

# **Optimal Control Simulation of Inverted Pendulum System Using LQR: Visualization and Analysis**

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20154563

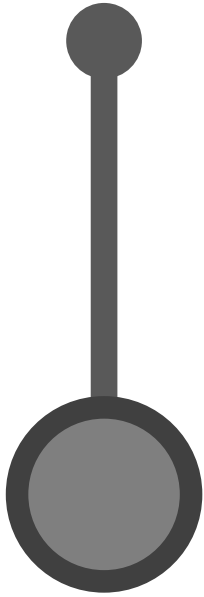
# Segway



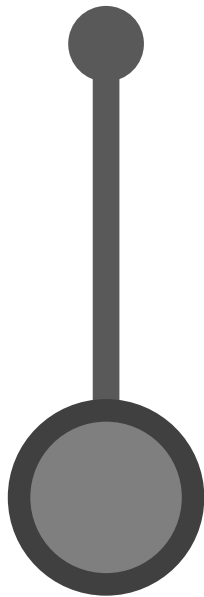
# Segway



# Segway



# LQR

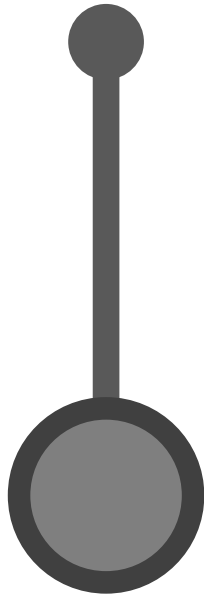


Dynamics:  $X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$

Constraint:  $f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = AX + BU$

Cost: 
$$J = \frac{1}{2} X_f^T N X_f + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_f} (X^T Q X + U^T R U) dt$$

# LQR



Dynamics:

$$X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$$

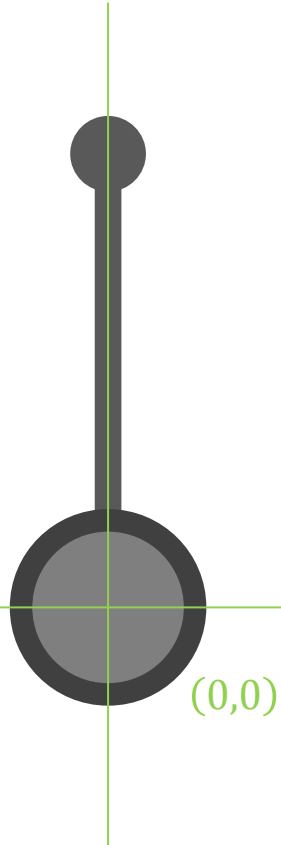
Constraint:

$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = AX + BU$$

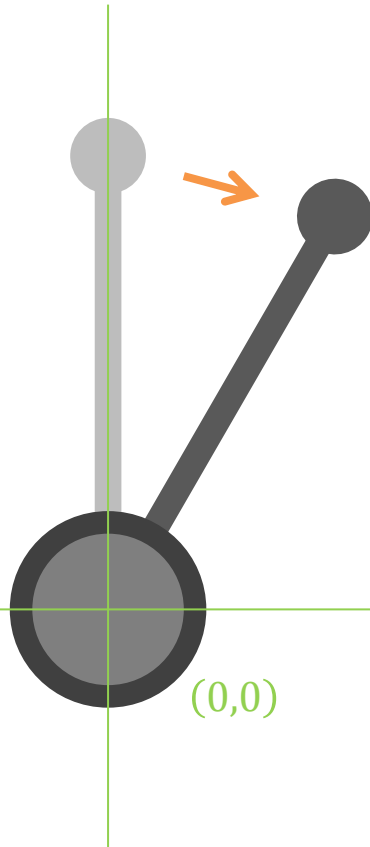
Cost:

$$J = \frac{1}{2} X_f^T N X_f + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_f} (X^T Q X + U^T R U) dt$$

