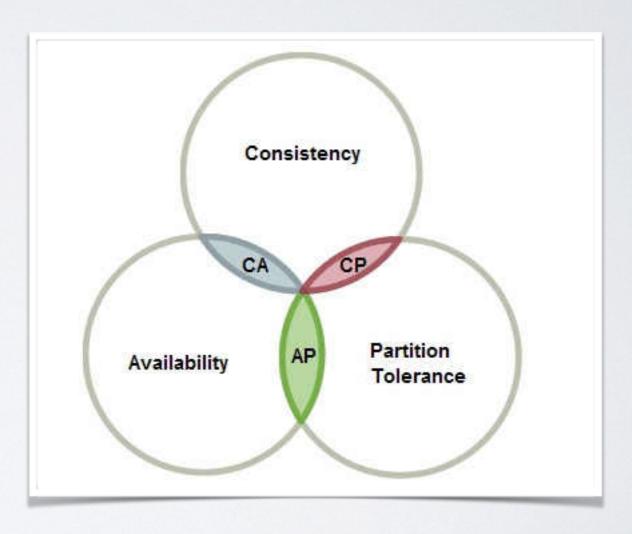


#### ZEPPELIN

High Available KV Storage Service

#### OVERVIEW

- CAP High Available
- Distributed KV storage



- Online Searching 600,000 QPS
  - 24 Physical Machine
  - 3 meta server 96 node server
  - 40+ tables
  - Highest Table Total query 500,000,000,000 times

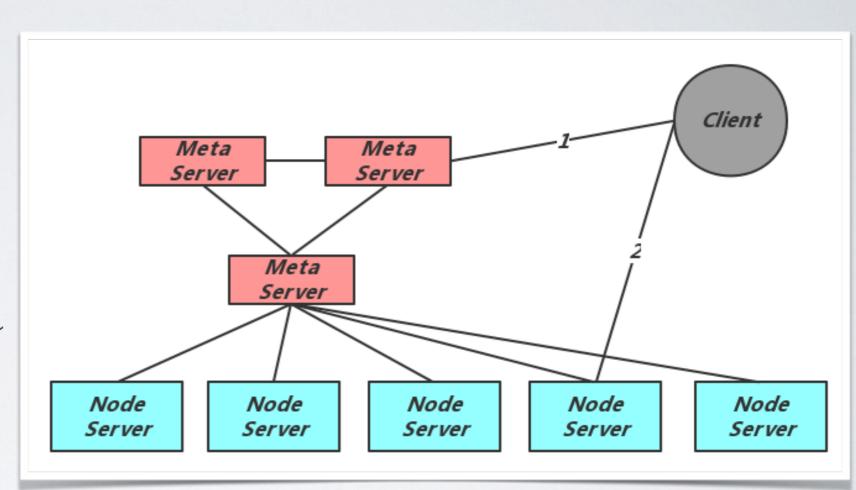
#### OVERVIEW

Interface Supported: SET, GET, DEL, MSET, MGET,
 INC

- TTL Supported
- Hashtag Supported

#### OVERVIEW

- Client pull meta Info
- Calculate partition
- Find node ip in meta info
- Send request to corresponding node server



