

End

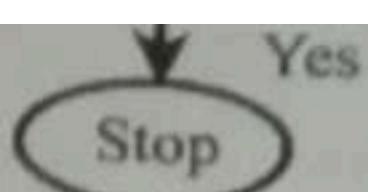
PROGRAM

```
assume cs:code, ds:data
data segment
list db 02h,04h,01h,09h,10h,07h
res db 01h dup(0)
data ends
Code segment
Start: mov ax,data
        mov ds,ax
        mov si, offset list
```

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Lab Manual

```
        mov cl,06h
        mov al,01h
UP: cmp al,[si]
        je down
        inc si
        dec cl
        jnz UP
        mov res,'N'
        jmp l1
down: mov res,'Y'
l1: int 03h
code ends
end start
```



PROGRAM

```

assume cs:code, ds:data, es:extra
data segment
    x1 db 'processor'
data ends
extra segment
    x2 db 09h dup(0)
extra ends
code segment
start: mov ax,data
        mov dl,ax

```

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Lab Manual

```

mov ax, extra
mov es, ax
mov si, offset x1
mov di, offset x2
mov cl, 09h
cld
rep movsb

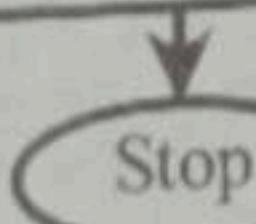
```

```

int 03h
code ends
end start.

```

Move 1111 to BX register



Move 0000h to BX register to know strings
are not equal

PROGRAM

```
assume cs:code, ds:data, es:extra
data segment
    si db 'micro'
    res db 0Ah dup(0)
data ends
```

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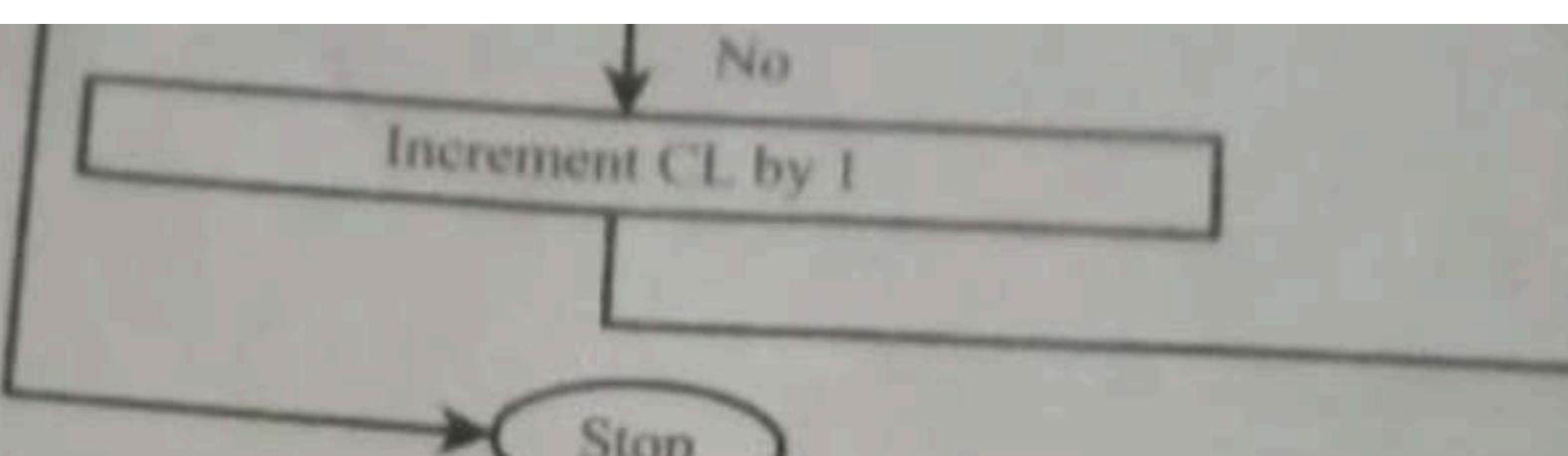
extra segment
s2 db 'micro'.
extra ends
code segment
start: mov ax,data
 mov ds,ax
 mov ox, extra
 mov es,ax
 mov si, offset s1
 mov di, offset s2
 mov cl,09h
 cld
l2: cmp sb
jne di
loop l2
 mov res, 'Y'

a: \$1.m61

Lab Manual

```
jmp l3
l1: mov res, 'n'
l3: int 03h
Code ends
end start
```

mov dx, data
ds, 0x
mov
mov
mov
mov
mov
cl



PROGRAM

```

assume cs:code, es:extra
extra segment
si db 'imicro$', 0
extra ends
Code segment
Start: mov ax, data
        mov es, ax
        mov di, offset si
        mov al, '$'

