Brookshear-Computer Science: An Overview, 9th edition

Test Bank—Chapter Four (Networks and the Internet)

Multiple Choice Questions

	Multiple Choice Qu	estions						
	1. Which of the following is not a way of classifying networks?							
し	A. WAN versus C. Router versus		B. Closed versus D. Star versus bu					
	ANSWER: C							
	2. Ethernet is a means of implementing which of the following network topologies?							
ノ	A. Star	B. Ring	C.Bus					
	ANSWER: C							
7	3. Which of the following connects existing networks to form an internet?							
ク	A. Bridge	B. Router	C. Switch	D. Repeater				
	ANSWER: B	/						
	4. Which of the following is a protocol for controlling the right to transmit a message in a network?							
ら	A. UDP	B. CSMA/CD	C. TCP	D. FTP				
	ANSWER: B							
	5. Which of the following is not a means of performing interprocess communication over a network							
	A. Client/server B. ICANN C. Peer-to-peer							
	ANSWER: B			, 2 ¹⁶ = 65.	536			
6. If the network identifier of a domain in the Internet is 115.48, how many unique IP address available for identifying machines within the domain (assuming 32 bit addresses)?								
	A. 4096	B. 16,384	C. 32,76	58	D. 65,536			
	ANSWER: D							
1	7. Which of the following is not an application of the Internet?							
	A. FTP	B. Email	C. Telnet	D, CER	Т			
	ANSWER: D							
	8. The primary purpose of which of the following is not the enhancement of security?							
1	A ICANN	B. Firewall	C. Encryption	D. CERT				

	ANSWER: A			
	9. Which of the following is not	a means of referencing ent	ities on the Internet?	
	A. URL B. IP	address C Anonymou	s FTP D. Host addr	ess
	ANSWER: C	7		
	10. Which of the following is no	ot a means of connecting ne	etworks?	
P	A. Switch B Se	rver C. Router	D. Bridge	
	ANSWER: B			
_	11. Which layer of the TCP/IP h	ierarchy actually transmits	a message?	
V	A. Application B. Tr	ansport C. Network	Link	
	ANSWER: D		9	
	12. Which layer of the TCP/IP h	ierarchy chops messages in	nto units whose size is cor	npatible with the
12	Internet?	C Network	D. Link	•
レ		ansport C. Network	D. Link	
	ANSWER: B	iororoby docides the direct	ion in which massage soo	monta are transformed
<u> </u>	13. Which layer of the TCP/IP hacross the Internet?	nerarchy decides the direct	ion in which message segi	nems are transferred
	A. Application B. Tr	ansport C. Network	D. Link	
	ANSWER: C	-		
A	14. Which layer of the TCP/IP h	ilerarchy decides which app	olication should receive an	n incoming message?
()	A Application B. Tr	ansport C. Network	D. Link	
^	ANSWER: A			
A	15. Which layer of the TCP/IP h	ierarchy presents incoming	messages to the computer	r user?
•	A Application B. Tr	ansport C. Network	D. Link	
	ANSWER: A	网络一层在重	新组装部息?	到目的地時
R	16. Which layer of the TCP/IP h			
V	A. Application B Tr	ansport C. Network	D. Link	
	ANSWER: B			
\wedge	17. Which layer of the TCP/IP h destination?	ierarchy is responsible for		
	\		取《	
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	A. Application B. Transport C. Network D. Link							
3	ANSWER: A							
	18. Which of the following identifies the application to which a message arriving from the Internet should be given?							
	A. Protocol By Port number C. Domain D. Hop count							
	ANSWER: B							
	19. Which standards organization produced the OSI reference model for internet communication?							
	A. ANSIB. IEEE C. ISO							
	ANSWER: C							
	20. Which of the following is an Internet application that is named after its underlying protocol?							
	A. Email B. World Wide Web C. FTP D. UDP							
	ANSWER: C							
,	21. Which of the following is not a means of implementing server-side activities?							
	A. CGI B. JSP C. ASP D Applets							
	ANSWER: D							
/	22. Which of the following is not a protocol used in the basic TCP/IP software hierarchy?							
E	APOP3B. UDP C. TCP D. IP							
	ANSWER: A							
	Fill-in-the-blank/Short-answer Questions							
	1. List three network topologies.							
	A. Star							
	A. Star B. Ring -> 環狀 C. Bus							
	c. Bus							
	ANSWER: star, ring, and bus							
	2. What are two protocols for implementing the transport level in the "TCP/IP hierarchy"?							
	A. TOP B. UDP							
	ANSWER: TCP and UDP							

3. Draw a circle the portion of the URL below that identifies the directory containing the file being addressed. Underline the portion that identifies the protocol that should be used when accessing the file. Draw a rectangle around the portion that identifies the file name itself.

http://batcave.metropolis.com/heroes/superheroes/batpage.html

ANSWER: Circle: superheroes, underline: http, rectangle: batpage.html (or just batpage)

4. Underline the portion of the URL below that identifies the classification (top-level domain) of the registered domain in which the pertinent Web server resides. Draw a rectangle around the portion that indicates the directory path the server should follow to find the designated document.

http://batcave.metropolis.com/heroes/superheroes/batpage.html

ANSWER: Underline: com, rectangle: heroes/superheroes

5. Draw a rectangle around the portion of the email address below that identifies the "person" who should receive the message. Underline the portion that identifies the location of the mail server that handles the mail for that person.

