

DSA 8020 R Session 2: Multiple Linear Regression I

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Species diversity on the Galapagos Islands

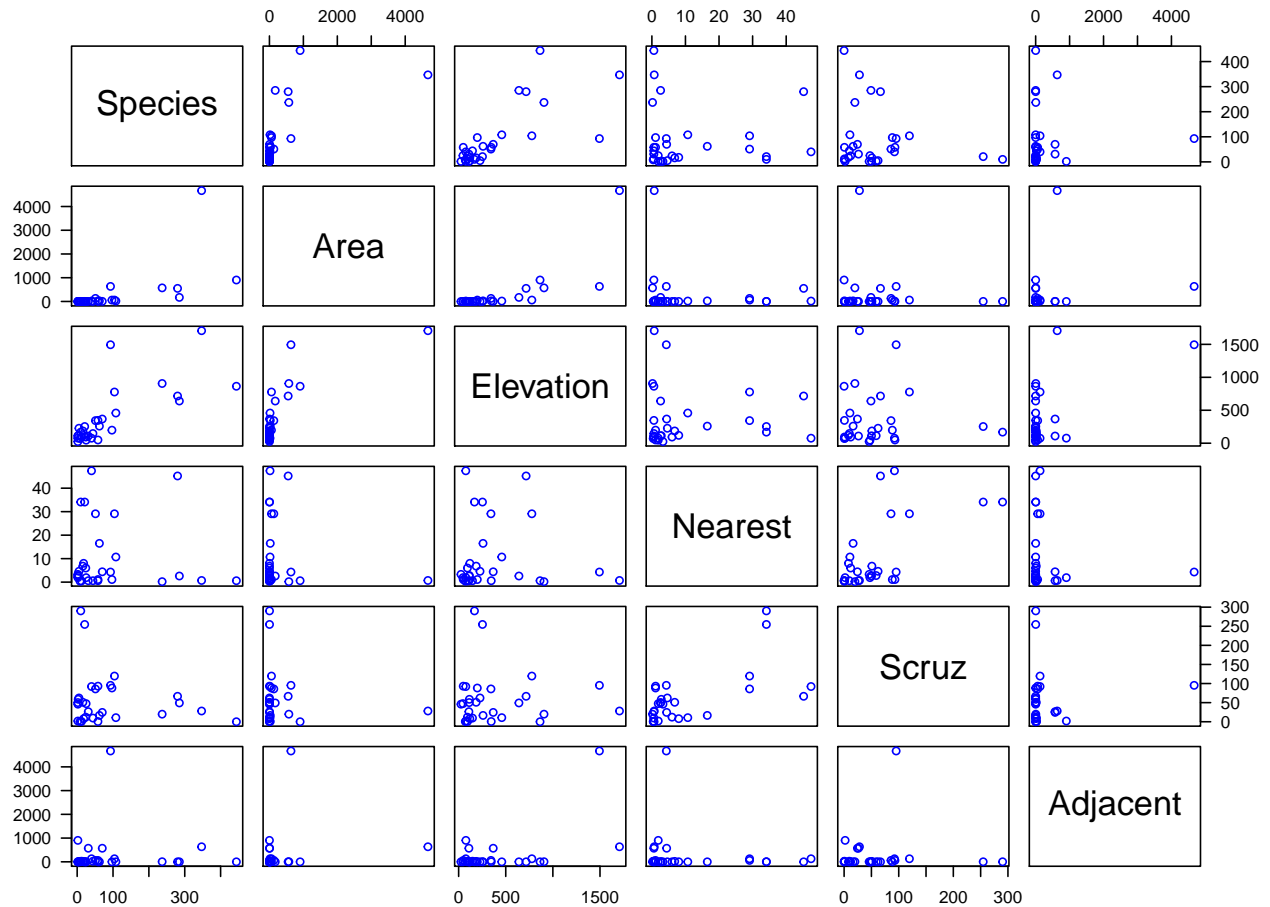
First Step: Load the data

```
#installinstall.packages("faraway")
library(faraway)
data(gala)
head(gala)
```