# Transitional Dynamics

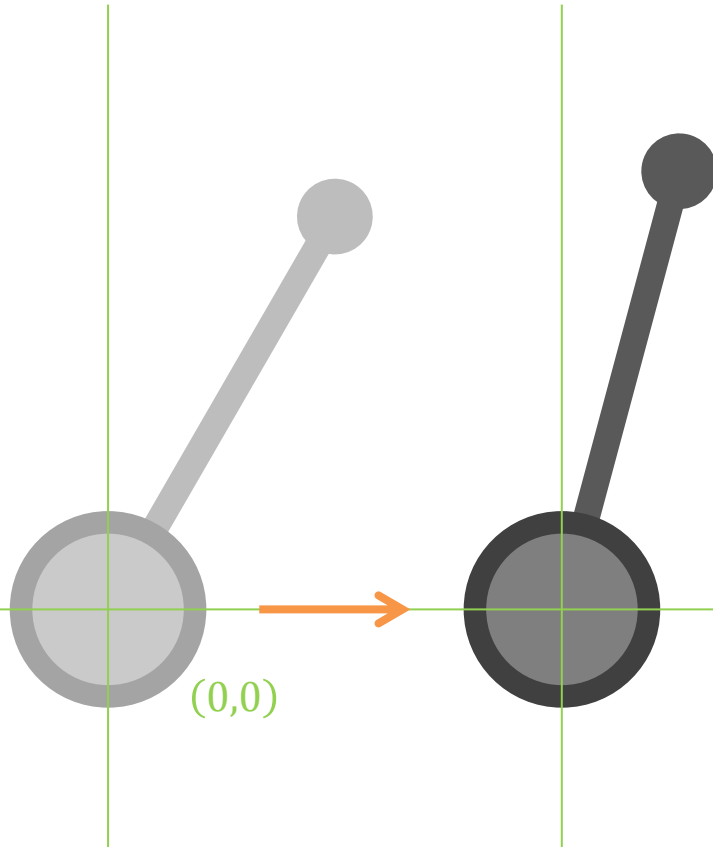


# Transitional Dynamics

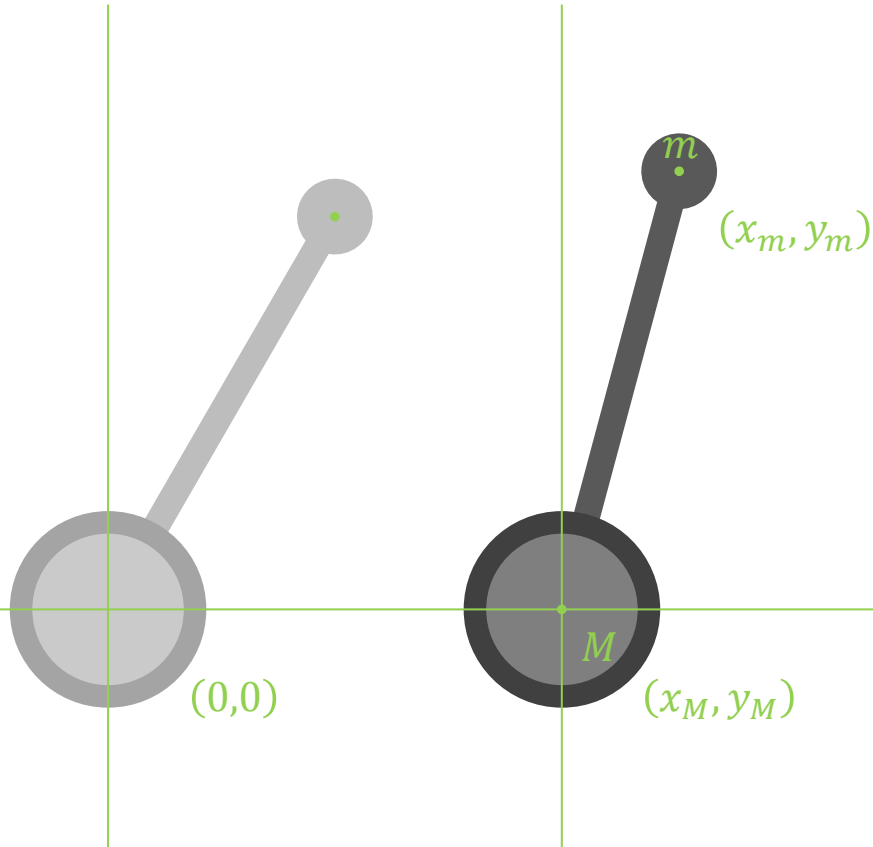




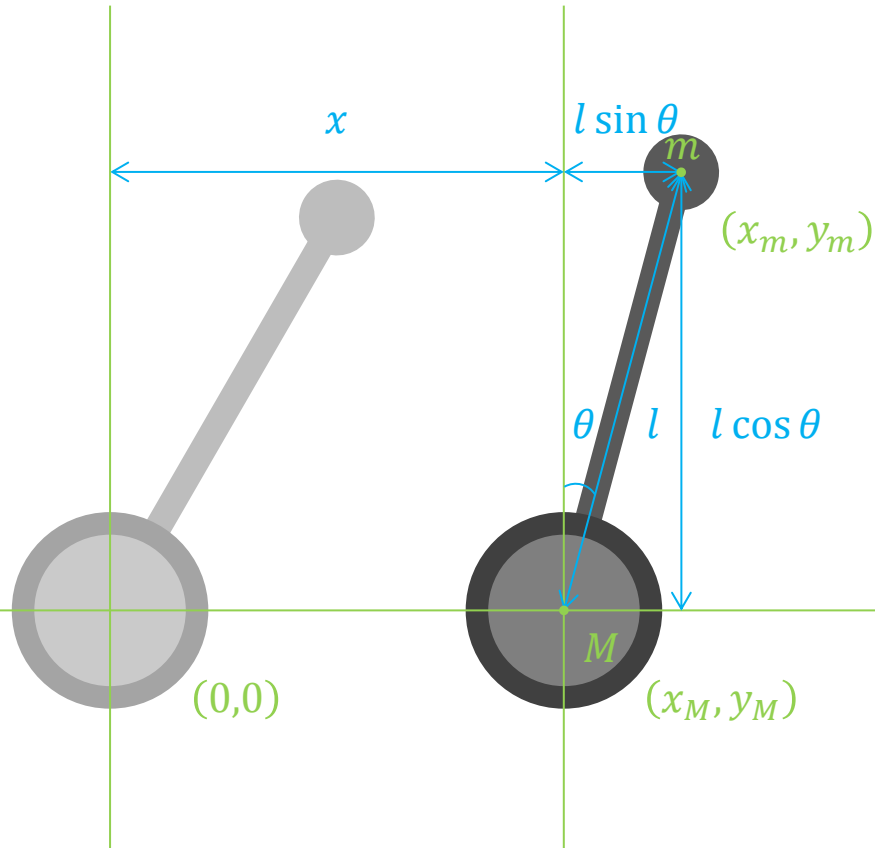
# Transitional Dynamics



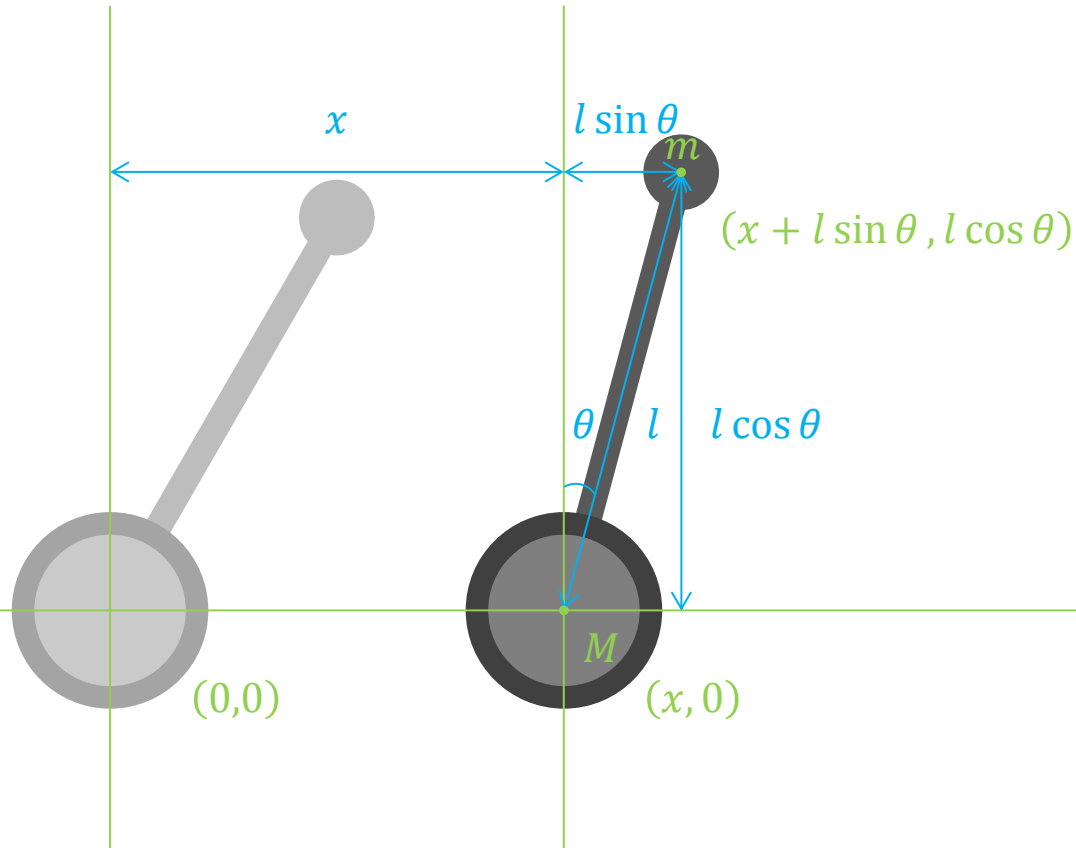
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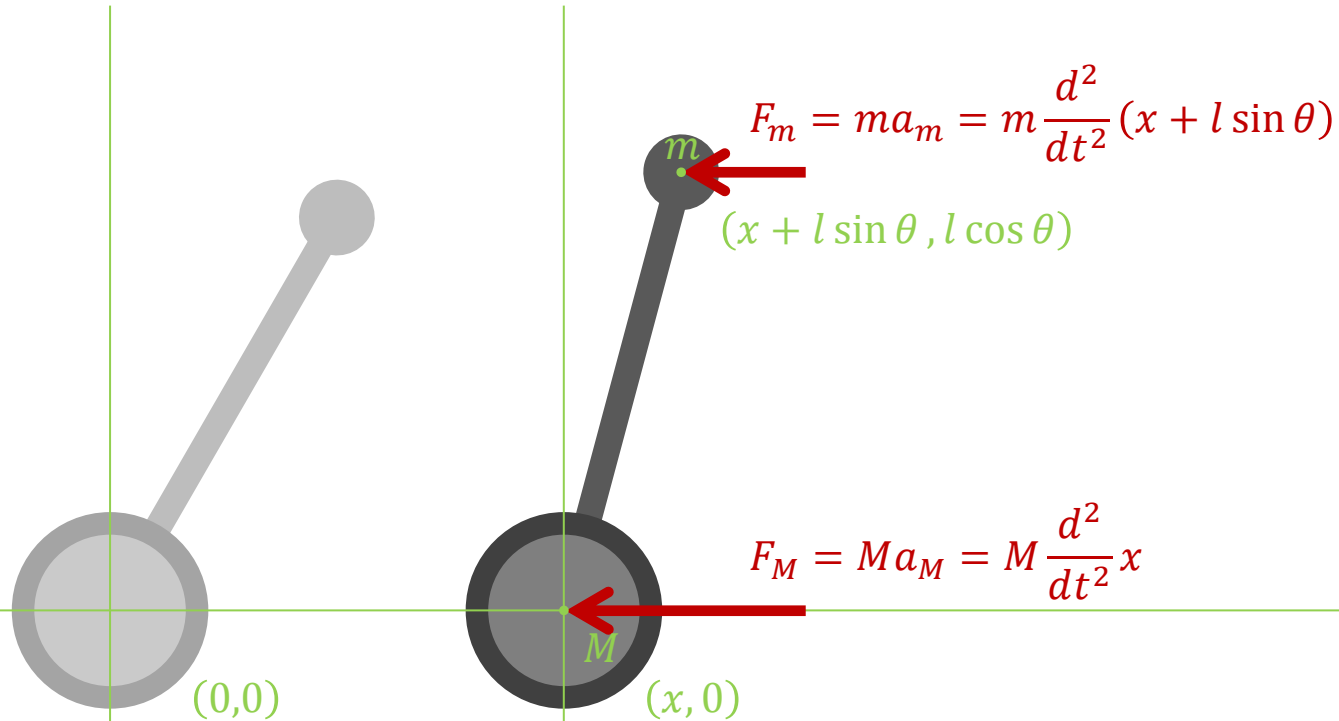
# Transitional Dynamics