Fido@dogmail.zoo.org

ANSWER: Rectangle: Fido, underline: dogmail.zoo.org

6. What bit pattern is represented by 33.42.18 in dotted decimal notation?

ANSWER: 00100001 00101010 00010010 (212A12 in hexadecimal)

.....

7. Express the bit pattern 0001001000001100 in dotted decimal notation.

ANSWER: 18.12

8. IP addresses used in the Internet are ______ bits long and consist of two parts. One part, which identifies the domain, is called the ______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the ______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the ______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the _______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the _______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the _______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the _______ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the ________ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the _________ and the other, which identifies a particular machine within that domain, is called the ___________.

ANSWER: 32, network identifier, host address

9. Name three kinds of servers.

A. Web Server

B. File Server

c. Database Server

ANSWER: Possible answers include: name server, file server, mail server, Web server, etc.

10. List four top-level domains.

A. \tw

B. <u>(070</u>

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C. <u>, aov</u> D. <u>, l d</u>w

ANSWER: Possible answers include com, org, edu, gov, net, uk, ca, etc.

11. What terms in the following HTML document are linked to other documents?

```
<html>
<head>
<title>This is the title</title>
</head>
<body>
<hl>Favorite Animals</hl>
Of all the animals in the world, the
<a href="http://pigs.org/pigs.html"/pigs/a> is
perhaps the most charming.
<a href="http://hippopotamuscity.org/hippo.html">hippopotamus</a> is also cute.
</body>
</html>
```

ANSWER: pig, hippopotamus

12. Fill in the blanks in the HTML document below so that the term "Earth" will be linked to the HTML document "earthinfo.html" in the directory "earthdir" at "earthnews.com."

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Earth page</title>
</head>
<body>
The planet we live on is called

<a href="http://earthhews.com/earthhfu/earthhfu/mearthh
//earthhews.com/earthhfu/earthhfu/mearth
//p>

</pody>
</html>
```

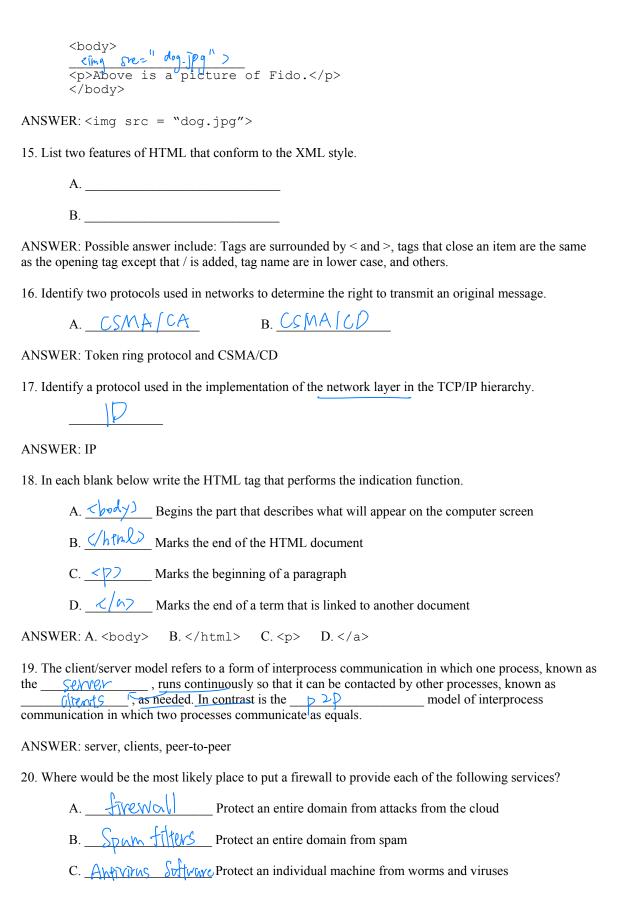
ANSWER: ,

13. Fill in the blanks with the missing tags to the following HTML document.

