2 - 5 Review: radius of convergence

$$3. \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-1}{k}\right)^m x^{2m}$$

Clear["Global`*"]

$$Sum\Big[\,\frac{(-1)^{\,m}}{k^{\,m}}\,\,x^{2\,\,m}\,,\,\,\{m\,,\,\,0\,,\,\,\infty\}\,,\,\,GenerateConditions\,\rightarrow\,True\,\Big]$$

$$\texttt{ConditionalExpression} \Big[\, \frac{k}{k + x^2} \, ,$$

Abs [k] > Abs [x]² && k \neq 0 && k + x² \neq 0 && 1 +
$$\frac{x^2}{k} \neq 0$$
]

$$SumConvergence \Big[\, \frac{ \left(- \, 1 \, \right)^{\, m}}{k^{m}} \, \, x^{2 \, m} \, , \, \, m \Big]$$

$$Abs[k] > Abs[x]^2$$

1. Above: This does not look exactly like the answer, but I believe it says the same thing.

$$5. \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^m x^{2m}$$

Clear["Global`*"]

SumConvergence
$$\left[\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{m} x^{2m}, m\right]$$

$$Abs[x] < \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$$

The answer in the green cells above match the answers in the text.

6 - 9 Series solutions by hand

Apply the power series method. Do this by hand, not by a CAS, to get a feel for the method, e.g. why a series may terminate, or has even powers only, etc.

7.
$$y' = -2 \times y$$

Clear["Global`*"]

e1 = DSolve[y'[x] == -2 x y[x], y[x], x]
$$\{\{y[x] \rightarrow e^{-x^2} C[1]\}\}$$

e2 = e1 /. C[1]
$$\rightarrow$$
 a₀
{{y[x] \rightarrow e^{-x²} a₀}}
e3 =
Series[a₀ e^{-x²}, {x, 0, 8}]
a₀ - a₀ x² + $\frac{a_0 x^4}{2}$ - $\frac{a_0 x^6}{6}$ + $\frac{a_0 x^8}{24}$ + O[x]⁹

e4 = Collect[e3, a₀]

$$\left(1-x^2+\frac{x^4}{2}-\frac{x^6}{6}+\frac{x^8}{24}\right)a_0$$

The answer in the green cells above match the answers in the text.

9.
$$y'' + y = 0$$

Clear["Global`*"]

e1 = DSolve[y''[x] + y[x] == 0, y[x], x]

$$\{\{y[x] \rightarrow C[1] Cos[x] + C[2] Sin[x]\}\}$$

e2 = e1 /. $\{C[1] \rightarrow a_0, C[2] \rightarrow a_1\}$
 $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow Cos[x] a_0 + Sin[x] a_1\}\}$

e3 = e2[[1, 1, 2]]

Cos[x] a₀ + Sin[x] a₁

e4 = Series[e3, $\{x, 0, 8\}$]

$$a_0 + a_1 x - \frac{a_0 x^2}{2} - \frac{a_1 x^3}{6} + \frac{a_0 x^4}{24} + \frac{a_1 x^5}{120} - \frac{a_0 x^6}{720} - \frac{a_1 x^7}{5040} + \frac{a_0 x^8}{40320} + 0[x]^9$$

The answer in the green cells above match the answers in the text.

10 - 14 Series solutions

Find a power series solution in powers of x.

11.
$$y'' - y' + x^2 y = 0$$

Clear["Global
$$\times$$
"]
e1 = y[x_] = Sum[a_m x^m, {m, 0, 6}]
a₀ + x a₁ + x² a₂ + x³ a₃ + x⁴ a₄ + x⁵ a₅ + x⁶ a₆
e2 = y'[x]
a₁ + 2 x a₂ + 3 x² a₃ + 4 x³ a₄ + 5 x⁴ a₅ + 6 x⁵ a₆

e3 = y''[x]
2
$$a_2 + 6 \times a_3 + 12 \times^2 a_4 + 20 \times^3 a_5 + 30 \times^4 a_6$$

