

Annotation:

1. Good job! Using `Collection.sort(list, new Comparator<>(){xxx});`
2. `let List<Integer> lst1 = lst2` will not change all the node in `lst1`, because it pass the reference (the value of pointer) of `lst2`, not the value of nodes. But since now, latter operation on `lst1` or `lst2` will be the same(both will operate on `lst2`).