### How to write an article

Clue: Make a really cool bibliography

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### Outline

**Document Structure** 

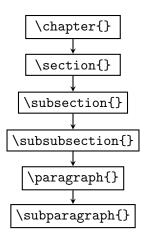
Font typefaces and sizes

Lists

Links

**Tables** 

# Sectioning



## Sectioning

Sectional commands have the following two forms:

\section {} Numbered sections.

\section \*{} Numbered sections.

There are 13 font families:

\textnormal Document font family.

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\textnormal Document font family. \emph emphasis, typically italics.

```
\textnormal Document font family.
\textnormal emphasis, typically italics.
\textrm Roman font family.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
\textrm Roman font family.
\textsf San serif font family.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
  \emph emphasis, typically italics.
  \textrm Roman font family.
  \textsf San serif font family.
  \textrt Teletypefont or monospace font.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
  \emph emphasis, typically italics.
  \textrm Roman font family.
  \textsf San serif font family.
  \textst Teletypefont or monospace font.
  \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
  \emph emphasis, typically italics.
  \textrm Roman font family.
  \textsf San serif font family.
  \textst Teletypefont or monospace font.
  \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
  \textit Italic shape.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
  \emph emphasis, typically italics.
  \textrm Roman font family.
  \textsf San serif font family.
  \textst Teletypefont or monospace font.
  \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
  \textit Italic shape.
  \textsl Slanted shape.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
      \emph emphasis, typically italics.
    \textrm Roman font family.
    \textsf San serif font family.
    \texttt Teletypefont or monospace font.
    \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
    \textit Italic shape.
    \textsl Slanted shape.
    \textsc SMALL CAPITALS.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
      \emph emphasis, typically italics.
    \textrm Roman font family.
    \textsf San serif font family.
    \texttt Teletypefont or monospace font.
    \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
    \textit Italic shape.
    \textsl Slanted shape.
    \textsc SMALL CAPITALS.
 \uppercase UPPERCASE, ALL CAPS.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
      \emph emphasis, typically italics.
    \textrm Roman font family.
    \textsf San serif font family.
    \texttt Teletypefont or monospace font.
    \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
    \textit Italic shape.
    \textsl Slanted shape.
    \textsc SMALL CAPITALS.
 \uppercase UPPERCASE, ALL CAPS.
    \textbf Bold font.
```

```
\textnormal Document font family.
      \emph emphasis, typically italics.
    \textrm Roman font family.
    \textsf San serif font family.
    \texttt Teletypefont or monospace font.
    \textup Upright shape, same as normal font.
    \textit Italic shape.
    \textsl Slanted shape.
    \textsc SMALL CAPITALS.
 \uppercase UPPERCASE, ALL CAPS.
    \textbf Bold font.
    \textmd medium weight.
```

There are 9 font sizes:

\tiny tiny.

There are 9 font sizes:

\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.

```
\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
```

```
\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
\small small.
```

```
\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
\small small.
\normalsize normalsize.
```

```
\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
\small small.
\normalsize normalsize.
\large large.
```

```
\tiny tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
\small small.
\normalsize normalsize.
\large large.
\Large Large.
```

```
\timy tiny.
\scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
\small small.
\normalsize normalsize.
\large large.
\Large Large.
\huge.
```

```
\tiny tiny.
  \scriptsize sciprtsize.
\footnotesize footnotesize.
       \small small.
  \normalsize normalsize.
       \large large.
       \Large Large.
        \huge huge.
```

# Types of Lists

There are three types of lists in LATEX:

- ▶ itemize.
- enumerate.
- ▶ description.

# Types of Lists

## How do I modify lists?

Use a package called enumitem.

It lets us change:

- Labels.
- Margins.
- Alignment.
- Direction (vertical or inline).

### How do I insert links?

Use the command \url or \href

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We can refer to internal objects by: \href {item-label}{text} or \ref.

## How do I change link colors?

Use a package called hyperref.

#### It lets us:

- Change link colors.
- Add bookmarks.
- Set PDF properties.
- Cross-referencing.

# Types of Links

### The four types of links are:

- ▶ link
- ▶ url
- ▶ cite
- ▶ file

## Types of Links

#### The various link colors are:

- ▶ linkcolor
- ▶ urlcolor
- ▶ citecolor
- ▶ filecolor
- ▶ linkbordercolor
- ▶ urlbordercolor
- citebordercolor

## General rules to typeset tables

- 1. Never use vertical lines.
- 2. Avoid double lines.
- 3. Place the units in the headings.
- 4. Don't use quotation marks to repeat content.

To make a table we use the tabular environment.

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### Syntax:

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Vertical alignment needs array package.

## How to make my tables prettier?

Name	Subject	Marks
Naruto	Taijutsu	80
Shiba	Ninjutsu	82
Sakura	Genjutsu	99
Boruto	All jutsu	00

Table: Marks of various students in Ninja Academy.

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Use a package called booktabs.

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