else {

47

48

49

50

```
...hasee\source\repos\my_calculator\my_calculator\calculating.c
 1 #define CALCU C
 2 #ifdef CALCU C
 3 /*
 4 *
     5
        Filename: calculating.c
       Description: funs about calculating
 6 *
 7
                    1.1.2
          Version:
                   2017. 10. 26 16:05:58
 8
           Created:
 9 *
         Time Used: 10h
10 * Last Modified: 2017.10.28 00:05
11 *
      Last Change: One error judgement deleted
           Author: 伍瀚缘(Tree Wu), why2000@hust.edu.cn
12 *
13 *
           Company: Huazhong University of Science and Technology
14 *
     15 */
16
17
18 #include < why calculator. h>
19 //#define NOW 1
20 #ifdef NOW//调试用
21
22 int main(void) {
23
24
25
      return 0;
26 }
27
28 #endif //NOW
29 extern int execstatus;//"why_calculator.c"
30
31 //函数功能: 计算结果
32 double calculate (char *repol) {//repol为填充完毕的逆波兰栈
33
       double stack[MAXSIZE];//计算栈
       char dnum[MAXSIZE];//读取浮点数
34
       int pol = 0;//repol读取符
36
       int top = -1;//栈顶符
37
       while (repol[pol] != '\0') {
          if ((repol[pol] >= '0'&&repol[pol] <= '9')||repol[pol]=='.') {//读取数 >
38
            字字符串
39
             int now = 0;
             while (repol[pol] != ' ') {
40
                 dnum[now++] = repol[pol++];
41
42
             dnum[now++] = ' \setminus 0';
43
             stack[++top] = numbertrans(dnum);//数字字符串的转换
44
45
             po1++;
46
```

//************************错误7: 运算符过多

return errorfound(7);

if (top == 0) {

```
... hasee\source\repos\my_calculator\my_calculator\calculating.c
51
            //
52
              53
            switch (repol[pol++]) {
             case '@'://开方运算,中缀中后读取的(stack[top])为开方的次数,先 ➤
54
              读取的为被开方的数,目前不支持对负数开方
                if (stack[top-1]>=0) {//被开方数为负时要求开方次数为奇整数
55
                   stack[top - 1] = pow(stack[top - 1], 1.0 / stack[top]);
56
57
                   --top;
58
                   break;
59
                else if ((isint(stack[top])&&(int)stack[top]%2&&stack[top-1]
60
                   stack[top - 1] = -pow(-stack[top - 1], 1.0 / stack[top]);
61
                   --top;
62
63
                   break;
64
65
66
                //***************************错误3: 开非奇整数次方时底数小于零
                 *********
67
                else {
68
                   return errorfound(3);
69
70
                 ******
71
            case '^'://幂运算,后读取的为指数,先读取的为底数
72
73
                if (stack[top-1] >= 0) {
                   stack[top - 1] = pow(stack[top - 1], stack[top]);
74
75
                   --top;
76
                   break;
77
78
                else if (isint(1.0 / stack[top]) && ((int)(1.0 / stack[top]) % >
                  2) && stack[top - 1] < 0) {
79
                   stack[top - 1] = pow(stack[top - 1], stack[top]);
80
                   --top;
81
                   break;
82
83
                //******************************错误4: 结果为虚数的幂运算
                 *********
84
                else {
85
                   return errorfound (4);
86
87
                 *****
88
89
            case '*'://乘法运算
90
                stack[top - 1] *= stack[top];
91
                --top;
92
               break:
            case '/'://除法运算,后读取的为除数,先读取的为被除数
93
94
                if (stack[top]) {
                   stack[top - 1] /= stack[top];
95
```

```
... hasee\source\repos\my_calculator\my_calculator\calculating.c
96
                   --top;
97
                   break;
98
                //*****************错误5: 分母为
99
                                                                  P
                 ()**************
100
101
                   return errorfound(5);
102
103
                //
                 *****
             case '+'://加法运算
104
                stack[top - 1] += stack[top];
105
106
                --top:
107
                break;
             case '-'://减法运算
108
                stack[top - 1] -= stack[top];
109
110
                --top;
111
                break;
112
113
         }
114
115
116
117
      return stack[top];
118
119
120 //函数功能:整数判断
   int isint(double n) {//
122
      if (n >= 0)
          123
           1;
124
         else return 0;
125
      else
          126
           return 1:
127
         else return 0;
128
129 }
130
131
   //函数功能:将字符串形式的浮点数转换成double类型
   double numbertrans(const char *dnum) {//dunm为字符串形式的浮点数
      double intpart = 0, floatpart = 0, flo = 1;//整数部分, 小数部分, 浮点位
133
134
      int now = 0;
135
      double result = 0;
      while (dnum[now] >= '0' && dnum[now] <= '9')</pre>
136
137
      {
          intpart = intpart * 10 + dnum[now++] - '0';//整数部分读取: 乘十加n
138
139
140
141
      if (dnum[now] == '.') //小数部分读取
142
         while (dnum[++now] != ' \setminus 0')
143
```

//******************************错误9: 多重小数点

144145

```
\dots hasee \verb|\source| repos \verb|\my_calculator| my_calculator \verb|\calculating.c|
               if (dnum[now] == '.') {
146
147
                  return errorfound(9);
               }
148
149
               //
                 floatpart = floatpart * 10 + dnum[now] - '0';
150
               flo *= 10;
151
           }
152
       }
153
154
155
156
       result = intpart + floatpart / flo;
157
       return result;
158 }
159 #endif //_CALCU_C
160
```