##	Species	Endemics	Area	Elevation	Nearest	Scruz	Adjacent	
##	Baltra	58	23	25.09	346	0.6	0.6	1.84
##	Bartolome	31	21	1.24	109	0.6	26.3	572.33
##	Caldwell	3	3	0.21	114	2.8	58.7	0.78
##	Champion	25	9	0.10	46	1.9	47.4	0.18
##	Coamano	2	1	0.05	77	1.9	1.9	903.82
##	Daphne.Major	18	11	0.34	119	8.0	8.0	1.84

Plot the pairwise scatterplots

```
pairs(gala[, -2], cex = 0.95, col = "blue", las = 1)
```



```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: replacing previous import 'lifecycle::last_warnings' by  
## 'rlang::last_warnings' when loading 'tibble'
```

```
## Warning: replacing previous import 'lifecycle::last_warnings' by  
## 'rlang::last_warnings' when loading 'pillar'
```

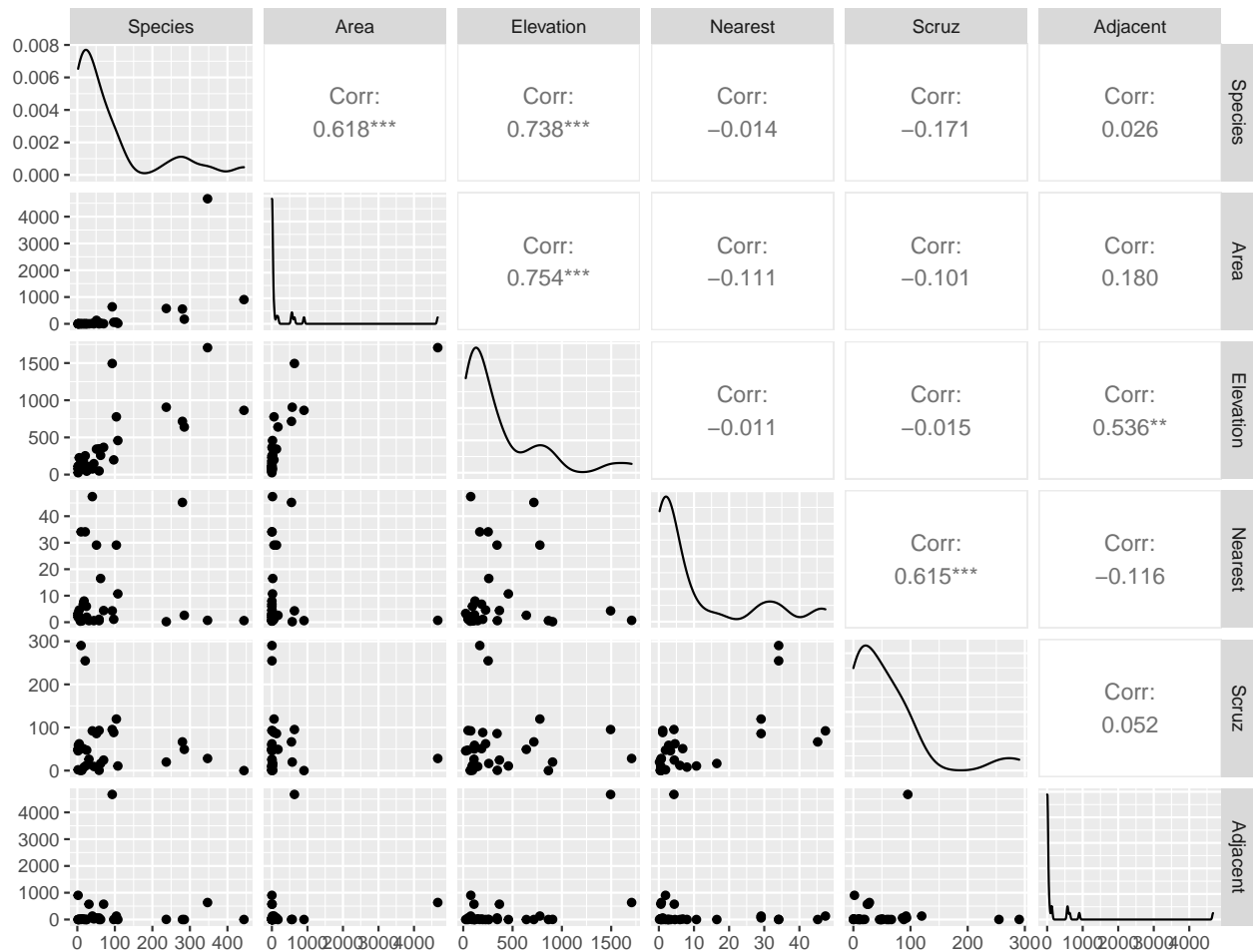
```
library(GGally)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':  
##   method from  
##   +.gg      ggplot2
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'GGally'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:faraway':
##
## happy
```

```
ggpairs(gala[, -2])
```