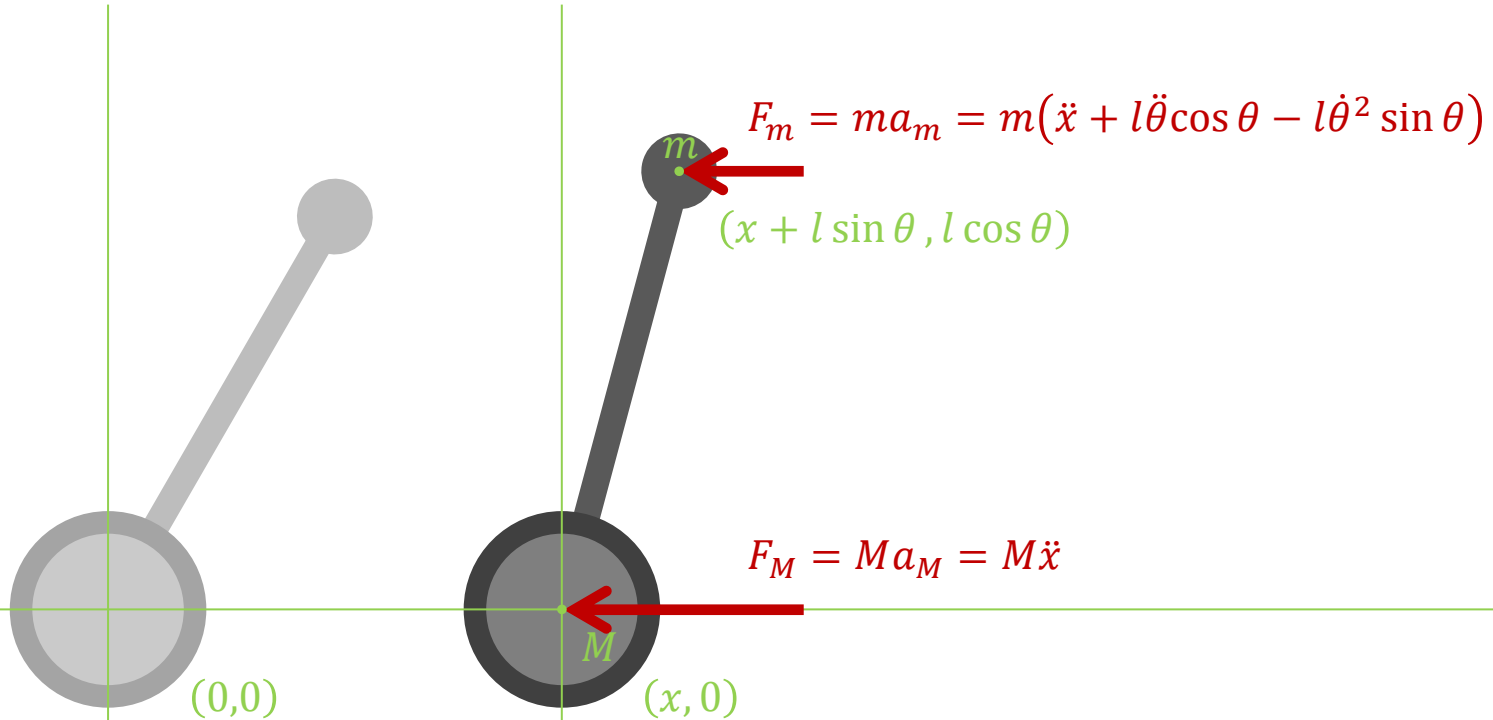
# Transitional Dynamics



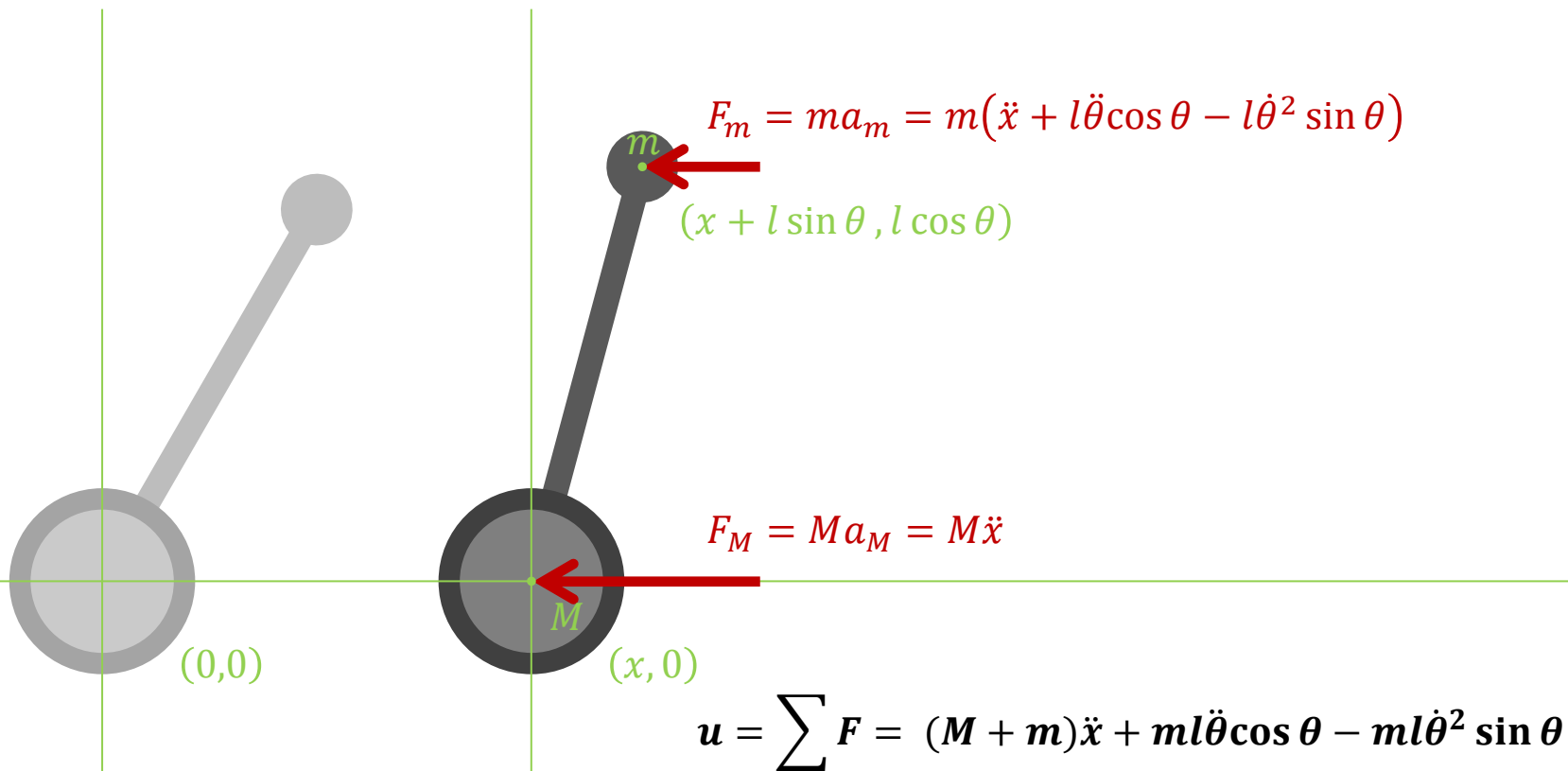
# Transitional Dynamics



# Transitional Dynamics

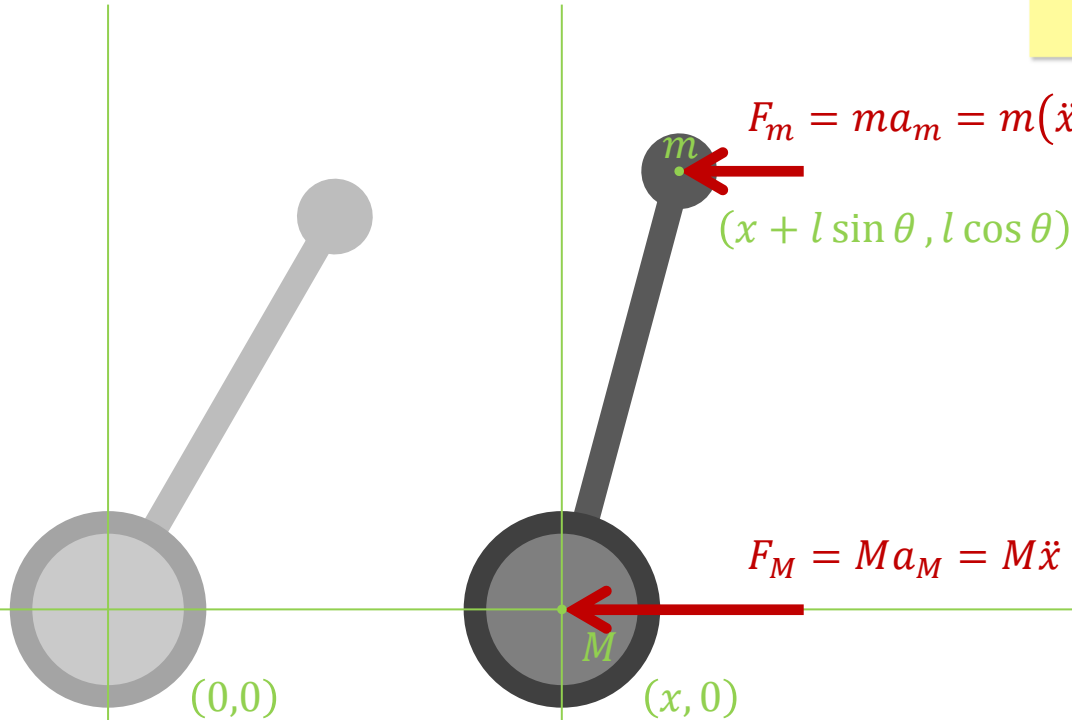


# Transitional Dynamics



# Transitional Dynamics


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$

