

Q2.

$$\pi_{11} = \frac{1}{3}, \quad \pi_{12} = \frac{2}{3}, \quad \mu_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mu_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \Sigma = \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_L = X_t^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_L - \frac{1}{2} \mu_L^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_L + \log \pi_L$$

$$\text{Decision Boundary : } \{ X : \pi_{11} f_1(X) = \pi_{12} f_2(X) \}$$

$$\rightarrow S_{L1} = S_{L2}$$

$$\rightarrow X_t^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_{L1} - \frac{1}{2} \mu_{L1}^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_{L1} + \log \pi_{11}$$

$$= X_t^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_{L2} - \frac{1}{2} \mu_{L2}^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_{L2} + \log \pi_{12}$$

$$\rightarrow X_t^T \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \log\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$= X_t^T \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \log\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow [x_1 \ x_2] \begin{bmatrix} -19 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} 17 + \log\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = [x_1 \ x_2] \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \times 14 + \log\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow -19x_1 + 10x_2 - 38.5 + \log \frac{1}{3} = 8x_1 - 2x_2 - 7 + \log \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 12x_2 - 27x_1 = 31.5 + \log 2 \quad \#$$