Correlation matrix

```
cor(gala[, -2])
```

```
##           Species      Area  Elevation  Nearest  Scruz
## Species  1.0000000  0.6178431  0.7384866 -0.0140947 -0.1711424
## Area     0.6178437  1.0000000  0.7537349 -0.1111032 -0.1007849
## Elevation 0.7384866  0.7537349  1.0000000 -0.0110769 -0.0154382
## Nearest  -0.0140947 -0.1111032 -0.0110769  1.0000000  0.6154103
## Scruz    -0.1711424 -0.1007849 -0.0154382  0.6154103  1.0000000
## Adjacent  0.02616635 0.1800376  0.5364572 -0.1162478  0.0516606
## Adjacent
## Species  0.02616635
## Area     0.18003759
```

```
## Elevation 0.53645782
## Nearest -0.11624788
## Scrutz 0.05166066
## Adjacent 1.00000000
```

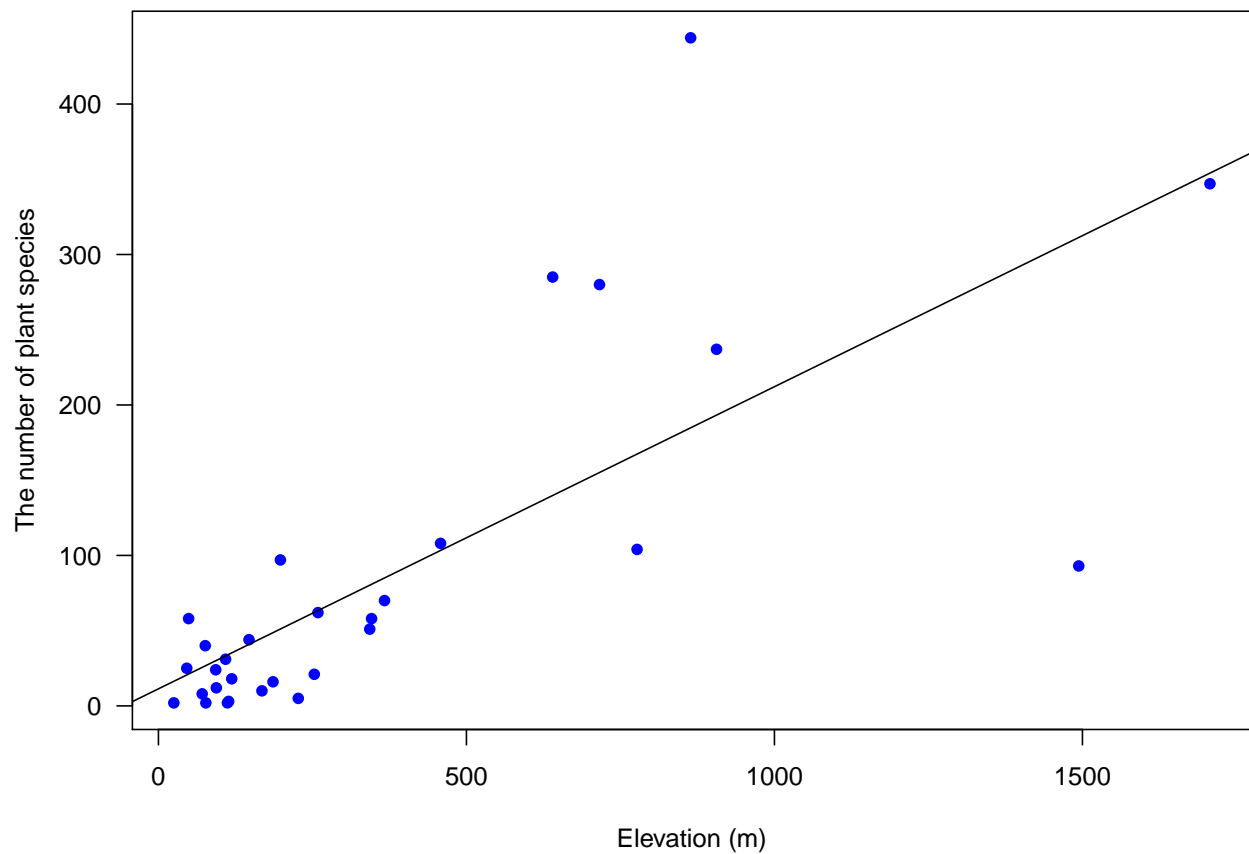
Model 1: Fitting a simple linear regression