- Data Distribution & Replication
- Thread Model
- Synchronization

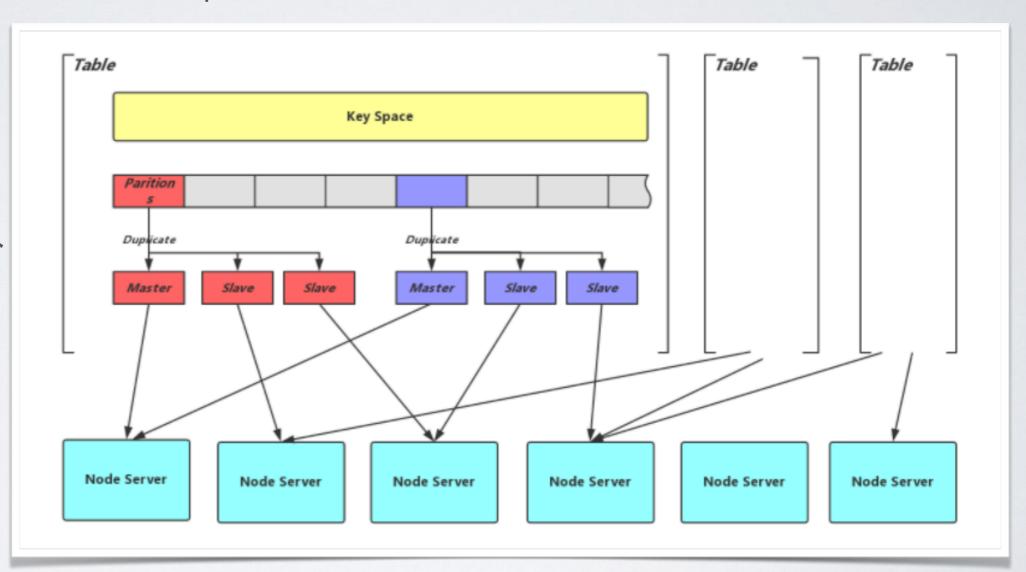
Data Distribution & Replication

#### Data Distribution & Replication

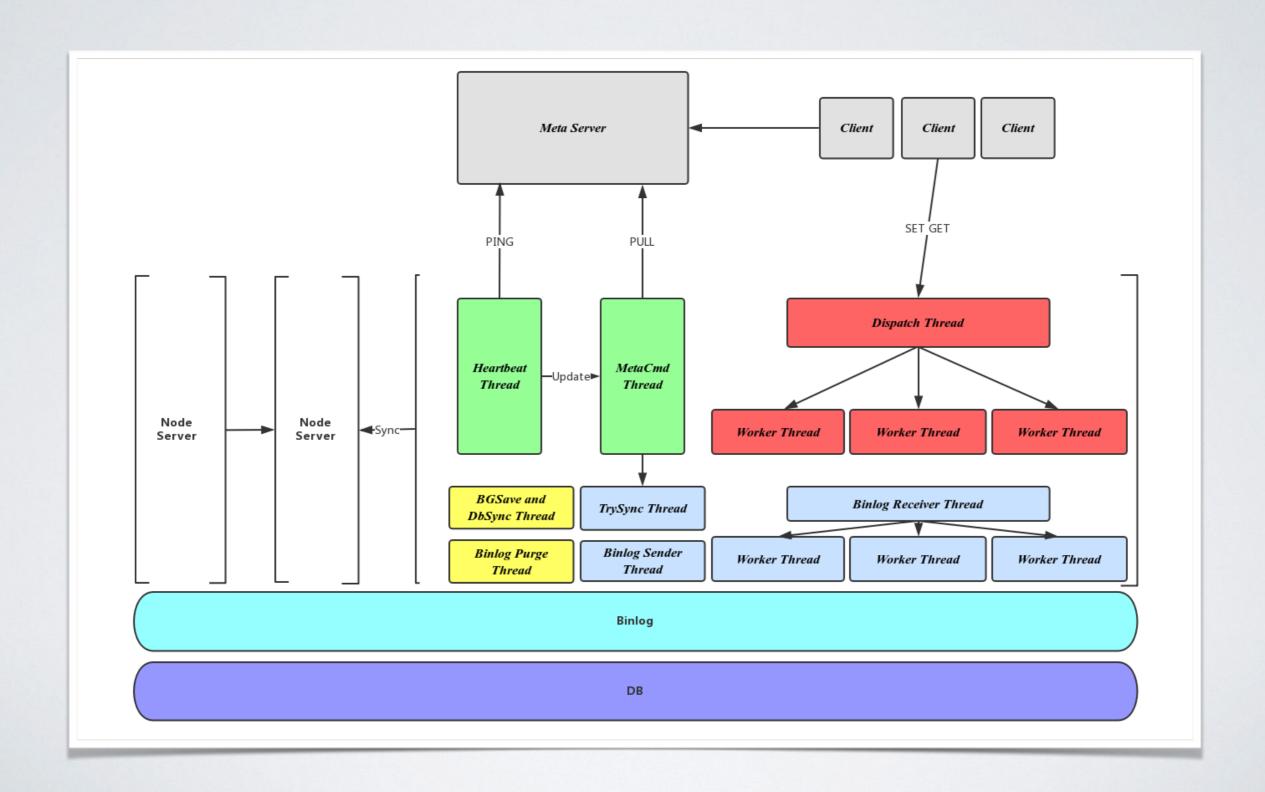
Partition

Master

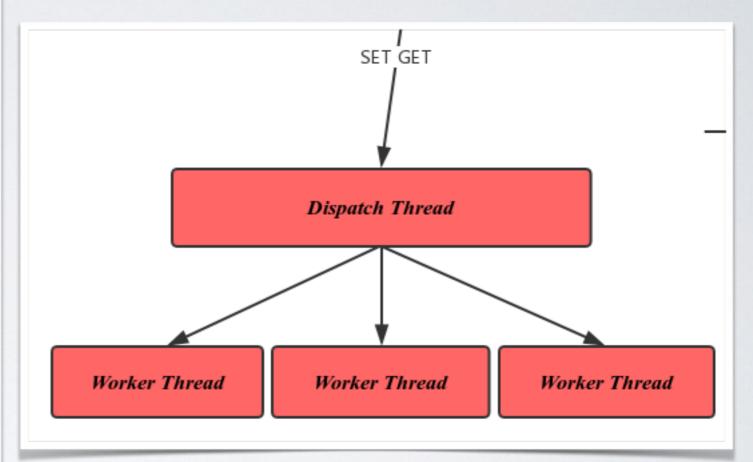
Slave

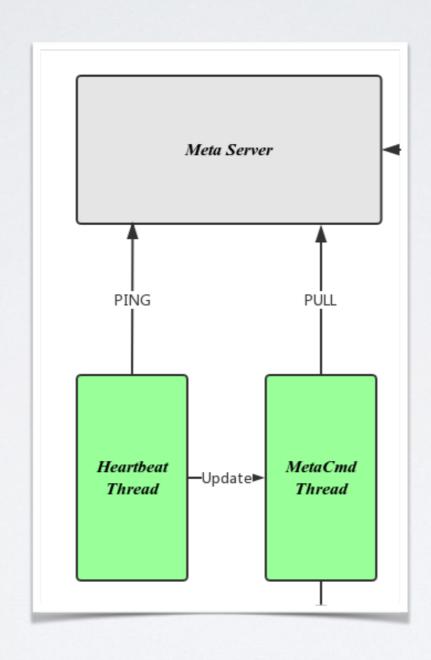


Thread Model



```
zp_data_partiton.cc
if (!cmd->is_suspend()) {
  // read lock
 pthread_rwlock_rdlock(&suspend_rw_);
if (cmd->is write) {
  // lock this key
 mutex_record_.Lock(key);
cmd->Do(req, &res);
if (cmd->is_write) {
  if (res->code() == client::StatusCode::kOk) {
    logger ->Put(raw);
 mutex_record_.Unlock(key);
if (!cmd->is_suspend()) {
 pthread rwlock unlock(&suspend rw );
```