e6 = y''[x] - y'[x] + x^2 y[x] == 0
-a₁ + 2 a₂ - 2 x a₂ + 6 x a₃ - 3 x² a₃ + 12 x² a₄ - 4 x³ a₄ + 20 x³ a₅ - 5 x⁴ a₅ + 30 x⁴ a₆ - 6 x⁵ a₆ + x² (a₀ + x a₁ + x² a₂ + x³ a₃ + x⁴ a₄ + x⁵ a₅ + x⁶ a₆) == 0
e7 = Expand[e6]
x² a₀ - a₁ + x³ a₁ + 2 a₂ - 2 x a₂ + x⁴ a₂ + 6 x a₃ - 3 x² a₃ + x⁵ a₃ + 12 x² a₄ - 4 x³ a₄ + x⁶ a₄ + 20 x³ a₅ - 5 x⁴ a₅ + x⁷ a₅ + 30 x⁴ a₆ - 6 x⁵ a₆ + x⁸ a₆ == 0
e8 = Collect[e7, x]
-a₁ + 2 a₂ + x (-2 a₂ + 6 a₃) + x⁶ a₄ + x² (a₀ - 3 a₃ + 12 a₄) + x⁷ a₅ + x³ (a₁ - 4 a₄ + 20 a₅) + x⁵ (a₃ - 6 a₆) + x⁸ a₆ + x⁴ (a₂ - 5 a₅ + 30 a₆) == 0
e9 = Solve[2 a₂ == a₁, a₂]
{{a₂ → a₁/2}}
Above: x⁰
e11 = Solve[2 a₂ == 6 a₃, a₃] /. a₂ -> a₁/2

e11 = Solve[2 a₂ == 6 a₃, a₃] /. a₂ ->
$$\frac{a_1}{2}$$
 { { $a_3 \rightarrow \frac{a_1}{6}$ } }

Above: x^1

e13 = Expand [Solve [
$$a_0 - 3 a_3 + 12 a_4 = 0, a_4$$
] /. $a_3 \rightarrow \frac{a_1}{6}$] $\left\{ \left\{ a_4 \rightarrow -\frac{a_0}{12} + \frac{a_1}{24} \right\} \right\}$

Above: x^2

e14 = Simplify [Solve [
$$a_1 - 4 a_4 + 20 a_5 = 0$$
, a_5] /. $a_4 \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left(-a_0 + \frac{a_1}{2} \right)$] $\left\{ \left\{ a_5 \rightarrow \frac{1}{120} \left(-2 a_0 - 5 a_1 \right) \right\} \right\}$

Above: x^3

$$e15 =$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Simplify} \Big[\text{Solve} \big[a_2 - 5 \, a_5 + 30 \, a_6 = 0 \, , \, a_6 \big] \, / \, . \, \Big\{ a_5 \rightarrow \frac{1}{120} \, \left(-2 \, a_0 - 5 \, a_1 \right) \, , \, a_2 \rightarrow \frac{a_1}{2} \Big\} \Big] \\ &\Big\{ \Big\{ a_6 \rightarrow \frac{1}{720} \, \left(-2 \, a_0 - 17 \, a_1 \right) \Big\} \Big\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} &e16=y[x]\ /\cdot\,\left\{a_2\to\frac{a_1}{2}\,,\ a_3\to\frac{a_1}{6}\,,\ a_4\to-\frac{a_0}{12}+\frac{a_1}{24}\,,\right.\\ &a_5\to\frac{1}{120}\,\left(-2\,a_0-5\,a_1\right)\,,\ a_6\to\frac{1}{720}\,\left(-2\,a_0-17\,a_1\right)\,\right\}\\ &a_0+\frac{1}{720}\,x^6\,\left(-2\,a_0-17\,a_1\right)\,+\\ &\frac{1}{120}\,x^5\,\left(-2\,a_0-5\,a_1\right)\,+x^4\,\left(-\frac{a_0}{12}+\frac{a_1}{24}\right)+x\,a_1+\frac{x^2\,a_1}{2}+\frac{x^3\,a_1}{6} \end{split}$$

e17 = Collect[e16, {a₀, a₁}]

$$\left(1-\frac{x^4}{12}-\frac{x^5}{60}-\frac{x^6}{360}\right)a_0+\left(x+\frac{x^2}{2}+\frac{x^3}{6}+\frac{x^4}{24}-\frac{x^5}{24}-\frac{17\ x^6}{720}\right)a_1$$

Above: The answer in the green cell matches the text answer.