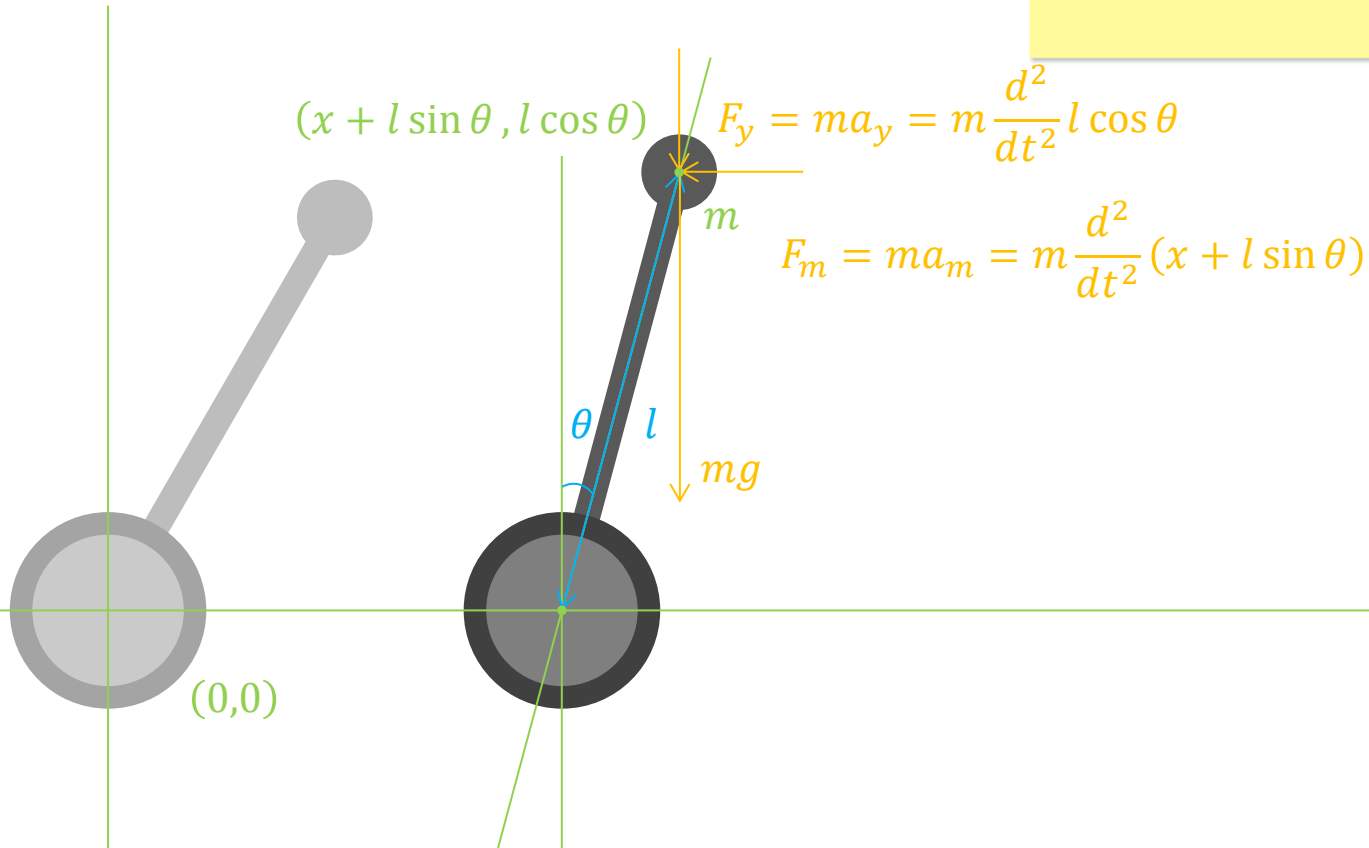


$$u = \sum F = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$




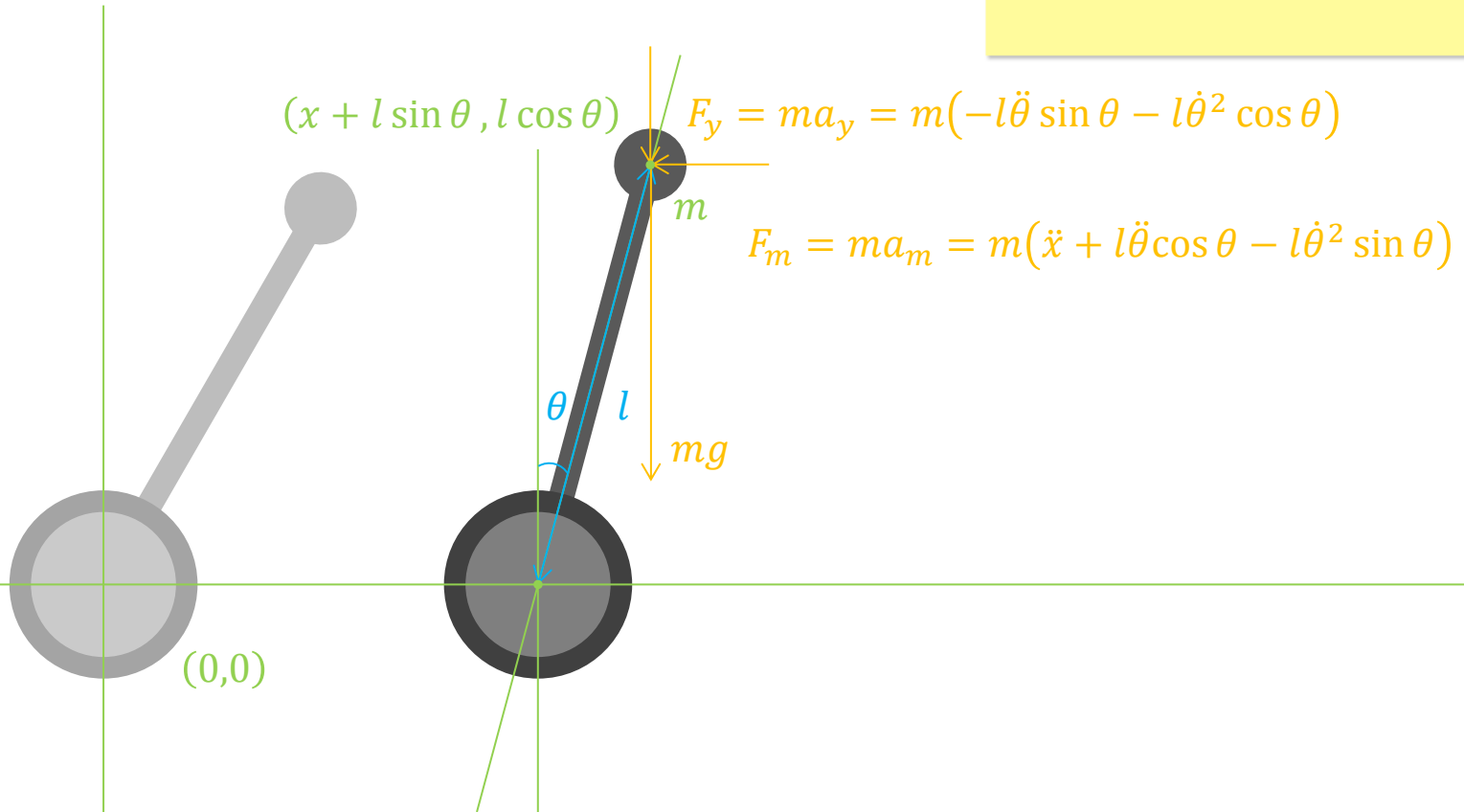
# Rotational Dynamics


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$



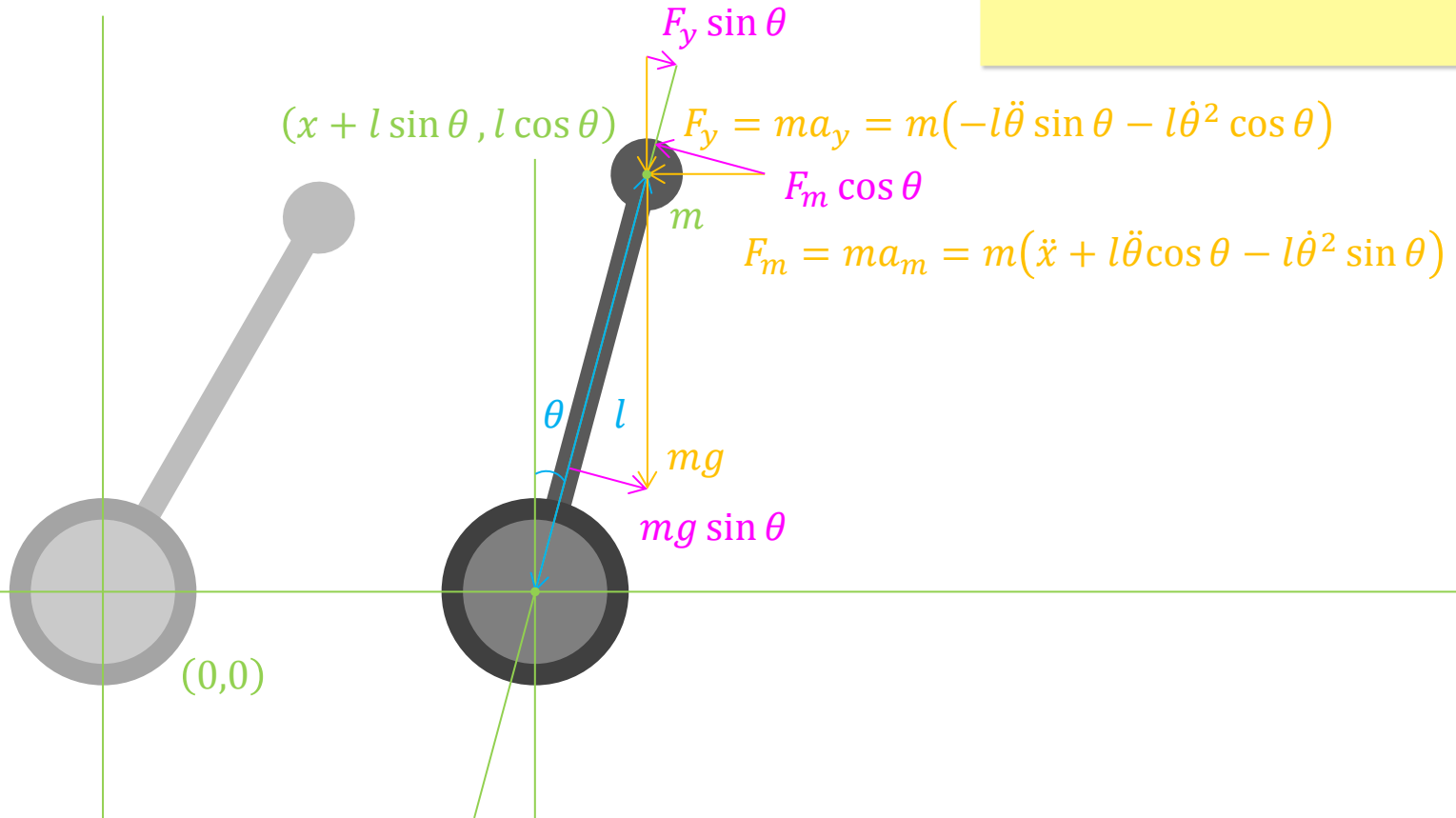
