

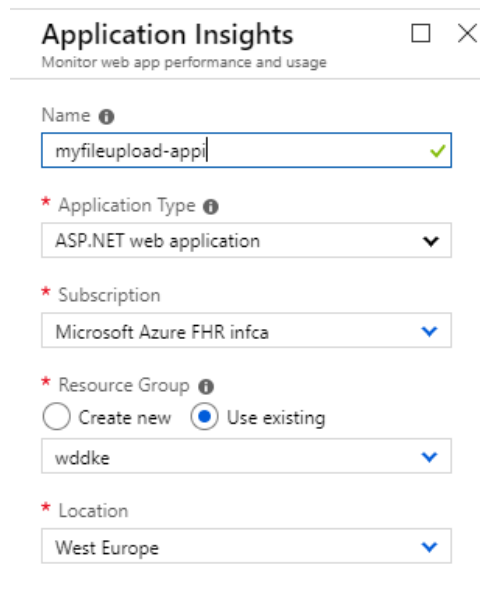
## Monitor Web App und Azure Function Hands On

Für den im Azure WebApps + Storage + Functions Hands On implementierten UseCase wird ein Monitoring implementiert.

- Hinzufügen von Application Insights zur Middleware
- Hinzufügen von Application Insights für Azure Functions
  - Auswerten eines fehlerhaften Uploads
- Custom Logging
  - Hinzufügen von Custom Monitoring
    - In der Middleware mit dem TelemetryClient
  - In der UI
    - Tracken von Page Views mit einem custom monitoring service
- Anzeigen/Auswerten im Portal

### Requirements:

- Application Insights Ressourcen (3 Stück) in eigener RG erstellen und sprechend benennen.
  - Middleware
    - Application Insights für die ASP.NET web application erstellen
  - Function
    - Application Insights für die ASP.NET web application erstellen
  - UI
    - Application Insights für Node.js application erstellen (UI)



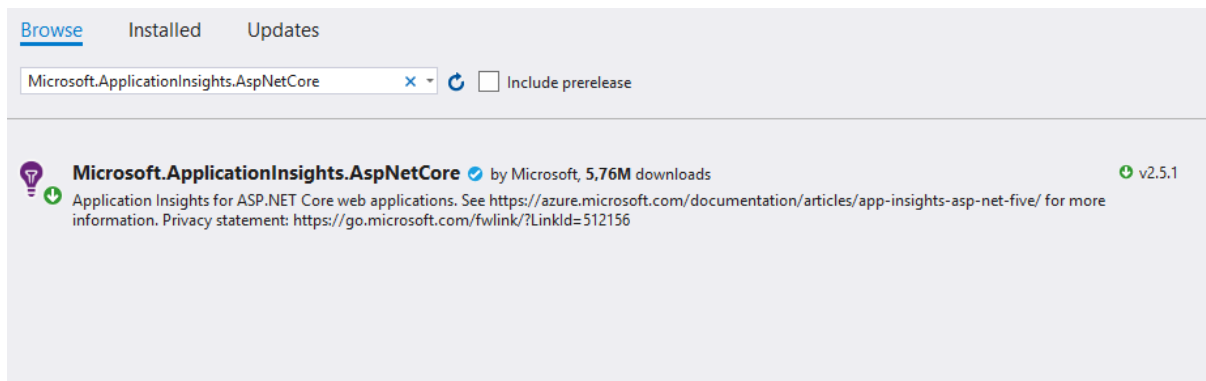
The screenshot shows the 'Create new' form for an Application Insights resource in the Azure portal. The form is titled 'Application Insights' with the subtitle 'Monitor web app performance and usage'. It contains the following fields:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'myfileupload-appi' with a green checkmark icon to its right.
- \* Application Type:** A dropdown menu with 'ASP.NET web application' selected.
- \* Subscription:** A dropdown menu with 'Microsoft Azure FHR infca' selected.
- \* Resource Group:** A section with two radio buttons: 'Create new' (unselected) and 'Use existing' (selected). Below the radio buttons is a dropdown menu with 'wddke' selected.
- \* Location:** A dropdown menu with 'West Europe' selected.