```
<html>
<head>
<trifl>
Title </title>
</head>
<trifl>
click on
<a href="http://this..org"> this. 
</body>
</body>
</html>
```

ANSWER: The following tags are missing: <title>, >, <body>, , and .

14. Fill in the blank in the following HTML document so that the image called dog.jpg will be displayed at the top of the page.



ANSWER: A. At the gateway B. At the domain's mail server C. At the individual machine

21. Write the entire URL required to retrieve the Web document named bulldogs.html from the Web server at animals.org assuming that the document is stored in the directory named dogs.

ANSWER: http://animals.org/dogs/bulldogs.html

Vocabulary (Matching) Questions

The following is a list of terms from the chapter along with descriptive phrases that can be used to produce questions (depending on the topics covered in your course) in which the students are ask to match phrases and terms. An example would be a question of the form, "In the blank next to each phrase, write the term from the following list that is best described by the phrase."

TermDescriptive PhraseinternetA network of networksdomainA portion of the InternetprotocolA governing set of rules

cloud The portion of the Internet lying outside one's domain

IP address Identifies a machine on the Internet

HTML A notational system for indicating how a Web document is to be

displayed by a browser

ISP A means of obtaining access to the Internet firewall A means of blocking undesired messages

packet A message segment that is transmitted over the Internet independently

XML A "format" for markup languages FTP A protocol for transferring files

router A means of connecting networks to form an internet dotted decimal A notational system for representing bit patterns URL A means of identifying a document on the Web search engine A means of finding relevant information on the Web Ethernet A means of implementing a network with the bus topology

UDP A protocol for the transport layer IP A protocol for the network layer

General Format Ouestions

1. What is the difference between a repeater and a bridge?

ANSWER: Both repeaters and bridges are used to connect two buses, but a repeater transfers all messages whereas a bridge transfers only those messages destined for the other side.

2. What is the difference between hubs, switches, and routers?

ANSWER: A hub is merely a central (short) bus to which computers are connected to form a bus network. A switch connects several bus networks to form a larger network. A router connects two networks to form an internet in which the original two networks continue to function as independent networks.

3. Many people use the terms Internet and world-wide web interchangeably. What is the difference between the Internet and the world-wide web?

ANSWER: The Internet is the infrastructure used by the world-wide web. That is, the world-wide web is only one application of the Internet. Other applications include email, ftp, and telnet.

4. What are HTML and XML?

ANSWER: HTML is an actual markup language. XML is not a markup language itself. Instead it is a markup language "style."

5. What are some distinctions between UDP and TCP?

ANSWER: UDP is a connectionless protocol whereas TCP establishes a two way communication between the origin and destination of a message. TCP is a reliable protocol in that the origin and destination work together to confirm that the entire message was successfully transferred. In contrast, UDP merely transmits the message without confirming it reception.

6. As an encryption system, what is unique about public-key encryption (that is, why is public-key encryption so named)?

ANSWER: In a public-key encryption system, knowing the encryption key does not allow one to decipher a message. Thus, the encryption key can be public knowledge without violating security.

7. Draw a sketch showing how the following HTML document would appear on the computer screen when displayed by a browser.

```
<html>
<head>
<title>This is the title</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Mud Art</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

ANSWER: The displayed page contains only the words "Mud Art" displayed as a major heading. The words "This is the title" are NOT part of the displayed page.

8. Draw a sketch showing how the following HTML document would appear on the computer screen when displayed by a browser.

```
<html>
<head>
<title>This is the title</title>
</head>
<body>
<hl>Favorite Animals</hl>
Of all the animals in the world, the
<a href="http://pigs.org/pigs.html">pig</a> is
perhaps the most charming.However, the
<a href="http://hippopotamuscity.org/hippo.html">
hippopotamus</a> is also cute.
</body>
</html>
```

ANSWER: Something like this:

Favorite Animals

Of all the animals in the world, the pig is perhaps the most charming.

However, the hippopotamus is also cute.

9. What would happen if a user clicked the mouse on the term "pig" while viewing the HTML document shown below?

```
<html>
<head>
<title>This is the title</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Favorite Animals</h1>
Of all the animals in the world, the
<a href="http://pigs.org/pigs.html">pig</a> is
perhaps the most charming.However, the
<a href="http://hippopotamuscity.org/hippo.html">hippopotamus</a> is also cute.
</body>
</html>
```

ANSWER: The browser would retrieve and display the document pigs.html.

10. To what do the terms "server side" and "client side" refer?

ANSWER: They indicate whether the identified activity is performed by the client or the server when using the client/server model for interprocess communication.

11. What assumptions are made when a URL is denoted by merely zoo.org?

ANSWER: It is assumed that the protocol is http and that the document desired is the default document in the default directory.

12. Briefly summarize the steps performed by each of the four layers in the TCP/IP hierarchy at the computer at which a message originates.

ANSWER: Application layer: originates the message and obtains destination's IP address. Transport layer: chops message into segments and assigns sequence numbers. Network layer: determines intermediate address. Link layer: transmits message segments.