

# Python

Full stack Skills Bootcamp

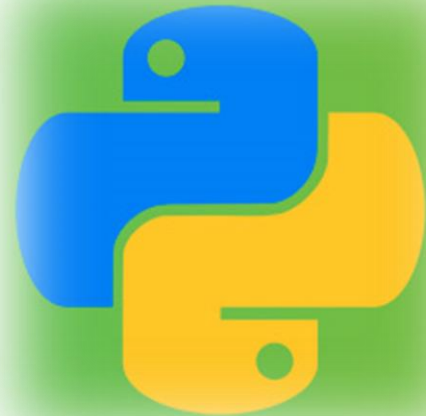
# Introducing Python Tuples

## ■ What are tuples?

A tuple is an immutable, fixed-size sequence of data in Python. Once created, tuple elements cannot be modified, unlike lists. Useful for storing collections of heterogeneous, constant data.

## ■ Why use tuples?

Immutability ensures data consistency. They are faster and use less memory than lists. Frequently used for fixed-size collections (e.g., coordinates, configuration data).



# Creating a Tuple

## ■ Initialization

python

```
my_tuple = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)  
print("Original Tuple:", my_tuple)
```

- This creates a tuple called `my_tuple` containing five integers.
- Tuples are often used for storing collections of items that are fixed and should not change.

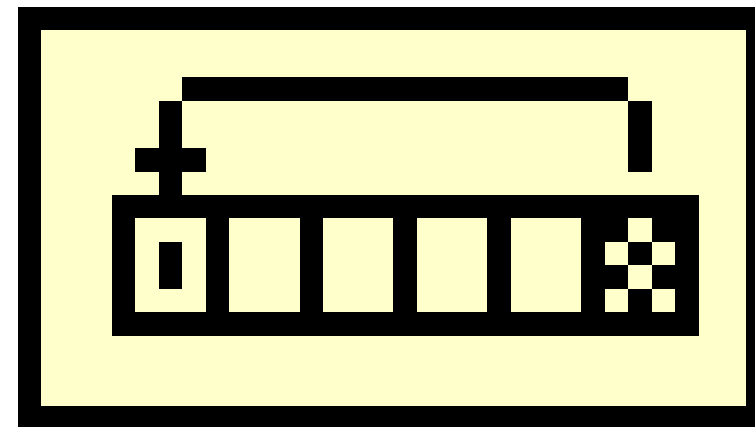
# Accessing Tuple Elements

## ■ Accessing Elements

Elements are accessed using their index, like lists.

```
python  
  
print("First Element:", my_tuple[0]) # Output: First Element: 1  
print("Last Element:", my_tuple[-1]) # Output: Last Element: 5
```

- The first element can be accessed using index 0.
- Negative indexing allows access to elements from the end of the tuple



# Slicing Elements

## ■ Creating Sub-tuples

Slicing creates a new tuple from a portion of the original tuple.

python

```
sub_tuple = my_tuple[1:4] # Get elements from index 1 to 3  
print("Sliced Tuple (index 1 to 3):", sub_tuple) # Output: (2, 3, 4)
```

This demonstrates how to extract a sub-tuple using slice notation.



# Comparison with Lists

## ■ Lists vs Tuples

Lists are mutable sequences that can be modified after creation.

## ■ Key Differences

- Lists allow changes, while tuples do not.
- Tuples are generally preferred for fixed collections, whereas lists are used for collections that may need to change

python

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
print("Original List:", my_list)
my_list[1] = 10
print("Modified List:", my_list) # Output: Modified List: [1, 10, 3, 4, 5]
```

# Conclusion

- Tuples provide a way to store immutable collections of items.
- Understanding how to create, access, and manipulate tuples is essential for effective Python programming.