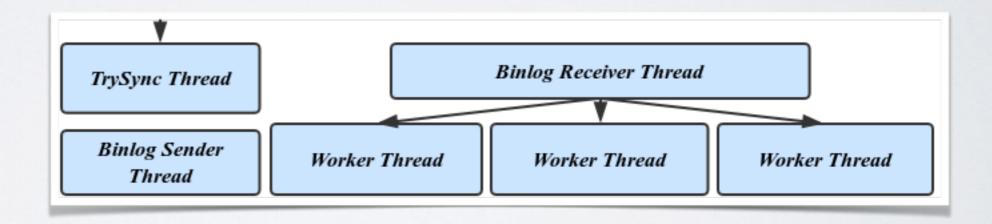


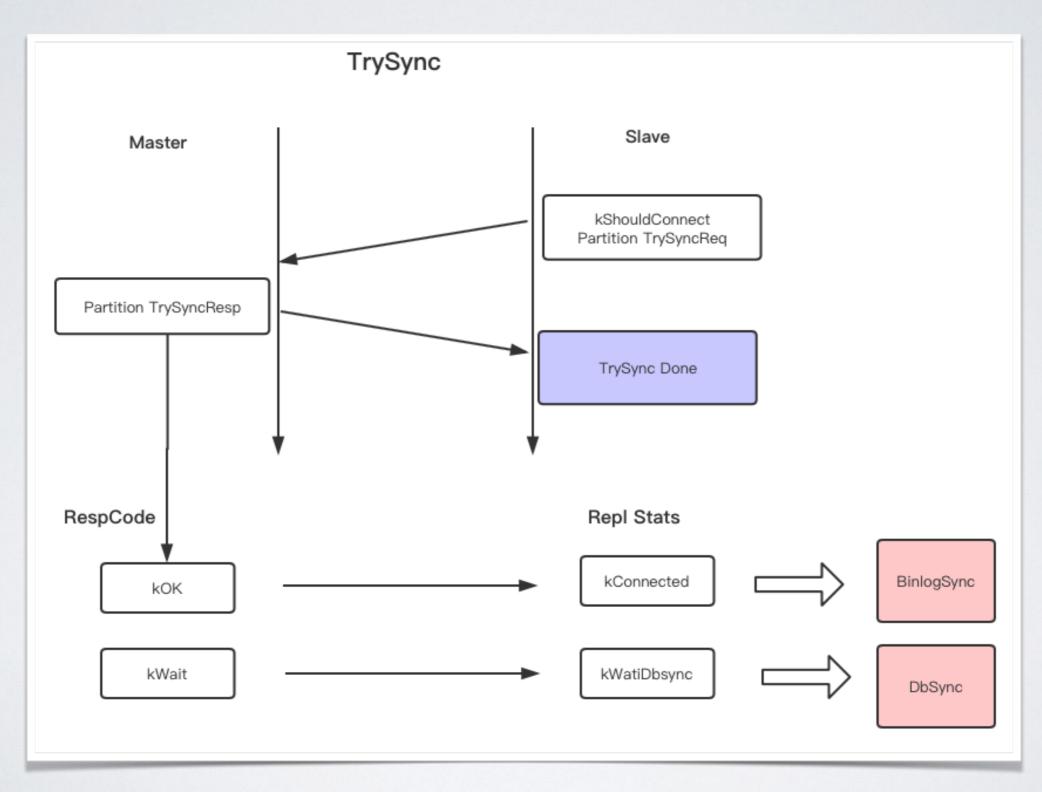
Synchronization

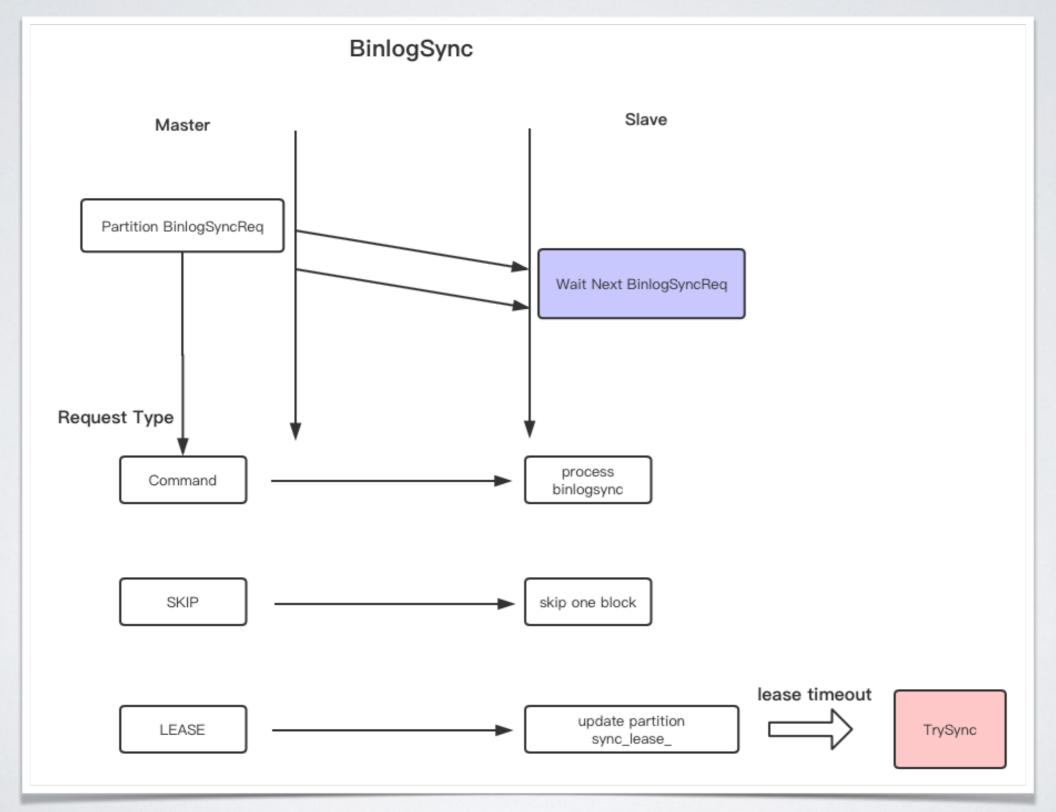
- Binlog
- DBSync & Binlog Sync