Here we use *Elevation* as the predictor as it has the highest correlation with *Species*

```
M1 <- lm(Species ~ Elevation, data = gala)
summary(M1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ Elevation, data = gala)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -218.319  -30.721  -14.690    4.634   259.180
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  11.33511    19.20529   0.590    0.56
## Elevation     0.20079     0.03465   5.795 3.18e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 78.66 on 28 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5454, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5291
## F-statistic: 33.59 on 1 and 28 DF,  p-value: 3.177e-06

plot(gala$Elevation, gala$Species, xlab = "Elevation (m)", ylab = "The number of plant species",
     las = 1, pch = 16, col = "blue")
abline(M1)
```



Model 2: Adding *Area*

```
M2 <- lm(Species ~ Elevation + Area, data = gala)
summary(M2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ Elevation + Area, data = gala)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -192.619  -33.534  -19.199    7.541   261.514
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  17.10519   20.94211   0.817  0.42120
## Elevation     0.17174    0.05317   3.230  0.00325 **
## Area          0.01880    0.02594   0.725  0.47478
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 79.34 on 27 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.554, Adjusted R-squared:  0.521
## F-statistic: 16.77 on 2 and 27 DF, p-value: 1.843e-05
```

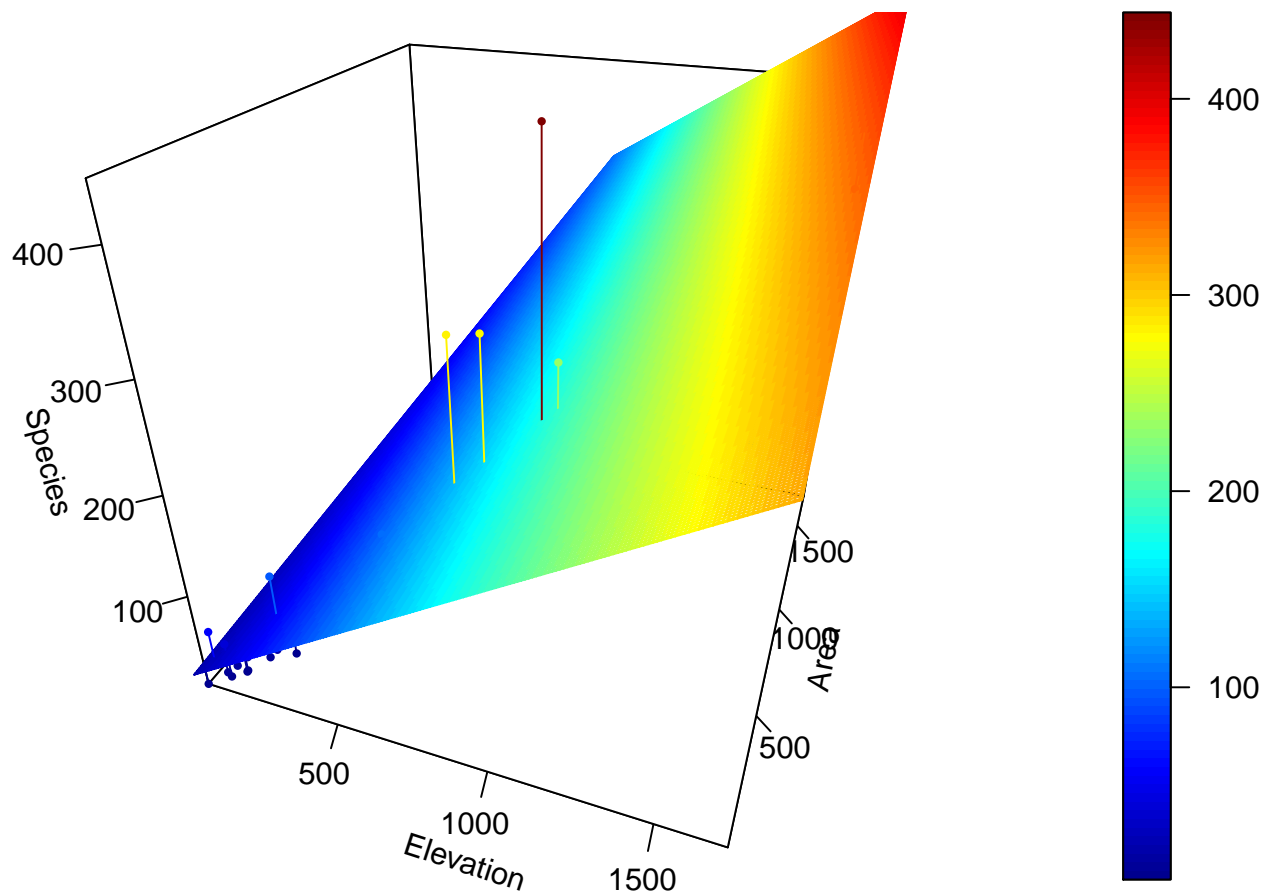
```

Elevation_grid <- seq(0, 1750, 10)
Area_grid <- seq(0, 4700, 10)
temp <- expand.grid(Elevation_grid, Area_grid)
x_new <- data.frame(Elevation = temp$Var1, Area = temp$Var2)

y_pred <- matrix(predict(M2, x_new), nrow = length(Elevation_grid))

library(plot3D)
# fitted points for droplines to surface
fitpoints <- predict(M2)
# scatter plot with regression plane
scatter3D(gala$Elevation, gala$Area, gala$Species,
  pch = 16, cex = 0.6, theta = 20, phi = 30,
  ticktype = "detailed",
  xlab = "Elevation", ylab = "Area", zlab = "Species",
  surf = list(x = Elevation_grid, y = Area_grid,
    z = y_pred, facets = NA, fit = fitpoints))

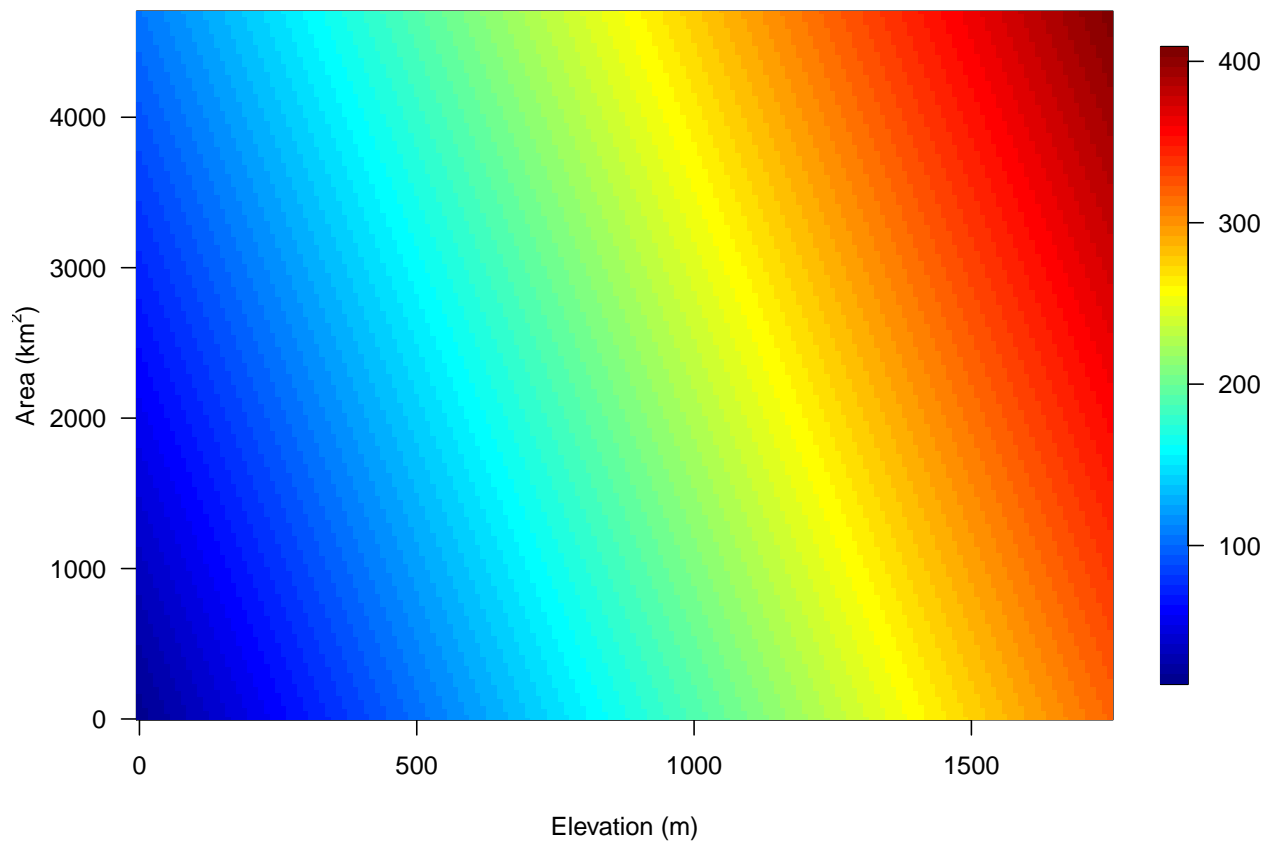
```



```

library(fields)
image.plot(Elevation_grid, Area_grid, y_pred, las = 1,
  xlab = "Elevation (m)", ylab = expression(paste("Area (", km^2, ")")))