# Rotational Dynamics


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$



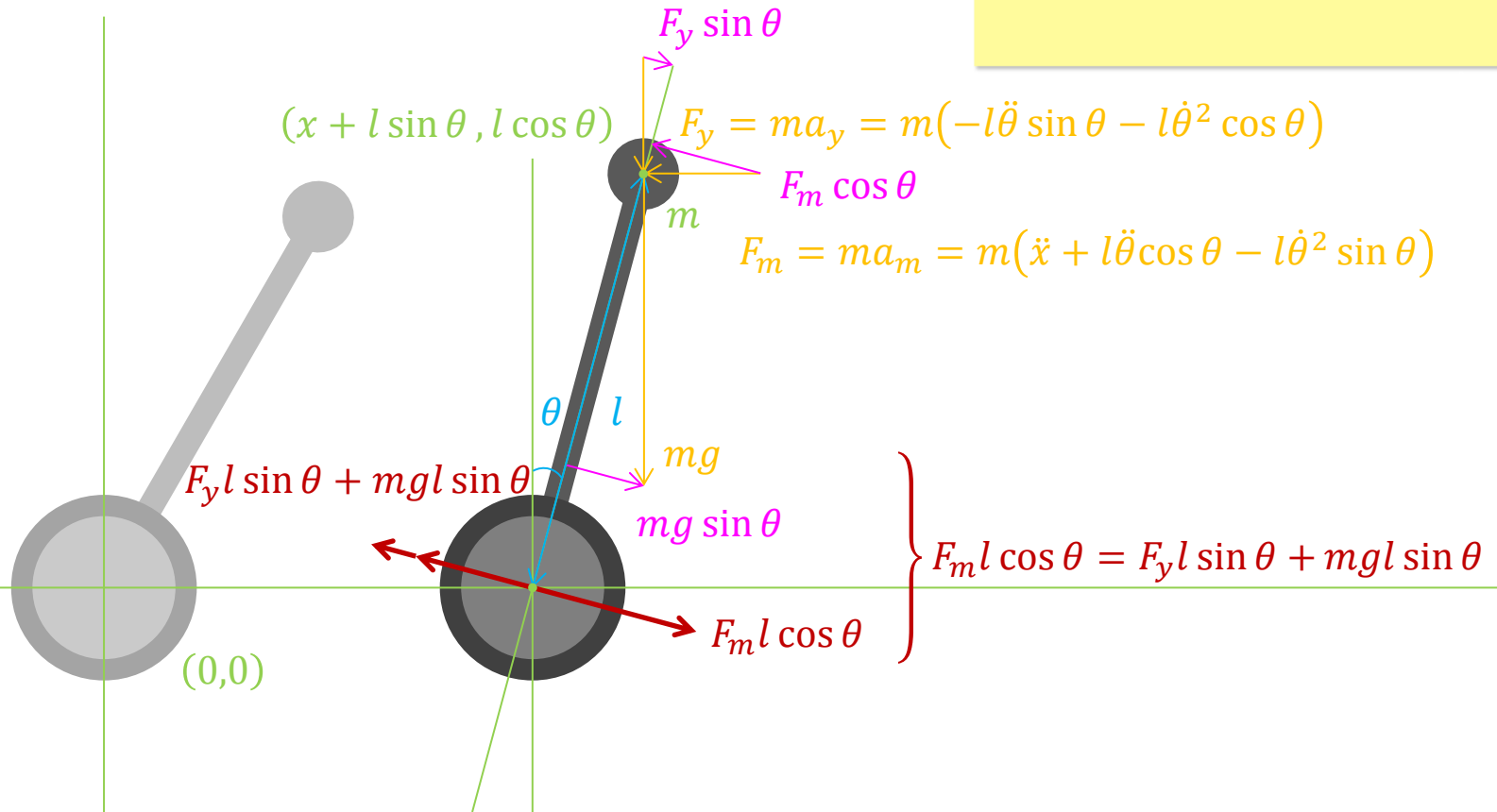
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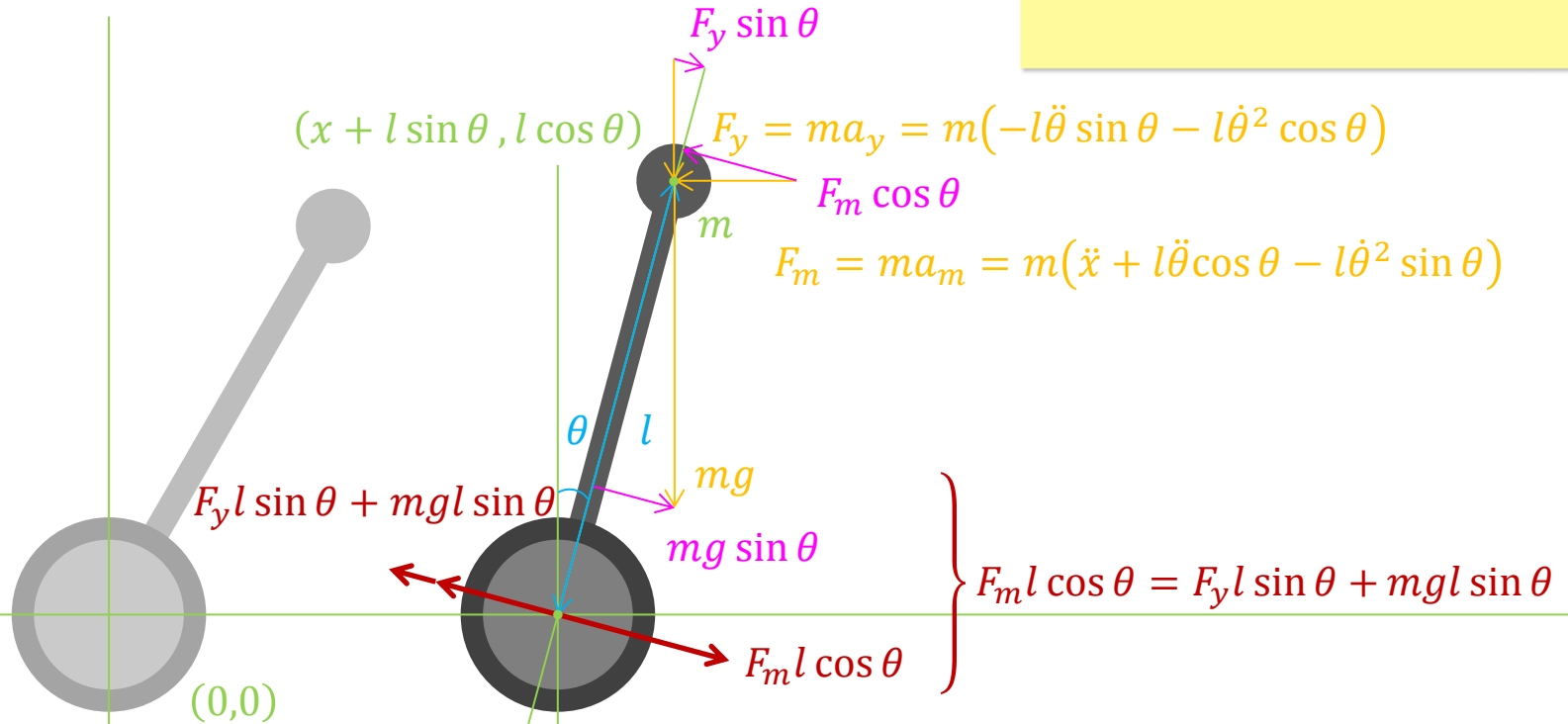
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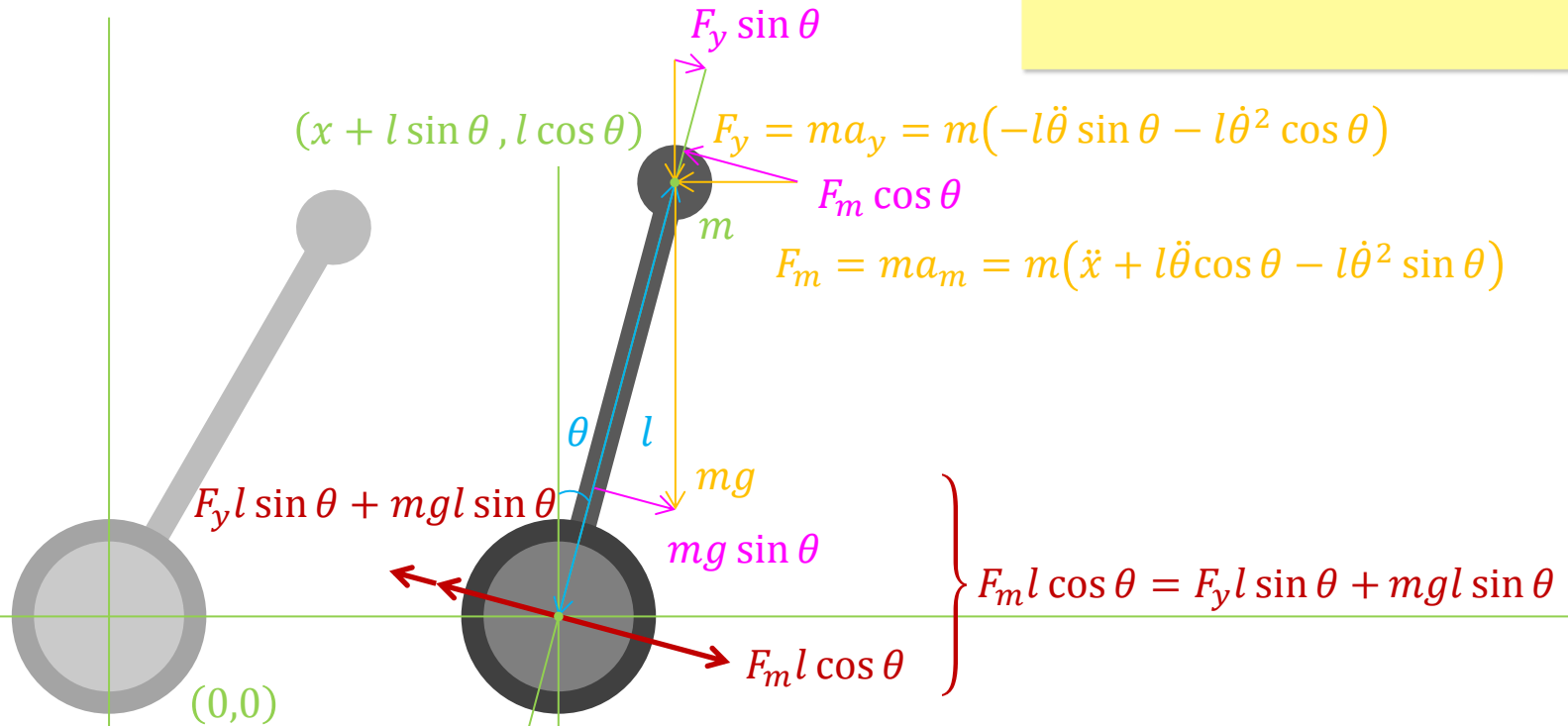
# Rotational Dynamics