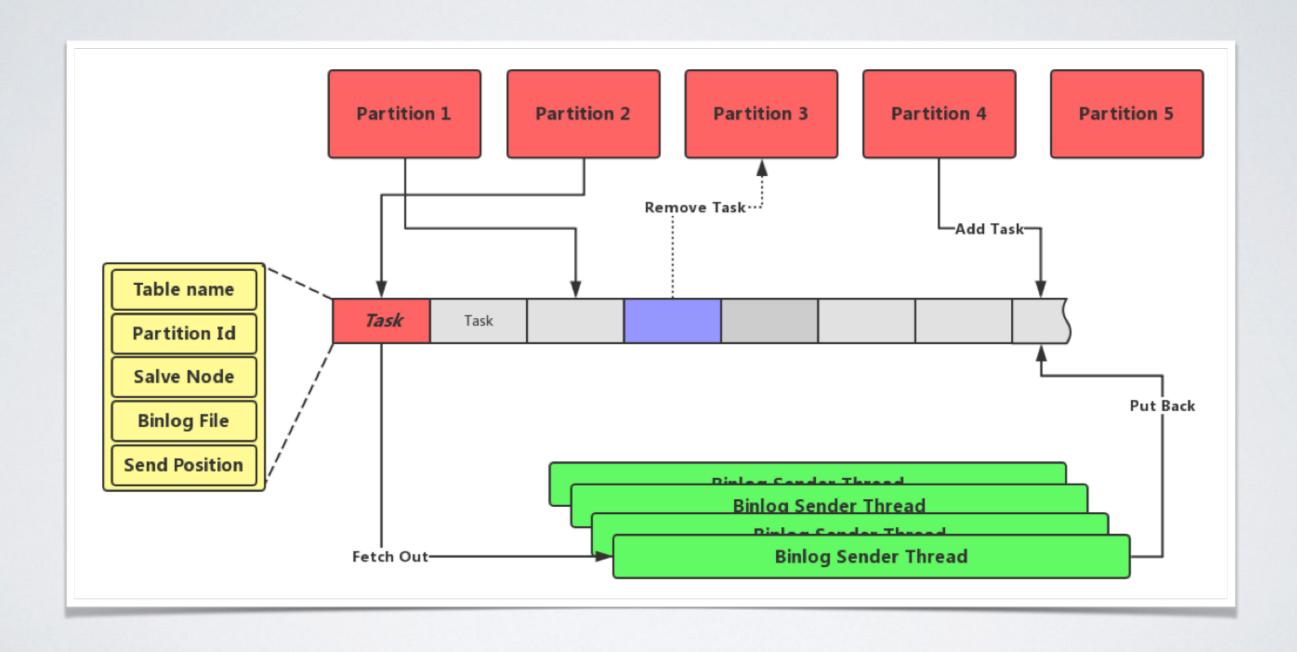
BGSave and
DbSync Thread

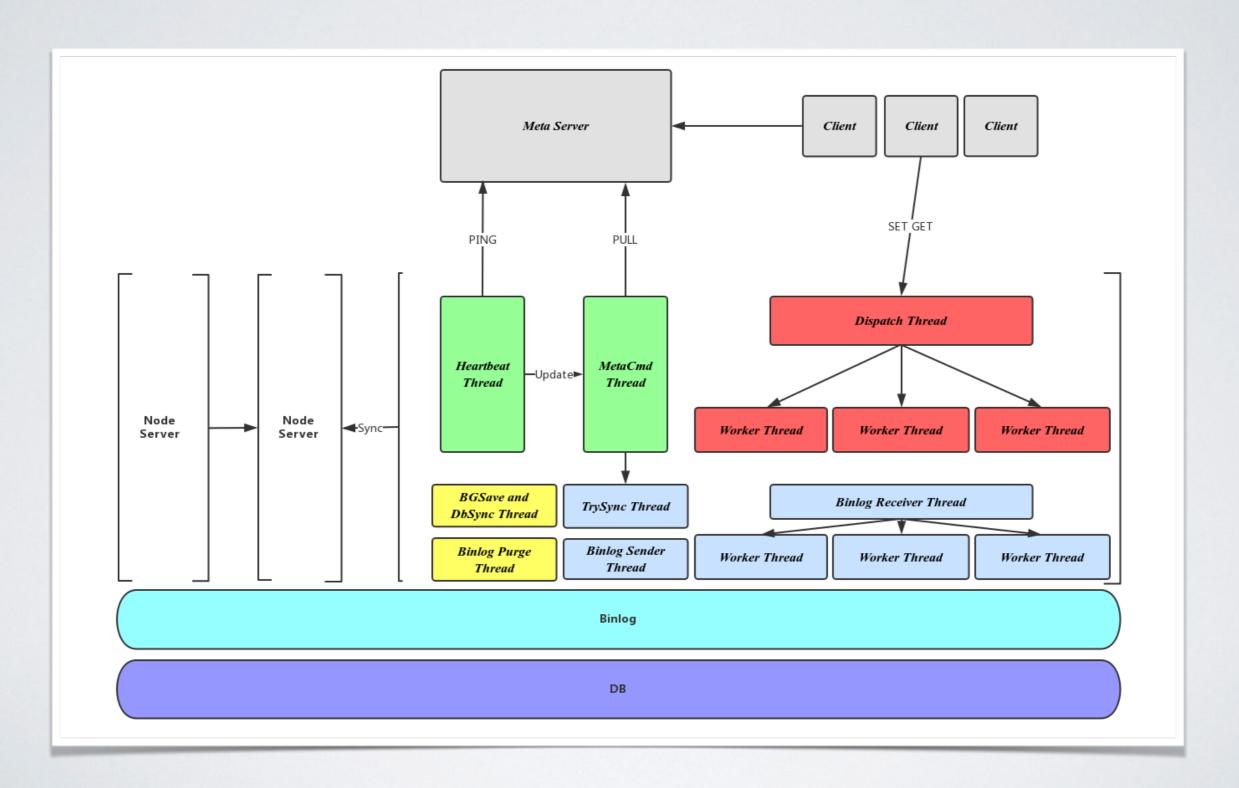
Binlog Purge
Thread











- Meta Info
- Thread Model
- Cluster Management(Migrate)