```



Model 3: Adding *Adjacent*

```
M3 <- lm(Species ~ Elevation + Area + Adjacent, data = gala)
summary(M3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ Elevation + Area + Adjacent, data = gala)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -124.064  -34.283   -8.733   27.972  195.973
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -5.71893    16.90706  -0.338  0.73789
## Elevation      0.31498     0.05211   6.044 2.2e-06 ***
## Area          -0.02031     0.02181  -0.931  0.36034
## Adjacent      -0.07528     0.01698  -4.434  0.00015 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 61.01 on 26 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.746, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7167
## F-statistic: 25.46 on 3 and 26 DF, p-value: 6.683e-08
```

Full Model

```
M4 <- lm(Species ~ Elevation + Area + Adjacent + Nearest + Scrutz, data = gala)
summary(M4)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ Elevation + Area + Adjacent + Nearest +
##     Scrutz, data = gala)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -111.679  -34.898   -7.862   33.460  182.584
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  7.068221  19.154198   0.369 0.715351
## Elevation    0.319465   0.053663   5.953 3.82e-06 ***
## Area        -0.023938   0.022422  -1.068 0.296318
## Adjacent    -0.074805   0.017700  -4.226 0.000297 ***
## Nearest      0.009144   1.054136   0.009 0.993151
## Scrutz      -0.240524   0.215402  -1.117 0.275208
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 60.98 on 24 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7658, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7171
## F-statistic: 15.7 on 5 and 24 DF,  p-value: 6.838e-07
```

```
predict(M4)
```

```
##      Baltra      Bartolome      Caldwell      Champion      Coamano Daphne.Major
## 116.7259460 -7.2731544  29.3306594  10.3642660 -36.3839155  43.0877052
## Daphne.Minor      Darwin      Eden      Enderby      Espanola      Fernandina
## 33.9196678 -9.0189919  28.3142017  30.7859425  47.6564865  96.9895982
## Gardner1      Gardner2      Genovesa      Isabela      Marchena      Onslow
## -4.0332759  64.6337956 -0.4971756  386.4035578  88.6945404  4.0372328
## Pinta      Pinzon      Las.Plazas      Rabida SanCristobal SanSalvador
## 215.6794862 150.4753750  35.0758066  75.5531221  206.9518779  277.6763183
## SantaCruz      SantaFe      SantaMaria      Seymour      Tortuga      Wolf
## 261.4164131  85.3764857  195.6166286  49.8050946  52.9357316  26.7005735
```

```
confint(M4)
```