```

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Lab Manual

```

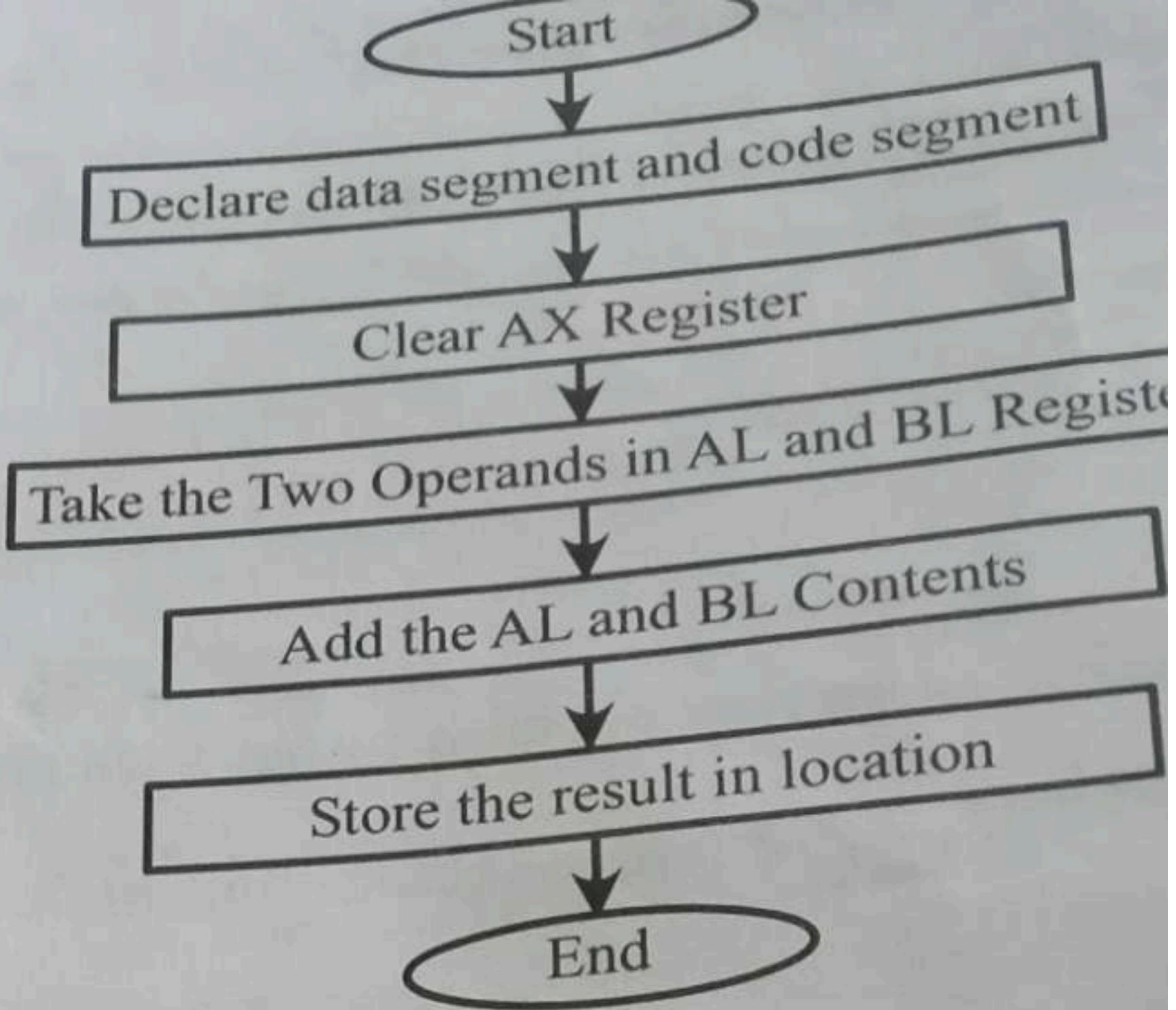
        mov cl, 0ch
        cld
        l2: scasb
        jc l1
        inc cl
        jmp l2
        l1: int 3h