$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$



$$m\ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta$$

# Rotational Dynamics




$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta$$

$$m\ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta$$

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# Dynamics

$$\begin{cases} u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta \\ m\ddot{x}\cos\theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg\sin\theta \end{cases}$$


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$

$$m\ddot{x}\cos\theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg\sin\theta$$

# Dynamics: Transition

$$\begin{cases} u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta \\ m\ddot{x}\cos\theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg\sin\theta \rightarrow ml\ddot{\theta} = mg\sin\theta - m\ddot{x}\cos\theta \end{cases}$$

$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + (mg\sin\theta - m\ddot{x}\cos\theta)\cos\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + mg\sin\theta\cos\theta - m\ddot{x}\cos^2\theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta$$

$$u + ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - mg\sin\theta\cos\theta = (M + m - m\cos^2\theta)\ddot{x}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - mg\sin\theta\cos\theta}{M + m - m\cos^2\theta}$$



# Dynamics: Transition



$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \\ m\ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta \rightarrow ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta - m\ddot{x} \cos \theta \end{cases}$$


$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + (mg \sin \theta - m\ddot{x} \cos \theta) \cos \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta$$

$$u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + mg \sin \theta \cos \theta - m\ddot{x} \cos^2 \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta$$

$$u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta = (M + m - m \cos^2 \theta)\ddot{x}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

# Dynamics: Rotation



$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \rightarrow \ddot{x} = \frac{u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta}{M + m} \\ m\ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{m}{M + m} \cos \theta (u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta$$

$$\cos \theta (u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) + (M + m)l\ddot{\theta} = (M + m)g \sin \theta$$

$$u \cos \theta - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos^2 \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + (M + m)l\ddot{\theta} = (M + m)g \sin \theta$$

$$u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta = ml\ddot{\theta} \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l\ddot{\theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l}$$

# Dynamics: Rotation



$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = (M + m)\ddot{x} + ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \rightarrow \ddot{x} = \frac{u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta}{M + m} \\ m\ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{m}{M + m} \cos \theta (u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) + ml\ddot{\theta} = mg \sin \theta$$

$$\cos \theta (u - ml\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) + (M + m)l\ddot{\theta} = (M + m)g \sin \theta$$

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$$u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta = ml\ddot{\theta} \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l\ddot{\theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l}$$

# Constraint

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(\vec{x}, u, t) = \dot{\vec{x}}$$



$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l}$$

# Constraint

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(\vec{x}, u, t) = \dot{\vec{x}} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix}$$




$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l}$$

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$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$


$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M+m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M+m)l}$$

# Constraint

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

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It cannot be in the form of  $A\vec{x} + Bu$ .



$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M+m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M+m)l}$$

# Constraint: Linearization

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} u = U$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} f(\vec{x}, u, t) = f(X, U, t)$$

$$X = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \vec{x} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(\vec{x}, u, t) = \dot{\vec{x}} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l} \\ \dot{x} \\ \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta} \end{bmatrix}$$



# Constraint: Linearization

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$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \frac{u \cos \theta + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - (M + m)g \sin \theta}{ml \cos^2 \theta - (M + m)l} \\ \dot{x} \\ \frac{u + ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - mg \sin \theta \cos \theta}{M + m - m \cos^2 \theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sin \theta \approx \theta$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \cos \theta \approx 1$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \dot{\theta}^2 \approx 0$$

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$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} u = U$$

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$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} u = U$$

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$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} u = U$$

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$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ \frac{U - (M + m)gx_1}{-Ml} \\ x_4 \\ \frac{U - mgx_1}{M} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ \frac{U - (M + m)gx_1}{-Ml} \\ x_4 \\ \frac{U - mgx_1}{M} \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we can make it in the form of  $AX + BU$ .

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} u = U$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} f(\vec{x}, u, t) = f(X, U, t)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sin \theta \approx \theta$$

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$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ \left( \frac{(M+m)g}{Ml} \right) x_1 + \left( -\frac{1}{Ml} \right) U \\ x_4 \\ \left( -\frac{mg}{M} \right) x_1 + \left( \frac{1}{M} \right) U \end{bmatrix}$$



# Constraint: Linearization

$$X = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \vec{x} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ \left( \frac{(M+m)g}{Ml} \right) x_1 \\ x_4 \\ \left( -\frac{mg}{M} \right) x_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \left( -\frac{1}{Ml} \right) U \\ 0 \\ \left( \frac{1}{M} \right) U \end{bmatrix}$$

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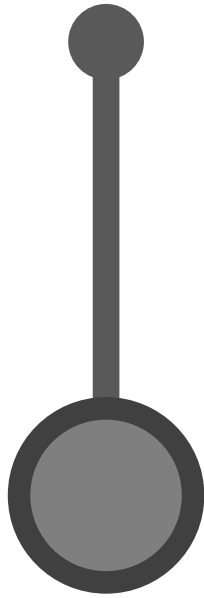
$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{(M+m)g}{Ml} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{mg}{M} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{Ml} \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{M} \end{bmatrix} U$$

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# LQR



Dynamics:

$$X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$$



Constraint:

$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = AX + BU$$

Cost:

$$J = \frac{1}{2} X_f^T N X_f + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_f} (X^T Q X + U^T R U) dt$$

# Cost Function



[python-control](#)

## Control System Synthesis

`control.lqr(*args, **keywords)`

Linear quadratic regulator design

The lqr() function computes the optimal state feedback controller that minimizes the quadratic cost

# Cost Function

## Examples

```
>>> K, S, E = lqr(sys, Q, R, [N])  
>>> K, S, E = lqr(A, B, Q, R, [N])
```

### Returns:

K: 2-d array

State feedback gains


S: 2-d array

Solution to Riccati equation

E: 1-d array

Eigenvalues of the closed loop system

# Cost Function


$$K, S, E = \text{lqr}(A, B, Q, R, [N])$$

## Examples

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K: 2-d array

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Solution to Riccati equation

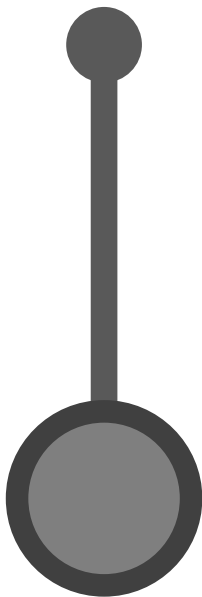
E: 1-d array

Eigenvalues of the closed loop system



# LQR


$$K, S, E = \text{lqr}(A, B, Q, R, [N])$$



✓ Dynamics:

$$X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$$


✓ Constraint:

$$f(X, U, t) = \dot{X} = AX + BU$$

✓ Cost:

$$J = \frac{1}{2} X_f^T N X_f + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_f} (X^T Q X + U^T R U) dt$$

# Workflow


$$K, S, E = \text{lqr}(A, B, Q, R, [N])$$

$$X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$$

For every time slice  $\Delta t$

Until  $\theta \approx 0$

$$U = -KX$$

$$f(X, U, t) = AX + BU = [\dot{\theta} \quad \ddot{\theta} \quad \dot{x} \quad \ddot{x}]^T$$

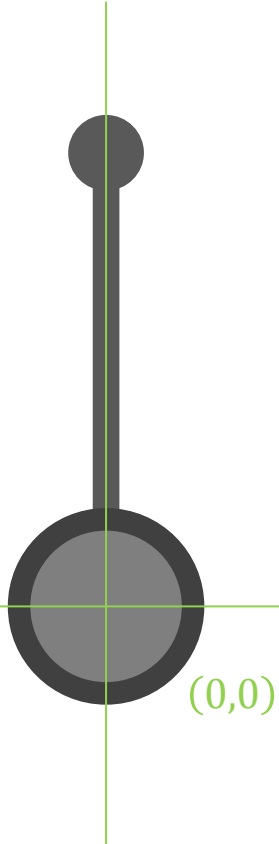
$$\theta \leftarrow \dot{\theta} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} \ddot{\theta} \Delta t^2$$

$$\dot{\theta} \leftarrow \dot{\theta} + \ddot{\theta} \Delta t$$

$$x \leftarrow 0$$

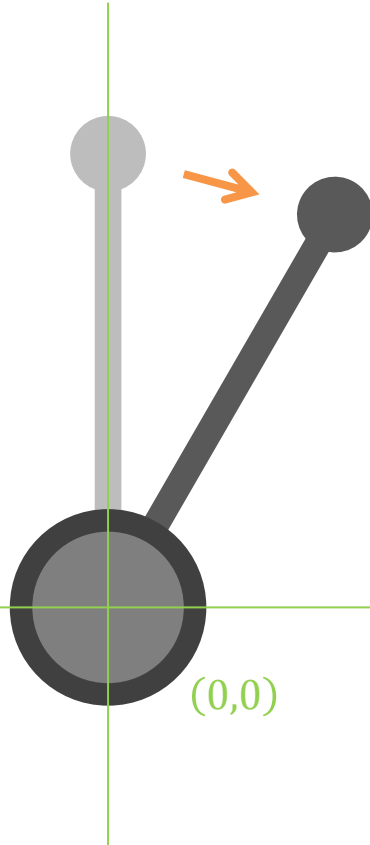
$$\dot{x} \leftarrow \dot{x} + \ddot{x} \Delta t$$