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %
## (Intercept) -32.4641006 46.60054205
## Elevation    0.2087102 0.43021935
## Area        -0.0702158 0.02233912
## Adjacent    -0.1113362 -0.03827344
## Nearest     -2.1664857 2.18477363
## Scrutz      -0.6850926 0.20404416
```


Parameter Estimation

```
X <- model.matrix(M4)
y <- gala$Species
# regression parameters
(beta_hat <- solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X) %*% y)
```

```
##                [,1]
## (Intercept)  7.068220709
## Elevation    0.319464761
## Area        -0.023938338
## Adjacent    -0.074804832
## Nearest      0.009143961
## Scruz       -0.240524230
```

```
beta_hat_faster <- solve(crossprod(X), crossprod(X, y))
# fitted values
(y_hat <- X %*% solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X) %*% y)
```

```
##                [,1]
## Baltra        116.7259460
## Bartolome     -7.2731544
## Caldwell      29.3306594
## Champion      10.3642660
## Coamano       -36.3839155
## Daphne.Major  43.0877052
## Daphne.Minor  33.9196678
## Darwin        -9.0189919
## Eden          28.3142017
## Enderby       30.7859425
## Espanola      47.6564865
## Fernandina    96.9895982
## Gardner1     -4.0332759
## Gardner2      64.6337956
## Genovesa     -0.4971756
## Isabela      386.4035578
## Marchena      88.6945404
## Onslow        4.0372328
## Pinta        215.6794862
## Pinzon        150.4753750
## Las.Plazas    35.0758066
## Rabida        75.5531221
## SanCristobal 206.9518779
## SanSalvador  277.6763183
## SantaCruz     261.4164131
## SantaFe       85.3764857
## SantaMaria    195.6166286
## Seymour       49.8050946
## Tortuga       52.9357316
## Wolf          26.7005735
```

ANOVA

```
anova(M4)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: Species
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Elevation  1 207828  207828 55.8981 1.023e-07 ***
## Area       1   3307    3307  0.8895 0.3550197
## Adjacent   1  73171   73171 19.6804 0.0001742 ***
## Nearest    1   2909    2909  0.7823 0.3852165
## Scrutz     1   4636    4636  1.2469 0.2752082
## Residuals 24  89231    3718
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