## 1 Implementieren von Application Insights in die Middleware

In Visual Studio in die File Upload App wechseln

Unter Manage NuGet Packages App Insights hinzufügen und auf aktuelle Version (2.5.1) prüfen



Startup.cs

```
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
{
    services.AddMvc().SetCompatibilityVersion(CompatibilityVersion.Version_2_1);
    services.AddApplicationInsightsTelemetry(Configuration);

    // In production, the Angular files will be served from this directory
    services.AddSpaStaticFiles(configuration =>
    {
        configuration.RootPath = "ClientApp/dist";
    });
}
```

Program.cs

```
1 reference | 0 exceptions
public static IWebHostBuilder CreateWebHostBuilder(string[] args) =>
    WebHost.CreateDefaultBuilder(args)
        .UseStartup<Startup>().UseApplicationInsights();
```

Appsettings.json (Instrumentation Key der richtigen App Insights Resource eintragen)

```
"ApplicationInsights": {
  "InstrumentationKey": "XXX"
},
```

## Ausführen

- Lokal ausführen und prüfen ob in der Cloud App Insights resource etwas ankommt (Kann ein wenig Zeit dauern)
- Wenn es funktioniert die App wieder Publishen
- Dann Online testen


Overview

Connected Services

Publish

### Publish

Publish your app to Azure or another host. [Learn more](#)

 myfileuploadke - Web Deploy

Publish

[New Profile...](#)[Actions ▼](#)

Site URL	<a href="http://myfileuploadke.azurewebsites.net/">http://myfileuploadke.azurewebsites.net/</a>	<a href="#">Edit App Service Settings</a>
Resource Group	wddke	<a href="#">Manage In Cloud Explorer</a>
Configuration	Release	<a href="#">Preview</a>
Troubleshooting Info	<a href="#">See Guide</a>	<a href="#">Configure</a>

### Continuous Delivery

Automatically publish your application to Azure with continuous delivery

[Configure](#)

## 2 Implementieren von Application Insights für die Azure Function

Kopieren des Instrumentation Key der Azure Function Application Insights resource

In der Azure Function → Application Settings

### Configured features

 Function app settings

 Application settings

 Application Insights

Add new setting

WEBSITE_CONTENTAZUREFILECONNECTIONSTRING	Hidden value. Click to edit.
WEBSITE_CONTENTSHARE	Hidden value. Click to edit.
APPINSIGHTS_INSTRUMENTATIONKEY	Hidden value. Click to edit.

+ Add new setting

### ÜBUNG

Zu der Azure Function Application Insights resource wechseln

- Bilder hochladen und prüfen ob App Insights etwas registriert
- Eine Datei (Kein Bild!) hochladen z.B .pdf
- Die Ursache für einen Fehler in der function mithilfe von App Insights suchen (Wo steht wieso der Dateiupload fehlgeschlagen ist)

### 3 Implementieren von Custom Events mit dem Telemetry Client

FileUploadController.cs (Den Filenamen und die Filegröße mit einem Upload Event tracken)

```
namespace file_upload.Controllers
{
    [Route("api/[controller]")]
    1 reference | 0 requests
    public class FileUploadController : Controller
    {
        //Appsettings Configuration
        private readonly IConfiguration _configuration;
        private TelemetryClient _telemetry;

        0 references | 0 exceptions
        public FileUploadController(IConfiguration config, TelemetryClient telemetry)
        {
            _configuration = config;
            _telemetry = telemetry;
        }

        [HttpPost]
        0 references | 0 requests | 0 exceptions
        public async Task<IActionResult> UploadFileAsync([FromForm]IFormFile file)
        {
            //Parse ConnectionString
            if (CloudStorageAccount.TryParse(_configuration.GetConnectionString("StorageAccount"), out CloudStorageAccount storageAccount))
            {
                //Create client and create BlobContainer
                var client = storageAccount.CreateCloudBlobClient();
                var container = client.GetContainerReference("originalfile");
                await container.CreateIfNotExistsAsync();
                _telemetry.TrackEvent("UploadEvent",
                    new Dictionary<string, string>()
                    {
                        { "Filename", file.FileName },|
                        { "FileSize", file.Length.ToString() }
                    });

                //Creates a Blob and uploads file into Blob
                var blob = container.GetBlockBlobReference(file.FileName);
                await blob.UploadFromStreamAsync(file.OpenReadStream());

                return Ok(blob.Uri);
            }

            return StatusCode(StatusCodes.Status500InternalServerError);
        }
    }
}
```

