

Task 3 (3 marks)

An objective of this task is to interpret a query processing plan created by a query optimizer and to draw a syntax tree of a query processing plan

Consider the following fragment of query processing plan.

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)	Time
0	SELECT STATEMENT		819	151K	3100 (1)	00:00:01
* 1	HASH JOIN ANTI		819	151K	3100 (1)	00:00:01
* 2	HASH JOIN		4418	776K	402 (1)	00:00:01
* 3	TABLE ACCESS FULL	NATION	3	81	12 (0)	00:00:01
* 4	TABLE ACCESS FULL	CUSTOMER	36818	5501K	390 (1)	00:00:01
* 5	TABLE ACCESS FULL	ORDERS	450K	3955K	2697 (1)	00:00:01

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

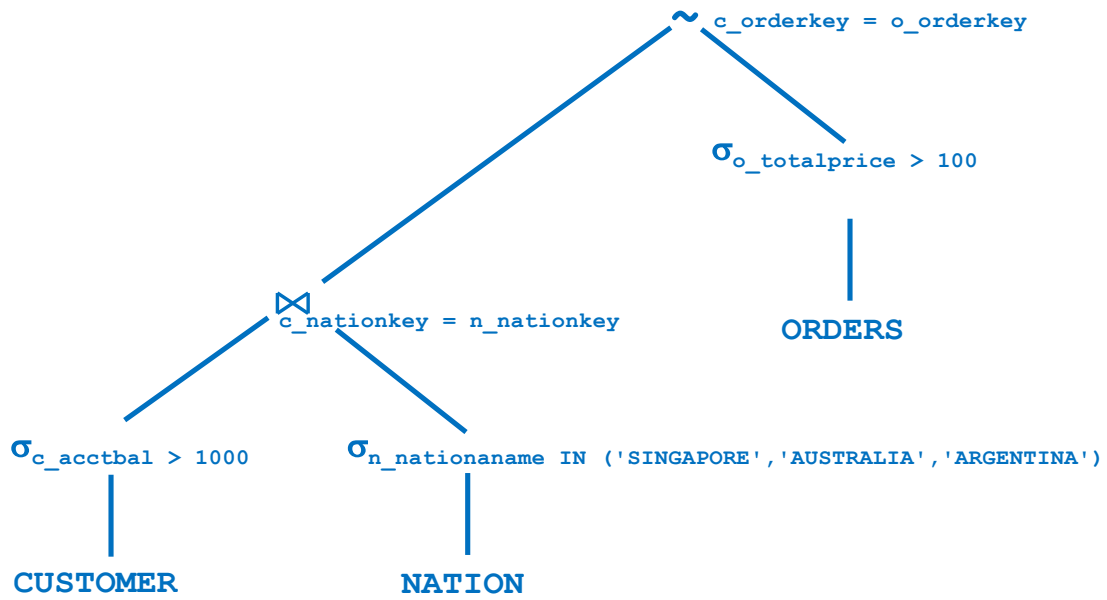
- 1 - access("C_CUSTKEY"="O_CUSTKEY")
- 2 - access("C_NATIONKEY"="N_NATIONKEY")
- 3 - filter("N_NAME"='ARGENTINA' OR "N_NAME"='AUSTRALIA' OR "N_NAME"='SINGAPORE')
- 4 - filter("C_ACCTBAL">1000 AND "C_NATIONKEY">=0)
- 5 - filter("O_TOTALPRICE">100 AND "O_CUSTKEY">=0)

Find and draw a syntax tree of the query processing plan listed above. To draw a syntax tree, use the relational algebra operations explained during the lecture classes. Assume that the operations HASH JOIN and HASH JOIN ANTI used in a query processing plan is the same as the operations of join and antijoin in the relational algebra. Please remember, that you must create a syntax tree with the relational algebra operations explained to you during the lecture classes and NOT with the implementations of such operations by Oracle database system. Save a drawing of a syntax tree in a file `solution3.pdf`.

Deliverables

A file `solution3.pdf` with a drawing of syntax tree of the given query processing plan. A syntax tree must use the relational algebra operations explained to you during the lecture classes. You are allowed to use any line drawing tool to draw a syntax tree. A scanned/photographed copy of a neat hand drawing is also acceptable.

Solution



End of sample solution