# Initial State

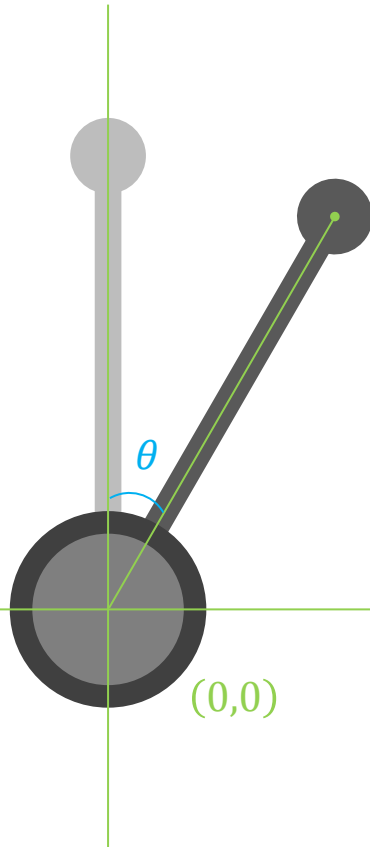


$$X = [0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0]^T$$

# Initial State

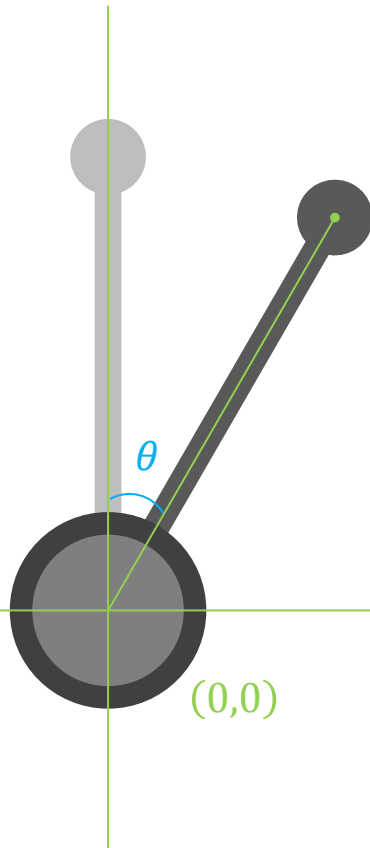


# Initial State



# Initial State

$$X = [\theta \quad \dot{\theta} \quad x \quad \dot{x}]^T$$



$$X_0 = \left[ \theta \quad \frac{\theta}{\Delta t} \quad 0 \quad 0 \right]^T$$

For every time slice  $\Delta t$

Until  $\theta \approx 0$

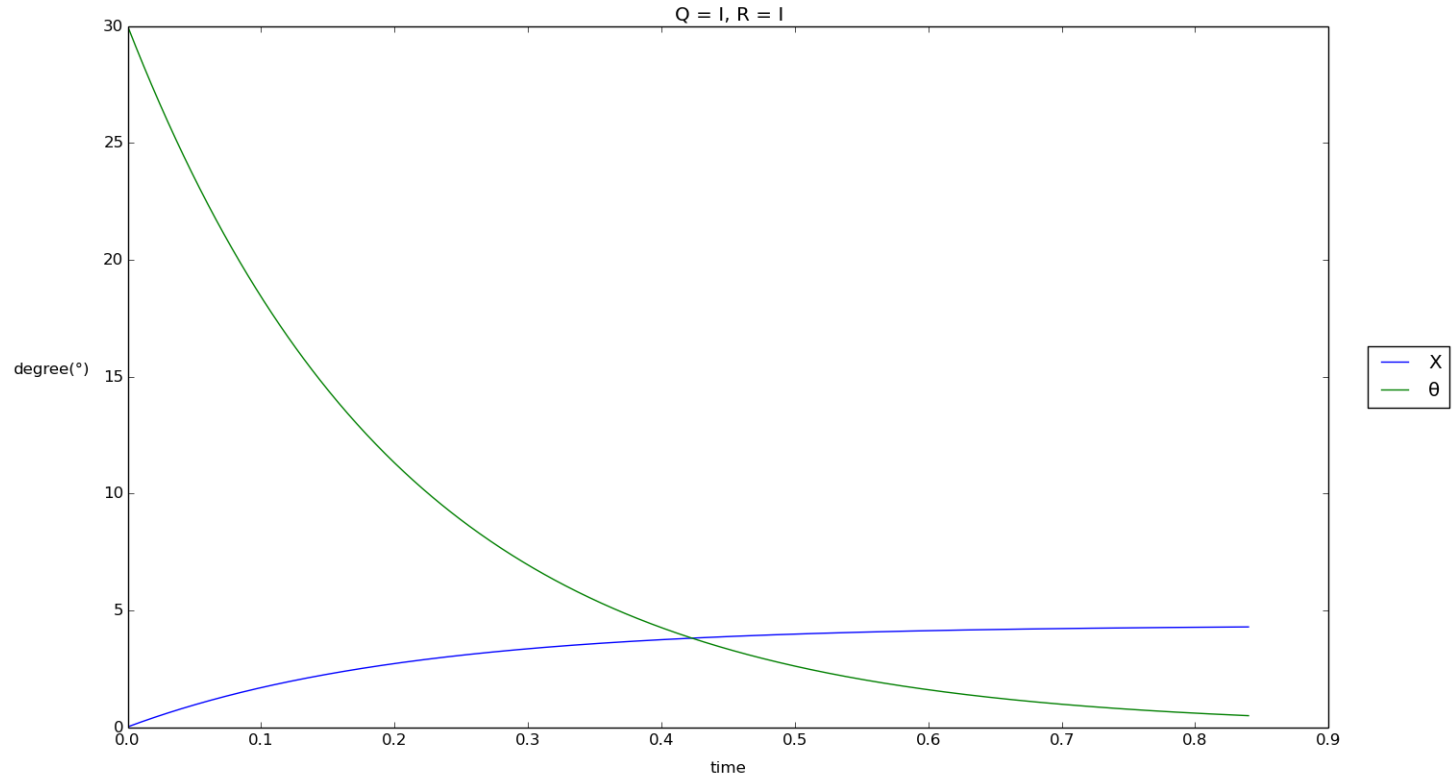
$$f(X, U, t)$$

# Curiosity

$$J = \frac{1}{2} X_f^T N X_f + \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_0}^{t_f} (X^T \mathbf{Q} X + U^T \mathbf{R} U) dt$$

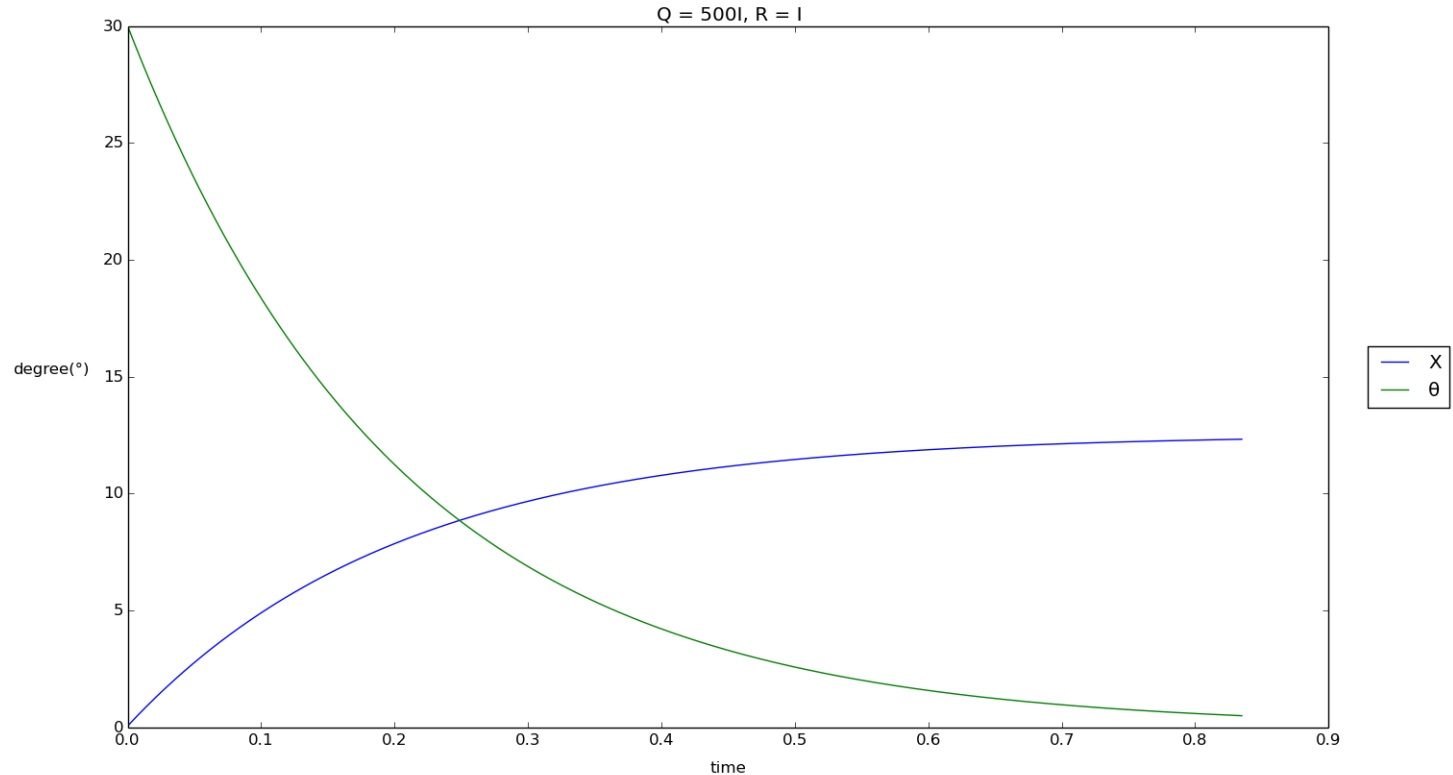
How do  $Q$  and  $R$  affect on the system?

