estion Review	All
'needle' is transcribed as:	
• / ni:dəl/	
○ /'needəl/	
○ /'ne:dəl/	
○ /ˈnɪ:dəl/	
XPLANATIONS	<u>Report</u> (
32 % were correct!	
A place where offerings to god are made	
A place where offerings to god are made O alter	
alter	
alterdais	
alterdaismound	
alter dais mound altar	
 alter dais mound altar Wine tends to loseflavour when it has not been properly sealed. 	
 alter dais mound altar Wine tends to loseflavour when it has not been properly sealed. it's 	

	noun
0	verb
0	adjective
0	both a and c
Sł	he has Bible at home.
0	a
0	an
0	the
0	none
It'	's only I who this work.
0	do
0	does
0	did d. has done
0	has done
Н	e <u>came up with</u> a good idea.
0	opposed
0	investigated
0	initiated
	demanded
0	

o for	
○ by	
o at	
o with	
	M
television is a scientific marvel.	
○ A	
○ An	
• The	
○ None	
Either he or us responsible.	
o has	
o was	
o are	
o is	
We havethe matter.	
o set	
settled	
seated	
The teacher seemed	

• relaxed	
happiness	
O quickly	
) bore	
Range of the function $f(x) = 9 - 7 \sin x$ is	
(2,16)	
○ [2,16]	
○ [-1.1]	
<u>(2,16]</u>	
EXPLANATIONS	<u>Report</u> (
74 % were correct! Since $\sin x \in [-1,1]$, $f(x) \in [2,16]$	
Since $\sin x \in [-1,1]$, $f(x) \in [2,16]$	
Since $\sin x \in [-1,1]$, $f(x) \in [2,16]$ If $\log_{10} x = y$ then $\log_{10} x^2$ equals =	
Since $\sin x \in [-1,1]$, $f(x) \in [2,16]$ If $\log_{10} x = y$ then $\log_{10} 3 \ x^2$ equals = $\frac{2}{3} y$	
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0	a^2	$+c^2$	>	2b ²
	u		_	20

none

The number of ways in which 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 can be arranged so that odd numbers lie in odd places and even number lie in the even place is:



0 30

○ 30

O 40

O 56

The sum of the series

$$1 + \frac{1+a}{2!} + \frac{1+a+a^2}{3!} + \frac{1+a+a^2+a^3}{4!} + \dots + \infty =$$

 $\frac{e^{a}}{a}$

 e^{a}

 $\frac{e^{a+1}}{a+1}$

 $\frac{e^{a}-e^{-a}}{a-1}$

If p and q are the roots of the equation $x^2 + px + q = 0$ then the values of p and q are

○ 1, -1

0 1, 0

0 1, -2

-, 0.20 T W	loct total Lightoning Date	
The equation $\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4}$ has t	:he general solution	
$n\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}$		
$\bigcirc 2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}$		
$nπ + (-1)n \frac{π}{6}$		
$n\pi + (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{3}$		
In Δ ABC, AB = 1, AC = 2 and A	A = 60^o then its largest angle is equal to	
○ 60°		
o 90°		
○ 75°		
○ 135°		
	Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next	

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