Meta Info

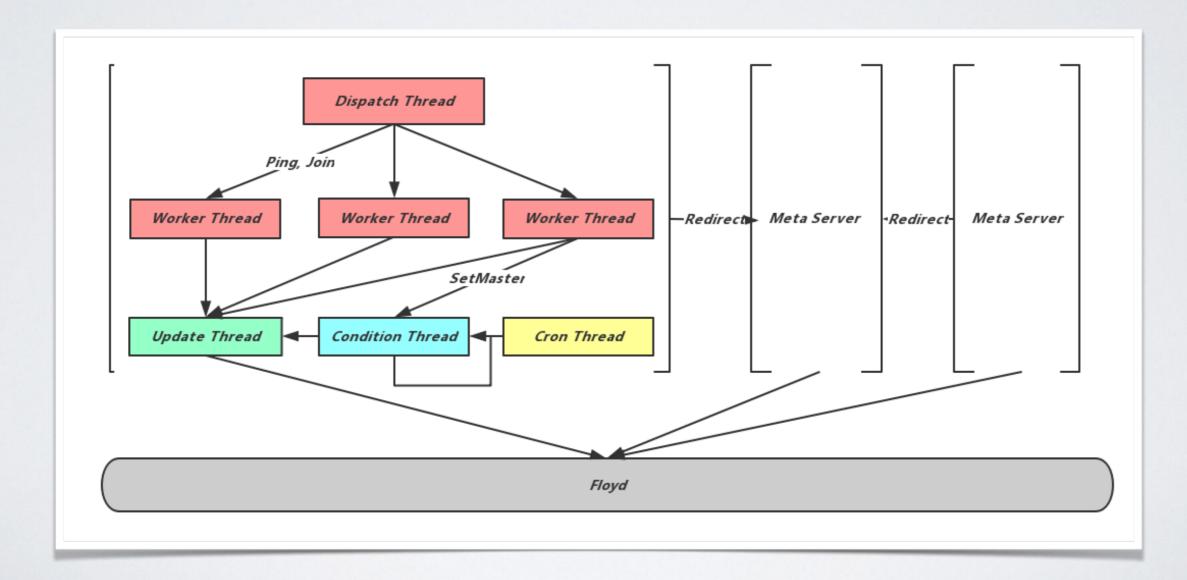
Meta Info

- Cluster Status
- ClusterTopology

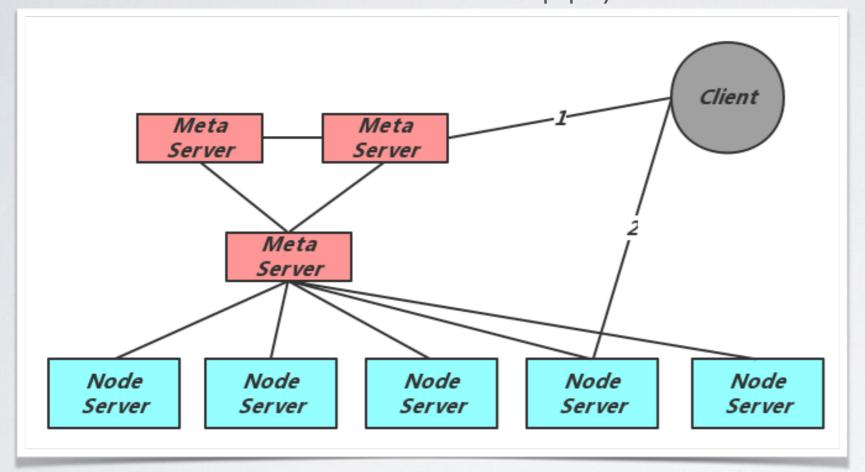
```
class ZPMetaInfoStore {
 // -2 for uninitialed
 // -1 for initialed but no table
 // Otherwise non-negtive integer and monotone increasing
  // epoch records topology info changes
  std::atomic<int> epoch ;
  // table => ZPMeta::Table set
  std::unordered_map<std::string, ZPMeta::Table> table_info_;
 // node => alive time + offset set, 0 means already down node
 // only valid for leader
 std::unordered map<std::string, NodeInfo> node infos ;
message Partitions {
  required int32 id = 1;
  required PState state = 2;
  required Node master = 3;