13.
$$y'' + (1 + x^2) y = 0$$

Clear["Global`*"] $e1 = y[x] = Sum[a_m x^m, \{m, 0, 7\}]$ $a_0 + x a_1 + x^2 a_2 + x^3 a_3 + x^4 a_4 + x^5 a_5 + x^6 a_6 + x^7 a_7$ e2 = y'[x] $a_1 + 2 \times a_2 + 3 \times^2 a_3 + 4 \times^3 a_4 + 5 \times^4 a_5 + 6 \times^5 a_6 + 7 \times^6 a_7$ e3 = v''[x] $2 a_2 + 6 x a_3 + 12 x^2 a_4 + 20 x^3 a_5 + 30 x^4 a_6 + 42 x^5 a_7$ $e4 = y''[x] + (1 + x^2) y[x] = 0$ $2 a_2 + 6 \times a_3 + 12 \times^2 a_4 + 20 \times^3 a_5 + 30 \times^4 a_6 + 42 \times^5 a_7 +$ $(1 + x^2)$ $(a_0 + x a_1 + x^2 a_2 + x^3 a_3 + x^4 a_4 + x^5 a_5 + x^6 a_6 + x^7 a_7) == 0$ e5 = Expand[e4] $a_0 + x^2 a_0 + x a_1 + x^3 a_1 + 2 a_2 + x^2 a_2 + x^4 a_2 + 6 x a_3 + x^3 a_3 + x^5 a_3 + 12 x^2 a_4 + x^4 a_4 +$ $x^6 a_4 + 20 x^3 a_5 + x^5 a_5 + x^7 a_5 + 30 x^4 a_6 + x^6 a_6 + x^8 a_6 + 42 x^5 a_7 + x^7 a_7 + x^9 a_7 = 0$ e6 = Collect[e5, x] $a_0 + 2 a_2 + x (a_1 + 6 a_3) + x^2 (a_0 + a_2 + 12 a_4) + x^3 (a_1 + a_3 + 20 a_5) + x^8 a_6 +$ $x^{6}(a_{4}+a_{6}) + x^{4}(a_{2}+a_{4}+30a_{6}) + x^{9}a_{7} + x^{7}(a_{5}+a_{7}) + x^{5}(a_{3}+a_{5}+42a_{7}) == 0$ $e7 = Solve[a_0 + 2 a_2 = 0, a_2]$ $\left\{\left\{\mathbf{a}_2 \to -\frac{\mathbf{a}_0}{2}\right\}\right\}$

e8 = Solve[
$$a_1 + 6 a_3 = 0, a_3$$
]
 $\left\{ \left\{ a_3 \rightarrow -\frac{a_1}{6} \right\} \right\}$

e9 = Solve[
$$a_0 + a_2 + 12 \ a_4 = 0$$
, a_4] /. $a_2 \rightarrow -\frac{a_0}{2}$ $\left\{ \left\{ a_4 \rightarrow -\frac{a_0}{24} \right\} \right\}$

Above: x^2

e10 = Solve
$$[a_1 + a_3 + 20 \ a_5 = 0, \ a_5] / a_3 \rightarrow -\frac{a_1}{6}$$
 $\{\{a_5 \rightarrow -\frac{a_1}{24}\}\}$

Above: x^3

e11 = Solve[
$$a_2 + a_4 + 30 \ a_6 = 0$$
, a_6] /. $\left\{ a_2 \rightarrow -\frac{a_0}{2}, \ a_4 \rightarrow -\frac{a_0}{24} \right\}$ $\left\{ \left\{ a_6 \rightarrow \frac{13 \ a_0}{720} \right\} \right\}$

Above: x^4

e12 = Solve[
$$a_3 + a_5 + 42 a_7 = 0$$
, a_7] /. $\left\{ a_3 \rightarrow -\frac{a_1}{6}, a_5 \rightarrow -\frac{a_1}{24} \right\}$ $\left\{ \left\{ a_7 \rightarrow \frac{5 a_1}{1008} \right\} \right\}$

Above: x^5

$$\begin{aligned} &e12 = y\left[x\right] \; / \; \cdot \; \left\{a_2 \to -\frac{a_0}{2} \; , \; a_3 \to -\frac{a_1}{6} \; , \; a_4 \to -\frac{a_0}{24} \; , \; a_5 \to -\frac{a_1}{24} \; , \; a_6 \to \frac{13 \; a_0}{720} \; , \; a_7 \to \frac{5 \; a_1}{1008} \right\} \\ &a_0 - \frac{x^2 \; a_0}{2} - \frac{x^4 \; a_0}{24} \; + \; \frac{13 \; x^6 \; a_0}{720} \; + \; x \; a_1 - \frac{x^3 \; a_1}{6} - \frac{x^5 \; a_1}{24} \; + \; \frac{5 \; x^7 \; a_1}{1008} \end{aligned}$$

