Interpolation of phonons

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1 Transformation of phonon green's function

The phonon green's function in terms of phonon creation and annihilation operator can be written as

$$G(qvv';t) = \langle i|\mathcal{T}[A_{qv}(t)A_{qv'}^{\dagger}(0)]|i\rangle \tag{1}$$

where $A_{qv} = a_{qv} + a_{-qv}^{\dagger}$. The atomic displacement operator is connected with the phonon operator by transformation

$$\eta_{lb} = \sum_{qv} \left(\frac{\hbar}{2N\omega_{qv} m_b} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^b_{qv} e^{iql} A_{qv} \tag{2}$$

$$A_{qv} = \sum_{lb} \left(\frac{2\omega_{qv} m_b}{N\hbar}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e_{qv}^{b*} e^{-iql} \eta_{lb} \tag{3}$$

The phonon green's function in terms of atomic displacement operator is written as:

$$D_{ll'bb'}(t) = \langle i|\mathcal{T}[\eta_{lb}(t)\eta_{l'b'}^{\dagger}(0)]|i\rangle \tag{4}$$

substituting Eq.2, we obtain the relationship:

$$D_{ll'bb'}(t) = \sum_{qq'vv'} \langle i|\mathcal{T}[\left(\frac{\hbar}{2N\omega_{qv}m_b}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^b_{qv} e^{iql} A_{qv}(t) \left(\frac{\hbar}{2N\omega_{q'v'}m'_b}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{b'*}_{q'v'} e^{-iq'l'} A^{\dagger}_{q'v'}(0)]|i\rangle$$
 (5)

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2N} \sum_{qq'vv'} (\omega_{qv} m_b \omega_{q'v'} m_b')^{-\frac{1}{2}} \langle i | \mathcal{T}[e_{qv}^b e^{iql} A_{qv}(t) e_{q'v'}^{b'*} e^{-iq'l} A_{q'v'}^{\dagger}(0)] | i \rangle$$
 (6)

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{qvv'} (\omega_{qv} m_b \omega_{q'v'} m_b')^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{iq(l-l')} e^b_{qv} e^{b'*}_{q'v'} \langle i| \mathcal{T}[A_{qv}(t) A^{\dagger}_{q'v'}(0)] |i\rangle$$
 (7)

(8)

where we used the result $\sum_{qq'} e^{i(ql-q'l')} = N\delta_{qq'}e^{iq(l-l')}$. The reverse of the above relationship is:

$$G_{qvv'}(t) = \sum_{ll'bb'} \frac{2}{N\hbar} (\omega_{qv}\omega_{qv'}m_bm_b')^{\frac{1}{2}} e_{qv}^{b*} e_{qv'}^{b'} e^{iq(l-l')} D_{ll'bb'}(t)$$
(9)

2 Form of the phonon green's function