 repeated Node slaves = 4;
ZPMeta::Table
message Table {
 required string name = 1;
 repeated Partitions partitions = 2;
struct NodeInfo {
 uint64 t last active time;
 // table_partition -> offset
 std::map<std::string, NodeOffset> offsets;
```

Thread Model

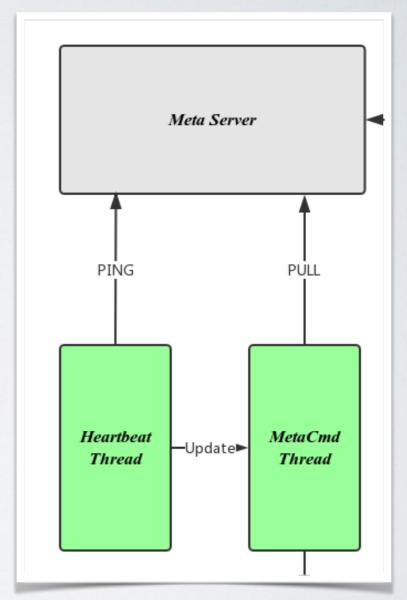
#### Thread Model



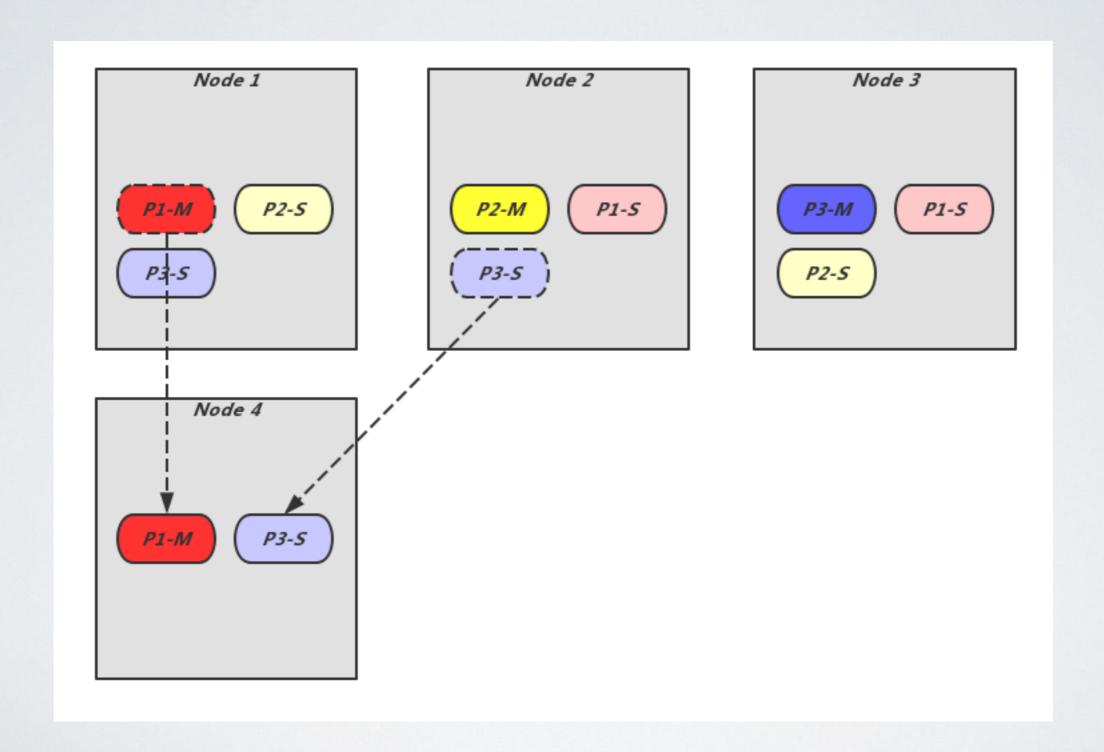
How does meta Info apply to node server?



- · I. Client connect to leader Meta Server and modify meta info.
- 2. As raft exist, follower and leader could reach a consensus about meta info
- 3. Node server do ping routine. Find epoch differ from Meta Server. Pull newest Meta Info and apply this modification locally.