 $e13 = Collect[e12, {a_0, a_1}]$

$$\left(1-\frac{x^2}{2}-\frac{x^4}{24}+\frac{13 x^6}{720}\right) a_0+\left(x-\frac{x^3}{6}-\frac{x^5}{24}+\frac{5 x^7}{1008}\right) a_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{el4 = Normal} \left[\left(1 - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{13 \ x^6}{720} \right) \ a_0 + \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x^5}{24} + \frac{5 \ x^7}{1008} \right) \ a_1 \right] \ / \text{.} \ x \to 1 \\ &\frac{343 \ a_0}{720} + \frac{803 \ a_1}{1008} \end{aligned}$$

Above: The answer in the green cell matches the text answer. The cell below the answer is an experiment for doing IVP.

16 - 19 CAS problems. IVPs

Solve the initial value problem by a power series. Graph the partial sums of the powers up to and including x^5 . Find the value of the sum s (5 digits) at x_1 .

17.
$$y'' + 3 x y' + 2 y = 0$$
, $y[0] = 1$, $y'[0] = 1$, $x = 0.5$

Clear["Global`*"]

e1 =
$$y[x_{-}] = Sum[a_m x^m, \{m, 0, 5\}]$$
 $a_0 + x a_1 + x^2 a_2 + x^3 a_3 + x^4 a_4 + x^5 a_5$

e4 = $y''[x] + 3 x y'[x] + 2 y[x] = 0$
 $2 a_2 + 6 x a_3 + 12 x^2 a_4 + 20 x^3 a_5 + 3 x (a_1 + 2 x a_2 + 3 x^2 a_3 + 4 x^3 a_4 + 5 x^4 a_5) + 2 (a_0 + x a_1 + x^2 a_2 + x^3 a_3 + x^4 a_4 + x^5 a_5) = 0$

e5 = Expand[e4]

 $2 a_0 + 5 x a_1 + 2 a_2 + 8 x^2 a_2 + 6 x a_3 + 11 x^3 a_3 + 12 x^2 a_4 + 14 x^4 a_4 + 20 x^3 a_5 + 17 x^5 a_5 = 0$

e6 = Collect[e5, x]

 $2 a_0 + 2 a_2 + x (5 a_1 + 6 a_3) + 14 x^4 a_4 + x^2 (8 a_2 + 12 a_4) + 17 x^5 a_5 + x^3 (11 a_3 + 20 a_5) = 0$

e7 = Solve[2 $a_0 + 2 a_2 = 0$, a_2]

 $\{\{a_2 \rightarrow -a_0\}\}$

e8 = Solve[5 $a_1 + 6 a_3 = 0$, a_3]

 $\{\{a_3 \rightarrow -\frac{5 a_1}{6}\}\}$

Above: x^2

e10 = Solve[11 $a_3 + 20 a_5 = 0$, a_5] $/. a_3 \rightarrow -\frac{5 a_1}{6}$
 $\{\{a_5 \rightarrow \frac{11 a_1}{24}\}\}$

Above: x^3

Above: With discovery of a_5 , all the coefficient values for calculation of s have been found.

e19 = y[x] /.
$$\left\{a_2 \to -a_0, a_3 \to -\frac{5a_1}{6}, a_4 \to \frac{2a_0}{3}, a_5 \to \frac{11a_1}{24}\right\}$$

 $a_0 - x^2 a_0 + \frac{2x^4 a_0}{3} + x a_1 - \frac{5x^3 a_1}{6} + \frac{11x^5 a_1}{24}$

Above. This is the general solution. The initial value condition of y(0) = 1 will make $a_0 = 1$, and the other initial value condition of y'(0) = 1 will make $a_1 = 1$.

$$e20 = s[x_] = e19 /. \{a_0 \rightarrow 1, a_1 \rightarrow 1\}$$

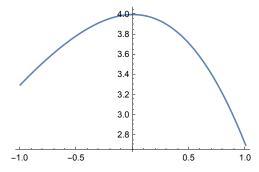
$$1 + x - x^2 - \frac{5 x^3}{6} + \frac{2 x^4}{3} + \frac{11 x^5}{24}$$

s[1/2]

923

768

 $Plot[s[x], \{x, -1, 1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow Automatic, ImageSize \rightarrow 250]$



The answers in the green cells above match the answers in the text.