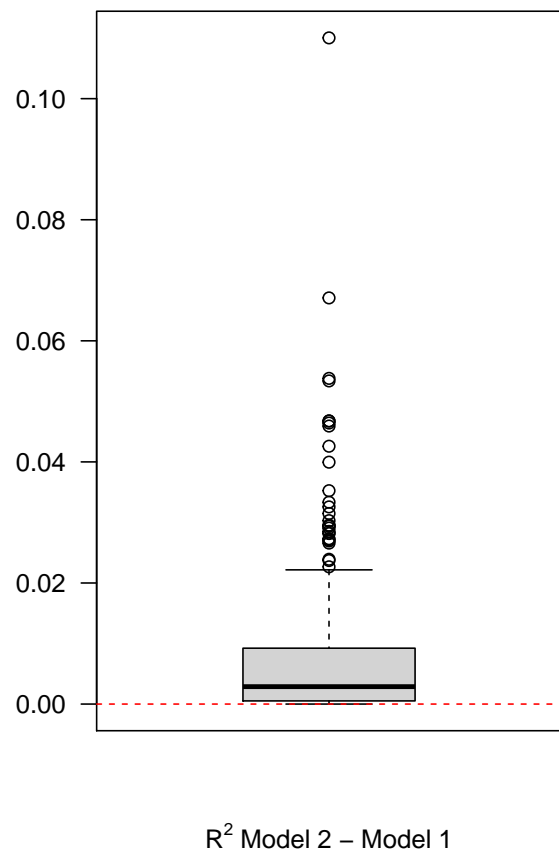
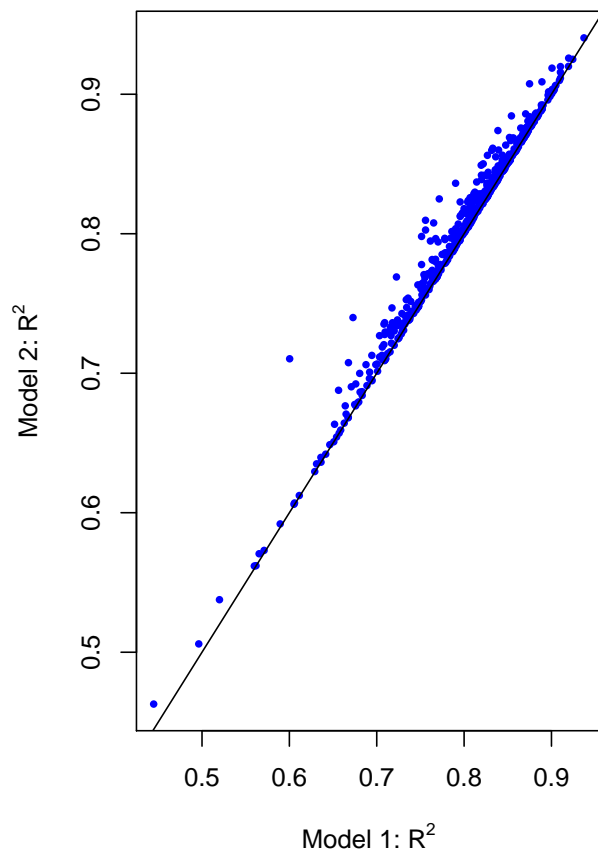
Simulation

R^2 vs. R_{adj}^2

```
set.seed(123)
N = 500
x1 <- replicate(N, rnorm(30))
x2 <- replicate(N, rnorm(30))
y1 <- apply(x1, 2, function(x) 5 + 2 * x + rnorm(30, 0, 1))
R.sq <- array(dim = c(N, 4))
for (i in 1:N){
  R.sq[i, 1] = summary(lm(y1[, i] ~ x1[, i]))$r.squared
  R.sq[i, 2] = summary(lm(y1[, i] ~ x1[, i]))$adj.r.squared
  R.sq[i, 3] = summary(lm(y1[, i] ~ x1[, i] + x2[, i]))$r.squared
  R.sq[i, 4] = summary(lm(y1[, i] ~ x1[, i] + x2[, i]))$adj.r.squared
}

par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
plot(R.sq[, 1], R.sq[, 3], pch = 16, cex = 0.65, col = "blue",
     xlab = expression(paste("Model 1: ", R^2)),
     ylab = expression(paste("Model 2: ", R^2)))
abline(0, 1)

boxplot(R.sq[, 3] - R.sq[, 1], las = 1, xlab = expression(paste(R^2, " Model 2 - Model 1")))
abline(h = 0, lty = 2, col = "red")
```



```
par(las = 1, mfrow = c(1, 2), mar = c(5.1, 4.6, 1.1, 1.1))
plot(R.sq[, 2], R.sq[, 4], pch = 16, cex = 0.5, col = "blue",
     xlab = expression(paste("Model 1: ", R[adj]^2)),
     ylab = expression(paste("Model 2: ", R[adj]^2)))
abline(0, 1)

boxplot(R.sq[, 4] - R.sq[, 2], las = 1, xlab = expression(paste(R[adj]^2, " Model 2 - Model 1")))
abline(h = 0, lty = 2, col = "red")
```

