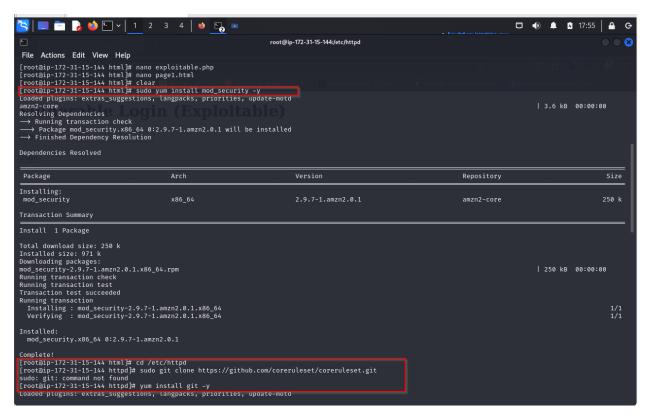
Part 2: Mitigate with ModSecurity WAF

2.1 Install & Enable ModSecurity

1.Install ModSecurity (for Apache on Amazon Linux 2):

sudo yum install mod_security -y

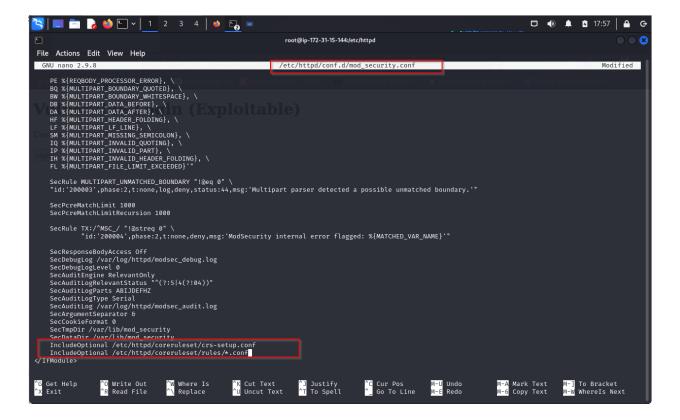


2.Configure /etc/httpd/conf.d/mod_security.conf (or similar):

SecRuleEngine On

3.0WASP Core Rule Set:

```
cd /etc/httpd
sudo git clone https://github.com/coreruleset/coreruleset.git
# In your mod_security.conf:
# IncludeOptional /etc/httpd/coreruleset/crs-setup.conf
# IncludeOptional /etc/httpd/coreruleset/rules/*.conf
```



4.Restart Apache:

sudo systemctl restart httpd

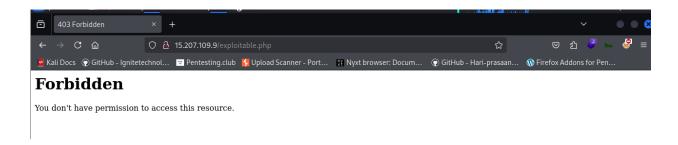
```
Complete!
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 httpd# sudo git clone https://github.com/coreruleset/coreruleset.git
cloning into 'coreruleset' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 100% (206/206), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (206/206), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (79/79), done.
remote: Total 34447 (delta 179), reused 127 (delta 127), pack-reused 34241 (from 5)
Receiving objects: 100% (34447/3447), 9.87 MiB | 22.55 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (27181/27181), done.
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 httpd# nano-/etc/httpd/conf.d/mod_security.conf
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 httpd# ac coreruleset
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 httpd# ac coreruleset
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 coreruleset]# ls
CHANGES.md CONTRIBUTIORS.md docs KNOWN_BUGS.md plugins regex-assembly rules SPONSORS.md util
CONTRIBUTING.md crs-setup.conf.example INSTALL.md LICENSE README.md renovate.json SECURITY.md tests
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 coreruleset]# ls
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CONTRIBUTING.md crs-setup.conf.example crs-setup.conf
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 coreruleset]# ls
CHANGES.md CONTRIBUTORS.md docs KNOWN_BUGS.md plugins regex-assembly rules SPONSORS.md util
CONTRIBUTING.md crs-setup.conf INSTALL.md LICENSE README.md renovate.json SECURITY.md tests
[rootāip-172-31-15-144 coreruleset]# ls
CONTRIBUTING.md crs-setup.conf INSTALL.md LICENSE README.md renovate.json SECURITY.md tests
```

2.2 Verify Blocking of SQL Injection

- 1. Return to http://15.207.109.9/page1.html
- 2. Enter the same injection payload: 'OR '1'='1.



3.If ModSecurity is configured correctly, you should see a 403 Forbidden or an error page indicating the request was blocked.



