C语言程序设计

C2



代码阅读

TINYHTTPD 0.1.0

厦门大学信息学院软件工程系 黄炜 副教授

文件列表

- .\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\httpd.c
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 - -.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\htdocs\index.html
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[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\README]

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If you use this software or examine the code, I would appreciate knowing and would be overjoyed to hear about it at jdavidb@sourceforge.net .

This software is not production quality. It comes with no warranty of any kind, not even an implied warranty of fitness for a particular

purpose. I am not responsible for the damage that will likely-09esult 厦门大学信息学院软件工程系 黄炜

Perl had introduced me to a whole lot of UNIX functionality (I learned sockets and fork from Perl!), and O'Reilly's lion book on UNIX system calls plus O'Reilly's books on CGI and writing web clients in Perl got me thinking and I realized I could make my webserver support CGI with little trouble.

Now, if you're a member of the Apache core group, you might not be impressed. But my professor was blown over. Try the color.cgi sample script and type in "chartreuse." Made me seem smarter than I am, at any rate.:)

Apache it's not. But I do hope that this program is a good eduedtional tool for原those信화笔跨越對te群系横橋ttp/socket email me. I probably won't really be releasing major updates, but if

I help you learn something, I'd love to know!

Happy hacking!

J. David Blackstone



[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\Makefile]

all: httpd

httpd: httpd.c

gcc -W -Wall -pthread -o httpd httpd.c

clean:

rm httpd



[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\htdocs\README]

These are sample CGI scripts and webpages for tinyhttpd. They can be redistributed under the terms of the GPL.

The most impressive demonstration I gave of tinyhttpd to my professor and my classmates was to load color.cgi with a value of

"chartreuse." :) It's actually a very simple script, guys.

jdb



[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\htdocs\index.html]

```
<HTML>
<TITLE>Index</TITLE>
<BODY>
<P>Welcome to J. David's webserver.
<H1>CGI demo
<FORM ACTION="color.cgi" METHOD="POST">
Enter a color: <INPUT TYPE="text" NAME="color">
<INPUT TYPE="submit">
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



```
[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\htdocs\color.cgi]
#!/usr/bin/perl -Tw
use strict;
use CGI;
my(\$cgi) = new CGI;
print $cgi->header;
my($color) = "blue";
$color = $cgi->param('color') if defined $cgi->param('color');
print $cgi->start html(-title => uc($color),
                       -BGCOLOR => $color);
print $cgi->h1("This is $color");
print $cgi->end html;
```



```
[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\htdocs\check.cgi]
#!/usr/bin/perl -Tw
use strict;
use CGI;
my(\$cgi) = new CGI;
print $cgi->header('text/html');
print $cgi->start html(-title => "Example CGI script",
                       -BGCOLOR => 'red');
print $cgi->h1("CGI Example");
print $cgi->p, "This is an example of CGI\n";
print $cgi->p, "Parameters given to this script:\n";
print "<UL>\n";
foreach my $param ($cgi->param)
```



```
print "<LI>", "$param ", $cgi->param($param), "\n";
print "</UL>";
print $cgi->end_html, "\n";
```



[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\simpleclient.c]

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
      int sockfd;
      int len;
      struct sockaddr in address;
      int result;
      char ch = 'A';
      sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
```



```
address.sin_family = AF_INET;
      address.sin addr.s addr = inet addr("127.0.0.1");
      address.sin port = htons(8080);
      len = sizeof(address);
      result = connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
len);
      if (result == -1)
             perror("oops: client1");
             exit(1);
      write(sockfd, &ch, 1);
      read(sockfd, &ch, 1);
      printf("char from server = %c\n", ch);
      close(sockfd);
      exit(0);
```