```

LIST FILE

Code ends
end Start

ADDRESS	OPCODE	OPERATIONS	COMMENTS
			moving data in



PROGRAM

```

assume cs:code ,ds:data
data segment
a1 db 25h
a2 db 35h
data ends
Code segment
Start: mov ax,data
        mov ds,ax
        mov al,a1
        mov bl,a2
        add al,bl
        int 03h
Code ends
end start

```

A red arrow points from the 'End' label in the flowchart to the 'end start' instruction in the assembly code.

PROGRAM

Lab Manual

```
assume CS:Code, DS:Data
Data Segment
list db 02h, 07h, 06h, 09h, 04h, 08h
Count equ 06h
Data ends
Code Segment
Start: mov ax, Data
       mov ds, ax
       mov dl, Count - 1
back:  mov cl, dl
       mov si, offset list
again: mov al, [si]
       cmp al, [si + 1]
       jb go
       xchg [si + 1], al
       go: inc si
       loop again
       dec dl
       jnz back
       int 3h
Code ends
end Start
```

PROGRAM*Lab Manual*

```
assume cs:code,ds:data
data segment
list db 08h,06h,07h,01h,02h,03h
Count equ 06h
data ends
Code segment
Start:mov ax,data
      mov ds,ax
      mov dl,Count-1
      back:mov cl,dl
            mov si,offset list
            again:mov al,[si]
                  cmp al,[si+1]
                  ja go
                  xchg [si+1],al
```

```
xchg [si],al
go:inc si
loop again
dec dl
jNZ back
int 03h
Code ends
end Start.
```

OBJECTIVE

To write an assembly language program to display system time

TOOLS REQUIRED

PC installed with MASM

PROGRAM

```
assume cs:code
Code segment
Start:
    mov ah, 2ch
    int 21h
    mov al, ch
    aam
    mov bx, ax
    call display
    mov dl, ':'
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    mov al, cl
    aam
    mov bx, ax
    call display
    mov dl, ':'
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    mov ah, 2ch
    int 21h
```

Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

```
mov al,dh  
cam  
mov bx,ax  
call display  
mov ah,4ch  
int 21h  
  
display proc  
mov dl,bh  
add dl,30h  
mov ah,02h  
int 21h  
  
mov dl,BL  
add dl,30h  
mov ah,02h  
int 21h  
ret
```

display endp
Code ends
endr start.

% verified
R. Singh Dijo

[LIST FILE]

OBJECTIVE

To write an assembly language program to display system time

TOOLS REQUIRED

PC installed with MASM

PROGRAM

```
assume cs:code
Code segment
Start:
    mov ah, 2ch
    int 21h
    mov al, ch
    aam
    mov bx, ax
    call display
    mov dl, ':'
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    mov al, cl
    aam
    mov bx, ax
    call display
    mov dl, ':'
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    mov ah, 2ch
    int 21h
```

Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

```
mov al, dh
aam
mov bx, ax
call display
mov ah, 4ch
int 21h
display proc
    mov dl, bh
    add dl, 30h
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
    mov dl, bl
    add dl, 30h
    mov ah, 02h
    int 21h
ret
```

% Verified
R. Srinivasan

display endp
Code ends
end start.

9. Go to file → Download Hex file. Select the HEX file by following the path E drive → Talk → MC COMM → Nifc26 → Nifc26. Now I appear on TALK window to indicate that file is downloaded.

10. Type G E000 (Starting address) and press enter.

11. Now program gets executed

12. Now data location displays on the LCD display of Kit and by pressing SW1 of study card we can observe the increment in the data field displayed.

