3: operations contain PopBack or PopFront, and try to Pop from an empty stack In this stituation, it would Pop all elements from the other stack to its first then Pop the desired elements. Suppose this stituation happened k times. We denote the number of elements from the other stack in the *i*th time  $a_i$ . The total time is  $N + \sum_{i=1}^{k} a_i$

(4) Do Exercise C-5.9 of the textbook, but with three stacks instead of two stacks and one deque. Suppose three stacks are big enough for all elements.

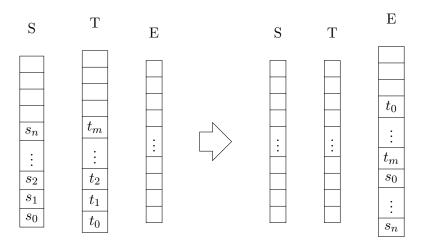


Figure 6: Pop all elements from S to E and then Pop all elements from T to E.

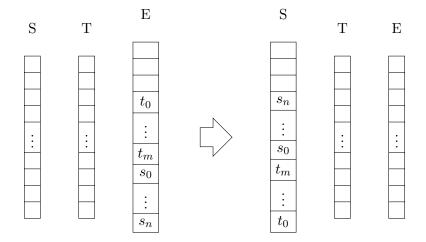


Figure 7: Pop all elements from E to S

# 3.3 List, Iterator

(1) Do Exercise C-6.7 of the textbook.

===== Pending ======

(2) Do Exercise C-6.13 of the textbook by Googling the Knuth Shuffle.

Knuth Shuffle guarantees that every possible ordering is equally likely. The running time of this function is O(n), n is the number of cards.

```
1: function Knuth-Shuffle(V, LengthOfV)
2: for i \leftarrow 0 to LengthOfV - 1 do
3: r \leftarrow \text{RANDOMINTGER}(i+1)
4: Exchange V[i] \ and \ V[r]
5: end for
6: end function
```

