

Deep learning & applications

Practice#1-1

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Task: binary classification using logistic regression (loss = binary cross entropy loss)

Input: 2-dim vector, $\mathbf{x} = \{x_1, x_2\}$

Output: label of the input, $\mathbf{y} \in \{0,1\}$

Pseudo code

Step 1. Generate 10000(=m) train samples:

```
x1_train=[], x2_train=[], y_train=[]  
for i in range(m):  
    x1_train.append(random.uniform(-10, 10))  
    x2_train.append(random.uniform(-10, 10))  
    if x1_train[-1] < -5 or x1_train[-1] > 5:  
        y_train.append(1)  
    else:  
        y_train.append(0)
```

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Pseudo code

Step 2. Initialize $W = [w_1, w_2]$ and b (small random values? large random values? zeros?)

Step 3. Determine the learning rate α (let's start with 1/100)

Step 4. Update $W = [w_1, w_2], b$ with 'm' samples for 5000 (=K) iterations: #K updates with the gradient descent

Step 4-1. Print W, b every 500 iterations

Step 4-2. Calculate the cost on the 'm' train samples!

Step 4-3. Assume that predicted output is 1 if $\tilde{y} > 0.5$, otherwise 0. Then, print accuracy for the 'm' train samples! (display the number of correctly predicted outputs/m*100)