

# ECE 580 Make-Up Project

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```
clear;
close all;
clc;
format compact;
```

## 1. Plot the pole Q (Qp) of the dominant pole of a fourth-order Chebyshev filter as a function of ap.

```
N = 4;
Wp = 2*pi*20e3;           % Cutoff frequency
alpha_p_values = 0.1:0.1:6; % Passband ripple from 0.1 dB to 6 dB with
each step 0.1

Qp_values = zeros(size(alpha_p_values)); % Initialize array for Qp values
with different passband ripples

alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_5 = 0;
alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_3 = 0;
alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_1 = 0;

for i = 1:length(alpha_p_values)

    Rp = alpha_p_values(i);

    [z, p, k] = cheby1(N, Rp, Wp, 'low', 's');

    % Calculate the Q factor for each pole
    Q_values = abs(p) ./ (2 * abs(real(p)));

    % Find the dominant pole
    Qp_values(i) = max(Q_values);

    fprintf("%2d. alpha_p = %.2f dB when Qp = %.2f\n", i, Rp, Qp_values(i));

    % Find the largest alpha_p when Qp < 5
    if (Qp_values(i) < 5) && (Rp > alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_5)
        alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_5 = Rp;
    end

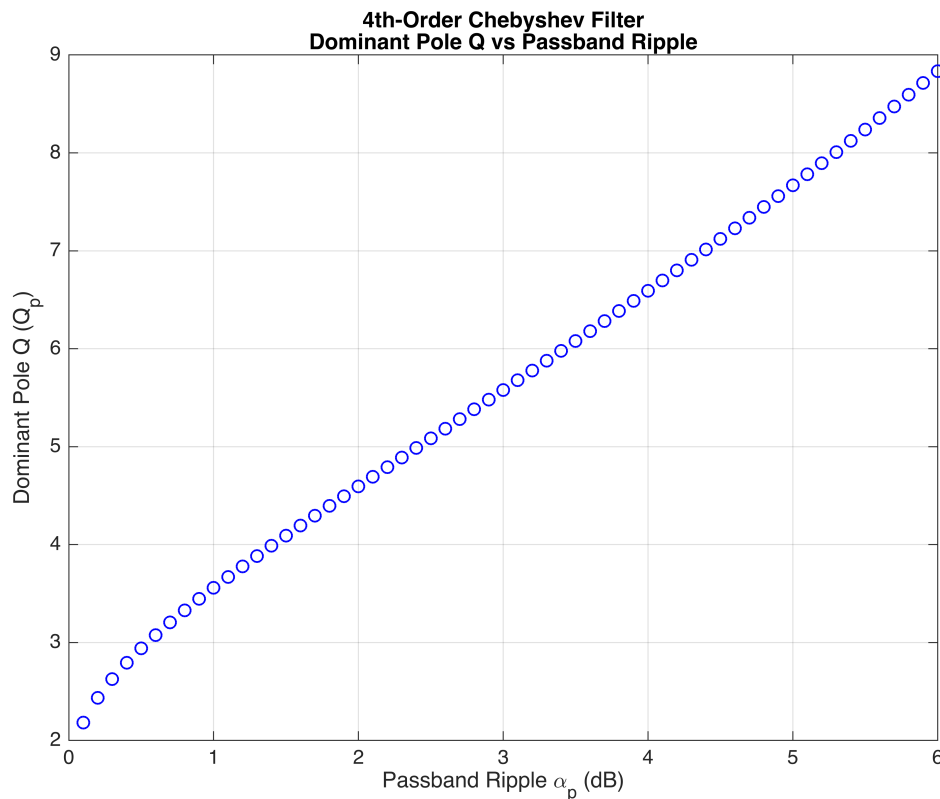
    if (Qp_values(i) < 3) && Rp > (alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_3)
        alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_3 = Rp;
    end