19.
$$(x-2)$$
 y' = x y, y [0] = 4, $x_1 = 2$

Clear["Global`*"]

$$\begin{split} &e1 = y[x_{-}] = Sum[a_{m} x^{m}, \{m, 0, 5\}] \\ &a_{0} + x a_{1} + x^{2} a_{2} + x^{3} a_{3} + x^{4} a_{4} + x^{5} a_{5} \\ &e2 = (x - 2) y'[x] - x y[x] == 0 \\ &(-2 + x) (a_{1} + 2 x a_{2} + 3 x^{2} a_{3} + 4 x^{3} a_{4} + 5 x^{4} a_{5}) - x (a_{0} + x a_{1} + x^{2} a_{2} + x^{3} a_{3} + x^{4} a_{4} + x^{5} a_{5}) == 0 \end{split}$$

$$-x a_0 - 2 a_1 + x a_1 - x^2 a_1 - 4 x a_2 + 2 x^2 a_2 - x^3 a_2 - 6 x^2 a_3 + 3 x^3 a_3 - x^4 a_3 - 8 x^3 a_4 + 4 x^4 a_4 - x^5 a_4 - 10 x^4 a_5 + 5 x^5 a_5 - x^6 a_5 == 0$$

e4 = Collect[e3, x]
-2
$$a_1 + x (-a_0 + a_1 - 4 a_2) + x^2 (-a_1 + 2 a_2 - 6 a_3) + x^3 (-a_2 + 3 a_3 - 8 a_4) + x^4 (-a_3 + 4 a_4 - 10 a_5) - x^6 a_5 + x^5 (-a_4 + 5 a_5) == 0$$

Below: a_1 , which will be the coefficient of x in the final equation, has no business sticking out by itself.

e5 = Solve[-2
$$a_1 = 0$$
, a_1] {{ $a_1 \rightarrow 0$ }}

Below: This value of a_0 was set with the belief that it is necessary for the initial condition, y(0) = 4.

$$\begin{array}{l} e6 = Solve[-a_0 + a_1 - 4 \ a_2 = 0 \ , \ a_2] \ / \ . \ \{a_0 \to 4 \ , \ a_1 \to 0\} \\ \{\{a_2 \to -1\}\} \\ e7 = Simplify[Solve[-a_1 + 2 \ a_2 - 6 \ a_3 = 0 \ , \ a_3] \ / \ . \ \{a_2 \to -1 \ , \ a_1 \to 0\}] \\ \{\{a_3 \to -\frac{1}{3}\}\} \\ e8 = Simplify[Solve[-a_2 + 3 \ a_3 - 8 \ a_4 = 0 \ , \ a_4] \ / \ . \ \{a_2 \to -1 \ , \ a_3 \to -\frac{1}{3}\}] \\ \{\{a_4 \to 0\}\} \\ e9 = Simplify[Solve[-a_3 + 4 \ a_4 - 10 \ a_5 = 0 \ , \ a_5] \ / \ . \ \{a_3 \to -\frac{1}{3} \ , \ a_4 \to 0\}] \\ \{\{a_5 \to \frac{1}{30}\}\} \end{array}$$

Above: Discovery of a_5 gives all the coefficients necessary to express s up to fifth power of x.

$$e10 = y[x] /. \left\{ a_0 \to 4, \ a_1 \to 0, \ a_2 \to -1, \ a_3 \to -\frac{1}{3}, \ a_4 \to 0, \ a_5 \to \frac{1}{30} \right\}$$

$$4-x^2-\frac{x^3}{3}+\frac{x^5}{30}$$

e11 = s[x] = e10

$$4 - x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{30}$$

s[0]

s[2]

 $\texttt{Plot}[\,s\,[\,x\,]\,\,,\,\,\{x\,,\,\,-1,\,\,1\}\,,\,\,\texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \texttt{Automatic}\,,\,\,\texttt{ImageSize} \rightarrow 250\,]$