## 4 Implementieren von Application Insights für die UI (Custom Logging)

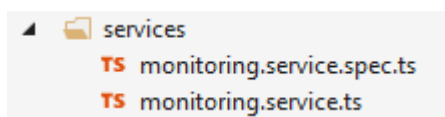
### Environment.ts

```
export const environment = {  
  production: false,  
  appInsights: {  
    instrumentationKey: 'b03ca7b0-ab9f-45b0-aef2-ed62942e499e'  
  }  
};
```

### Environment.prod.ts

```
export const environment = {  
  production: true,  
  appInsights: {  
    instrumentationKey: 'b03ca7b0-ab9f-45b0-aef2-ed62942e499e'  
  }  
};
```

Unter Ordner app → neuen Ordner services erstellen und monitoring service files anlegen



### Monitoring.service.spec.ts

```
import { TestBed, inject } from '@angular/core/testing';  
  
import { MonitoringService } from './monitoring.service';  
  
describe('MonitoringService', () => {  
  beforeEach(() => {  
    TestBed.configureTestingModule({  
      providers: [MonitoringService]  
    });  
  });  
  
  it('should be created', inject([MonitoringService], (service: MonitoringService) => {  
    expect(service).toBeTruthy();  
  }));  
});
```

monitoring.service.ts

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { AppInsights } from 'applicationinsights-js';
import { environment } from '../../environments/environment';

@Injectable()
export class MonitoringService {

  private config: Microsoft.ApplicationInsights.IConfig = {
    instrumentationKey: environment.appInsights.instrumentationKey
  };

  constructor() {
    if (!AppInsights.config) {
      AppInsights.downloadAndSetup(this.config);
    }
  }

  logPageView(name?: string, url?: string, properties?: any,
    measurements?: any, duration?: number) {
    AppInsights.trackPageView(name, url, properties, measurements, duration);
  }

  logEvent(name: string, properties?: any, measurements?: any) {
    AppInsights.trackEvent(name, properties, measurements);
  }
}
```

## App.module.ts

```
import { FileUploadModule } from 'primeng/fileupload';
import { MonitoringService } from '../services/monitoring.service';

@NgModule({
  declarations: [
    AppComponent,
    NavMenuComponent,
    HomeComponent,
    CounterComponent,
    FetchDataComponent,
    FileUploadComponent
  ],
  imports: [
    BrowserModule.withServerTransition({ appId: 'ng-cli-universal' }),
    HttpClientModule,
    FormsModule,
    FileUploadModule,
    RouterModule.forRoot([
      { path: 'file-upload', component: FileUploadComponent },
      { path: '', component: HomeComponent, pathMatch: 'full' },
      { path: 'counter', component: CounterComponent },
      { path: 'fetch-data', component: FetchDataComponent },
    ])
  ],
  providers: [
    MonitoringService
  ],
  bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { }
```



## Counter.components.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
import { MonitoringService } from '../services/monitoring.service';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-counter-component',
  templateUrl: './counter.component.html'
})
export class CounterComponent {
  public currentCount = 0;

  constructor(private monitoringService: MonitoringService) {
    this.monitoringService.logPageView("Page view: Counter");
  }

  public incrementCounter() {
    this.currentCount++;
  }
}
```

## Fetch-data.component.ts

```
import { Component, Inject } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { MonitoringService } from '../services/monitoring.service';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-fetch-data',
  templateUrl: './fetch-data.component.html'
})
export class FetchDataComponent {
  public forecasts: WeatherForecast[];

  constructor(http: HttpClient, @Inject('BASE_URL') baseUrl: string, private monitoringService: MonitoringService) {
    this.monitoringService.logPageView("Page view: Fetch-Data");
    http.get<WeatherForecast[]>(baseUrl + 'api/SampleData/WeatherForecasts').subscribe(result => {
      this.forecasts = result;
    }, error => console.error(error));
  }
}

interface WeatherForecast {
  dateFormatted: string;
  temperatureC: number;
  temperatureF: number;
  summary: string;
}
```

## File-upload.components.ts

```
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
import { MonitoringService } from '../services/monitoring.service';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-file-upload',
  templateUrl: './file-upload.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./file-upload.component.css']
})
export class FileUploadComponent implements OnInit {

  constructor(private monitoringService: MonitoringService) {
    this.monitoringService.logPageView("Page view: File-Upload");
  }

  ngOnInit() {
  }

}
```

## Ausführen

- Lokal und prüfen in App Insights was angezeigt wird
- Publishen und nochmals prüfen