    if (Qp_values(i) < 1) && (Rp > alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_1)
        alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_1 = Rp;
    end
end
```

end

1. alpha\_p = 0.10 dB when Qp = 2.18
2. alpha\_p = 0.20 dB when Qp = 2.44
3. alpha\_p = 0.30 dB when Qp = 2.63
4. alpha\_p = 0.40 dB when Qp = 2.79
5. alpha\_p = 0.50 dB when Qp = 2.94
6. alpha\_p = 0.60 dB when Qp = 3.08
7. alpha\_p = 0.70 dB when Qp = 3.21
8. alpha\_p = 0.80 dB when Qp = 3.33
9. alpha\_p = 0.90 dB when Qp = 3.45
10. alpha\_p = 1.00 dB when Qp = 3.56
11. alpha\_p = 1.10 dB when Qp = 3.67
12. alpha\_p = 1.20 dB when Qp = 3.78
13. alpha\_p = 1.30 dB when Qp = 3.88
14. alpha\_p = 1.40 dB when Qp = 3.99
15. alpha\_p = 1.50 dB when Qp = 4.09
16. alpha\_p = 1.60 dB when Qp = 4.19
17. alpha\_p = 1.70 dB when Qp = 4.29
18. alpha\_p = 1.80 dB when Qp = 4.40
19. alpha\_p = 1.90 dB when Qp = 4.49
20. alpha\_p = 2.00 dB when Qp = 4.59
21. alpha\_p = 2.10 dB when Qp = 4.69
22. alpha\_p = 2.20 dB when Qp = 4.79
23. alpha\_p = 2.30 dB when Qp = 4.89
24. alpha\_p = 2.40 dB when Qp = 4.99
25. alpha\_p = 2.50 dB when Qp = 5.09
26. alpha\_p = 2.60 dB when Qp = 5.18
27. alpha\_p = 2.70 dB when Qp = 5.28
28. alpha\_p = 2.80 dB when Qp = 5.38
29. alpha\_p = 2.90 dB when Qp = 5.48
30. alpha\_p = 3.00 dB when Qp = 5.58
31. alpha\_p = 3.10 dB when Qp = 5.68
32. alpha\_p = 3.20 dB when Qp = 5.78
33. alpha\_p = 3.30 dB when Qp = 5.88
34. alpha\_p = 3.40 dB when Qp = 5.98
35. alpha\_p = 3.50 dB when Qp = 6.08
36. alpha\_p = 3.60 dB when Qp = 6.18
37. alpha\_p = 3.70 dB when Qp = 6.28
38. alpha\_p = 3.80 dB when Qp = 6.39
39. alpha\_p = 3.90 dB when Qp = 6.49
40. alpha\_p = 4.00 dB when Qp = 6.59
41. alpha\_p = 4.10 dB when Qp = 6.70
42. alpha\_p = 4.20 dB when Qp = 6.80
43. alpha\_p = 4.30 dB when Qp = 6.91
44. alpha\_p = 4.40 dB when Qp = 7.01
45. alpha\_p = 4.50 dB when Qp = 7.12
46. alpha\_p = 4.60 dB when Qp = 7.23
47. alpha\_p = 4.70 dB when Qp = 7.34
48. alpha\_p = 4.80 dB when Qp = 7.45
49. alpha\_p = 4.90 dB when Qp = 7.56
50. alpha\_p = 5.00 dB when Qp = 7.67
51. alpha\_p = 5.10 dB when Qp = 7.78
52. alpha\_p = 5.20 dB when Qp = 7.89
53. alpha\_p = 5.30 dB when Qp = 8.01
54. alpha\_p = 5.40 dB when Qp = 8.12
55. alpha\_p = 5.50 dB when Qp = 8.24
56. alpha\_p = 5.60 dB when Qp = 8.36
57. alpha\_p = 5.70 dB when Qp = 8.47
58. alpha\_p = 5.80 dB when Qp = 8.59
59. alpha\_p = 5.90 dB when Qp = 8.71
60. alpha\_p = 6.00 dB when Qp = 8.83

```
% Plot Qp as a function of alpha_p
figure;
plot(alpha_p_values, Qp_values, 'ob', 'LineWidth', 1.5);
xlabel('Passband Ripple \alpha_p (dB)');
ylabel('Dominant Pole Q (Q_p)');
title({'4th-Order Chebyshev Filter', 'Dominant Pole Q vs Passband Ripple'});
grid on;
```



2. Find the value of the largest passband ripple  $\alpha_p$  if the condition  $Q_p < 5$  must hold. Repeat for  $Q_p < 3$ ,  $Q_p < 1$ .

```
fprintf("When Qp < 5, largest passband ripple \alpha_p = %.2f\n",
alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_5);
```

When  $Q_p < 5$ , largest passband ripple  $\alpha_p = 2.40$

```
fprintf("When Qp < 3, largest passband ripple \alpha_p = %.2f\n",
alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_3);
```

When  $Q_p < 3$ , largest passband ripple  $\alpha_p = 0.50$

```
fprintf("When Qp < 1, largest passband ripple \alpha_p = %.2f\n",
alpha_p_largest_when_Qp_less_than_1);
```

When  $Q_p < 1$ , largest passband ripple  $\alpha_p = 0.00$