[.\tinyhttpd-0.1.0\httpd.c]

```
/* J. David's webserver */
/* This is a simple webserver.
* Created November 1999 by J. David Blackstone.
* CSE 4344 (Network concepts), Prof. Zeigler
* University of Texas at Arlington
*/
/* This program compiles for Sparc Solaris 2.6.
* To compile for Linux:
   1) Comment out the #include <pthread.h> line.
   2) Comment out the line that defines the variable
newthread.
   3) Comment out the two lines that run pthread create().
  4) Uncomment the line that runs accept request().
   5) Remove -lsocket from the Makefile.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <strings.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define ISspace(x) isspace((int)(x))
#define SERVER STRING "Server: jdbhttpd/0.1.0\r\n"
void *accept_request(void *);
void bad request(int);
```



```
void cat(int, FILE *);
void cannot_execute(int);
void error die(const char *);
void execute_cgi(int, const char *, const char
*);
int get line(int, char *, int);
void headers(int, const char *);
void not_found(int);
void serve file(int, const char *);
int startup(u short *);
void unimplemented(int);
******/
/* A request has caused a call to accept() on the server port
to
* return. Process the request appropriately.
* Parameters: the socket connected to the client */
```

```
char buf[1024];
      int numchars;
      char method[255];
      char url[255];
      char path[512];
      size t i, j;
      struct stat st;
      int cgi = 0;  /* becomes true if server decides
this is a CGI
                                    * program */
      char *query_string = NULL;
      int client = ((int *)args)[0];
      numchars = get_line(client, buf, sizeof(buf));
      i = 0; j = 0;
      while (!ISspace(buf[j]) && (i < sizeof(method) - 1))</pre>
             method[i] = buf[j];
             i++; j++;
```

```
method[i] = '\0';
       if (strcasecmp(method, "GET") && strcasecmp(method,
"POST"))
              unimplemented(client);
              return NULL;
       if (strcasecmp(method, "POST") == 0)
              cgi = 1;
       i = 0;
       while (ISspace(buf[j]) && (j < sizeof(buf)))</pre>
              j++;
       while (!ISspace(buf[j]) && (i < sizeof(url) - 1) && (j</pre>
< sizeof(buf)))
```



```
i++; j++;
      url[i] = '\0';
      if (strcasecmp(method, "GET") == 0)
             query_string = url;
             while ((*query_string != '?') &&
(*query_string != '\0'))
                    query_string++;
             if (*query_string == '?')
                    cgi = 1;
                    *query_string = '\0';
                    query_string++;
```



sprintf(path, "htdocs%s", url);

```
if (path[strlen(path) - 1] == '/')
             strcat(path, "index.html");
      if (stat(path, &st) == -1) {
             while ((numchars > 0) && strcmp("\n", buf))
read & discard headers */
                    numchars = get line(client, buf,
sizeof(buf));
             not found(client);
      else
             if ((st.st_mode & S_IFMT) == S_IFDIR)
                    strcat(path, "/index.html");
             if ((st.st mode & S IXUSR) ||
                    (st.st mode & S IXGRP) ||
                    (st.st_mode & S_IXOTH))
                    cgi = 1;
             if (!cgi)
```



```
else
             execute_cgi(client, path, method,
query_string);
    close(client);
    return NULL;
******/
/* Inform the client that a request it has made has a problem.
* Parameters: client socket */
******/
void bad_request(int client)
{
    char buf[1024];
```



```
sprintf(buf, "Content-type: text/html\r\n");
     send(client, buf, sizeof(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "\r\n");
      send(client, buf, sizeof(buf), 0);
      sprintf(buf, "<P>Your browser sent a bad request, ");
     send(client, buf, sizeof(buf), 0);
      sprintf(buf, "such as a POST without a Content-
Length.\r\n");
      send(client, buf, sizeof(buf), 0);
*******/
/* Put the entire contents of a file out on a socket. This
function
* is named after the UNIX "cat" command, because it might
have been
* easier just to do something like pipe, fork, and
exec("cat").
```

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```
char buf[1024];
    fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), resource);
    while (!feof(resource))
         send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
         fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), resource);
******/
/* Inform the client that a CGI script could not be executed.
* Parameter: the client socket descriptor. */
******/
void cannot execute(int client)
```