Migrate



Original Meta

Table\_test: Partition4

Status: Active Master 1.1.1.1:9221 Slave: 2.2.2.2:9221

• Send "migreate table\_test I.I.I.!:9221 4 3.3.3.3:9221" to meta server

update\_thread

Table\_test:
Partition4
Status: SlowDown
Master 1.1.1.1:9221
Slave: 2.2.2.2:9221, 3.3.3.3:9221

task:

condition: Partition 4 BinlogSync Same file

actiion: Forward Partition 4 sutck to

update\_thread

condition\_thread

task:

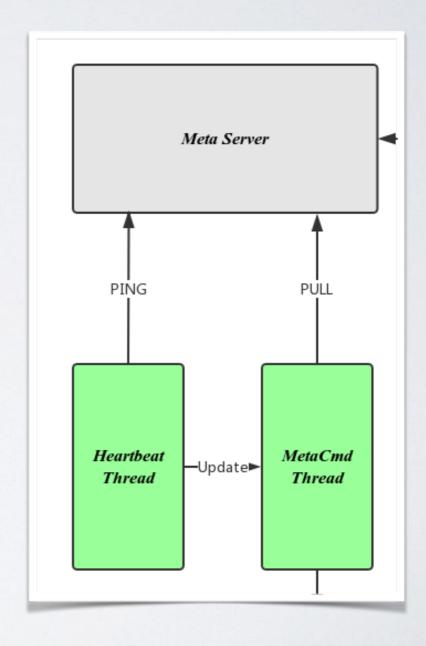
condition: Partition 4 BinlogSync Offset same action: Forward Partition 4 handover & active

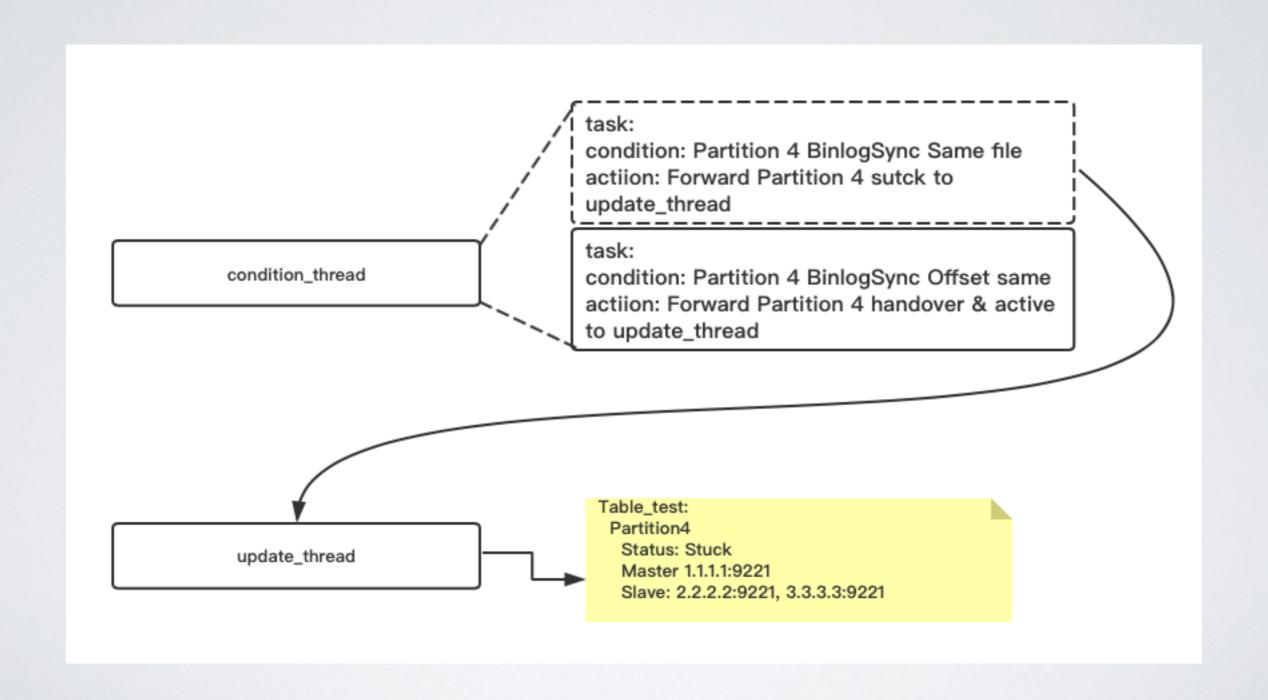
to update\_thread

 node server apply meta info changes locally

```
Table_test:
Partition4
Status: SlowDown
Master 1.1.1.1:9221
Slave: 2.2.2.2:9221, 3.3.3.3:9221
```

• continue ping...