# Graph when $Q = I, R = I$

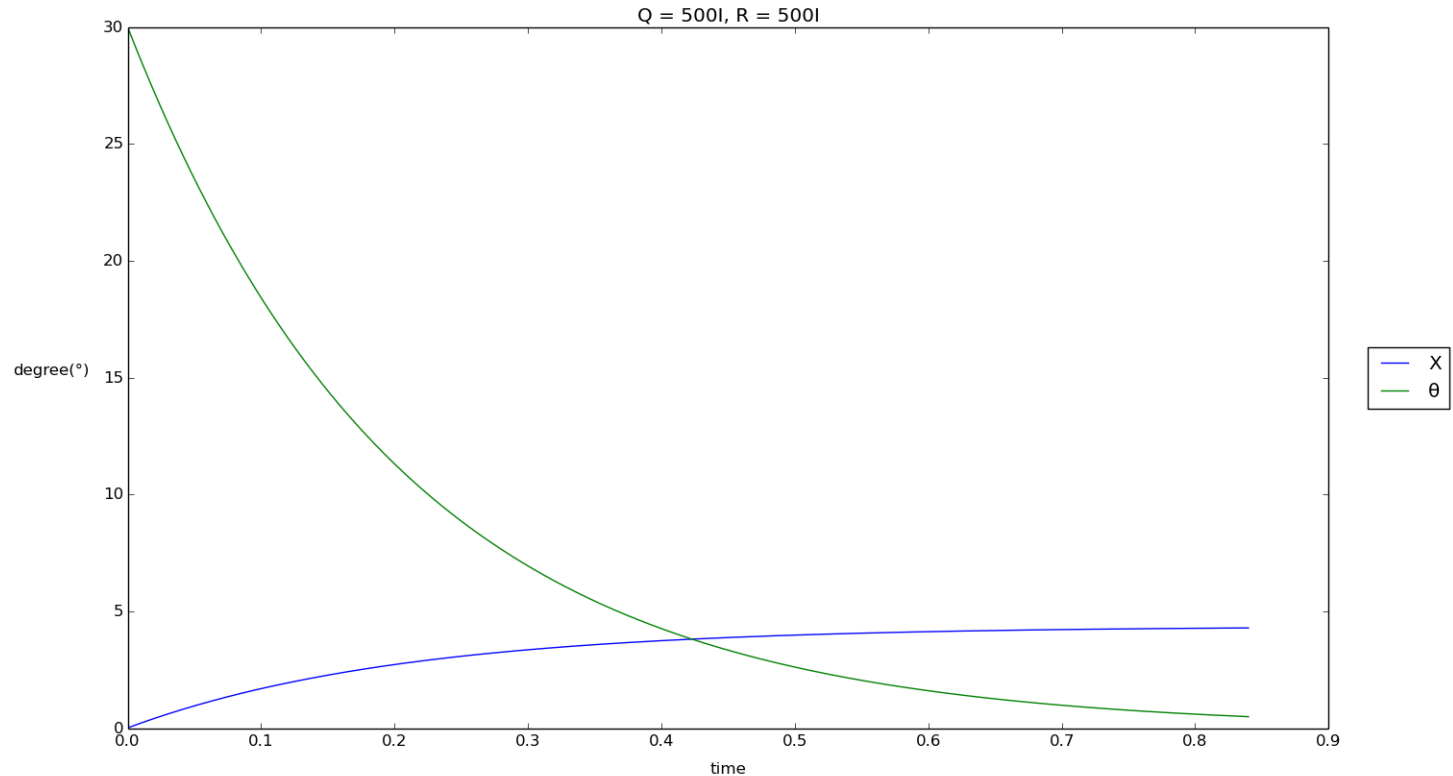




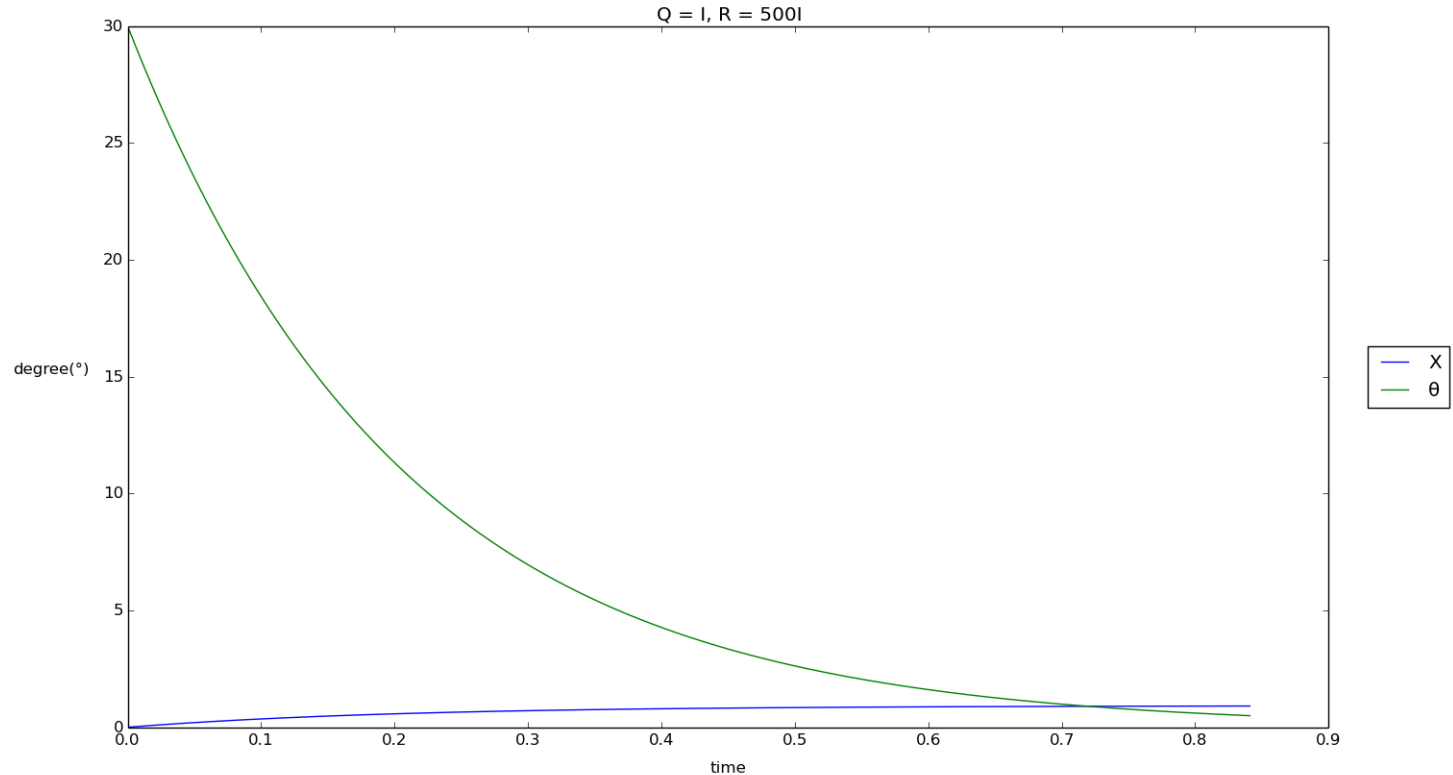
# Graph when $Q = 500I, R = I$



# Graph when $Q = 500I, R = 500I$



# Graph when $Q = I, R = 500I$



# Conclusion

Rotational dynamics is almost unaffected by  $Q$  and  $R$ .

Transitional dynamics is directly proportional to  $\|Q\|$ .  
inversely proportional to  $\|R\|$ .

We may get a desirable profile by setting  $Q$  with  $R = I$ .

# References

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2. Prasanna Priyadarshi, *Optimal Controller Design for Inverted Pendulum System: An Experimental Study*, Department of Electrical Engineering National Institute of Technology, Rourkella-769008, India, June, 2013
3. Ashish S. Ktariya, *OPTIMAL STATE-FEEDBACK AND OUTPUT-FEEDBACK CONTROLLERS FOR THE WHEELED INVERTED PENDULUM SYSTEM*, School of Electrical and Computer Engineering Georgia Institute of Technology 7 May, 2010