```
sprintf(buf, "HTTP/1.0 500 Internal Server Error\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "Content-type: text/html\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "<P>Error prohibited CGI execution.\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
******/
/* Print out an error message with perror() (for system)
errors; based
* on value of errno, which indicates system call errors) and
exit the
* program indicating an error. */
```

**********/

```
exit(1);
******/
/* Execute a CGI script. Will need to set environment
variables as
* appropriate.
* Parameters: client socket descriptor
          path to the CGI script */
******/
void execute_cgi(int client, const char *path,
    const char *method, const char *query_string)
    char buf[1024];
    int cgi output[2];
    int cgi input[2];
    pid_t pid;
```

```
char c;
      int numchars = 1;
      int content_length = -1;
      buf[0] = 'A'; buf[1] = '\0';
      if (strcasecmp(method, "GET") == 0)
             while ((numchars > 0) && strcmp("\n", buf)) /*
read & discard headers */
                    numchars = get line(client, buf,
sizeof(buf));
      else /* POST */
             numchars = get_line(client, buf, sizeof(buf));
             while ((numchars > 0) && strcmp("\n", buf))
                    buf[15] = '\0';
                    if (strcasecmp(buf, "Content-Length:") ==
0)
                          content_length = atoi(&(buf[16]));
```

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```
if (content_length == -1) {
              bad request(client);
              return;
sprintf(buf, "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n");
send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
if (pipe(cgi_output) < 0) {</pre>
       cannot_execute(client);
       return;
if (pipe(cgi_input) < 0) {</pre>
       cannot_execute(client);
       return;
```

```
if ((pid = fork()) < 0) {</pre>
      cannot execute(client);
      return;
if (pid == 0) /* child: CGI script */
      char meth_env[255];
      char query_env[255];
      char length env[255];
      dup2(cgi_output[1], 1);
      dup2(cgi_input[0], 0);
      close(cgi output[0]);
      close(cgi input[1]);
      sprintf(meth env, "REQUEST METHOD=%s", method);
      putenv(meth env);
      if (strcasecmp(method, "GET") == 0) {
             sprintf(query_env, "QUERY STRING=%s",
```

```
putenv(query_env);
            sprintf(length_env, "CONTENT_LENGTH=%d",
content length);
                   putenv(length env);
            execl(path, path, NULL);
            exit(0);
      else { /* parent */
            close(cgi_output[1]);
            close(cgi input[0]);
            if (strcasecmp(method, "POST") == 0)
                   for (i = 0; i < content length; i++) {</pre>
                         recv(client, &c, 1, 0);
                         write(cgi input[1], &c, 1);
```



```
while (read(cgi output[0], &c, 1) > 0)
                 send(client, &c, 1, 0);
           close(cgi_output[0]);
           close(cgi input[1]);
           waitpid(pid, &status, 0);
******/
/* Get a line from a socket, whether the line ends in a
newline,
* carriage return, or a CRLF combination. Terminates the
string read
* with a null character. If no newline indicator is found
before the
* end of the buffer, the string is terminated with a null.
 any of
```

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```
the buffer to save the data in
            the size of the buffer
* Returns: the number of bytes stored (excluding null) */
******/
int get line(int sock, char *buf, int size)
{
     int i = 0;
     char c = ' \ 0';
     int n;
     while ((i < size - 1) && (c != '\n'))
           n = recv(sock, &c, 1, 0);
           /* DEBUG printf("%02X\n", c); */
           if (n > 0)
                if (c == '\r')
```



```
n = recv(sock, &c, 1, MSG_PEEK);
                    /* DEBUG printf("%02X\n", c); */
                    if ((n > 0) \&\& (c == '\n'))
                           recv(sock, &c, 1, 0);
                    else
                           c = ' n';
              buf[i] = c;
              i++;
       else
             c = ' n';
buf[i] = '\0';
return(i);
```



