APPELLO 13/07/2020 SVOLGIMENTO TRACCIA 1 $f(x,0) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x}{\sigma} e^{-x^2/\sigma} \\ 0 \end{cases}$ settimenti. 0 > 0Colcolismo le funcione di sliatriburcione FZ(t) . de t 20: Fz(t)=0 paiché la densité-di X e >0 solo per t>0. · je t >0: $f_{z}(t) = f(z \leq t) = f(x^{2} \leq t) = f(x \leq \sqrt{t}) =$ $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} (x,0) dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{2x}{0} e^{-x^{2}/0} dx =$ $= \left[- e^{-\frac{\chi^{2}}{4}} \right]_{0}^{1} = -e^{-\frac{t}{4}} + 1 = 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{4}}$ é le FdD di une legge esponerible di perometro 1/0. Zr exp (1/0). □

b)
$$E(Z) = 1$$
 = 0 puche il velac otter $\sqrt{2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$; $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}^2$; $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}^2$; $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}^2$; $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}^2$; $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$ | $\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$

Outside one
$$m=5$$
 $j=0,1,2,3,4$

$$D_0 = \frac{2}{2} \frac{(N_j - np_j)^2}{np_j} = \frac{2}{300-321.5} + \frac{2}{300.38} + \frac{2}{321.5} + \frac{2}{300.38} + \frac{2}{321.5} + \frac{2}{$$

1 h°3] TEOREMA: Sie (R, Z, P) spoli pulselulle Siono X_2 $P(X_1)$ X_2 $P(X_2)$. X_3 , X_4 indipendent. X_4 , X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_5 Allano, dette X:= X1+X2 sile X~P(1+12) DIMOSTRAZIONE: Sie K>0. KE Coolen (X) P(K)=P(X=k)=P(X1+X2=k)= $=P\left(\bigcup_{j=0}^{K}\chi_{1=j},\chi_{2}=K-j\right)=$ $= 2 P (X_{4}=j, X_{2}=k-j)=$ 1=0 - Z P (X1=j) P (X2=k-j)= j=0