STAT 8010 R Lab: Simple Linear Regression

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Lab Objective

- To gain experience with R, a programming language and free software environment for statistical computing and graphics.
- To learn how to use R to conduct a simple linear regression analysis

Example: Maximum Heart Rate vs. Age

The maximum heart rate (HR_{max}) of a person is often said to be related to age (Age) by the equation:

$$HR_{max} = 220 - Age$$

Let's use a dataset that consists 15 individuals, of varying ages are tested for their maximum heart rate (bpm)

Setup

- You should have R installed, if not, open a web browser and go to (http://cran.r-project.org) and download and install R. It also helpful to install RStudo (http://rstudio.com).
- Create a folder for this R lab. Download the Maximum Heart Rate dataset at (http://whitneyhuang83.github.io/maxHeartRate.csv).

Load the dataset

There are several ways to load a dataset into R:

• Importing Data over the Internet

Let's take a look at the data

dat

##		Age	${\tt MaxHeartRate}$
##	1	18	202
##	2	23	186
##	3	25	187
##	4	35	180
##	5	65	156
##	6	54	169
##	7	34	174
##	8	56	172
##	9	72	153
##	10	19	199

```
## 11 23 193
## 12 42 174
## 13 18 198
## 14 39 183
## 15 37 178
```

• Read the dataset from you computer

```
# Set working directory
setwd("/Users/whitneyhuang/Downloads")
dat <- read.csv('maxHeartRate.csv', header = T)</pre>
```

• If the data is not too big, you can type in the data into R

```
age <- c(18, 23, 25, 35, 65, 54, 34, 56, 72, 19, 23, 42, 18, 39, 37)

maxHeartRate <- c(202, 186, 187, 180, 156, 169, 174, 172, 153,

199, 193, 174, 198, 183, 178)

dat <- data.frame(cbind(age, maxHeartRate))
```

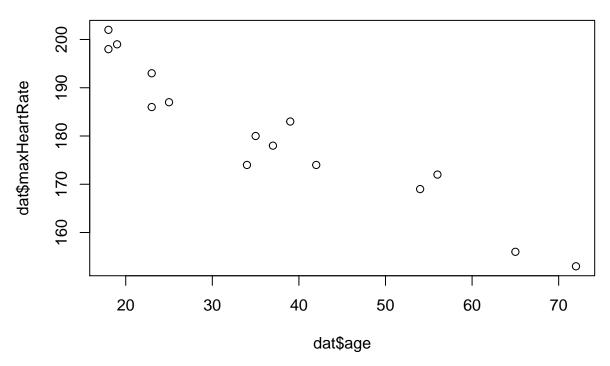
Examine the data before fitting models

```
summary(dat)
                     maxHeartRate
##
         age
  Min.
          :18.00
                           :153.0
##
                    Min.
   1st Qu.:23.00
##
                    1st Qu.:173.0
## Median :35.00
                   Median :180.0
## Mean
           :37.33
                    Mean
                           :180.3
## 3rd Qu.:48.00
                    3rd Qu.:190.0
## Max.
           :72.00
                    Max.
                           :202.0
var(dat$age); var(dat$maxHeartRate)
## [1] 305.8095
## [1] 214.0667
cov(dat$age, dat$maxHeartRate)
## [1] -243.9524
cor(dat$age, dat$maxHeartRate)
## [1] -0.9534656
```

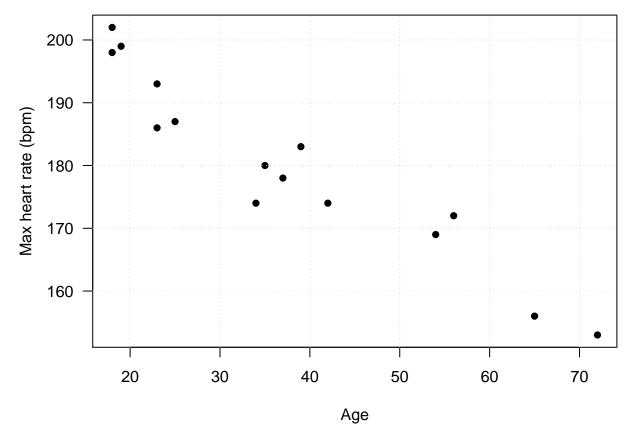
Plot the data before fitting models

This is what the scatterplot would look like by default. Put predictor (age) to the first argument and response (maxHeartRate) to the second argument.

```
plot(dat$age, dat$maxHeartRate)
```



Let's make the plot look nicer (type ?plot to learn more).



Question Describe the direction, strength, and the form of the relationship.

Simple linear regression

Let's do the calculations to figure out the regression coefficients as well as the standard deviation of the random error.

• Slope

```
X <- dat$age; Y <- dat$maxHeartRate
Y_diff <- Y - mean(Y)
X_diff <- X - mean(X)
beta_1 <- sum(Y_diff * X_diff) / sum((X_diff)^2)
beta_1
## [1] -0.7977266
    • Intercept
beta_0 <- mean(Y) - mean(X) * beta_1
beta_0
## [1] 210.0485
    • Fitted values
Y_hat <- beta_0 + beta_1 * X
Y_hat
## [1] 195.6894 191.7007 190.1053 182.1280 158.1962 166.9712 182.9258</pre>
```

[8] 165.3758 152.6121 194.8917 191.7007 176.5439 195.6894 178.9371

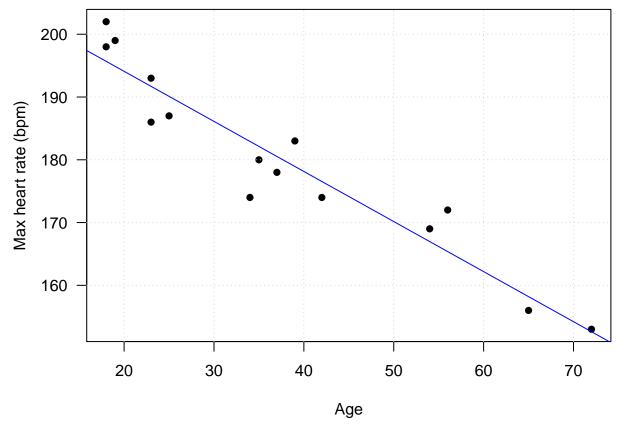
```
## [15] 180.5326
• \hat{\sigma}

sigma2 <- sum((Y - Y_hat)^2) / (length(Y) - 2)

sqrt(sigma2)

## [1] 4.577799
```

Add the fitted regression line to the scatterplot



Let R do all the work

```
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                            3Q
                                     Max
## -8.9258 -2.5383 0.3879 3.1867 6.6242
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 210.04846 2.86694 73.27 < 2e-16 ***
               ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.578 on 13 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9091, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9021
                130 on 1 and 13 DF, p-value: 3.848e-08
## F-statistic:
  • Regression coefficients
fit$coefficients
## (Intercept)
                      age
## 210.0484584 -0.7977266
  • Fitted values
fit$fitted.values
                  2
                           3
                                   4
                                            5
                                                    6
## 195.6894 191.7007 190.1053 182.1280 158.1962 166.9712 182.9258 165.3758
         9
                 10
                         11
                                  12
                                           13
                                                   14
                                                            15
## 152.6121 194.8917 191.7007 176.5439 195.6894 178.9371 180.5326
  • \hat{\sigma}
summary(fit)$sigma
```

[1] 4.577799