May 15, 2024

In HW3 you did an exercise on performing a classification on the HeartData.csv data file. We recently learned how to apply the LOOCV and K-Fold CV to regression problems. In this homework we would like to apply the LOOCV and K-Fold CV to the logistic regression, LDA and QDA models used in HW3. Using 10-fold CV and LOOCV fit the models and report the classification accuracy for the 3 models (logistic regression, LDA and QDA). For this question use num as the response variable and all the other variables as features.

```
[2]: Data = pd.read_csv('HeartData-1.csv')
y = Data['num']
X = Data.drop(['num'], axis = 1) # without intercept
X_LR = MS(X).fit_transform(Data) # with intercept
```



```
[3]: def split_into_10_Fold_chunks(X, y, train_index, test_index):
    X_train = X.iloc[train_index]
    y_train = y.iloc[train_index]
    X_test = X.iloc[test_index]
    y_test = y.iloc[test_index]
    return X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test
```

```
[4]: def get_accuracy(probs, y_test):
    labels = (probs > 0.5)
```

```
return np.mean(labels == y_test)
[5]: # define LDA/QDA model
     lda = LDA(store_covariance=True)
     qda = QDA(store_covariance=True)
[6]: K = 10
     kf = KFold(n_splits=K, shuffle=True, random_state=0)
     PROB LR = np.zeros(K)
     PROB_LDA = np.zeros(K)
     PROB_QDA = np.zeros(K)
     for i, (train_index, test_index) in enumerate(kf.split(Data)):
         X_train_LR, y_train, X_test_LR, y_test = split_into_10_Fold_chunks(X_LR, y,_
      →train_index, test_index)
         X_train = X_train_LR.drop(['intercept'], axis = 1)
         X_test = X_test_LR.drop(['intercept'], axis = 1)
         # fit model
         lrm = sm.GLM(y_train, X_train_LR, family=sm.families.Binomial()).fit()
         lda.fit(X_train, y_train)
         qda.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # predict the values
         probs_LR = lrm.predict(exog=X_test_LR)
         probs_LDA = lda.predict(X_test)
         probs_QDA = qda.predict(X_test)
         # save accuracy
         labels = (probs_LR > 0.5)
         PROB_LR[i] = np.mean(labels == y_test)
         PROB_LDA[i] = np.mean(probs_LDA == y_test)
         PROB_QDA[i] = np.mean(probs_QDA == y_test)
     print('~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Accuracy ~ ~ ~ ~ ~')
     print("Logistic Regression:", np.mean(PROB_LR))
     print("LDA:", np.mean(PROB_LDA))
    print("QDA:", np.mean(PROB_QDA))
    ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Accuracy ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
    Logistic Regression: 0.8282758620689655
    LDA: 0.8383908045977012
    QDA: 0.8185057471264369
```

2 = = = = = Running LOOCV = = = = = = =

[7]: def split_data_leave_one_out(X, y, i):

```
# training data size 296
         X train = X.drop(i)
         y_train = y.drop(i)
         # test data size 1
         X_test = X.iloc[i:i+1]
         y_test = y.iloc[i]
         return X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test
[8]: PROB_LR = np.zeros(len(Data))
     PROB_LDA = np.zeros(len(Data))
     PROB_QDA = np.zeros(len(Data))
     for i in range(len(Data)):
         X_train_LR, y_train, X_test_LR, y_test = split_data_leave_one_out(X_LR, y,_
      نi)
         X_train = X_train_LR.drop(['intercept'], axis = 1)
         X_test = X_test_LR.drop(['intercept'], axis = 1)
         # fit model
         lrm = sm.GLM(y_train, X_train_LR, family=sm.families.Binomial()).fit()
         lda.fit(X_train, y_train)
         qda.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # predict the values
         probs_LR = lrm.predict(exog=X_test_LR)
         probs_LDA = lda.predict(X_test)
         probs_QDA = qda.predict(X_test)
         # save accuracy
         labels_loocv = (probs_LR > 0.5)
         PROB_LR[i] = np.mean(labels_loocv == y_test)
         PROB_LDA[i] = np.mean(probs_LDA == y_test)
         PROB_QDA[i] = np.mean(probs_QDA == y_test)
     print('~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Accuracy ~ ~ ~ ~ ~')
     print("Logistic Regression:", np.mean(PROB_LR))
     print("LDA:", np.mean(PROB_LDA))
    print("QDA:", np.mean(PROB_QDA))
    ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Accuracy ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
    Logistic Regression: 0.8249158249158249
    LDA: 0.835016835016835
    QDA: 0.8249158249158249
```

For 10-Fold CV, LDA has the best accuracy, 83.84%, among the three models.

For LOOCV, LDA still has the best accuracy, 83.5%, among the three models.