2.3 Create the Non-Exploitable Form (page2.html + secure.php)

We'll also demonstrate secure code using parameterized queries.

1.page2.html (Non-Exploitable Form)
 <!DOCTYPE html>
 <html>

<title>Secure Login Form</title>

<head>

```
</head>
<body>
<h1>Secure Login (Non-Exploitable)</h1>
<form method="POST" action="secure.php">
<label for="username">Username:</label>
<input type="text" id="username" name="username">
<br>
<br>
<br>
<br>
<input type="submit" value="Login">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

```
roct@ip-172-31-15-144/kar/www/html

File Actions Edit View Help

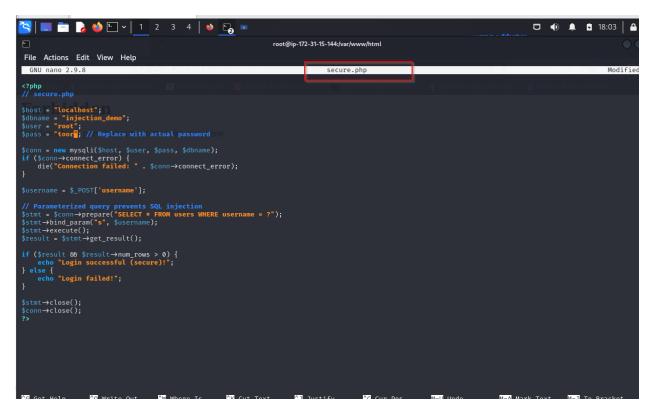
GNU nano 2.9.8

CIDCTYPE html>
Actitle>Secure Login Form</title>
Actitle>Secure Login (Non-Exploitable)

In the content of the cont
```

2. secure.php (Using parameterized queries)

```
<?php
// secure.php
$host = "localhost";
$dbname = "injection_demo";
$user = "root";
$pass = "YOUR_DB_ROOT_PASSWORD"; // Replace with actual password
$conn = new mysqli($host, $user, $pass, $dbname);
if ($conn->connect_error) {
    die("Connection failed: " . $conn->connect_error);
}
$username = $_POST['username'];
// Parameterized query prevents SQL injection
$stmt = $conn->prepare("SELECT * FROM users WHERE username = ?");
$stmt->bind_param("s", $username);
$stmt->execute();
$result = $stmt->get_result();
if ($result && $result->num_rows > 0) {
    echo "Login successful (secure)!";
} else {
    echo "Login failed!";
$stmt->close();
$conn->close();
?>
```

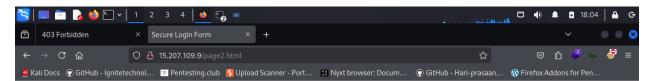


Location: Place page2.html and secure.php in /var/www/html/.

URL: http://15.207.109.9/page2.html

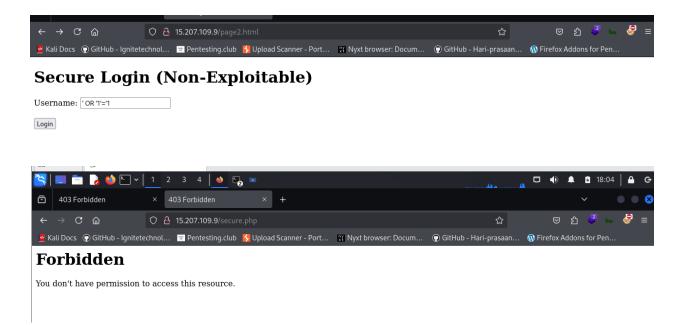
Injection Test: ' OR '1'='1

Should fail to log in because of parameterized queries (and also possibly blocked by ModSecurity).



Secure Login (Non-Exploitable)

Username:	
Login	



NOTE: For making the page1.html vulnerable again Temporarily Disable or Bypass ModSecurity (if active)

If ModSecurity is currently enabled on your server, it might block SQL injection attempts. To test the vulnerable page, you can disable ModSecurity temporarily:

• **Disable ModSecurity Globally (for testing only)** Edit your ModSecurity configuration in /etc/httpd/conf.d/mod_security.conf and set:

SecRuleEngine Off

```
root@ip-172.31-15-144/homedec2-user

File Actions Edit View Help

(**Nodsecurity Core Rules Set configuration
IncludeOptional Boodsecurity, d/a.conf
IncludeOptional Boodsecurity, d/a.ctivated_rules/a.conf

**SecRolleRQUEST_HEADERS:Content-Type "text/xml" \

**SecRolleRQUEST_HEA
```

Then restart Apache:

sudo systemctl restart httpd

Even the SecRuleEngine Off but due to parameterized queries the sql injection wont work in page2.html.