Algorithm 6: Knuth-Shuffle

#### 3.4 Calculators

(1) Three test case of integer calculator

```
Input:
 1
 2
 3
       123+2*3*(5-3+48/2) + 34
       -^((1024 >> (23 % 3)) + !0)
 4
       ((3 && +1 || 1) ^ 12 << 1 ) & 16 | 2
5
 6
       ___
 7
       Output:
8
9
       --- postfix expression transforming ---
10
       encounter 123: push to output
              current output: 123
11
12
       encounter +: push to the stack directly
              current output: 123
13
14
              current stack: +
15
       encounter 2: push to output
16
              current output: 123 2
              current stack: +
17
       encounter *: push to the stack directly
18
19
              current output: 123 2
20
              current stack: + *
21
       encounter 3: push to output
22
              current output: 123 2 3
23
              current stack: + *
24
       encounter *: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
           something out to output, then push to the stack
              current output: 123 2 3 *
25
26
              current stack: + *
27
       encounter (: push to the stack directly
28
              current output: 123 2 3 *
29
              current stack: + * (
30
       encounter 5: push to output
```

```
31
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5
32
              current stack: + * (
       encounter -: push to the stack directly
33
34
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5
              current stack: + * ( -
35
36
       encounter 3: push to output
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3
37
              current stack: + * ( -
38
       encounter +: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
39
           something out to output, then push to the stack
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 -
40
              current stack: + * ( +
41
       encounter 48: push to output
42
43
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48
              current stack: + * ( +
44
       encounter /: push to the stack directly
45
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48
46
              current stack: + * ( + /
47
48
       encounter 2: push to output
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2
49
              current stack: + * ( + /
50
       encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
51
52
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2 / +
53
              current stack: + *
54
       encounter +: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
           something out to output, then push to the stack
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2 / + * +
55
              current stack: +
56
       encounter 34: push to output
57
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2 / + * + 34
58
59
              current stack: +
60
       encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
              current output: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2 / + * + 34 +
61
62
       --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
       Postfix Exp: 123 2 3 * 5 3 - 48 2 / + * + 34 +
63
64
       RESULT: 313
65
       --- postfix expression transforming ---
       encounter U-: push to the stack directly
66
67
              current output:
68
              current stack: -
       encounter ~: push to the stack directly
69
70
              current output:
71
              current stack: - ~
```

```
72
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
 73
               current output:
               current stack: - ~ (
 74
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
 75
 76
               current output:
               current stack: - ~ ( (
 77
        encounter 1024: push to output
 78
               current output: 1024
 79
               current stack: - ~ ( (
 80
 81
        encounter >>: push to the stack directly
82
               current output: 1024
               current stack: - ~ ( ( >>
 83
84
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1024
 85
               current stack: - ~ ( ( >> (
 86
        encounter 23: push to output
87
               current output: 1024 23
 88
               current stack: - ~ ( ( >> (
 89
        encounter %: push to the stack directly
 90
 91
               current output: 1024 23
               current stack: - ~ ( ( >> ( %
 92
        encounter 3: push to output
 93
               current output: 1024 23 3
 94
               current stack: - ~ ( ( >> ( %
 95
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
96
               current output: 1024 23 3 %
 97
               current stack: - \tilde{} ( ( >>
98
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
99
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >>
100
               current stack: - ~ (
101
102
        encounter +: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >>
103
104
               current stack: - ~ ( +
105
        encounter !: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >>
106
107
               current stack: - ~ ( + !
108
        encounter 0: push to output
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >> 0
109
110
               current stack: - ~ ( + !
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
111
112
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >> 0 ! +
113
               current stack: - ~
114
        encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
```

```
115
               current output: 1024 23 3 % >> 0 ! + ~ -
116
        --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
117
        Postfix Exp: 1024 23 3 % >> 0 ! + ~ -
        RESULT: 258
118
        --- postfix expression transforming ---
119
120
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
121
               current output:
               current stack: (
122
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
123
124
               current output:
               current stack: ( (
125
126
        encounter 3: push to output
127
               current output: 3
               current stack: ( (
128
129
        encounter &&: push to the stack directly
               current output: 3
130
131
               current stack: ( ( &&
132
        encounter U+: push to the stack directly
133
               current output: 3
134
               current stack: ( ( && +
        encounter 1: push to output
135
136
               current output: 3 1
               current stack: ( ( && +
137
        encounter | |: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
138
            something out to output, then push to the stack
               current output: 3 1 + &&
139
               current stack: ( ( ||
140
        encounter 1: push to output
141
142
               current output: 3 1 + && 1
               current stack: ( ( | |
143
144
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
               current output: 3 1 + && 1 ||
145
               current stack: (
146
147
        encounter ^: push to the stack directly
               current output: 3 1 + && 1 ||
148
149
               current stack: ( ^
150
        encounter 12: push to output
               current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12
151
152
               current stack: ( ^
153
        encounter <<: push to the stack directly
154
               current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12
155
               current stack: ( ^ <<</pre>
156
        encounter 1: push to output
```

```
157
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1
                current stack: ( ^ <<</pre>
158
159
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^
160
        encounter &: push to the stack directly
161
162
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^
163
                current stack: &
164
        encounter 16: push to output
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^ 16</pre>
165
166
                current stack: &
        encounter |: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
167
            something out to output, then push to the stack
168
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^ 16 &
                current stack: |
169
170
        encounter 2: push to output
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^ 16 & 2
171
172
                current stack: |
173
        encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
                current output: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^ 16 & 2 |</pre>
174
175
        --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
        Postfix Exp: 3 1 + && 1 || 12 1 << ^ 16 & 2 |
176
        RESULT: 18
177
```