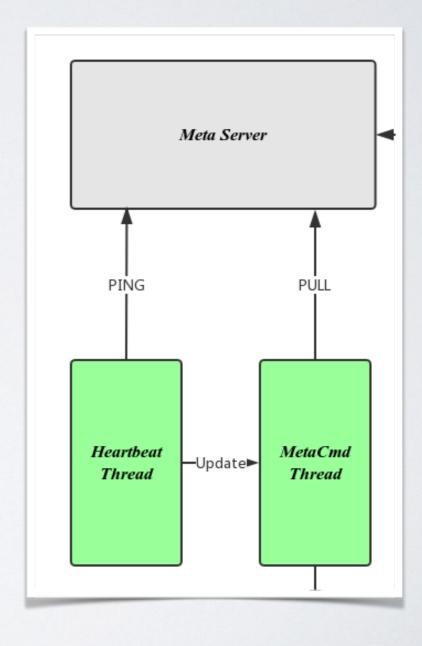


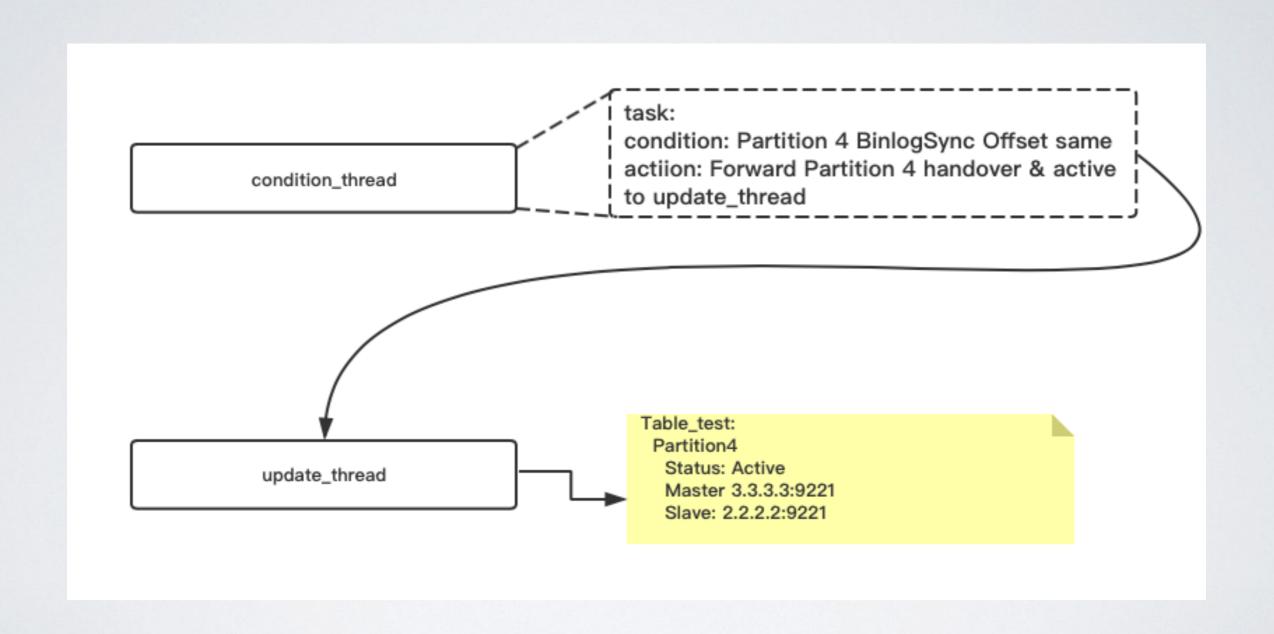


 node server apply meta info changes locally

Table\_test:
Partition4
Status: Stuck
Master 1.1.1.1:9221
Slave: 2.2.2.2:9221, 3.3.3.3:9221

• continue ping...

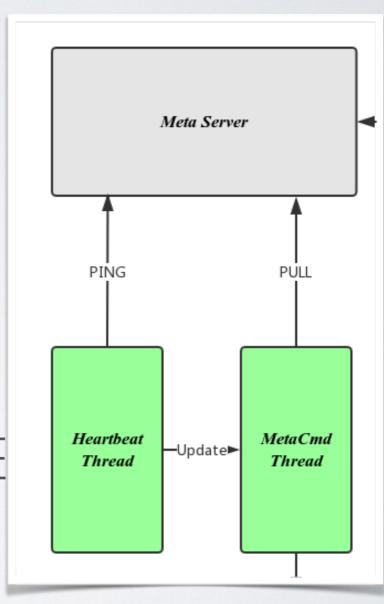




 node server apply meta info changes locally

Table\_test:
Partition4
Status: Active
Master 3.3.3.3:9221
Slave: 2.2.2.2:9221

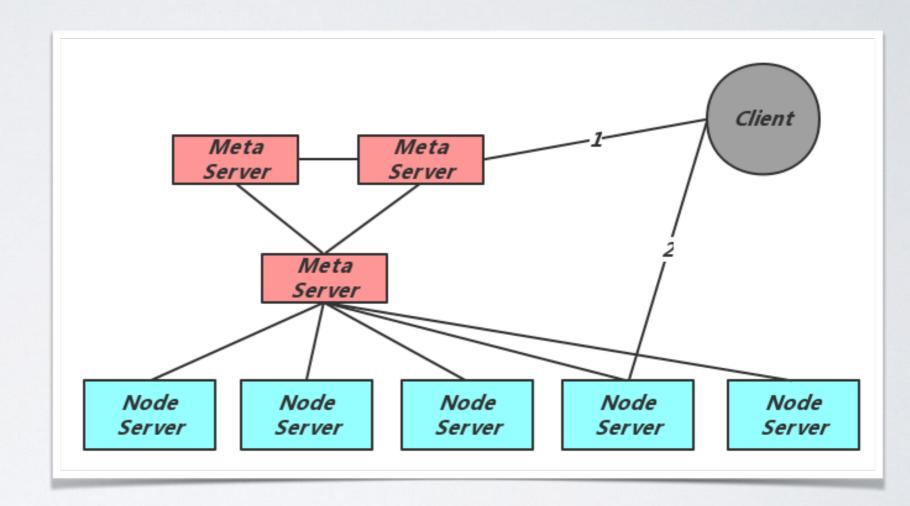
New Partition4 Master is ACTIVE



#### ZEPPELIN OVERVIEW

Pros & Cons

• Future.....



# WHAT ABOUT DISTRIBUTED PIKA

Synchronization Evolution Done

• Next....





## THANKS