```
******/
  Return the informational HTTP headers about a file. */
  Parameters: the socket to print the headers on
           the name of the file */
******/
void headers(int client, const char *filename)
{
     char buf[1024];
     (void)filename; /* could use filename to determine
file type */
     strcpy(buf, "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     strcpy(buf, SERVER_STRING);
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "Content-Type: text/html\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
```



```
******/
/* Give a client a 404 not found status message. */
*******/
void not found(int client)
{
     char buf[1024];
     sprintf(buf, "HTTP/1.0 404 NOT FOUND\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, SERVER_STRING);
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "Content-Type: text/html\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
```



2015-9924intf(buf, '厦门神管总总学院的洲西程系o黄楠</TITLE>\r\n");

34

```
send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "<BODY><P>The server could not
fulfill\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "your request because the resource
specified\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "is unavailable or nonexistent.\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "</BODY></HTML>\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
******/
/* Send a regular file to the client. Use headers, and
report
* errors to client if they occur.
```

* Parameters: a pointer to a file structure produced from the 厦门大学信息学院软件工程系 黄炜 35

```
void serve file(int client, const char *filename)
{
      FILE *resource = NULL;
      int numchars = 1;
      char buf[1024];
      buf[0] = 'A'; buf[1] = '\0';
      while ((numchars > 0) && strcmp("\n", buf)) /* read &
discard headers */
             numchars = get_line(client, buf, sizeof(buf));
      resource = fopen(filename, "r");
      if (resource == NULL)
             not found(client);
      else
             headers(client, filename);
             cat(client, resource);
```



```
fclose(resource);
******/
/* This function starts the process of listening for web
connections
* on a specified port. If the port is 0, then dynamically
allocate a
* port and modify the original port variable to reflect the
actual
* port.
* Parameters: pointer to variable containing the port to
connect on
* Returns: the socket */
******/
```

int startup(u_short *port)

2015-09-24 厦门大学信息学院软件工程系 黄炜

```
if (httpd == -1)
             error die("socket");
      memset(&name, 0, sizeof(name));
      name.sin_family = AF_INET;
      name.sin port = htons(*port);
      name.sin addr.s addr = htonl(INADDR ANY);
      if (bind(httpd, (struct sockaddr *)&name, sizeof(name))
< 0)
             error die("bind");
      if (*port == 0) /* if dynamically allocating a port
*/
             int namelen = sizeof(name);
             if (getsockname(httpd, (struct sockaddr *)&name,
&namelen) == -1)
                    error_die("getsockname");
             *port = ntohs(name.sin port);
```



if (listen(httpd, 5) < 0)</pre>

```
return(httpd);
******/
/* Inform the client that the requested web method has not
heen
* implemented.
* Parameter: the client socket */
******/
void unimplemented(int client)
{
    char buf[1024];
    sprintf(buf, "HTTP/1.0 501 Method Not
Implemented\r\n");
    send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
    sprintf(buf, SERVER STRING);
```



```
sprintf(buf, "\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "<HTML><HEAD><TITLE>Method Not
Implemented\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "</TITLE></HEAD>\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "<BODY><P>HTTP request method not
supported.\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
     sprintf(buf, "</BODY></HTML>\r\n");
     send(client, buf, strlen(buf), 0);
******/
int main(void)
```



```
int client sock = -1;
      struct sockaddr_in client_name;
      int client name len = sizeof(client name);
      pthread_t newthread;
      server sock = startup(&port);
      printf("httpd running on port %d\n", port);
      while (1)
      {
             client_sock = accept(server_sock,
                    (struct sockaddr *)&client_name,
                    &client name len);
             if (client sock == -1)
                    error die("accept");
             /* accept_request(client_sock); */
             if (pthread create(&newthread, NULL,
accept_request, &client_sock) != 0)
```

```
perror("pthread_create");
}

close(server_sock);

return(0);
}
```



C语言程序设计

C1



谢谢

厦门大学信息学院软件工程系 黄炜 副教授