PROGRAM TO VERIFY TIMER '0'- COUNTER MODE

ADDRESS	OPCODE	LABEL	OPERATIONS
		Loop	<pre> MOV A, TMOD ORL A, #08H MOV TMOD, A SETB TR0 LCALL 08EAH MOV DPTR, #0104H MOV A, TLP MOVX @DPTR, A INC DPTR MOV A, TH0 MOVX @DPTR, A LCALL 07818H SJMP Loop </pre>

Execution

- 1) Short jp1 of 1&2 pins and press sw1 for manual increment
- 2) Short jp1 of 2&3 pins for auto increment

PROGRAM TO VERIFY TIMER-1 COUNTER MODE

ADDRESS	OPCODE	LABEL	OPERATIONS
		Loop	<pre> MOV A, TMOD ORL A, #50h MOV TMOD, A SETB TR1 LCALL 68EAH MOV DPTR, #0198H MOV A, TL1 MOVX @DPTR, A INC DPTR MOV A, TH1 MOV @DPTR, A LCALL 6318H SJMP Loop </pre>

Execution

- 1) Short jp1 of 5&6 pins and press sw2 for manual increment
- 2) Short jp2 of 4&5 pins for auto increment

PROGRAM TO STUDY TIMER-1 GATED MODE

ADDRESS	OPCODE	LABEL	OPERATIONS

Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

- b. G-4000 (on system keyboard), we can observe the output on 8251 kit.
 i. Remove RS232 cable from 8051 kit and connect it to 8251, transmitted data displayed on PC Monitor

PROGRAM

TRANSMISSION

I ALS 8051 /31 monitor V1.0
 8051 > A
 Enter START add_{PS}S = 8000
 8000 mov A, #03
 8000 7403 mov A, #03
 8002 mov B, #05
 8002 750B05 mov B, #05
 8003 ADD A, B
 8005 250B ADD A, B
 8007 LCALL 03
 8007 120003 LCALL 03
 800A
 8051 >
 ALS 8051 /31 monitor V1.0

II 8051 > G

PROGRAMME EXECUTION--

Enter START add_{PS}S = 8000

Acc	PSW	BPH	DPL	PCH	PCL	SP	B
07	01	00	00	80	0A	60	00
R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

Lab Manual

RECEPTION

I ALS 8051 /31 monitor V1.0
 8051 > G
PROGRAMME EXECUTION--

Enter START add_{PS}S = 8000

Acc	PSW	DPM	DPL	PCH	PCL	SP	B
07	01	00	00	80	0A	60	00
R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7
00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

RESULT

Hence established Communication b/w
 8051 and PC by writing program using
 ALP.

Sub

Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

8. G-4000(on system keyboard), we can observe the output on 8251 kit.
 9. Remove RS232 cable from 8086kit and connect it to 8251, transmitted data displayed on PC Monitor
- RECEPTION**
1. Connect 8086 kit PC using RS232 cable.
 2. Connect Power supply to 8086 kit and 8251 interfacing kit (only blue(+5V) and black(0V) lines Power cable to power supply)
 3. Connect 8251 to 8086 using 50pin and 26pin bus.
 4. Short 1 & 2 pins of JP9 in 8251 kit
 5. Keep the DIP switch in 1 & 7 on (8086kit), open TALK, and go to options select target device as 8086 and Connect.
 6. Change dip switch into 1 & 5 on, once reset 8086 kit.
 7. Go to file ?Download hex file
 8. Change the DIP switch into 1 & 7 on, once reset.
 9. Remove RS232 cable from 8086 kit and connect it to 8251.
 10. G-4000 (on 8086 kit keyboard). enter
 11. Give some input from system keyboard (Example press A, B, C, D enter), once reset 8086 kit That data will be received at 8086 kit at location FF00 (press E, enter address FF00 and press Comma to get the ASCII values of A, B, C,D).

PROGRAM

⇒ System to Kit
 AL S 8051/31 Monitor V_i-0
 8051>A
ENTER PROGRAM EXECUTION...
 Enter START AddrSS=8000
 8000 mov A, #03
 8000 7403 mov A, #03

Lab Manual

```

8002    mov B, #05
8002    750B65 mov B, #05
8005    ADD A,B
8005    150B ADD A,B
8007    LCALL 03
8007    12D 003 LCALL 003
800A
=> Kit to system
  
```

8051>
 AL S 8051/31 Monitor V_i-0
 8051>G

PROGRAM EXECUTION...

Enter START AddrSS = 8000

AC	PSW	DPL	PCH	PCL	SP	P
07	01	00	04	60	00	00
R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6 R7
06	00	00	00	00	00	00 00

RESULT

I have written an Assembly language program to establish communication between two processing using 8251.
 ✓