#### (2) Three test case of scientific calculator

```
1
       Input:
2
3
       - pow((2.3 + 3) *2, exp(log(2)))
       sqrt(1/16) + fabs(sin(3 / 2 * 3.1415926)) + +cos(3.1415926)
4
       0.00 + 1.2
5
       ___
6
7
       Output:
8
9
       --- postfix expression transforming ---
       encounter U-: push to the stack directly
10
              current output:
11
12
              current stack: -
13
       encounter pow: push to the stack directly
              current output:
14
15
              current stack: - pow
16
       encounter (: push to the stack directly
17
              current output:
              current stack: - pow (
18
19
       encounter (: push to the stack directly
```

```
20
              current output:
              current stack: - pow ( (
21
22
       encounter 2.3: push to output
              current output: 2.300000
23
              current stack: - pow ( (
24
25
       encounter +: push to the stack directly
              current output: 2.300000
26
              current stack: - pow ( ( +
27
28
       encounter 3: push to output
29
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000
              current stack: - pow ( ( +
30
       encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '('
31
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 +
32
              current stack: - pow (
33
       encounter *: push to the stack directly
34
35
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 +
              current stack: - pow ( *
36
       encounter 2: push to output
37
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000
38
39
              current stack: - pow ( *
       encounter exp: push to the stack directly
40
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000
41
42
              current stack: - pow ( * exp
       encounter (: push to the stack directly
43
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000
44
              current stack: - pow ( * exp (
45
       encounter log: push to the stack directly
46
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000
47
              current stack: - pow ( * exp ( log
48
49
       encounter (: push to the stack directly
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000
50
              current stack: - pow ( * exp ( log (
51
       encounter 2: push to output
52
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000
53
              current stack: - pow ( * exp ( log (
54
       encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function 'log
55
           ' to output
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000 log
56
57
              current stack: - pow ( * exp (
       encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function 'exp
58
           ' to output
              current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000 log exp
59
              current stack: - pow ( *
60
```

```
61
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function 'pow
           , to output
               current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000 log exp * pow
 62
 63
               current stack: -
        encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
 64
               current output: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000 log exp * pow -
 65
        --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
 66
        Postfix Exp: 2.300000 3.000000 + 2.000000 2.000000 log exp * pow -
 67
        RESULT: -789.048100
 68
        --- postfix expression transforming ---
 69
        encounter sqrt: push to the stack directly
 70
 71
               current output:
 72
               current stack: sqrt
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
 73
               current output:
 74
               current stack: sqrt (
 75
 76
        encounter 1: push to output
               current output: 1.000000
 77
               current stack: sqrt (
 78
 79
        encounter /: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1.000000
80
               current stack: sqrt ( /
 81
82
        encounter 16: push to output
 83
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000
               current stack: sqrt ( /
 84
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function '
 85
           sqrt' to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
86
        encounter +: push to the stack directly
 87
88
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
 89
               current stack: +
 90
        encounter fabs: push to the stack directly
91
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
 92
               current stack: + fabs
93
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
 94
               current stack: + fabs (
 95
        encounter sin: push to the stack directly
 96
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
97
98
               current stack: + fabs ( sin
99
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt
100
               current stack: + fabs ( sin (
101
```

```
102
        encounter 3: push to output
103
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000
104
               current stack: + fabs ( sin (
105
        encounter /: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000
106
107
               current stack: + fabs ( sin ( /
108
        encounter 2: push to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000
109
               current stack: + fabs ( sin ( /
110
111
        encounter *: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
           something out to output, then push to the stack
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 /
112
113
               current stack: + fabs ( sin ( *
        encounter 3.1415926: push to output
114
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
115
               current stack: + fabs ( sin ( *
116
117
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function 'sin
            ' to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
118
                    * sin
               current stack: + fabs (
119
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function '
120
           fabs' to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
121
                    * sin fabs
122
               current stack: +
123
        encounter +: stack.top() has greater or the same precdence, after pop
           something out to output, then push to the stack
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
124
                    * sin fabs +
125
               current stack: +
126
        encounter U+: push to the stack directly
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
127
                    * sin fabs +
128
               current stack: + +
129
        encounter cos: push to the stack directly
130
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
                    * sin fabs +
131
               current stack: + + cos
132
        encounter (: push to the stack directly
133
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
                    * sin fabs +
               current stack: + + cos (
134
```

```
135
        encounter 3.1415926: push to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
136
                    * \sin fabs + 3.141593
137
               current stack: + + cos (
        encounter ): flush the stack to output until meeting '(' and pop function 'cos
138
           , to output
139
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
                    * sin fabs + 3.141593 cos
               current stack: + +
140
141
        encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
               current output: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593
142
                    * sin fabs + 3.141593 cos + +
143
        --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
        Postfix Exp: 1.000000 16.000000 / sqrt 3.000000 2.000000 / 3.141593 * sin fabs
144
            + 3.141593 cos + +
145
        RESULT: 0.250000
146
        --- postfix expression transforming ---
147
        encounter 0.00: push to output
148
               current output: 0.000000
149
        encounter +: push to the stack directly
150
               current output: 0.000000
               current stack: +
151
152
        encounter 1.2: push to output
               current output: 0.000000 1.200000
153
154
               current stack: +
        encounter NOTHING: flush the stack to output
155
156
               current output: 0.000000 1.200000 +
157
        --- postfix expression transforming complete :) ---
        Postfix Exp: 0.000000 1.200000 +
158
159
        RESULT: 1.200000
```